

This chapter is about the Protocol Converter, which is a set of assembly-language routines used to support external I/O devices, such as UniDisk 3.5. To ProDOS and Pascal 1.3, the Protocol Converter appears to be a block device.

The following topics are discussed in this chapter:

- How to locate the Protocol Converter
- How to issue a call to the Protocol Converter
- The use of each call
- The parameters required for each call
- Possible error codes returned for each call
- The possible causes of the errors

At the end of this chapter is an example of an assembly-language program that uses a Protocol Converter call.

Locating the Protocol Converter

The code for the Protocol Converter always begins at address \$C500 in the Apple IIc with 32K ROM. To ensure compatibility of your programs with the Apple IIe, however, your Protocol Converter routines should always begin with a search for the Protocol Converter by looking for the following bytes: CN01 = \$20, CN03 = \$00, CN05 = \$03, and CN07 = 00, where N can be from 1 to 7. The Protocol Converter entry point is then at address \$CN00 + (\$CNFF) + 3. The sample program at the end of this chapter illustrates such a search.

How to Issue a Call to the Protocol Converter

MLI calls: see the *ProDOS Technical Reference Manual*, Chapter 4.

Protocol Converter calls are coded in a manner similar to ProDOS Machine Language Interface (MLI) calls: The program executes a JSR (jump to subroutine) to a dispatch routine at address \$C500 + (\$C5FF) + 3, where (\$C5FF) refers to the value of the byte located at \$C5FF.

The number of the Protocol Converter call and a two-byte pointer to the call's parameter list must immediately follow the call. Here is an example of a call to the Protocol Converter:

```
IWMCALL JSR DISPATCH ;Call PC command dispatcher
        DFB CMDNUM    ;This specifies the command type
        DW  CMDLIST   ;2-byte (low,high) pointer to parameter list
        BCS ERROR     ;Carry is set on an error
```

The command number determines the Protocol Converter call to be used. The length and contents of the parameter list depend on the call, as described in Section "Descriptions of the Protocol Converter Calls."

Upon completion of the call, the program resumes execution at the statement following the pointer to the parameter list. In this example, the DFB and DW statements are skipped, and execution resumes with the BCS statement. If the call is successful, the C flag (in the Processor Status register of the 65C02 microprocessor) is cleared (0), and the accumulator (the A register) is cleared to all zeros. If the call is unsuccessful, the C flag is set (1), and the error code is placed in the A register. After the Protocol Converter call, the contents of the 65C02's registers are as follows:

Register:	Processor Status							X	Y	A	PC	S
Bit:	N	Z	C	D	V	I	B					
Successful call:	x	x	0	0	x	u	u	x	x	0	JSR+3	u
Unsuccessful call:	x	x	1	0	x	u	u	x	x	Error	JSR+3	u

x = undefined, except in cases where index information is returned in X and Y

u = unchanged

Most Protocol Converter calls include a two-byte pointer to a parameter list, which may contain information to be used by the call, or provide space for information to be returned by the call.

Cautions

You *must* observe the following cautions when using the Protocol Converter, or *your program will crash*:

- ❑ The Protocol Converter requires up to 35 bytes of stack space. Be sure you take this into account when calculating the stack space used by your program.

Failure to allow for the stack space used by the Protocol Converter can result in a stack overflow, causing your program to crash when it attempts to access the data that have been overwritten.

- ❑ Data cannot be read from the Protocol Converter into RAM that is not both read-enabled and write-enabled. The Protocol Converter must be able to read from the RAM after writing to it, to obtain a checksum. Failure to observe this rule results in an error (BUSERR \$06).
- ❑ Do not attempt to use the Protocol Converter to put anything into zero page locations. These locations are reserved for temporary storage of data by the Protocol Converter.

Reading and writing to RAM: see Section "Bank-Switched Memory" in the *Apple IIc Reference Manual*.

Descriptions of the Protocol Converter Calls

Calls to the Protocol Converter are used

- ❑ to obtain status information about a device
- ❑ to reset a device
- ❑ to format the medium in a device
- ❑ to read from a device
- ❑ to write to a device
- ❑ to send control information to a device.

The Protocol Converter calls, in command-number sequence, are:

STATUS (\$00)	Returns status information about a particular device, including general status (character or block device, read or write protection, format allowed, device on line); the device control block (set with the CONTROL call); the device newline status (character devices only); and device-specific information (number of blocks, ID string, device name, device type, device firmware version).
READ BLOCK (\$01)	Reads one 512-byte block from a disk device, and writes it to memory.
WRITE BLOCK (\$02)	Writes one 512-byte block from memory to a disk device.
FORMAT (\$03)	Prepares all blocks on a block device for reading and writing.
CONTROL (\$04)	Controls some device functions, including warm resets, setting the device control block (which controls global aspects of the device's operating environment), setting newline status (character devices only), and device interrupts. Several CONTROL calls are device-specific.
INIT (\$05)	Resets all resident devices. A global reset is done automatically on startup or system resets from the keyboard; an application should never have to reset all devices.
OPEN (\$06)	Prepares a character device for reading or writing.
CLOSE (\$07)	Tells a character device that a sequence of reads or writes is over.

READ (\$08)

Reads a specified number of bytes from a specified device.

WRITE (\$09)

Writes a specified number of bytes from memory to a specified device.

Format of Call Descriptions

The following sections describe each protocol converter call, including the command number, the parameter list, and error codes. The calls are discussed in command-number order. Each call is shown in this format:

Command Name The name used to identify the call for descriptive purposes.

Command Number The number, in hexadecimal, that specifies the call to the Protocol Converter.

Parameter List A list of the parameters required for the call.

General Description The purpose and use of the call.

Parameter Descriptions A description of each parameter, and descriptions of data bytes pointed to by parameters. When a parameter is a status or control code, the meaning of each code number is discussed.

Possible Errors A list of the error codes that can be returned by this call. A complete list of Protocol Converter error codes is included at the end of this chapter.

STATUS

Command Number	\$00
Parameter List	\$03 (parameter count) Unit number Status list pointer (low byte, high byte) Status code

The STATUS call returns status information about a particular device. The type of information returned is determined by the status-code parameter, and the location to which it is returned is determined by the status list pointer.

After a STATUS call has been executed, the 65C02's X and Y registers contain the number of bytes of status information returned (the low byte of this number is in the X register, and the high byte is in the Y register).

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	3 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain.

Important

Use a unit number of \$00 and a status code of \$00 in a STATUS call to obtain the status of the Protocol Converter itself (see the discussion under Status Code = \$00, below).

Status List Pointer 2-byte value	Points to the buffer to which the status is to be returned. The length required for the buffer varies depending on the status request being made.
Status Code 1-byte value	Indicates what kind of status request is being made. Status codes are in the range \$00-\$FF, as follows:

Table 3-1. Status Codes

Code	Status Returned
\$00	Return device status
\$01	Return device control block (DCB)
\$02	Return newline status (character devices only)
\$03	Return device information block (DIB)
\$05	Return UniDisk 3.5 status

UniDisk 3.5

Status codes \$01 and \$02 are not supported by the UniDisk 3.5 and result in an error (BADCTL \$21). Device status for the UniDisk 3.5 can be obtained by using status code \$05.

Status Code = \$00, Return Device Status The device status consists of four bytes. The first is the general status byte:

Bit	Description
7	0 = character device, 1 = block device
6	1 = write allowed
5	1 = read allowed
4	1 = device on line or disk in drive
3	0 = format allowed
2	0 = medium write protected (block devices only)
1	1 = device currently interrupting
0	1 = device currently open (character devices only)

If the STATUS call is for a block device, the next three bytes (low byte first) are the size in 512-byte blocks. The maximum size is 16 million (FFFFFF) blocks (about 8 gigabytes). If the call is for a character device, these three bytes must be set to zero.

Unit Number \$00: A STATUS call with status code = \$00 and unit number = \$00 returns the status of the Protocol Converter itself. In this case, the status list consists of eight bytes, as follows:

STAT_LIST	DFB	Number_Devices	;Devices hooked to PC
	DFB	Interrupt_Status	;Bit 6 clear = interrupt sent
	DFB		;Reserved
	DFB		;Reserved
	DFB		;Reserved
	DFB		;Reserved
	DFB		;Reserved
	DFB		;Reserved

ACIA status register: see Section "Firmware Handling of Interrupts" in the *Apple IIc Reference Manual*.

The Number_...Devices byte returns the total number of intelligent devices attached to the Protocol Converter. The Interrupt_...Status byte is a copy of the Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (ACIA) status register at the time of the interrupt, and is used to indicate that a device requires interrupt servicing. If the sixth bit of this byte equals zero, one or more devices in the Protocol Converter Bus daisy chain must be serviced; your interrupt handler must poll each device on the chain to determine which ones.

About Interrupts: Devices that require interrupt servicing must use the EXTINT line on the external disk port connector of the Apple IIc to be supported by the Protocol Converter. UniDisk 3.5, for example, does not support this line, and so cannot generate interrupts to the Protocol Converter. See Section "CONTROL" for instructions on enabling Protocol Converter interrupts. See Appendix E in the *Apple IIc Reference Manual* for more information about programming with interrupts.

Status Code = \$01, Return Device Control Block The device control block (DCB) is used to control various operating characteristics of a device, and is device dependent. Each device has a default DCB, which can be altered with a CONTROL call. The first byte (the *count byte*) gives the number of bytes in the control block (*not* including the count byte), so the length never exceeds 256 bytes (257 including the count byte).

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UniDisk 3.5 has no DCB, and returns an error (BADCTL \$21) in response to this call.

Newline read mode: see Chapter 4 in the *PRODOS Technical Reference Manual*.

Status Code = \$02, Return Newline Status Newline status applies only to character devices. Use of statcode = \$02 with a block device results in error BADCTL (\$21).

Status Code = \$03, Return Device Information Block The device's information block contains information identifying the device, its type, and various other attributes. The returned status list has the following form:

```

STAT_LIST  DFB  Device_Statbyte1 ;Same as byte 1 in Status Code=0
           DFB  Device_Size_Lo   ;Number of blocks (block device)
           DFB  Device_Size_Med  ;Number of blocks (middle byte)
           DFB  Device_Size_Hi   ;Number of blocks (high byte)
           DFB  ID_String_Length ;Length in bytes (16 max.)
           ASC  '<device name>'  ;7-bit ASCII, uppercase, padded
*                                     with spaces, eighth bit always=0
*                                     (16 bytes)
           DFB  Device_Type_Code
           DFB  Device_Subtype_Code
           DW   Version           ;Device firmware version number

```

Status Code = \$05, Return UniDisk 3.5 Status This call allows the diagnostic program to get more detailed information about the cause of a read or write error, and to examine the contents of the 65C02's registers after a CONTROL Protocol Converter call with control code = \$05 (see Section "CONTROL"). The returned status list has this form:

```

STAT_LIST DFB  $00
           DFB  Error    ;Soft Error byte (see below)
           DFB  Retries  ;Number of retries (see below)
           DFB  $00
           DFB  A_Value  ;Acc value after a CONTROL EXECUTE call
           DFB  X_Value  ;X value after EXECUTE
           DFB  Y_Value  ;Y value after EXECUTE
           DFB  P_Value  ;Processor Status value after EXECUTE

```

The Error byte returned by a STATUS call with status code = \$05 (Return UniDisk 3.5 Status) contains the following bits:

Bit	Description
7	0
6	0
5	1 = address field mark or checksum error
4	1 = data field checksum error
3	1 = data field bitflip mark mismatch
2	1 = seek error; unexpected track value found in address field
1	0
0	0

The Retries byte returned by a STATUS call with status code = \$05 (Return UniDisk 3.5 Status) specifies the number of address fields that had to be passed before the operation was completed. This information could be used, for example, to determine the number of passes necessary to read a data field correctly: If Retries is found to be greater than the number of sectors on the target track, then more than one pass was required.

The last four bytes of the status list are set only after a CONTROL call with control code = \$05, and are zero after any other call (STATUS calls do not clear the status bytes).

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the STATUS call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$21	BADCTL	Invalid status code
\$30-\$3F		Device-specific errors

READ BLOCK

Command Number	\$01
Parameter List	\$03 (parameter count) Unit number Data buffer (low byte, high byte) Block number (low byte, mid byte, high byte)

The READ BLOCK call reads one 512-byte block from the disk device specified by the unit-number parameter into memory starting at the address specified by the data-buffer parameter.

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	3 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter.
Data Buffer 2-byte value	Points to the buffer into which the data is read. The buffer must be 512 or more bytes in length.
Block Number 3-byte value	The logical address of a block of data to be read. There is no general connection between block numbers and the layout of tracks and sectors on the disk. The translation from logical to physical blocks is performed by the device. (The most significant byte is zero for all devices currently in use.)

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the READ BLOCK call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$27	IOERROR	I/O error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected
\$2D	BADBLOCK	Invalid block number
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive

WRITE BLOCK

Command Number	\$02
Parameter List	\$03 (parameter count) Unit number Data buffer (low byte, high byte) Block number (low byte, mid byte, high byte)

The WRITE BLOCK call writes one 512-byte block from memory to the disk device specified by the unit-number parameter. The block in memory starts at the address specified by the data-buffer parameter.

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	3 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter.
Data Buffer 2-byte value	Points to the buffer from which the data is to be written.
Block Number 3-byte value	The logical address of a block of data to be written. There is no general connection between block numbers and the layout of tracks and sectors on the disk. The translation from logical to physical blocks is performed by the device. (The most significant byte is zero for all devices currently in use.)

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the WRITE BLOCK call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$27	IOERROR	I/O error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected
\$2B	NOWRITE	Disk write protected
\$2D	BADBLOCK	Invalid block number
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive

FORMAT

Command Number	\$03
Parameter List	\$01 (parameter count) Unit number

The FORMAT call prepares all blocks on the recording medium of a block device for reading and writing. The formatting done by this call is not linked to any operating system; for example, bitmaps and catalogs are not written by this call.

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	1 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter.

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the FORMAT call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$27	IOERROR	I/O error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected
\$2B	NOWRITE	Disk write protected
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive

CONTROL

Command Number	\$04
Parameter List	\$03 (parameter count) Unit number Control list (low byte, high byte) Control code

The CONTROL call sends control information to the device. The information can be of a general nature (such as resets or interrupts), or device-specific (such as Download to UniDisk 3.5 RAM).

Important | A CONTROL call to unit number \$00 sends control information to the Protocol Converter itself. See the discussions under Control Code = \$00 and Control Code = \$01, below.

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	3 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter. Use a unit number of \$00 in the CONTROL call to send control information to the Protocol Converter itself.
Control List 2-byte value	Points to the buffer from which the control information is read. The first two bytes (the <i>count bytes</i> , low byte first) of the control list specify the number of bytes in the list (<i>not</i> including the count bytes); the remainder of the list contains the control information passed to the device.

Important

Every CONTROL call must have a control list; if no control information is being passed, then the control list consists of the count bytes only:

```
CTRL_LIST DW $00
```

Control Code

1-byte value

The number of the control request being made. Control codes are in the range \$00—\$FF. The following requests are not device-specific:

Code**Control Function**

\$00

Reset the device

\$01

Set device control block (DCB)

\$02

Set newline status (character devices only)

\$03

Service device interrupt

Control requests to unit number \$00 are sent to the Protocol Converter itself:

Code**Control Function**

\$00

Enable interrupts from Protocol Converter

\$01

Disable interrupts from Protocol Converter

Specific devices may respond to some or all of these additional control requests:

Code**Control Function**

\$04

Eject disk

\$05

Run a 65C02 subroutine

\$06

Set download address

\$07

Download to device RAM

Control Code = \$00, Reset the Device Performs a warm reset of the device. Generally returns “housekeeping” values to some reset value. The control list for this call is device dependent.

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The control list for this call for UniDisk 3.5 devices is:

```
CTRL_LIST DW $00 ;No parameters are passed
```

Unit Number \$00: A CONTROL call with control code = \$00 and unit number = \$00 enables interrupts from the Protocol Converter. This call informs the firmware that external interrupts are possible, and directs it to call the user's interrupt handler if an interrupt occurs. It also turns on the Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (ACIA) for port 1.

When the user's interrupt handler identifies an external interrupt, you can determine if it came from the Protocol Converter by making a STATUS call with unit number = \$00 and control code = \$00 (see Section "STATUS"). See Appendix E in the *Apple IIc Reference Manual* for more information on handling interrupts.

Control Code = \$01, Set Device Control Block Alters the contents of the device control block (DCB). The DCB is usually used to set global aspects of a device's operating environment. Each device has a default setting for the DCB, set on initialization. Since the length of the DCB is device dependent, you should first read in the DCB with the STATUS call, then alter the bits of interest, and finally, use the same byte string as the control block for the CONTROL call. The first byte (the *count byte*) of the DCB gives the number of bytes in the control block (*not* including the count byte), so the length never exceeds 257 bytes, including the count byte.

UniDisk 3.5

UniDisk 3.5 has no DCB; a Set DCB CONTROL call to UniDisk 3.5 returns an error (BADCTL \$21).

Unit Number = \$00: A CONTROL call with control code = \$01 and unit number = \$00 disables interrupts from the Protocol Converter. This call turns off the ACIA for port 1 and sets the least significant bit of the ACIA control register to zero.

Newline read mode: See Chapter 4 in the *PRODOS Technical Reference Manual*.

Control Code = \$02, Set Newline Status Sets a character device to newline enabled or newline disabled.

Control Code = \$03, Device Service Interrupt To be used as needed for interrupt-driven devices.

Control Code = \$04, Eject Disk To be used for devices that support an auto-eject feature.

UniDisk 3.5

Causes UniDisk 3.5 to auto-eject a disk. There are no parameters in the control list, and no errors are returned if the disk ejected correctly or there was no disk in the drive. Error code \$27 (I/O error) is returned if the eject failed, that is, a disk is still in the drive. The control list for UniDisk 3.5 is:

```
CTRL_LIST DW $00 ;No parameters are passed
```

▲Warning | Control codes \$05 and higher are reserved; use of some of these codes can cause your system to crash.

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the CONTROL call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$21	BADCTL	Invalid control code
\$22	BADCTLPARM	Invalid parameter list
\$30-\$3F		Device-specific errors

INIT

Command Number	\$05
Parameter List	\$01 (parameter count) \$00 (unit number)

The INIT call resets all intelligent devices attached to the Protocol Converter. The Protocol Converter goes through an initialization sequence, cold-resetting all devices and sending each its unit number. This call is made automatically on startup; an application should never have to make this call.

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count	1 for this call.
1-byte value	
Unit Number	The unit number used in this call is always \$00.
1-byte value	

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the INIT call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected

OPEN

Command Number	\$06
Parameter List	\$01 (parameter count) Unit number

The OPEN call prepares a character device for reading or writing.

UniDisk 3.5

Since UniDisk 3.5 is a block device, it does not accept this call. An attempt to use an OPEN call with UniDisk 3.5 will result in an error (BADCMD \$01).

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	1 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter.

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the OPEN call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive

CLOSE

Command Number \$07

Parameter List \$01 (parameter count)
Unit number

The CLOSE call tells a character device that a sequence of reads or writes is over.

UniDisk 3.5

Since UniDisk 3.5 is a block device, it does not accept this call. An attempt to use a CLOSE call with UniDisk 3.5 will result in an error (BADCMD \$01).

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1 for this call.
1-byte value

Unit Number The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter.
1-byte value

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the CLOSE call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive

READ

Command Number	\$08
Parameter List	\$04 (parameter count) Unit number Buffer pointer (low byte, high byte) Byte count (low byte, high byte) Address pointer (low byte, mid byte, high byte)

The READ call reads the number of bytes specified by the byte-count parameter into memory starting at the address specified by the buffer-pointer parameter.

Macintosh: This call can be used by UniDisk 3.5 devices to read 524-byte data blocks written by an Apple Macintosh™ Computer.

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	4 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter.
Buffer Pointer 2-byte value	Points to the buffer into which the data is read. The buffer must be large enough to contain the number of bytes requested by the byte-count parameter.
Byte Count 2-byte value	Specifies the number of bytes to be transferred.

Macintosh: The byte count used to read Macintosh disks with a UniDisk 3.5 is always 524 bytes (\$020C).

Address Specifies the address to start reading from. The
Pointer meaning of this parameter depends on the device
3-byte value being read.

Macintosh: When using a UniDisk 3.5 to read Macintosh disks, the address pointer specifies the number of the 524-byte Macintosh block to be read (from \$00 to \$031F for a single-sided disk).

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the READ call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$27	IOERROR	I/O error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected
\$2D	BADBLOCK	Invalid block number
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive

WRITE

Command Number	\$09
Parameter List	\$04 (parameter count) Unit number Buffer pointer (low byte, high byte) Byte count (low byte, high byte) Address pointer (low byte, mid byte, high byte)

The WRITE call writes the number of bytes specified by the byte-count parameter to the specified unit from memory starting at the address indicated by the buffer-pointer parameter. The meaning of the address pointer depends on the type of device (see the parameter descriptions, below).

Macintosh: This call can be used by UniDisk 3.5 devices to write 524-byte blocks for use by an Apple Macintosh computer.

Parameter Descriptions

Parameter Count 1-byte value	4 for this call.
Unit Number 1-byte value	The Protocol Converter assigns each device a unique number during initialization (on startup and cold reset). The numbers are in the range \$01—\$7E, and are assigned according to the devices' positions in the chain. A unit number of \$00 in the STATUS call returns the number of devices connected to the Protocol Converter.
Buffer Pointer 2-byte value	Points to the buffer from which the data is to be written.
Byte Count 2-byte value	Specifies the number of bytes to be transferred.

Macintosh: The byte count used to write Macintosh disks with a UniDisk 3.5 is always 524 bytes (\$020C).

Address Specifies the address to start writing from. The
Pointer meaning of this parameter depends on the device
3-byte value being written to.

Macintosh: When using a UniDisk 3.5 to write Macintosh disks, the address pointer specifies the number of the 524-byte Macintosh block to be written (from \$00 to \$031F for a single-sided disk).

Possible Errors

The following errors can be returned by the WRITE call:

\$01	BADCMD	An unimplemented command was issued
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count
\$06	BUSERR	Communications error
\$27	IOERROR	I/O error
\$28	NODRIVE	No device connected
\$2D	BADBLOCK	Invalid block number
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive

An Example: Issuing a Protocol Converter Call

Here is an example of a program that issues a STATUS call to the Protocol Converter to obtain information about a device.

Apple IIe

The code for the Protocol Converter in the Apple IIc with 32K ROM always begins at address \$C500; however, to ensure compatibility with the Apple IIe, your programs should always do a search for the Protocol Converter, as in the following example.

```
0000:      1 *
0000:      2 *
0000:      3 *
0000:      4 * This example shows how to find
0000:      5 * and use a PC interface. A search
0000:      6 * is made for a PC, and when one is
0000:      7 * found, a vector is set up which
0000:      8 * points to the PC entry. Then a
0000:      9 * Device Information Block STATUS call
0000:     10 * is made, and if successful, the name
0000:     11 * string embedded in the DIB is output
0000:     12 * to the screen. Only the first device
0000:     13 * in the chain is accessed.
0000:     14 *
0000:     15 *
0000:     16 *          MSB    ON
0000:     17 *
0000:     18 *
0000:    0006 19 ZPTempl equ  $0006    ;Temporary zero
0000:     20 *                      page storage
0000:    0007 21 ZPTempH equ  $0007
0000:     22 *
0000:    FD8D 23 COut    equ  $FD8D    ;Console output
0000:    FD8E 24 CROut   equ  $FD8E    ;Carriage return
0000:     25 *
0000:    0000 26 StatusCmd equ  0
0000:     27 *
0000:     28 *
0000:    0300 29          org  $300
0000:     30 *
0000:     31 * Find a Protocol Converter in one of the
0000:     32 * slots.
0000:     33 *
0000: 0300:20 43 03     34          jsr  FindPC
0000: 0303:B0 1C 0321 35          bcs  Error
0000: 0305:     36 *
0000: 0305:     37 * Now make the DIB call to the first guy
0000: 0305:     38 *
```

```

0305:20 67 03      39      jsr    Dispatch
0308:00            40      dfb    StatusCmd
0309:6A 03         41      dw     DParms
030B:B0 14 0321    42      bcs    Error
030D:             43 *
030D:             44 * Got the DIB; now print the name string
030D:             45 *
030D:A2 00        46      ldx    #0
030F:             47 morechars equ    *
030F:BD 74 03     48      lda    DIBName,x
0312:09 80        49      ora    #$80      ;COut wants high
0314:             50 *                      Bit set
0314:             51 *
0314:20 ED FD     52      jsr    COut
0317:E8           53      inx
0318:EC 73 03     54      cpx    DIBNameLen
031B:90 F2 030F   55      blt    morechars
031D:             56 *
031D:20 8E FD     57      jsr    CROut      ;Finish it off
0320:             58 *                      with a return
0320:             59 *
0320:60           60      rts
0321:             61 *
0321:             62 *
0321:             63 Error    equ    *
0321:             64 *
0321:             65 * There's either no PC around, or there
0321:             66 * was no Unit #1... give message
0321:             67 *
0321:A2 00        68      ldx    #0
0323:             69 err1    equ    *
0323:BD 2F 03     70      lda    Message,x
0326:F0 06 032E   71      beq    errout
0328:20 ED FD     72      jsr    COut
032B:E8           73      inx
032C:D0 F5 0323   74      bne    err1
032E:             75 *
032E:             76 errout   equ    *
032E:60           77      rts
032F:             78 *
032F:CE CF A0 D0  79 Message  asc    'NO PC OR NO DEVICE'
0341:8D 00        80      dfb    $8D,0
0343:             81 *
0343:             82 *
0343:             83 FindPC   equ    *
0343:             84 *
0343:             85 * Search slot 7 to slot 1 looking for
0343:             86 * signature bytes
0343:             87 *
0343:A2 07        88      ldx    #7      ;Do for seven
0345:             89 *                      slots
0345:A9 C7        90      lda    #$C7

```

```

0347:85 07      91      sta  ZPTempH
0349:A9 00      92      lda  #$00
034B:85 06      93      sta  ZPTempl
034D:           94      *
034D:           034D  95  newslot equ  *
034D:A0 07      96      ldy  #7
034F:           97      *
034F:           034F  98  again  equ  *
034F:B1 06      99      lda  (ZPTempl),y
0351:D9 70 03   100     cmp  sigtab,y      ;One of four
0354:           101     *                      byte signature
0354:F0 07      035D  102     beq  maybe      ;Found one
0356:           103     *                      signature byte
0356:C6 07      104     dec  ZPTempH
0358:CA         105     dex
0359:D0 F2      034D  106     bne  newslot
035B:           107     *
035B:           108     * If we get here, it's because we couldn't
035B:           109     * find a Protocol Converter.
035B:           110     * Exit with the carry set.
035B:           111     *
035B:38         112     sec
035C:60         113     rts
035D:           114     *
035D:           115     * If we get here, it means that one or
035D:           116     * more of the signature bytes
035D:           117     * for this card are what we're looking
035D:           118     * for. Decrement the byte
035D:           119     * counter and branch back to verify any
035D:           120     * remaining bytes.
035D:           121     *
035D:           035D  122  maybe  equ  *
035D:88         123     dey
035E:88         124     dey      ;If N=1 then
035F:           125     *                      all sig bytes okay
035F:10 EE      034F  126     bpl  again
0361:           127     *
0361:           128     * Found a Protocol Converter interface.
0361:           129     * Set up the call address.
0361:           130     * We already have the high byte ($CN);
0361:           131     * we just need the low byte.
0361:           132     *
0361:           0361  133  foundPC equ  *
0361:A9 FF      134     lda  #$FF
0363:85 06      135     sta  ZPTempl
0365:A0 00      136     ldy  #0      ;For
0367:           137     *                      indirect load
0367:B1 06      138     lda  (ZPTempl),y ;Get the
0369:           139     *                      byte
0369:           140     *
0369:           141     * Now the Acc has the low order ProDOS
0369:           142     * entry point. The PC entry is

```

```

0369:          143 *   three locations past this...
0369:          144 *
0369:18        145         clc
036A:69 03    146         adc    #3
036C:85 06    147         sta    ZPTempl
036E:          148 *
036E:          149 *   Now ZPTempl has the PC entry point.
036E:          150 *   Return with carry clear.
036E:          151 *
036E:18        152         clc
036F:60        153         rts
0370:          154 *
0370:          155 *
0370:          156 *   These are the PC signature bytes in
0370:          157 *   their relative order.
0370:          158 *   The $FF bytes are filler bytes and
0370:          159 *   are not compared.
0370:          160 *
0370:FF 20 FF 00 161 sigtab    dfb    $FF,$20,$FF,$00
0374:FF 03 FF 00 162            dfb    $FF,$03,$FF,$00
0378:          163 *
0378:          164 *
0378:          165 Dispatch  equ    *
0378:6C 06 00    166            jmp    (ZPTempl)    ;Simulate
037B:          167 *                    an indirect JSR to PC
037B:          168 *
037B:          169 *
037B:          170 DParms    equ    *
037B:03          171 DPParmCt  dfb    3                    ;Status
037C:          172 *                    calls have three parameters
037C:01          173 DPUnit    dfb    1
037D:80 03      174 DPBuffer  dw    DIB
037F:03          175 DPStatCode dfb    3
0380:          176 *
0380:          177 *
0380:          178 DIB        equ    *
0380:00          179 DIBStatByte1 dfb    0
0381:00 00 00    180 DIBDevSize dfb    0,0,0
0384:00          181 DIBNameLen dfb    0
0385:          182 DIBName    ds    16,0
0395:00          183 DIBType    dfb    0
0396:00          184 DIBSubType dfb    0
0397:00 00      185 DIBVersion dw    0
0399:          186 *
0399:          187 *

```


Summary of Commands and Parameters

This is a summary of Protocol Converter calls. In each case, byte 0 of the command parameter list (CMDLST) specifies the number of parameters in the command list (not including byte 0). Parameters that require more than one byte (the status list pointer, for example) are entered low byte first. The meaning of the address-pointer parameter is device specific. See the sections on the individual calls in this chapter for a discussion of each parameter.

Figure 3-1. Summary of Protocol Converter Commands and Parameters

Command	STATUS	READBLOCK	WRITEBLOCK	FORMAT	CONTROL
CmdNum	\$00	\$01	\$02	\$03	\$04
CmdList Byte					
0	\$03	\$03	\$03	\$01	\$03
1	Unit Num	Unit Num	Unit Num	Unit Num	Unit Num
2	Stat List Ptr	Buffer Ptr	Buffer Ptr		Ctl List Ptr
3					
4	Stat Code				Ctl Code
5		Block Num	Block Num		
6					

Command	INIT	OPEN	CLOSE	READ	WRITE
CmdNum	\$05	\$06	\$07	\$08	\$09
CmdList Byte					
0	\$01	\$01	\$01	\$04	\$04
1	\$00	Unit Num	Unit Num	Unit Num	Unit Num
2				Buffer Ptr	Buffer Ptr
3					
4				Byte Count	Byte Count
5					
6					
7				Address Ptr	Address Ptr
8					

Unused bytes 

Summary of Error Codes

This is a summary of Protocol Converter call error codes, including a brief description of the possible causes for each. If there is no error, the C flag (in the Processor Status register of the 65C02 microprocessor) is cleared (0), and the accumulator (the A register) contains zeros. If the call was unsuccessful, the C flag is set (1), and the A register contains the error code.

\$00		No error.
\$01	BADCMD	A nonexistent command was issued. Check the command number in the Protocol Converter call.
\$04	BADPCNT	Bad call parameter count. The call parameter list was not properly constructed. Make sure the parameter list has the correct number of parameters.
\$06	BUSERR	A communications error between the device controller and the host. Make sure that RAM is both read-enabled and write-enabled. Check the hardware (cables and connectors) between the device and the host. Check for noise sources; make sure the cable is properly shielded.
\$11	BADUNIT	Unit number \$00 was used in a call other than STATUS, CONTROL, or INIT.
\$21	BADCTL	The control or status code is not supported by the device.
\$22	BADCTLPARM	The control parameter list contains invalid information. Make sure each value is within the range allowed for that parameter.
\$27	IOERROR	The device encountered an I/O error when trying to read or write to the recording medium. Make sure that the medium in the device is formatted and not defective. Make sure the device is operating correctly.
\$28	NODRIVE	The device is not connected. This can occur if the device is not connected but its controller is, or if there is no device with the unit number specified.

\$2B	NOWRITE	The medium in the device is write protected.
\$2D	BADBLOCK	The block number is outside the range allowed for the medium in the device. Note that this range depends on the type of device and the type of medium in the device (single-sided vs. double-sided disk, for example).
\$2F	OFFLINE	Device off-line or no disk in drive. Check the cables and connections; make sure the medium is present in the drive, and that the drive is functioning correctly.
\$30-\$3F	DEVSPEC	Errors which differ from device to device. See the technical manual for the device in question for details.
\$40-\$4F		Reserved for future expansion.
\$50-\$7F	NONFATAL	A device-specific <i>soft</i> error. The operation completed successfully, but some <i>exception</i> condition was detected. See the technical manual for the device in question for details.

```
SOURCE  FILE #01 =>FIRM
INCLUDE  FILE #02 =>NAMES
INCLUDE  FILE #03 =>EQUATES
INCLUDE  FILE #04 =>SERIAL
INCLUDE  FILE #05 =>SER
INCLUDE  FILE #06 =>COMM
INCLUDE  FILE #07 =>C3SPACE
INCLUDE  FILE #08 =>MOUSE
INCLUDE  FILE #09 =>MCODE
INCLUDE  FILE #10 =>MISC
INCLUDE  FILE #11 =>BOOT
INCLUDE  FILE #12 =>SWITCHER
INCLUDE  FILE #13 =>IRQBUF
INCLUDE  FILE #14 =>MINI
INCLUDE  FILE #15 =>SCROLLING
INCLUDE  FILE #16 =>ESCAPE
INCLUDE  FILE #17 =>PASCAL
INCLUDE  FILE #18 =>MOREMISC
INCLUDE  FILE #19 =>AUTOST1
INCLUDE  FILE #20 =>AUTOST2
INCLUDE  FILE #21 =>BANK2
INCLUDE  FILE #22 =>MINT
INCLUDE  FILE #23 =>AUXSTUFF
INCLUDE  FILE #24 =>BANGER2
INCLUDE  FILE #25 =>SWITCHER2
INCLUDE  FILE #26 =>COMMAND
INCLUDE  FILE #27 =>MBASIC
INCLUDE  FILE #28 =>BANGER
INCLUDE  FILE #29 =>VECTORS2
```

```

0000:      0000      2      *x6502
0000:      3      *
0000:      4      *
0000:      5      * Firmware for the Apple //c
0000:      6      *
0000:      7      * December, 1983
0000:      8      *
0000:      9      *
0000:     10      * Rich Williams
0000:     11      * Ernie Beernink
0000:     12      * James R Huston
0000:     13      *
0000:     14      * Revision 2 May, 1985
0000:     15      * rom expanded to 32K in 2 16K banks
0000:     16      * new features added:
0000:     17      *   Protocol converter slot 5
0000:     18      *   AppleTalk slot 7
0000:     19      *   //e diagnostics
0000:     20      *   Enhanced serial port commands
0000:     21      *   Mini assembler
0000:     22      *   Step and trace
0000:     23      * most $F8 rom changes marked with a +
0000:     24      *
0000:     25      *
0000:      F800     26 F80RG      EQU      $F800

```

```

INCLUDE FILE #02 ->NAMES

```

```

C100:      29      1st      on
C100:      30      include equates      ;Equates for Video & Monitor ROM

```

```

C100:      2 *****
C100:      3 *
C100:      4 * Apple //c
C100:      5 * Video Firmware and
C100:      6 * Monitor ROM Source
C100:      7 *
C100:      8 * COPYRIGHT 1977-1983 BY
C100:      9 * APPLE COMPUTER, INC.
C100:     10 *
C100:     11 * ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
C100:     12 *
C100:     13 * S. WOZNIAK          1977
C100:     14 * A. BAUM           1977
C100:     15 * JOHN A            NOV 1978
C100:     16 * R. AURICCHIO      SEP 1981
C100:     17 * E. BEERNINK       1983
C100:     18 *
C100:     19 *****
C100:     20 *
C100:     21 * ZERO PAGE EQUATES
C100:     22 *
C100: 0000 23 LOC0      EQU  $00      ;vector for autostart from disk
C100: 0001 24 LOC1      EQU  $01
C100: 0020 25 WNDLFT     EQU  $20      ;left edge of text window
C100: 0021 26 WNDWDTH     EQU  $21      ;width of text window
C100: 0022 27 WNDTOP      EQU  $22      ;top of text window
C100: 0023 28 WNDBTM      EQU  $23      ;bottom+1 of text window
C100: 0024 29 CH         EQU  $24      ;cursor horizontal position
C100: 0025 30 CV         EQU  $25      ;cursor vertical position
C100: 0026 31 GBA5L      EQU  $26      ;lo-res graphics base addr.
C100: 0027 32 GBASH      EQU  $27
C100: 0028 33 BA5L       EQU  $28      ;text base address
C100: 0029 34 BASH       EQU  $29
C100: 002A 35 BAS2L      EQU  $2A      ;temp base for scrolling
C100: 002B 36 BA52H      EQU  $2B
C100: 002C 37 H2         EQU  $2C      ;temp for lo-res graphics
C100: 002C 38 LMNEM       EQU  $2C      ;temp for mnemonic decoding
C100: 002C 39 RTNL       equ  $2C      ;Step return address
C100: 002D 40 V2         EQU  $2D      ;temp for lo-res graphics
C100: 002D 41 RMNEM       EQU  $2D      ;temp for mnemonic decoding
C100: 002D 42 rtnh       equ  $2D      ;Step return address
C100: 002E 43 MASK       EQU  $2E      ;color mask for lo-res gr.
C100: 002E 44 FORMAT      EQU  $2E      ;temp for opcode decode
C100: 002F 45 LENGTH      EQU  $2F      ;temp for opcode decode
C100: 0030 46 COLOR      EQU  $30      ;color for lo-res graphics
C100: 0031 47 MODE       EQU  $31      ;Monitor mode
C100: 0032 48 INVFLG      EQU  $32      ;normal/inverse(/flash)
C100: 0033 49 PROMPT      EQU  $33      ;prompt character
C100: 0034 50 YSAV       EQU  $34      ;position in Monitor command
C100: 0035 51 YSAV1      EQU  $35      ;temp for Y register
C100: 0036 52 C5WL       EQU  $36      ;character output hook
C100: 0037 53 C5WH       EQU  $37
C100: 0038 54 K5WL       EQU  $38      ;character input hook
C100: 0039 55 K5WH       EQU  $39
C100: 003A 56 PCL        EQU  $3A      ;temp for program counter
C100: 003B 57 PCH        EQU  $3B
C100: 003C 58 XQT        EQU  $3C      ;Step and trace execute area
C100: 003C 59 A1L        EQU  $3C      ;Monitor temp

```

```

C100: 003D 60 A1H EQU $3D ;Monitor temp
C100: 003E 61 A2L EQU $3E ;Monitor temp
C100: 003F 62 A2H EQU $3F ;Monitor temp
C100: 0040 63 A3L EQU $40 ;Monitor temp
C100: 0041 64 A3H EQU $41 ;Monitor temp
C100: 0042 65 A4L EQU $42 ;Monitor temp
C100: 0043 66 A4H EQU $43 ;Monitor temp
C100: 0044 67 A5L EQU $44 ;Monitor temp
C100: 0045 68 A5H EQU $45 ;Monitor temp
C100: 69 *
C100: 70 * Note: In Apple II, //e, both interrupts and BRK destroyed
C100: 71 * location $45. Now only BRK destroys $45 (ACC) and it
C100: 72 * also destroys $44 (MAC5TAT).
C100: 73 *
C100: 0044 74 MAC5TAT EQU $44 ;Machine state after BRK
C100: 0045 75 ACC EQU $45 ;Acc after BRK
C100: 76 *
C100: 0046 77 XREG EQU $46 ;X reg after break
C100: 0047 78 YREG EQU $47 ;Y reg after break
C100: 0048 79 STATUS EQU $48 ;P reg after break
C100: 0049 80 SPNT EQU $49 ;SP after break
C100: 004E 81 RNDL EQU $4E ;random counter low
C100: 004F 82 RNDH EQU $4F ;random counter high
C100: 83 *
C100: 84 * Value equates
C100: 85 *
C100: 0006 86 GOODF8 EQU $06 ;value of //e, lolly ID byte
C100: 0095 87 PICK EQU $95 ;CONTROL-U character
C100: 009B 88 ESC EQU $9B ;what ESC generates
C100: 89 *
C100: 90 * Characters read by GETLN are placed in
C100: 91 * IN, terminated by a carriage return.
C100: 92 *
C100: 0200 93 IN EQU $0200 ;input buffer for GETLN
C100: 94 *
C100: 95 * Page 3 vectors
C100: 96 *
C100: 03F0 97 BRKV EQU $03F0 ;vectors here after break
C100: 03F2 98 SOFTEV EQU $03F2 ;vector for warm start
C100: 03F4 99 PWREDUP EQU $03F4 ;THIS MUST = EOR #$A5 OF SOFTEV+1
C100: 03F5 100 AMPERV EQU $03F5 ;APPLESOFT & EXIT VECTOR
C100: 03F8 101 USRADR EQU $03F8 ;APPLESOFT USR function vector
C100: 03FB 102 NMI EQU $03FB ;NMI vector
C100: 03FE 103 IRQLOC EQU $03FE ;Maskable interrupt vector
C100: 0400 104 LINE1 EQU $0400 ;first line of text screen
C100: 07F8 105 M5LOT EQU $07F8 ;owner of $C8 space
C100: 106 *
C100: 107 * HARDWARE EQUATES
C100: 108 *
C100: C000 109 IOADR EQU $C000 ;for IN#, PR# vector
C100: C000 110 KBD EQU $C000 ;>127 if keystroke
C100: C000 111 CLR80COL EQU $C000 ;disable 80 column store
C100: C001 112 SET80COL EQU $C001 ;enable 80 column store
C100: C002 113 RDMAINRAM EQU $C002 ;read from main 48K RAM
C100: C003 114 RDCARDRAM EQU $C003 ;read from alt. 48K RAM
C100: C004 115 WRMAINRAM EQU $C004 ;write to main 48K RAM
C100: C005 116 WRCARDRAM EQU $C005 ;write to alt. 48K RAM
C100: C008 117 SET5TDZP EQU $C008 ;use main zero page/stack

```

```

C100: C009 118 SETALTZP EQU $C009 ;use alt. zero page/stack
C100: C00C 119 CLR80VID EQU $C00C ;disable 80 column hardware
C100: C00D 120 SET80VID EQU $C00D ;enable 80 column hardware
C100: C00E 121 CLRALTCHAR EQU $C00E ;normal LC, flashing UC
C100: C00F 122 SETALTCHAR EQU $C00F ;normal inverse, LC; no flash
C100: C010 123 KBDSTRB EQU $C010 ;turn off key pressed flag
C100: C011 124 RDLCBNK2 EQU $C011 ;>127 if LC bank 2 is in
C100: C012 125 RDLGRAM EQU $C012 ;>127 if LC RAM read enabled
C100: C013 126 RDRAMRD EQU $C013 ;>127 if reading main 48K
C100: C014 127 RDRAMWRT EQU $C014 ;>127 if writing main 48K
C100: C016 128 RDALTZP EQU $C016 ;>127 if Alt ZP and LC switched in
C100: C018 129 RD80COL EQU $C018 ;>127 if 80 column store
C100: C019 130 RDVBLBAR EQU $C019 ;>127 if not VBL
C100: C01A 131 RDTEXT EQU $C01A ;>127 if text (not graphics)
C100: C01B 132 RDMIX EQU $C01B ;>127 if mixed mode on
C100: C01C 133 RDPAGE2 EQU $C01C ;>127 if TXTPAGE2 switched in
C100: C01D 134 RDHIRE5 EQU $C01D ;>127 if HIRE5 is on
C100: C01E 135 ALTCHARSET EQU $C01E ;>127 if alternate char set in use
C100: C01F 136 RD80VID EQU $C01F ;>127 if 80 column hardware in
C100: C028 137 ROMBANK EQU $C028 ;Switches rombanks
C100: C030 138 SPKR EQU $C030 ;clicks the speaker
C100: C050 139 TXTCLR EQU $C050 ;switch in graphics (not text)
C100: C051 140 TXTSET EQU $C051 ;switch in text (not graphics)
C100: C052 141 MIXCLR EQU $C052 ;clear mixed-mode
C100: C053 142 MIXSET EQU $C053 ;set mixed-mode (4 lines text)
C100: C054 143 TXTPAGE1 EQU $C054 ;switch in text page 1
C100: C055 144 TXTPAGE2 EQU $C055 ;switch in text page 2
C100: C056 145 LORES EQU $C056 ;low-resolution graphics
C100: C057 146 HIRE5 EQU $C057 ;high-resolution graphics
C100: C058 147 CLRAN0 EQU $C058
C100: C059 148 SETAN0 EQU $C059
C100: C05A 149 CLRAN1 EQU $C05A
C100: C05B 150 SETAN1 EQU $C05B
C100: C05C 151 CLRAN2 EQU $C05C
C100: C05D 152 SETAN2 EQU $C05D
C100: C05E 153 CLRAN3 EQU $C05E
C100: C05F 154 SETAN3 EQU $C05F
C100: C060 155 RD40SW EQU $C060 ;>127 if 40/80 switch in 40 pos
C100: C061 156 BUTN0 EQU $C061 ;open apple key
C100: C062 157 BUTN1 EQU $C062 ;closed apple key
C100: C064 158 PADDL0 EQU $C064 ;read paddle 0
C100: C070 159 PTRIG EQU $C070 ;trigger the paddles
C100: C081 160 ROMIN EQU $C081 ;switch in $D000-$FFFF ROM
C100: C083 161 LCBANK2 EQU $C083 ;switch in LC bank 2
C100: C08B 162 LCBANK1 EQU $C08B ;switch in LC bank 1
C100: CFFF 163 CLRROM EQU $CFFF ;switch out $C8 ROMs
C100: E000 164 BASIC EQU $E000 ;BASIC entry point
C100: E003 165 BASIC2 EQU $E003 ;BASIC warm entry point
C100: 166 *
C100: 04FB 167 VMODE EQU $4FB+3 ;OPERATING MODE
C100: 168 *
C100: 169 * BASIC VMODE BITS
C100: 170 *
C100: 171 * 1..... - BASIC active
C100: 172 * 0..... - Pascal active
C100: 173 * .0.....
C100: 174 * .1.....
C100: 175 * ..0..... - Print control characters

```



```

C100:      176 * ...1.... - Don't print ctrl chars
C100:      177 * ...0.... -
C100:      178 * ...1.... -
C100:      179 * ...0... - Print control characters
C100:      180 * ...1... - Don't print ctrl chars.
C100:      181 * ...0... -
C100:      182 * ...1... -
C100:      183 * ...0... -
C100:      184 * ...1... -
C100:      185 * ...0... - Print mouse characters
C100:      186 * ...1... - Don't print mouse characters
C100:      187 *
C100:      0040 188 M.40 EQU $40
C100:      0020 189 M.CTL2 EQU $20 ;Don't print controls
C100:      0008 190 M.CTL EQU $08 ;Don't print controls
C100:      0001 191 M.MOUSE EQU $01 ;Don't print mouse chars
C100:      192 *
C100:      193 * Pascal Mode Bits
C100:      194 *
C100:      195 * 1..... - BASIC active
C100:      196 * 0..... - Pascal active
C100:      197 * .0.....
C100:      198 * .1.....
C100:      199 * ..0..... -
C100:      200 * ..1..... -
C100:      201 * ...0.... - Cursor always on
C100:      202 * ...1.... - Cursor always off
C100:      203 * ....0... - GOTOXY n/a
C100:      204 * ....1... - GOTOXY in progress
C100:      205 * .....0... - Normal Video
C100:      206 * .....1... - Inverse Video
C100:      207 * .....0... -
C100:      208 * .....1... -
C100:      209 * .....0... - Print mouse chars
C100:      210 * .....1... - Don't print mouse chars
C100:      211 *
C100:      0080 212 M.PASCAL EQU $80 ;Pascal active
C100:      0010 213 M.CURSOR EQU $10 ;Don't print cursor
C100:      0008 214 M.GOXY EQU $08 ;GOTOXY IN PROGRESS
C100:      0004 215 M.VMODE EQU $04
C100:      216 *
C100:      0478 217 ROMSTATE EQU $478 ;temp store of ROM state
C100:      04F8 218 TEMP1 EQU $4F8 ;used by CTLCHAR
C100:      0578 219 TEMP2 EQU $578 ;used by scroll
C100:      05F8 220 TEMPY EQU $5F8 ;used by scroll
C100:      221 *
C100:      047B 222 OLDCH EQU $478+3 ;last value of CH
C100:      057B 223 OURCH EQU $578+3 ;80-COL CH
C100:      05FB 224 OURCV EQU $5F8+3 ;CURSOR VERTICAL
C100:      067B 225 VFACTV EQU $678+3 ;Bit7=video firmware inactive
C100:      06FB 226 XCOORD EQU $6F8+3 ;X-COORD (GOTOXY)
C100:      077B 227 NXTCUR EQU $778+3 ;next cursor to display
C100:      07FB 228 CURSOR EQU $7F8+3 ;the current cursor char
C100:      229 *
C100:      230 * Disk II boot rom equates
C100:      231 *
C100:      03S6 232 DNIBL EQU $356
C100:      0300 233 NBUF1 EQU $300

```

```
C100:      002B 234 SLOTZ      EQU   $2B
C100:      003C 235 BOOTTMP   EQU   $3C
C100:      004F 236 BOOTDEV   EQU   $4F
```

```
C100:      238 *****
C100:      239 * Entry points for other modules
C100:      240 *****
C100:      C880 241 pcnv      equ    $C880
C100:      C5F5 242 bootfail equ    $C5F5      ;Boot fails message
C100:      C5F8 243 pcnvrst  equ    $C5F8      ;Protocol converter reset
C100:      C580 244 atalk    equ    $C580      ;Apple talk
C100:      31      include serial ;Equates for serial code
```

```

C100:      3 *****
C100:      4 *
C100:      5 * Apple Lolly communications driver
C100:      6 *
C100:      7 * By
C100:      8 * Rich Williams
C100:      9 * August 1983
C100:     10 * November S - j.r.huston
C100:     11 *
C100:     12 *****
C100:     13 *
C100:     14 * Command codes
C100:     15 *
C100:     16 * Default command char is ctrl-A (^A)
C100:     17 *
C100:     18 *   ^AnnB: Set baud rate to nn
C100:     19 *   ^AnnD: Set data format bits to nn
C100:     20 *   ^AI:   Enable video echo
C100:     21 *   ^AK:   Disable CRLF
C100:     22 *   ^AL:   Enable CRLF
C100:     23 *   ^AnnN: Disable video echo & set printer width
C100:     24 *   ^AnnP: Set parity bits to nn
C100:     25 *   ^AQ:   Quit terminal mode
C100:     26 *   ^AR:   Reset the ACIA, IN#0 PR#0
C100:     27 *   ^AS:   Send a 233 ms break character
C100:     28 *   ^AT:   Enter terminal mode
C100:     29 *   ^AZ:   Zap control commands
C100:     30 *   ^Ax:   Set command char to ^x
C100:     31 *   ^AnnCR: Set printer width (CR = carriage return)
C100:     32 *
C100:     33 * New commands added in rev 1 E = enable D = Disable
C100:     34 *
C100:     35 *   ^AC E/D Column overflow
C100:     36 *   ^AL E/D Linefeed same as L & K
C100:     37 *   ^AM E/D Mask incoming linefeeds
C100:     38 *   ^AX E/D Xon Xoff handshaking
C100:     39 *   ^AF E/D Find keyboard
C100:     40 *
C100:     41 *****
C100:  C100  42 serslot equ  $C100
C100:  C200  43 comslot equ  $C200
C100:      44      msb    ON
C100:  00BF  45 cmdcur equ  '?'          ;Cursor while in command mode
C100:  00DF  46 termcur equ  '_'        ;Cursor while in terminal mode
C100:      47      msb    OFF
C100:  008A  48 lfeed equ  $8A          ;Linefeed
C100:  0091  49 xon equ  $91           ;XON character
C100:  0093  50 xoff equ  $93          ;XOFF character
C100:  03B8  51 sermode equ  $3B8      ;D7=1 if in command D6=1 if terminal
C100:      52      $479 & $47A
C100:  0438  52 astat equ  $438        ;Acia status from int 4F9 & 4FA
C100:  04B8  53 pwidth equ  $4B8       ;Printer width 579 & 57A
C100:  0538  54 extint equ  $538       ;extint & typhed enable 5F9 & 5FA
C100:  05F9  55 extint2 equ  $5F9
C100:  0SFA  56 typhed equ  $5FA
C100:  0679  57 oldcur equ  $679       ;Saves cursor while in command
C100:  067A  58 oldcur2 equ  $67A      ;Saves cursor while in terminal mode
C100:  0638  59 eschar equ  $638       ;Current escape character 6F9 & 6FA
C100:  06B8  60 flags equ  $6B8       ;D7 = Video echo D6 = CRLF 779 & 77A

```

C100:	0738	61 col	equ	\$738	;Current printer column 7F9 & 7FA
C100:	047E	62 number	equ	\$47E	;Number accumulated in command
C100:	04FF	63 aciabuf	equ	\$4FF	;Owner of serial buffer
C100:	057F	64 twser	equ	\$57F	;Storage pointer for serial buffer
C100:	05FF	65 twkey	equ	\$5FF	;Storage pointer for type ahead buffer
C100:	067F	66 trser	equ	\$67F	;Retrieve pointer for serial buffer
C100:	06FF	67 trkey	equ	\$6FF	;Retrieve buffer for type ahead buffer
C100:	0800	68 thbuf	equ	\$800	;Buffer in alt ram space
C100:	06F8	69 temp	equ	\$6F8	;Temp storage
C100:	05FE	70 charbuf	equ	\$5FE	;SFE, 67E are one byte character buffers
C100:	BFF8	71 sdata	equ	\$BFF8	;+\$N0+\$90 is output port
C100:	BFF9	72 sstat	equ	\$BFF9	;ACIA status register
C100:	BFFA	73 scomd	equ	\$BFFA	;ACIA command register
C100:	BFFB	74 scntl	equ	\$BFFB	;ACIA control register
C100:		32	include	ser	;Printer port @ \$C100

```

C100:          3 *org serslot
C100:2C 89 C1  4          bit   serrts      ;Set V to indicate initial entry
C103:70 0C    C111 5          bvs   entr1    ;Always taken
C105:38        6          sec           ;Input entry point
C106:90        7          dfb   $90        ;BCC opcode
C107:18        8          clc           ;
C108:B8        9          clv           ;V = 0 since not initial entry
C109:50 06    C111 10         bvc   entr1    ;Always taken

C10B:01        12         dfb   $01        ;pascal signiture byte
C10C:31        13         dfb   $31        ;device signiture
C10D:9E        14         dfb   >p1init
C10E:A8        15         dfb   >p1read
C10F:B4        16         dfb   >p1write
C110:BB        17         dfb   >p1status

C111:DA        19  entr1  phx           ;Save the reg
C112:A2 C1     20         ldx   #<serslot   ;X = Cn
C114:4C 1C C2  21         jmp   setup      ;Set msilot, etc
C117:90 03    C11C 22  serport bcc   serisout ;Only output allowed
C119:4C E5 C7  23         jmp   swzznm     ;Reset the hooks
C11C:0A        24  serisout asl   A        ;A = flags
C11D:7A        25         ply           ;Get char
C11E:5A        26         phy
C11F:BD B8 04  27         lda   pwidth,x   ;Formatting enabled?
C122:F0 42    C166 28         beq   prnow
C124:A5 24        29         lda   ch      ;Get current horiz position
C126:B0 1C    C144 30         bcs   servid  ;Branch if video echo
C128:DD B8 04  31         cmp   pwidth,x   ;If CH >= PWIDTH, then CH = COL
C12B:90 03    C130 32         bcc   chok
C12D:BD 38 07  33         lda   col,x
C130:DD 38 07  34  chok    cmp   col,x     ;Must be > col for valid tab
C133:B0 0B    C140 35         bcs   fixch   ;Branch if ok
C135:C9 11        36         cmp   #$11    ;8 or 16?
C137:B0 11    C14A 37         bcs   prnt    ;If > forget it
C139:09 F0      38         ora   #$F0     ;Find next comma cheaply
C13B:3D 38 07  39         and   col,x     ;Don't blame me it's Dick's trick
C13E:65 24        40         adc   ch
C140:85 24        41  fixch  sta   ch      ;Save the new position
C142:80 06    C14A 42         bra   prnt
C144:C5 21        43  servid  cmp   wndwidth ;if ch>= wndwidth go back to start of
                                           line
C146:90 02    C14A 44         blt   prnt
C148:64 24        45         stz   ch      ;Go back to left edge

C14A:          47 * We have a char to print
C14A:7A        48  prnt    ply
C14B:5A        49         phy
C14C:BD 38 07  50         lda   col,x     ;Have we exceeded width?
C14F:DD B8 04  51         cmp   pwidth,x
C152:B0 08    C15C 52         bge   toofar
C154:C5 24        53         cmp   ch
C156:B0 0E    C166 54         bge   prnow  ;Are we tabbing?
C158:A9 40        55         lda   #$40   ;Space * 2
C15A:80 02    C15E 56         bra   tab
C15C:A9 1A        57  toofar  lda   #$1A   ;CR * 2
C15E:C0 80      58  tab      cpy   #$80   ;C = High bit

```

```

C160:6A          59      ror      A      ;Shift it into char
C161:20 9B C1    60      jsr      goser3 ;Out it goes
C164:80 E4 C14A  61      bra      prnt
C166:98          62      prnow   tya
C167:20 8A C1    63      jsr      serout ;Print the actual char
C16A:BD B8 04    64      lda      pwidth,x ;Formatting enabled
C16D:F0 17 C186  65      beq      done
C16F:3C B8 06    66      bit      flags,x ;In video echo?
C172:30 12 C186  67      bmi      done
C174:BD 38 07    68      lda      col,x ;Check if within 8 chars of right edge
C177:FD B8 04    69      sbc      pwidth,x ;So BASIC can format output
C17A:C9 F8       70      cmp      #$F8
C17C:90 04 C182  71      bcc      setch ;If not within 8, we're done
C17E:18          72      clc
C17F:65 21       73      adc      wndwidth
C181:AC          74      dfb      $AC ;Dummy LDY to skip next two bytes
C182:A9 00       75      setch   lda      #0 ;Keep cursor at 0 if video off
C184:85 24       76      sta      ch
C186:68          77      done    pla      ;Restore regs
C187:7A          78      ply
C188:FA          79      plx
C189:60          80      serrts  rts

```

```

C18A:          C18A  82      serout  equ      *      ;Serial output
C18A:20 A9 C7    83      jsr      swcmd ;Check if command
C18D:90 FA C189  84      bcc      serrts ;All done if it is
C18F:          C18F  85      serout2 equ      *
C18F:3C B8 06    86      bit      flags,x ;N=1 iff video on
C192:10 07 C19B  87      bpl      goser3
C194:C9 91       88      cmp      #xon ;Don't echo ^Q
C196:F0 03 C19B  89      beq      goser3
C198:20 F0 FD    90      jsr      cout1 ;Echo it
C19B:4C CD C7    91      goser3  jmp      swser3 ;Go to serout3

```

```

C19E:          93      * Pascal support stuff
C19E:5A          94      p1init  phy
C19F:48          95      pha
C1A0:20 B6 C2    96      jsr      default ;set defaults, enable acia
C1A3:9E B8 06    97      stz      flags,x
C1A6:80 07 C1AF  98      bra      p1read2 ;all done...

C1A8:5A          100     p1read  phy
C1A9:20 D9 C7    101     jsr      swread ;read data from serial port (or buffer)
C1AC:90 FA C1A8  102     bcc      p1read ;Branch if data not ready
C1AE:90          103     dfb      $90 ;BCC to skip pla
C1AF:68          104     p1read2 pla
C1B0:7A          105     ply
C1B1:A2 00       106     ldx      #0
C1B3:60          107     rts

C1B4:5A          109     p1write phy
C1B5:48          110     pha
C1B6:20 8A C1    111     jsr      serout ;Go output character
C1B9:80 F4 C1AF  112     bra      p1read2

```

```

05 SER                      Serial output port routine          31-MAY-85      PAGE 12

C1BB:5A                      113 p1status phy
C1BC:4B                      114 pha
C1BD:4A                      115 lsr A
C1BE:D0 15 C1D5             116 bne p1err ;C = 0 output, 1 input
C1C0:08                      117 php ;Branch if bad call
C1C1:20 D3 C7              118 jsr swgetst ;Get status in A
C1C4:28                      119 plp
C1C5:90 05 C1CC            120 bcc p1stwr
C1C7:29 28                  121 and #$28 ;Test DCD = 0 & rcvr full
C1C9:0A                      122 asl A ;$08 -> $10
C1CA:80 02 C1CE            123 bra p1strd
C1CC:29 30                  124 p1stwr and #$30 ;Test DCD = 0 & xmit empty
C1CE:C9 10                  125 p1strd cmp #$10 ;Is it what we want?
C1D0:F0 DD C1AF            126 beq p1read2 ;C = 1 if equal
C1D2:18                      127 clc ;Not ready
C1D3:80 DA C1AF            128 bra p1read2
C1D5:A2 40                  129 p1err ldx #$40 ;Bad call
C1D7:68                      130 pla
C1D8:7A                      131 ply
C1D9:18                      132 clc
C1DA:60                      133 rts

C1DB: 0025 135 ds comslot-*, $00
C200: 33 include comm ;Communications port @ $C200

```

```

C200:2C 89 C1      3      bit   serrts      ;Set V to indicate initial entry
C203:70 14 C219    4      bvs   entr       ;
C205:38           5      sin   sec         ;input entry point
C206:90           6      dfb   $90        ;BCC opcode to skip next byte
C207:18           7      sout  clc         ;Output entry point
C208:B8           8      clv   clv         ;Mark not initial entry
C209:50 0E C219    9      bvc   entr       ;Branch around pascal entry stuff

C20B:01           11     dfb   $01        ;pascal signiture byte
C20C:31           12     dfb   $31        ;device signiture
C20D:11           13     dfb   >p2init
C20E:13           14     dfb   >p2read
C20F:15           15     dfb   >p2write
C210:17           16     dfb   >p2status

C211:              18 * Pascal support stuff

C211:80 8B C19E    20 p2init  bra   p1init
C213:80 93 C1A8    21 p2read  bra   p1read
C215:80 9D C1B4    22 p2write bra   p1write
C217:80 A2 C1BB    23 p2status bra   p1status

C219:DA           25     entr   phx
C21A:A2 C2        26     ldx   ldx         ;X = <CN00
C21C:          C21C 27     setup equ   *
C21C:5A           28     phy   phy
C21D:48           29     pha   pha
C21E:8E F8 07     30     stx   mslot
C221:50 22 C245   31     bvc   sudone      ;First call?
C223:A5 36        32     lda   cswl        ;If both hooks CN00 setup defaults
C225:45 38        33     eor   kswl
C227:F0 06 C22F   34     beq   sudodef
C229:A5 37        35     lda   cswh        ;If both hooks CN then don't do def
C22B:C5 39        36     cmp   kswh        ;since it has already been done
C22D:F0 03 C232   37     beq   sunodef
C22F:20 B6 C2     38     sudodef jsr   default ;Set up defaults
C232:8A           39     sunodef txa
C233:45 39        40     eor   kswh        ;Input call?
C235:05 38        41     ora   kswl
C237:D0 07 C240   42     bne   suout       ;Must be Cn00
C239:A9 05        43     lda   #>sin      ;Fix the input hook
C23B:85 38        44     sta   kswl
C23D:38           45     sec
C23E:80 05 C245   46     bra   sudone
C240:A9 07        47     suout  lda   #>sout ;Fix output hook
C242:85 36        48     sta   cswl        ;Note C might not be 0
C244:13           49     clc              ;C=0 for output
C245:BD B8 06     50     sudone lda   flags,x ;Check if serial or comm port
C248:89 01        51     bit   #1         ;Leave flags in a for serport
C24A:D0 03 C24F   52     bne   commport
C24C:4C 17 C1     53     comout jmp   serport
C24F:90 FB C24C   54     commport bcc   comout ;Output?
C251:68           55     pla              ;Get the char
C252:80 28 C27C   56     bra   term1       ;Input
C254:3C B8 03     57     noesc bit   sermode,x ;in terminal mode?
C257:50 1C C275   58     bvc   exit1        ;if not, return key
C259:20 8F C1     59     jsr   serout2     ;Out it goes
C25C:80 1E C27C   60     bra   term1

```



```

C25E:      C25E  61 testkbd equ *
C25E:68      62 pla
C25F:20 70 CC  63 jsr update ;Get current char
C262:10 1B C27F 64 bpl serin ;Update cursor & check keyboard
C264:20 A9 C7  65 jsr swcmd ;N=0 if no new key
C267:B0 EB C254 66 bcs noesc ;Test for command
C269:29 5F  67 and #$5f ;Branch if not
C26B:C9 51  68 cmp #'Q' ;upshift for following tests
C26D:F0 04 C273 69 beq exitX ;Quit?
C26F:C9 52  70 cmp #'R' ;Reset?
C271:D0 09 C27C 71 bne term1 ;Go check serial
C273:A9 98  72 exitX lda #$98 ;return a CTRL-X
C275:7A  73 exit1 ply
C276:FA  74 plx
C277:60  75 rts
C278:18  76 goremote clc ;Into remote mode
C279:20 A3 C7  77 goterm jsr swsttm ;Into terminal mode
C27C:      C27C  78 term1 equ *
C27C:20 4C CC  79 jsr showcur ;Get current char on screen
C27F:48  80 serin pha
C280:20 D9 C7  81 sinokbd jsr swread ;Is it ready?
C283:B0 09 C28E 82 bcs sidata ;Branch if we got data
C285:BD B8 06  83 lda flags,x ;Is keyboard enabled?
C288:29 10  84 and #$10
C28A:F0 D2 C25E 85 beq testkbd ;Branch if enabled
C28C:80 F2 C280 86 bra sinokbd ;Go test acia again
C28E:A8  87 sidata tay ;Save new input in y for now
C28F:68  88 pla
C290:5A  89 phy ;Save new char on stack
C291:20 B8 C3  90 jsr storch ;Fix the screen
C294:68  91 pla ;Get the new data
C295:BC 38 06  92 ldy eschar,x ;If 0, don't modify char
C298:F0 12 C2AC 93 beq sinomod
C29A:09 80  94 ora #$80 ;Apple loves the high bit
C29C:C9 91  95 cmp #xon
C29E:F0 DC C27C 96 beq term1 ;Ignore ^Q
C2A0:C9 FF  97 cmp #$FF ;Ignore FFs
C2A2:F0 D8 C27C 98 beq term1
C2A4:C9 92  99 cmp #$92 ;^R for remote?
C2A6:F0 D0 C278 100 beq goremote
C2A8:C9 94  101 cmp #$94 ;^T for terminal mode?
C2AA:F0 CD C279 102 beq goterm
C2AC:3C B8 03  103 sinomod bit sermode,x ;In terminal mode?
C2AF:50 C4 C275 104 bvc exit1 ;Return to user if not A = char
C2B1:20 ED FD  105 jsr cout ;Onto the screen with it
C2B4:80 C6 C27C 106 bra term1
C2B6:      C2B6 107 default equ * ;Set up the defaults
C2B6:20 9A CF  108 jsr moveirq ;make sure irq vectors ok
C2B9:BC 29 C2  109 ldy defidx-$C1,x ;Index into alt screen. Table in command
C2BC:20 7C C3  110 defloop jsr getalt ;Get default from alt screen
C2BF:48  111 pha
C2C0:88  112 dey
C2C1:30 04 C2C7 113 bmi defff ;Done if minus
C2C3:C0 03  114 cpy #3
C2C5:D0 F5 C2BC 115 bne defloop ;Or if 2
C2C7:20 9A CF  116 defff jsr moveirq ;Jam irq vector into LC
C2CA:68  117 pla ;Command, control & flags on stack
C2CB:BC 2B C2  118 ldy devno,x

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06 COMM      Communications port routine      31-MAY-85      PAGE 15

C2CE:99 FB BF      119      sta      scntl,y      ;Set command reg
C2D1:68           120      pla
C2D2:99 FA BF      121      sta      scomd,y
C2D5:68           122      pla
C2D6:9D B8 06      123      sta      flags,x      ;And the flags
C2D9:29 01         124      and      #1      ;A = $01 (^A) if comm mode
C2DB:D0 02 C2DF     125      bne      defcom
C2DD:A9 09         126      lda      #9      ;^I for serial port
C2DF:9D 38 06      127 defcom sta      eschar,x
C2E2:68           128      pla      ;Get printer width
C2E3:9D B8 04      129      sta      pwidth,x
C2E6:9E B8 03      130      stz      sermode,x
C2E9:60           131      rts
C2EA:03 07         132 defidx dfb      3,7
C2EC:           00C1 133 sltdmy equ      <ser slot      ;Make table for hardware access
C2EC:           C22B 134 devno equ      *-sltdmy
C2EC:A0 B0         135      dfb      $A0,$B0
C2EE:           0012 136      ds      $C300-*, $00
C300:           34      include c3space      ;80 column card @ $C300

```

```

C300:      2 *****
C300:      3 *
C300:      4 * THIS IS THE $C3XX ROM SPACE:
C300:      5 *
C300:      6 *****
C300:48    7 C3ENTRY  PHA          ;save regs
C301:DA    8          PHX
C302:5A    9          PHY
C303:80 12 C317 10          BRA  BASICINIT ;and init video firmware
C305:38    11 C3KEYIN SEC          ;Pascal 1.1 ID byte
C306:90    12          DFB  $90        ;BCC OPCODE (NEVER TAKEN)
C307:18    13 C3COUT1 CLC          ;Pascal 1.1 ID byte
C308:80 1A C324 14          BRA  BASICENT ;=>go print/read char
C30A:EA    15          NOP
C30B:      16 *
C30B:      17 * PASCAL 1.1 FIRMWARE PROTOCOL TABLE:
C30B:      18 *
C30B:01    19          DFB  $01        ;GENERIC SIGNATURE BYTE
C30C:88    20          DFB  $88        ;DEVICE SIGNATURE BYTE
C30D:      21 *
C30D:2C    22          DFB  >JPINIT    ;PASCAL INIT
C30E:2F    23          DFB  >JPREAD    ;PASCAL READ
C30F:32    24          DFB  >JPWRITE   ;PASCAL WRITE
C310:35    25          DFB  >JPSTAT    ;PASCAL STATUS
C311:      26 *****
C311:      27 *
C311:      28 * 128K SUPPORT ROUTINE ENTRIES:
C311:      29 *
C311:4C AF C7 30          JMP  SWAUX      ;MEMORY MOVE ACROSS BANKS
C314:4C B5 C7 31          JMP  SWXFER     ;TRANSFER ACROSS BANKS
C317:      32 *****
C317:      33 *
C317:      34 *****
C317:      35 * BASIC I/O ENTRY POINT:
C317:      36 *****
C317:      37 *
C317:20 20 CE 38 BASICINIT JSR  HOOKUP    ;COPYROM if needed, sethooks
C31A:20 BE CD 39          JSR  SET80     ;setup 80 columns
C31D:20 58 FC 40          JSR  HOME      ;clear screen
C320:7A      41          PLY
C321:FA      42          PLX          ;restore X
C322:68      43          PLA          ;restore char
C323:18      44          CLC          ;output a character
C324:      45 *
C324:B0 03 C329 46 BASICENT BCS  BINPUT    ;=>carry me to input
C326:4C F6 FD 47 BPRINT  JMP  COUTZ      ;print a character
C329:4C 1B FD 48 BINPUT  JMP  KEYIN      ;get a keystroke
C32C:      49 *
C32C:4C 41 CF 50 JPINIT  JMP  PINIT      ;pascal init
C32F:4C 35 CF 51 JPREAD  JMP  PASREAD    ;pascal read
C332:4C C2 CE 52 JPWRITE  JMP  PWRITE     ;pascal write
C335:4C B1 CE 53 JPSTAT  JMP  PSTATUS    ;pascal status call
C338:      54 *
C338:      55 * COPYROM is called when the video firmware is
C338:      56 * initialized. If the language card is switched
C338:      57 * in for reading, it copies the F8 ROM to the
C338:      58 * language card and restores the state of the
C338:      59 * language card.

```

```

C338:      60 *
C338:A9 06  61 COPYROM LDA #00DF8      ;get the ID byte
C33A:      62 *
C33A:      63 * Compare ID bytes to whatever is readable. If it
C33A:      64 * matches, all is ok. If not, need to copy.
C33A:      65 *
C33A:CD B3 FB  66          CMP F8VERSION      ;does it match?
C33D:F0 3C C37B 67          BEQ ROMOK
C33F:20 60 C3  68          JSR SETROM      ;read ROM, write RAM, save state
C342:A9 F8      69          LDA #F8          ;from F800-FFFF
C344:85 37      70          STA CSWH
C346:64 36      71          STZ CSWL
C348:B2 36      72 COPYROM2 LDA (CSWL)      ;get a byte
C34A:92 36      73          STA (CSWL)      ;and save a byte
C34C:E6 36      74          INC CSWL
C34E:D0 F8 C348 75          BNE COPYROM2
C350:E6 37      76          INC CSWH
C352:D0 F4 C348 77          BNE COPYROM2      ;fall into RESETLC
C354:      78 *
C354:      79 * RESETLC resets the language card to the state
C354:      80 * determined by SETROM. It always leaves the card
C354:      81 * write enabled.
C354:      82 *
C354:DA      83 RESETLC PHX          ;save X
C355:AE 78 04    84          LDX ROMSTATE      ;get the state
C358:3C 81 C0    85          BIT ROMIN,X      ;set bank & ROM/RAM read
C35B:3C 81 C0    86          BIT ROMIN,X      ;set write enable
C35E:FA      87          PLX          ;restore X
C35F:60      88          RTS
C360:      89 *
C360:      90 * SETROM switches in the ROM for reading, the RAM
C360:      91 * for writing, and it saves the state of the
C360:      92 * language card. It does not save the write
C360:      93 * protect status of the card.
C360:      94 *
C360:DA      95 SETROM PHX          ;save x
C361:A2 00      96          LDX #0          ;assume write enable,bank2,ROMRD
C363:2C 11 C0    97          BIT RDLCBNK2      ;is bank 2 switched in?
C366:30 02 C36A 98          BMI NOT1          ;=>yes
C368:A2 08      99          LDX #8          ;indicate bank 1
C36A:2C 12 C0    100 NOT1 BIT RDLCRAM      ;is LC RAM readable?
C36D:10 02 C371 101         BPL NOREAD      ;=>no
C36F:E8      102         INX          ;indicate RAM read
C370:E8      103         INX
C371:2C 81 C0    104 NOREAD BIT $C081      ;ROM read
C374:2C 81 C0    105         BIT $C081      ;RAM write
C377:8E 78 04    106         STX ROMSTATE      ;save state
C37A:FA      107         PLX          ;restore X
C37B:60      108 ROMOK RTS
C37C:      109 *
C37C:      110 * GETALT reads a byte from aux memory screenholes.
C37C:      111 * Y is the index to the byte (0-7) indexed off of
C37C:      112 * address $478.
C37C:      113 *
C37C:AD 13 C0    114 GETALT LDA RDRAMRD      ;save state of aux memory
C37F:0A      115         ASL A
C380:AD 18 C0    116         LDA RD80COL      ;and of the 80STORE switch
C383:08      117         PHP

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C384:8D 00 C0      118      STA   CLR80COL      ;no 80STORE to get page 1
C387:8D 03 C0      119      STA   RDCARDRAM    ;pop in the other half of RAM
C38A:B9 78 04      120      LDA   $478,Y        ;read the desired byte
C38D:28           121      PLP                    ;and restore memory
C38E:B0 03 C393    122      BCS   GETALT1
C390:8D 02 C0      123      STA   RDMAINRAM
C393:10 03 C398    124 GETALT1 BPL   GETALT2
C395:8D 01 C0      125      STA   SET80COL
C398:60           126 GETALT2 RTS
C399:           127 *
C399:09 80         128 UPSHIFT0 ORA   #$80          ;set high bit for execs
C39B:C9 FB         129 UPSHIFT CMP   #$FB
C39D:B0 06 C3A5    130      BCS   X.UPSHIFT
C39F:C9 E1         131      CMP   #$E1
C3A1:90 02 C3A5    132      BCC   X.UPSHIFT
C3A3:29 DF         133      AND   #$DF
C3A5:60           134 X.UPSHIFT RTS
C3A6:           135 *
C3A6:           136 * GETCOUT performs COUT for GETLN. It disables the
C3A6:           137 * echoing of control characters by clearing the
C3A6:           138 * M.CTL mode bit, prints the char, then restores
C3A6:           139 * M.CTL. NOESC is used by the RDKEY routine to
C3A6:           140 * disable escape sequences.
C3A6:           141 *
C3A6:48           142 GETCOUT PHA                    ;save char to print
C3A7:A9 08         143      LDA   #M.CTL      ;disable control chars
C3A9:1C FB 04      144      TRB   VMODE      ;by clearing M.CTL
C3AC:68           145      PLA                    ;restore character
C3AD:20 ED FD      146      JSR   COUT      ;and print it
C3B0:4C 44 FD      147      JMP   NOESCAPE   ;enable control chars
C3B3:           148 *
C3B3:           149 * STORCH determines loads the current cursor position,
C3B3:           150 * inverts the character, and displays it
C3B3:           151 * STORCHAR inverts the character and displays it at the
C3B3:           152 * position stored in Y
C3B3:           153 * STOR Y determines the current cursor position, and
C3B3:           154 * displays the character without inverting it
C3B3:           155 * STORE displays the char at the position in Y
C3B3:           156 *
C3B3:           157 * If mouse characters are enabled (VMODE bit 0 = 0)
C3B3:           158 * then mouse characters ($40-$5F) are displayed when
C3B3:           159 * the alternate character set is switched in. Normally
C3B3:           160 * values $40-$5F are shifted to $0-$1F before display.
C3B3:           161 *
C3B3:           162 * Calls to GETCUR trash Y
C3B3:           163 *
C3B3:20 9D CC      164 STOR Y   JSR   GETCUR      ;get newest cursor into Y
C3B6:80 09 C3C1    165      BRA   STORE
C3B8:           166 *
C3B8:20 9D CC      167 STORCH   JSR   GETCUR      ;first, get cursor position
C3BB:24 32         168      BIT   INVFLG     ;normal or inverse?
C3BD:30 02 C3C1    169      BMI   STORE     ;=>normal, store it
C3BF:29 7F         170      AND   #$7F      ;inverse it
C3C1:5A           171 STORE     PHY                    ;save real Y
C3C2:09 00         172      ORA   #0        ;does char have high bit set?
C3C4:30 15 C3DB    173      BMI   STORE1     ;=>yes, don't do mouse check
C3C6:48           174      PHA                    ;save char
C3C7:AD FB 04      175      LDA   VMODE     ;is mouse bit set?

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C3CA:6A      176      ROR      A
C3CB:68      177      PLA
C3CC:90 0D C3DB 178      BCC      STORE1      ;restore char
C3CE:2C 1E C0   179      BIT      ALTCHARSET ;=>no, don't do mouse shift
C3D1:10 08 C3DB 180      BPL      STORE1      ;no shift if 1f char set
C3D3:49 40      181      EOR      #$40        ;=> it is!
C3DS:89 60      182      BIT      #$60        ;$40-$SF=>0-$1f
C3D7:F0 02 C3DB 183      BEQ      STORE1
C3D9:49 40      184      EOR      #$40
C3DB:2C 1F C0   185 STORE1      BIT      RD80VID      ;80 columns?
C3DE:10 19 C3F9 186      BPL      STORES      ;=>no, store char
C3E0:48      187      PHA
C3E1:8D 01 C0   188      STA      SET80COL      ;save (shifted) char
C3E4:98      189      TYA      ;hit 80 store
C3E5:4S 20      190      EOR      WNDLFT      ;get proper Y
C3E7:4A      191      LSR      A              C=1 if char in main ram
C3E8:B0 04 C3EE 192      BCS      STORE2      ;=>yes, main RAM
C3EA:AD SS C0   193      LDA      TXTPAGE2      ;else flip in aux RAM
C3ED:C8      194      INY      ;do this for odd left, aux bytes
C3EE:98      195 STORE2      TYA      ;divide pos'n by 2
C3EF:4A      196      LSR      A
C3F0:A8      197      TAY
C3F1:68      198      PLA
C3F2:91 28      199 STORE3      STA      (BASL),Y      ;get (shifted) char
C3F4:2C S4 C0   200      BIT      TXTPAGE1      ;stuff it
C3F7:7A      201 STORE4      PLY      ;else restore page1
C3F8:60      202      RTS      ;restore real Y
C3F9:      203 *      RTS      ;und exit
C3F9:91 28      204 STORES      STA      (BASL),Y      ;do 40 column store
C3FB:7A      205      PLY      ;restore Y
C3FC:60      206      RTS      ;and exit
C3FD:      0003 207      DS      $C400-*, $00
C400:      35      include mouse      ;Equates for the mouse

```

```

C400:      2      msb      ON
C400:      3      *****
C400:      4      *
C400:      5      * Mouse firmware for the Chels
C400:      6      *
C400:      7      *   by Rich Williams
C400:      8      *   July, 1983
C400:      9      *
C400:     10      *****

C400:     12      *****
C400:     13      *
C400:     14      * Equates
C400:     15      *
C400:     16      *****

C400:     18      * Input bounds are in scratch area
C400:    0478    19 moutemp equ $478      ;Temporary storage
C400:    0478    20 minl   equ $478
C400:    04F8    21 maxl   equ $4F8
C400:    0578    22 minh   equ $578
C400:    05F8    23 maxh   equ $5F8
C400:     24      * Mouse bounds in slot 5 screen area
C400:    047D    25 minxl   equ $47D
C400:    04FD    26 minyl   equ $4FD
C400:    057D    27 minxh   equ $57D
C400:    05FD    28 minyh   equ $5FD
C400:    067D    29 maxx1  equ $67D
C400:    06FD    30 maxyl   equ $6FD
C400:    077D    31 maxxh   equ $77D
C400:    07FD    32 maxyh   equ $7FD
C400:     33      * Mouse holes in slot 4 screen area
C400:    047C    34 mouxl   equ $47C      ;X position low byte
C400:    04FC    35 mouyl   equ $4FC      ;Y position low byte
C400:    057C    36 mouxh   equ $57C      ;X position high byte
C400:    05FC    37 mouyh   equ $5FC      ;Y position high byte
C400:    067C    38 mouarm   equ $67C      ;Arm interrupts from movement or button
C400:    077C    39 moustat  equ $77C      ;Mouse status
C400:     40      * Moustat provides the following
C400:     41      *   D7= Button pressed
C400:     42      *   D6= Status of button on last read
C400:     43      *   D5= Moved since last read
C400:     44      *   D4= Reserved
C400:     45      *   D3= Interrupt from VBL
C400:     46      *   D2= Interrupt from button
C400:     47      *   D1= Interrupt from movement
C400:     48      *   D0= Reserved
C400:    07FC    49 moumode   equ $7FC      ;Mouse mode
C400:     50      *   D7 = 1 if user wants control of mouse interrupts
C400:     51      *   D6-D4= Unused
C400:     52      *   D3= VBL active
C400:     53      *   D2= VBL interrupt on button
C400:     54      *   D1= VBL interrupt on movement
C400:     55      *   D0= Mouse active

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C400:      0020      56 movarm    equ    $20
C400:      000C      57 vblmode   equ    $0C
C400:      0004      58 butmode   equ    $04      ;D2 mask
C400:      0002      59 movmode   equ    $02      ;D1 mask

C400:      61 * Hardware addresses
C400:      C015      62 mouxint    equ    $C015      ;D7 = x interrupt
C400:      C017      63 mouyint    equ    $C017      ;D7 = y interrupt
C400:      C019      64 vblint     equ    $C019      ;D7 = vbl interrupt
C400:      C078      65 ioudsbl    equ    $C078      ;Disable iou access
C400:      C079      66 iouenbl    equ    $C079      ;Enable iou access
C400:      C048      67 mouclr     equ    $C048      ;Clear mouse interrupt
C400:      C058      68 iou        equ    $C058      ;IOU interrupt switches
C400:      C058      69 moudsbl    equ    $C058      ;Disable mouse interrupts
C400:      C059      70 mouenbl    equ    $C059      ;Enable mouse interrupts
C400:      C063      71 moubut     equ    $C063      ;D7 = Mouse button
C400:      C066      72 moux1      equ    $C066      ;D7 = X1
C400:      C067      73 mouy1      equ    $C067      ;D7 = Y1
C400:      C070      74 vblclr     equ    $C070      ;Clear VBL interrupt
C400:      75 *
C400:      76 * Other addresses
C400:      77 *
C400:      0200      78 inbuf      equ    $200      ;Input buffer
C400:      0214      79 binl       equ    inbuf+20    ;Temp for binary conversion
C400:      0215      80 binh       equ    inbuf+21
C400:      36        include mcode ;Mouse @ $C400

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```

C400:      2 *****
C400:      3 *
C400:      4 * Entry points for mouse firmware
C400:      5 *
C400:      6 *****
C400:80 05 C407 7 mbasic   bra   outent
C402:A2 03      8 pnull    ldx   #3
C404:60      9          rts           ;Null for pascal entry
C405:38      10 inent     sec           ;Signature bytes
C406:90      11          dfb   $90
C407:18      12 outent    clc
C408:4C CF C5  13          jmp   xmbasic   ;Go do basic entry
C40B:01      14          dfb   $01       ;More signature stuff
C40C:20      15          dfb   $20
C40D:02      16          dfb   >pnull
C40E:02      17          dfb   >pnull
C40F:02      18          dfb   >pnull
C410:02      19          dfb   >pnull
C411:00      20          dfb   $0
C412:3B      21          dfb   >xsetmou   ;SETMOUSE
C413:DC      22          dfb   >xmtstint  ;SERVEMOUSE
C414:93      23          dfb   >xmread   ;READMOUSE
C415:82      24          dfb   >xmclear  ;CLEARMOUSE
C416:69      25          dfb   >noerror  ;POSMOUSE
C417:BD      26          dfb   >xmclamp  ;CLAMPMOUSE
C418:6B      27          dfb   >xmhome   ;HOMEMOUSE
C419:1A      28          dfb   >initmouse ;INITMOUSE
C41A:      29 * dfb >pnull
C41A:      30 * dfb >goxmint

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C41A:      32 *****
C41A:      33 *
C41A:      34 * Initmouse - resets the mouse
C41A:      35 * Also clears all of the mouse holes
C41A:      36 * note that iou access fires pdistrb & makes mouse happy
C41A:      37 *
C41A:      38 *****
C41A:      39 initmouse equ *
C41A:9C 7C 07 40          stz  moustat      ;Clear status
C41D:A2 90 41          ldx  #$80
C41F:A0 01 42          ldy  #1
C421:9E 7D 04 43 xriloop stz  minxl,x      ;Minimum = $0000
C424:9E 7D 05 44          stz  minxh,x
C427:A9 FF 45          lda  #$FF          ;Maximum = $03FF
C429:9D 7D 06 46          sta  maxxl,x
C42C:A9 03 47          lda  #03
C42E:9D 7D 07 48          sta  maxxh,x
C431:A2 00 49          ldx  #0
C433:88 50          dey
C434:10 EB C421 51          bpl  xriloop
C436:20 6B C4 52          jsr  xmhome      ;Clear the mouse holes
C439:A9 00 53          lda  #0          ;Fall into SETMOU

C43B:      55 *****
C43B:      56 *
C43B:      57 * XSETMOU - Sets the mouse mode to A
C43B:      58 *
C43B:      59 *****
C43B:      60 xsetmou equ *
C43B:AA 61          tax
C43C:20 9A CF 62          jsr  moveirq      ;Make sure interrupt vector is right
C43F:8A 63          txa          ;Only x preserved by moveirq
C440:8D 78 04 64          sta  moutemp
C443:4A 65          lsr  A          ;D0 = 1 if mouse active
C444:0D 78 04 66          ora  moutemp      ;D2 = 1 if vbl active
C447:C9 10 67          cmp  #$10          ;If >=$10 then invalid mode
C449:B0 1F C46A 68          bcs  sminvalid
C44B:29 05 69          and  #5          ;Extract VBL & Mouse
C44D:F0 01 C450 70          beq  xsoff      ;Turning it off?
C44F:58 71          cli          ;If not, ints active
C450:69 55 72 xsoff  adc  #$55          ;Make iou byte C=0

C452:      74 *****
C452:      75 *
C452:      76 * SETIOU - Sets the IOU interrupt modes to A
C452:      77 * Inputs: A = Bits to change
C452:      78 * D7 = Y int on falling edge
C452:      79 * D6 = Y int on rising edge
C452:      80 * D5 = X int on falling edge
C452:      81 * D4 = X int on rising edge
C452:      82 * D3 = Enable VBL int
C452:      83 * D2 = Disable VBL int
C452:      84 * D1 = Enable mouse int
C452:      85 * D0 = Disable mouse int

```

```

C452:      86 *
C452:      87 *
C452:      88 *****
C452:      89 setiou equ *
C452:08      90 php
C453:78      91 sei ;Don't allow ints while iou enabled
C454:8E FC 07 92 stx moumode
C457:8D 79 C0 93 sta iouenbl ;Enable iou access
C45A:A2 08 94 ldx #8
C45C:CA      95 siloop dex
C45D:0A      96 asl A ;Get a bit to check
C45E:90 03 C463 97 bcc sinoch ;No change if C=0
C460:9D 58 C0 98 sta iou,x ;Set it
C463:D0 F7 C45C 99 sinoch bne siloop ;Any bits left in A?
C465:8D 78 C0 100 sta ioudsbl ;Turn off iou access
C468:28      101 plp
C469:18      102 noerror clc
C46A:60      103 sminvalid rts

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```

C46B:      105 *****
C46B:      106 *
C46B:      107 * XMHOME- Clears mouse position & status
C46B:      108 *
C46B:      109 *****
C46B:      110 xmhome equ *
C46B:A2 80      111 ldx #$80 ;Point mouse to upper left
C46D:80 02 C471 112 bra xmh2
C46F:A2 00      113 xmhloop ldx #0
C471:BD 7D 04 114 xmh2 lda minxl,x
C474:9D 7C 04 115 sta mouxl,x
C477:BD 7D 05 116 lda minxh,x
C47A:9D 7C 05 117 sta mouxh,x
C47D:CA      118 dex
C47E:10 EF C46F 119 bpl xmhloop
C480:80 0C C48E 120 bra xmdone

```

```

C482:      122 *****
C482:      123 *
C482:      124 * XMCLEAR - Sets the mouse to 0,0
C482:      125 *
C482:      126 *****
C482:      127 xmc clear equ *
C482:9C 7C 04 128 stz mouxl
C485:9C 7C 05 129 stz mouxh
C488:9C FC 04 130 stz mouyl
C48B:9C FC 05 131 stz mouyh
C48E:9C 7C 06 132 xmdone stz mouarm
C491:18      133 clc
C492:60      134 rts

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```

C493:      136 *****
C493:      137 *
C493:      138 * XMREAD - Updates the screen holes
C493:      139 *
C493:      140 *****
C493:      141 xmread    equ    *
C493:A9 20      142          lda    #movarm    ;Has mouse moved?
C495:1C 7C 07      143          trb    moustat    ;Clear moved bit in stat
C498:2D 7C 06      144          and    mouarm
C49B:1C 7C 06      145          trb    mouarm    ;Clear arm bit
C49E:2C FC 07      146          bit    moumode    ;If D7 = 1 leave buttons alone
C4A1:30 13      147          bmi    xmrd2
C4A3:2C 63 C0      148          bit    moubut    ;Button pressed?
C4A6:30 02      149          bmi    xrbut
C4A8:09 80      150          ora    #$80
C4AA:2C 7C 07      151          xrbut    bit    moustat    ;Pressed last time?
C4AD:10 02      152          bpl    xrbut2
C4AF:09 40      153          ora    #$40
C4B1:8D 7C 07      154          xrbut2    sta    moustat
C4B4:18      155          clc
C4B5:60      156          rts
C4B6:      157 xmrd2    equ    *
C4B6:0D 7C 07      158          ora    moustat    ;Leave button bits alone
C4B9:29 E0      159          and    #$E0    ;Button bits
C4BB:80 F4      160          bra    xrbut2

```

```

C4BD:      162 *****
C4BD:      163 *
C4BD:      164 * XMCLAMP - Store new bounds
C4BD:      165 * Inputs A = 1 for Y, 0 for X axis
C4BD:      166 * minl, minh, maxl, maxh = new bounds
C4BD:      167 *
C4BD:      168 *****
C4BD:      169 xmclamp    equ    *
C4BD:6A      170          ror    A    ;1 -> 80
C4BE:6A      171          ror    A
C4BF:29 80      172          and    #$80
C4C1:AA      173          tax
C4C2:AD 78 04      174          lda    minl
C4C5:9D 7D 04      175          sta    minxl,x
C4C8:AD 78 05      176          lda    minh
C4CB:9D 7D 05      177          sta    minxh,x
C4CE:AD F8 04      178          lda    maxl
C4D1:9D 7D 06      179          sta    maxx1,x
C4D4:AD F8 05      180          lda    maxh
C4D7:9D 7D 07      181          sta    maxxh,x
C4DA:18      182          clc
C4DB:60      183          rts    ;No error

```

```

C4DC:      185 *****
C4DC:      186 * XMTSTINT - Checks mouse status bits
C4DC:      187 * Used for user mouse interrupt
C4DC:      188 *****
C4DC:      189 xmtstint    equ    *

```

```

C4DC:48      190      pha
C4DD:18      191      clc
C4DE:A9 0E    192      lda    #$0E
C4E0:2D 7C 07  193      and    moustat
C4E3:D0 01    C4E6  194      bne    nostat2
C4E5:38      195      sec
C4E6:68      196 nostat2 pla
C4E7:60      197      rts
C4E8:        0013  198      ds     $C4FB-*,0
C4FB:D6      199      dfb    $D6      ;Signature byte
C4FC:        0004  200      ds     $C500-*, $00
C500:        37      include misc    ;Miscellaneous junk
C500:        008E    1      ds     $C58E-*,0

```

```

C58E:      3 *****
C58E:      4 *
C58E:      5 * MAKTBL - Makes a deniblizng table for the disk II boot
C58E:      6 *
C58E:      7 *****
C58E:A2 03      8 MAKTBL      LDX      #$03
C590:A0 00      9          LDY      #0
C592:86 3C     10 TBLLOOP    STX      BOOTTMP
C594:8A          11          TXA
C595:0A          12          ASL      A
C596:24 3C          13          BIT      BOOTTMP
C598:F0 10      C5AA      14          BEQ      NOPATRN
C59A:05 3C          15          ORA      BOOTTMP
C59C:49 FF      16          EOR      #$FF
C59E:29 7E          17          AND      #$7E
C5A0:B0 08      C5AA      18 TBLLOOP2    BCS      NOPATRN
C5A2:4A          19          LSR      A
C5A3:D0 FB      C5A0      20          BNE      TBLLOOP2
C5A5:98          21          TYA
C5A6:9D 56 03          22          STA      DNIBL,X
C5A9:C8          23          INY
C5AA:E8          24 NOPATRN    INX
C5AB:10 E5      C592      25          BPL      TBLLOOP
C5AD:A9 08          26          LDA      #$08
C5AF:85 27          27          STA      $27
C5B1:A0 7F          28          LDY      #$7F
C5B3:60          29          RTS

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```

C5B4:      31 *****
C5B4:      32 *
C5B4:      33 * GETUP - Get char from input buffer
C5B4:      34 *   iny and upshift it
C5B4:      35 *
C5B4:      36 *****
C5B4:      37 getup      equ      *
C5B4:B9 00 02      C5B4      38          lda      in,y          ;Get character
C5B7:C8          39          iny
C5B8:4C 99 C3      40          jmp      upshift0

```

```

C5BB:      42 *****
C5BB:      43 *
C5BB:      44 * This is who we are 9 letters
C5BB:      45 *
C5BB:      46 *****
C5BB:C1 F0 F0 EC      47 apple2c    asc      'Apple      //c'

```

```

C5C4:      49 *****
C5C4:      50 *
C5C4:      51 * SHOWINST - Disassemble an instruction and adjust the PC
C5C4:      52 *
C5C4:      53 *****
C5C4:      54 showinst  equ      *

```

```

C5C4:20 D0 F8      55      jsr   instdsp
C5C7:20 53 F9      56      jsr   pcdj
C5CA:85 3A         57      sta   pcl
C5CC:84 3B         58      sty   pch
C5CE:60           59      rts

```

```

C5CF:          61 *****
C5CF:          62 *
C5CF:          63 * XMBASIC - Basic call to the mouse
C5CF:          64 *
C5CF:          65 *****
C5CF:          66 xmbasic equ *
C5CF:5A         67 phy
C5D0:B0 1C C5EE 68 bcs gobasicin ;Input?
C5D2:A0 C4      69 ldy #<xmbasic ;Input from $C400?
C5D4:C4 39      70 cpy kswl
C5D6:D0 04 C5DC 71 bne xmbout
C5D8:A4 38      72 ldy kswl
C5DA:F0 12 C5EE 73 beq gobasicin
C5DC:DA         74 xmbout phx ;Save X too
C5DD:48         75 pha
C5DE:29 7F      76 and #$7F ;We don't care about high bit
C5E0:C9 02      77 cmp #2
C5E2:B0 06 C5EA 78 bge mbbad ;Only 0,1 valid
C5E4:20 3B C4   79 jsr xsetmou
C5E7:20 6B C4   80 jsr xmhome
C5EA:68         81 mbbad pla
C5EB:FA         82 plx
C5EC:7A         83 ply
C5ED:60         84 rts
C5EE:4C 9D C7   85 gobasicin jmp swbasicin ;Go to input routine
C5F1:          86 ds $C5F5-*,0 ;More disk stuff
C5F5:          38 include boot ;Disk II boot @$C600
C5F5:          1 ds $C600-*,0 ;Disk II in slot 6

```

```

C600:      4 *****
C600:      5 *
C600:      6 * Disk II boot stuff
C600:      7 * jumps to slot 5 if boot fails
C600:      8 *
C600:      9 *****
C600:A2 20 10      LDX    #$20
C602:A0 00 11      LDY    #$00
C604:64 03 12      STZ     $03
C606:64 3C 13      STZ     $3C
C608:A9 60 14      LDA     #$60
C60A:AA      15      TAX
C60B:86 2B 16 DRV2ENT STX     SLOTTZ
C60D:8S 4F 17      STA     BOOTDEV
C60F:5A      18      PHY
C610:BD 8E C0 19      LDA     $C08E,X      ;Y=1 IF DRIVE 2 BOOT, ELSE Y=0
C613:BD 8C C0 20      LDA     $C08C,X
C616:7A      21      PLY
C617:B9 EA C0 22      LDA     $C0EA,Y      ;SELECT DRIVE 1 OR 2
C61A:BD 89 C0 23      LDA     $C089,X
C61D:A0 S0 24      LDY     #$50
C61F:BD 80 C0 25 SEEKZERO LDA     $C080,X
C622:98      26      TYA
C623:29 03 27      AND     #$03
C625:0A      28      ASL     A
C626:05 2B 29      ORA     SLOTTZ
C628:AA      30      TAX
C629:BD 81 C0 31      LDA     $C081,X
C62C:A9 S6 32      LDA     #$S6
C62E:20 A8 FC 33      JSR     WAIT
C631:88      34      DEY
C632:10 EB C61F 35      BPL     SEEKZERO
C634:85 26 36      STA     $26
C636:85 3D 37      STA     $3D
C638:85 41 38      STA     $41
C63A:20 8E C5 39      JSR     MAKTBL
C63D:64 03 40 EXTENT1 STZ     $03
C63F:18      41 RDADR    CLC
C640:08      42      PHP
C641:28      43 RETRY1   PLP
C642:A6 2B 44 RDDHDR   LDX     SLOTTZ      ;RESTORE X TO $60
C644:C6 03 45      DEC     $03      ;UPDATE RETRY COUNT
C646:D0 0E C6S6 46      BNE     RDHD0      ;BRANCH IF NOT OUT OF RETRIES
C648:BD 88 C0 47 FUGIT   LDA     $C088,X      ;SHUT OFF DISK AND QUIT!
C64B:A5 01 48      LDA     LOC1      ;Auto boot from slot6?
C64D:C9 C6 49      CMP     #$C6
C64F:D0 A4 CSFS 50      BNE     BOOTFAIL
C651:4C 00 CS 51      JMP     $CS00      ;Maybe slot 5 will talk to us
C654:      52      ds     $C6S6-*,0      ;Keep alignment
C656:08      53 RDHD0    PHP
C657:88      54 RETRY   DEY
C658:D0 04 C65E 55      BNE     RDHD1
C65A:F0 E5 C641 56      BEQ     RETRY1
C65C:80 DF C63D 57 EXTENT  BRA     EXTENT1      ;Blows up if this is moved too
C65E:      58 *****
C65E:      59 * The following code is sacred in it's *
C65E:      60 * present form. To change it would *
C65E:      61 * cause volcanos to errupt, the ground *

```



```

C65E:      62 * to shake, and ProDOS not to boot! *
C65E:      63 * * * * *
C65E:BD 8C C0 64 RDHD1 LDA $C08C,X
C661:10 FB C65E 65 BPL RDHD1
C663:49 D5 66 ISMRK1 EOR #$D5
C665:D0 F0 C657 67 BNE RETRY
C667:BD 8C C0 68 RDHD2 LDA $C08C,X
C66A:10 FB C667 69 BPL RDHD2
C66C:C9 AA 70 CMP #$AA
C66E:D0 F3 C663 71 BNE ISMRK1
C670:EA 72 NOP
C671:BD 8C C0 73 RDHD3 LDA $C08C,X
C674:10 FB C671 74 BPL RDHD3
C676:C9 96 75 CMP #$96
C678:F0 09 C683 76 BEQ RDSECT
C67A:28 77 PLP
C67B:90 C2 C63F 78 BCC RDADR
C67D:49 AD 79 EOR #$AD
C67F:F0 25 C6A6 80 BEQ RDATA
C681:D0 BC C63F 81 BNE RDADR
C683:A0 03 82 RDSECT LDY #$03
C685:85 40 83 RDSEC1 STA $40
C687:BD 8C C0 84 RDSEC2 LDA $C08C,X
C68A:10 FB C687 85 BPL RDSEC2
C68C:2A 86 ROL A
C68D:85 3C 87 STA BOOTTMP
C68F:BD 8C C0 88 RDSEC3 LDA $C08C,X
C692:10 FB C68F 89 BPL RDSEC3
C694:25 3C 90 AND BOOTTMP
C696:88 91 DEY
C697:D0 EC C685 92 BNE RDSEC1
C699:28 93 PLP
C69A:C5 3D 94 CMP $3D
C69C:D0 A1 C63F 95 BNE RDADR
C69E:A5 40 96 LDA $40
C6A0:C5 41 97 CMP $41
C6A2:D0 9B C63F 98 BADRD1 BNE RDADR
C6A4:B0 9C C642 99 BC5 RDDHDR
C6A6:A0 56 100 RDATA LDY #$56
C6A8:84 3C 101 RDATA0 STY BOOTTMP
C6AA:BC 8C C0 102 RDATA1 LDY $C08C,X
C6AD:10 FB C6AA 103 BPL RDATA1
C6AF:59 D6 02 104 EOR DNIBL-$80,Y
C6B2:A4 3C 105 LDY BOOTTMP
C6B4:88 106 DEY
C6B5:99 00 03 107 STA NBUF1,Y
C6B8:D0 EE C6A8 108 BNE RDATA0
C6BA:84 3C 109 RDATA2 STY BOOTTMP
C6BC:BC 8C C0 110 RDATA3 LDY $C08C,X
C6BF:10 FB C6BC 111 BPL RDATA3
C6C1:59 D6 02 112 EOR DNIBL-$80,Y
C6C4:A4 3C 113 LDY BOOTTMP
C6C6:91 26 114 STA ($26),Y
C6C8:C8 115 INY
C6C9:D0 EF C6BA 116 BNE RDATA2
C6CB:BC 8C C0 117 RDATA4 LDY $C08C,X
C6CE:10 FB C6CB 118 BPL RDATA4
C6D0:59 D6 02 119 EOR DNIBL-$80,Y

```

```

C6D3:D0 CD C6A2 120 BADREAD BNE BADRD1
C6D5:A0 00 121 LDY #$00
C6D7:A2 56 122 DENIBL LDX #$56
C6D9:CA 123 DENIB1 DEX
C6DA:30 FB C6D7 124 BMI DENIBL
C6DC:B1 26 125 LDA ($26),Y
C6DE:5E 00 03 126 LSR NBUF1,X
C6E1:2A 127 ROL A
C6E2:5E 00 03 128 LSR NBUF1,X
C6E5:2A 129 ROL A
C6E6:91 26 130 STA ($26),Y
C6E8:C8 131 INY
C6E9:D0 EE C6D9 132 BNE DENIB1
C6EB: 133 * * * * *
C6EB: 134 * Code beyond this point is not *
C6EB: 135 * sacred... It may be perverted *
C6EB: 136 * in any manner by any pervert. *
C6EB: 137 * * * * *
C6EB:E6 27 138 INC $27
C6ED:E6 3D 139 INC $3D
C6EF:A5 3D 140 LDA $3D
C6F1:CD 00 08 141 CMP $0800
C6F4:A6 4F 142 LDX BOOTDEV
C6F6:90 DB C6D3 143 BCC BADREAD
C6F8:4C 01 08 144 JMP $0801
C6FB: 00 05 145 D5 $C700-*,0 ;Last byte must be 0
C700: 39 include switcher ;Bank switcher @ $C780

```

```

C700:      0080      2      ds      $C780-*,0
C780:      3      *****
C780:      4      *
C780:      5      * Code for switching between banks
C780:      6      * This code appears in both banks of the rom
C780:      7      *
C780:      8      *****
C780:8D 28 C0      9  swrti      sta      rombank      ;RTI to the other bank
C783:40      10      rti
C784:8D 28 C0      11  swrts      sta      rombank      ;RTS to the other bank
C787:60      12  swrtsop    rts
C788:8D 28 C0      13  swreset    sta      rombank      ;Reset routine
C78B:4C 62 FA      14      jmp      reset
C78E:8D 28 C0      15      sta      rombank      ;Interrupt routine
C791:2C 87 C7      16      bit      swrtsop    ;Set V = 1 for other bank
C794:4C 04 C8      17      jmp      irqent
C797:8D 28 C0      18  swpcnv      sta      rombank      ;Protocol converter
C79A:4C F1 C7      19      jmp      swsthk3    ;Jump to sethooks from other side
C79D:8D 28 C0      20  swbasicin  sta      rombank      ;Mouse BASIC routines
C7A0:4C F6 C7      21      jmp      swzzqt3    ;Jump to zzquit from other side
C7A3:8D 28 C0      22  swsttm      sta      rombank      ;Set terminal mode
C7A6:4C F1 C7      23      jmp      swsttm3
C7A9:8D 28 C0      24  swcmd      sta      rombank      ;Serial port command processor
C7AC:4C 06 C8      25      jmp      swcmd3
C7AF:8D 28 C0      26  swaux      sta      rombank      ;Moveaux
C7B2:4C 4E C3      27      jmp      moveaux
C7B5:8D 28 C0      28  swxfer      sta      rombank
C7B8:4C 97 C3      29      jmp      xfer
C7BB:8D 28 C0      30  swmint      sta      rombank      ;Mouse interrupt handler
C7BE:4C 00 C1      31      jmp      mouseint
C7C1:8D 28 C0      32  banger      sta      rombank
C7C4:4C A9 D4      33      jmp      diags
C7C7:8D 28 C0      34  swatalk      sta      rombank      ;Jump to appletalk
C7CA:4C 80 C5      35      jmp      atalk
C7CD:8D 28 C0      36  swser3      sta      rombank      ;Jump to serout3
C7D0:4C 4F C2      37      jmp      serout3
C7D3:8D 28 C0      38  swgetst      sta      rombank      ;Jump to getstat
C7D6:4C AC C2      39      jmp      getstat
C7D9:8D 28 C0      40  swread      sta      rombank      ;Jump to xrdser
C7DC:4C C3 C2      41      jmp      xrdser
C7DF:8D 28 C0      42  swgetb      sta      rombank      ;Jump to getbuf
C7E2:4C F7 C2      43      jmp      getbuf
C7E5:8D 28 C0      44  swzznm      sta      rombank
C7E8:4C E0 D4      45      jmp      zznm
C7EB:8D 28 C0      46  swxfgo      sta      rombank      ;Jump to users xfer dest
C7EE:6C ED 03      47      jmp      ($3ED)
C7F1:20 23 CE      48  swsthk3      jsr      sethooks
C7F4:80 8E      C784  49      bra      swrts
C7F6:20 4D CE      50  swzzqt3      jsr      zzquit
C7F9:80 89      C784  51      bra      swrts
C7FB:      0004      52      ds      $C7FF-*,0
C7FF:00      53      dfb      0      ;Appletalk version number
C800:      40      include irqbuf      ;Interrupt stuff @C800

```

```

C800:      3 *****
C800:      4 *
C800:      5 * NEWIRQ - The main (only) IRQ handling routines
C800:      6 * IRGENT - Entry point from alternate rom bank
C800:      7 *
C800:      8 *
C800:      9 * This routine saves the memory state of the machine,
C800:     10 * checks for an internal interrupt, and then calls the user's
C800:     11 * interrupt handler at $3FE.
C800:     12 * The memory state is encoded as follows:
C800:     13 * D7 = 1 if Alternate zero page / stack
C800:     14 * D6 = 1 if 80 store and page 2
C800:     15 * D5 = 1 if Read aux
C800:     16 * D4 = 1 if Write Aux
C800:     17 * D3 = 1 if L.C. enabled
C800:     18 * D2 = 1 if L.C. and $D000 bank 1
C800:     19 * D1 = 1 if L.C. and $D000 bank 2
C800:     20 * D0 = 1 if Alternate rom bank
C800:     21 *
C800:     22 * New changes in the interrupt handler are marked with a +
C800:     23 *
C800:     24 *****
C800:4C 9E C1 25      jmp      p1init      ;Pascal 1.0 Initialization
C803:      C803 26 NEWIRQ    EQU      *      ;+
C803:B8      27      CLV      ;+ V=0 for main bank
C804:      C804 28 IRGENT    EQU      *      ;+ Entry point from other bank assumes
                                           V=1
C804:48      29      PHA      ;+ Save A on stack, not $45
C805:DA      30      PHX      ;+ X too
C806:BA      31      TSX      ;+ Save stack pointer
C807:68      32      PLA      ;+ Skip past X
C808:68      33      PLA      ;+ And A
C809:68      34      PLA      ;+ Here is the status Oh boy!
C80A:9A      35      TXS      ;+ Fix the stack pointer
C80B:5A      36      PHY      ;Save Y too
C80C:AE 66 C0 37      LDX      MOUX1      ;Get mouse info
C80F:AC 67 C0 38      LDY      MOUY1      ;As soon as we can
C812:D8      39      CLD      ;+ No decimal mode please
C813:29 10    40      AND      #$10      ;+ Test break bit
C815:C9 10    41      CMP      #$10      ;+ C=1 if break. V unchanged
C817:AD 18 C0 42      LDA      RD80COL      ;TEST FOR 80-STORE WITH
C81A:2D 1C C0 43      AND      RDPAGE2      ; PAGE 2 TEXT.
C81D:29 80    44      AND      #$80      ; MAKE IT ZERO OR $80
C81F:F0 05 C826 45      BEQ      IRQ2
C821:8D 54 C0 46      STA      TXTPAGE1
C824:A9 40    47      LDA      #$40      ;SET PAGE 2 RESET BIT.
C826:50 02 C82A 48 IRQ2    BVC      IRQ21      ;+ Which Rombank?
C828:09 01    49      ORA      #01      ;+ Mark other bank
C82A:2C 13 C0 50 IRQ21    BIT      RDRAMRD
C82D:10 05 C834 51      BPL      IRQ3
C82F:8D 02 C0 52      STA      RDMAINRAM      ;BRANCH IF MAIN RAM READ
C832:09 20    53      ORA      #$20      ;ELSE, SWITCH IT IN
C834:2C 14 C0 54 IRQ3    BIT      RDRAMWRT      ; AND RECORD THE EVENT!
C837:10 05 C83E 55      BPL      IRQ4      ;DO THE SAME FOR RAM WRITE.
C839:8D 04 C0 56      STA      WRMAINRAM
C83C:09 10    57      ORA      #$10
C83E:B0 08 C848 58 IRQ4    BCS      IRQ5      ;Branch if break
C840:48      59      PHA      ;Save machine states so far...
C841:20 BB C7 60      JSR      SWMINT      ;+ Go Test Mouse & ACIA

```

```

C844:90 3C C882 61 BCC IRQLCOK ;+ Branch if it was. LC unchanged!
C846:68 62 PLA ;Restore states recorded so far
C847:18 63 CLC ;Reset break/interrupt handler
C848:2C 12 C0 64 IRQS BIT RDLGRAM ;DETERMINE IF LANGUAGE CARD ACTIVE
C84B:80 03 C850 65 bra passkip1 ;Skip around pascal 1.0 stuff
C84D: 0000 66 ds $C84D-*, $00
C84D:4C A8 C1 67 jmp p1read
C850: C850 68 passkip1 equ *
C850:10 0C C85E 69 BPL IRQ7
C852:09 0C 70 ORA #$C ;SET TWO BITS SO RESTORED
C854:2C 11 C0 71 BIT RDLBANK2 ; LANGUAGE CARD IS WRITE ENABLED
C857:10 02 C85B 72 BPL IRQ6 ;BRANCH IF NOT PAGE 2 OF $D000
C859:49 06 73 EOR #$6 ;ENABLE READ FOR PAGE 2 ON EXIT
C85B:8D 81 C0 74 IRQ6 STA ROMIN
C85E:2C 16 C0 75 IRQ7 BIT RDALTZP ;LAST...AND VERY IMPORTANT!
C861:10 0D C870 76 BPL IRQ8 ; UNLESS IT IS NOT ENABLED
C863:BA 77 TSX ;SAVE CURRENT STACK POINTER
C864:8E 01 01 78 STX $101 ;AT BOTTOM OF STACK
C867:AE 00 01 79 LDX $100 ;GET MAIN STACK POINTER
C86A:9A 80 TXS
C86B:8D 08 C0 81 STA SETSTDZP
C86E:09 80 82 ORA #$80
C870:B0 35 C8A7 83 IRQ8 BC5 GOBREAK
C872:48 84 PHA
C873:A9 C8 85 LDA #<IRQDONE
C875:48 86 PHA
C876:A9 7F 87 LDA #>IRQDONE ;SAVE RETURN IRQ ADDR
C878:48 88 PHA
C879:A9 04 89 LDA #4 ; SO WHEN INTERRUPT DOES RTI
C87B:48 90 PHA ; IT RETURNS TO IRQDONE.
C87C:6C FE 03 91 JMP ($3FE) ;PROCESS EXTERNAL INTERRUPT

```

```

;87F: 93 * The user's RTI returns here
C87F: 94 * BEWARE
C87F: 95 * The rom must be reenabled with a LDA romin
C87F: 96 * This way if the LC was write protected, it still is
C87F: 97 * if it was write enabled, it still is
C87F: 98 * if it was being write enabled ( 2 lds), it still will be
C87F: 99 * The restore loop uses an INC because some of the switches are read
C87F: 100 * and some are write. It must be an INC abs,x since both the 6502 and
C87F: 101 * the 65C02 do two reads before the write (for different reasons).
C87F:AD 81 C0 102 IRQDONE LDA ROMIN ;+ Did some clown bank out the rom?
C882:68 103 IRQLCOK PLA ;Recover machine state
C883:10 07 C88C 104 BPL IRQDN1 ;Branch if main zp was active
C885:8D 09 C0 105 STA SETALTZP
C888:AE 01 01 106 LDX $101 ;Restore alternate stack pointer
C88B:9A 107 TXS
C88C:A0 06 108 IRQDN1 LDY #$06 ;+ Y = index into table of switches
C88E:10 06 C896 109 IRQDN2 BPL IRQDN3 ;+ Branch if no change
C890:BE 06 CF 110 LDX IRQTBLE,Y ;+ Get soft switch address
C893:FE 00 C0 111 INC $C000,X ;+ Hit the switch. No page cross!!!
C896:88 112 IRQDN3 DEY
C897:30 03 C89C 113 BMI IRQDN4 ;+ Branch if all done
C899:0A 114 ASL A ;Get next bit to check
C89A:D0 F2 C88E 115 BNE IRQDN2 ;+ Fall through if all done
C89C:0A 116 IRQDN4 ASL A ;+ C = 1 if other rom bank
C89D:0A 117 ASL A ;+

```

```

C89E:7A      118      PLY
C89F:FA      119      PLX          ;RESTORE ALL REGISTERS
C8A0:68      120      PLA
C8A1:B0 01   C8A4   121      BC5   IRQDNS      ;+ Which rom bank?
C8A3:40      122      RTI          ;DO THE REAL RTI!
C8A4:4C 80 C7   123   IRQDNS   JMP   SWRTI      ;+ Go back to the other bank

```

```

C8A7:      125 *****
C8A7:      126 *
C8A7:      127 * GOBREAK- If a braek instruction has occurred, we check
C8A7:      128 * if the BRK happened in the alternate rom bank. If it has,
C8A7:      129 * some fool may have hit the rom switch by accident and the PC is
C8A7:      130 * decremented by two, the main rom is switched in and we resume
C8A7:      131 * where we think he wanted to go
C8A7:      132 *
C8A7:      133 *****
C8A7:      134 GOBREAK   EQU   *
C8A7:30 20   C8A7   135      BMI   GBBRK          ;Give up if alt zp
C8A9:89 09   C8C9   136      BIT   #9          ;From alt rom and no lang card?
C8AB:F0 1C   C8C9   137      BEQ   GBBRK          ;If not then break
C8AD:29 FE   138      AND   #$FE          ;Force main rom
C8AF:48      139      PHA          ;Save state
C8B0:BA      140      TSX          ;Save stack pointer
C8B1:68      141      PLA          ;Skip State
C8B2:68      142      PLA          ;Skip Y
C8B3:68      143      PLA          ;Skip X
C8B4:68      144      PLA          ;Skip A
C8B5:68      145      PLA          ;Skip P
C8B6:68      146      PLA          ;> address
C8B7:7A      147      PLY          ;< address
C8B8:C0 C1   148      CPY   #$C1          ;In the ROM?
C8BA:90 0B   C8C7   149      BCC   GBNOTROM      ;Branch if not
C8BC:E9 02   150      SBC   #2          ;PC = PC - 2
C8BE:B0 01   C8C1   151      BC5   GBNOC
C8C0:88      152      DEY          ;Borrow from high byte
C8C1:5A      153   GBNOC   PHY          ;Push new address
C8C2:48      154      PHA
C8C3:9A      155      TXS          ;Fix stack pointer
C8C4:4C 7F C8   156      JMP   IRQDONE
C8C7:9A      157   GBNOTROM   TXS          ;Fix stack pointer
C8C8:68      158      PLA          ;Get state back
C8C9:4C 47 FA   159   GBBRK   JMP   NEWBRK      ;Go do the break

```

```

C8CC:      162 *   The following routine is for reading key-
C8CC:      163 * board from buffers or directly.
C8CC:      164 *   Type-ahead buffering only occurs for non auto-
C8CC:      165 * repeat keypresses. When a key is pressed for
C8CC:      166 * auto-repeat the buffer is first emptied, then the
C8CC:      167 * repeated characters are returned.
C8CC:      168 *   The minus flag is used to indicate if a keystroke
C8CC:      169 * is being returned.
C8CC:      170 *

C8CC:AD 00 C0      172 XRKBD1   LDA   KBD           ;test keyboard directly
C8CF:10 04 C8DS    173         BPL   XRDKBD         ;loop if buffered since test.
C8D1:8D 10 C0      174         STA   KBDSTRB        ;Clear keyboard strobe.
C8D4:60           175 XNOKEY    RTS           ;Minus flag indicates valid character

C8DS:20 E6 C8      177 XRDKBD    JSR   XBITKBD        ;is keyboard input ready?
C8D8:10 FA C8D4    178         BPL   XNOKEY        ;Branch if not.
C8DA:90 F0 C8CC    179         BCC   XRKBD1         ;Branch if direct KBD input.
C8DC:SA           180         PHY           ;Save Y
C8DD:A0 80         181         LDY   #$80          ;Y=$80 for keyboard buffer
C8DF:20 DF C7      182         JSR   SWGETB        ;Get data from buffer
C8E2:7A           183         PLY           ;
C8E3:09 00         184         ORA   #0           ;Set minus flag
C8E5:60           185         RTS

C8E6:2C FA 05      187 XBITKBD   BIT   TYPHED        ;This routine replaces "BIT KBD"
C8E9:10 10 C8FB    188         BPL   XBKB2          ;instructions
C8EB:38           189         SEC           ;so as to function with type-ahead.
C8EC:08           190         PHP           ;anticipate data in buffer is ready
C8ED:48           191         PHA           ;save carry and minus flags
C8EE:AD FF 06      192         LDA   TRKEY        ;preserve accumulator
C8F1:CD FF 05      193         CMP   TWKEY        ;
C8F4:F0 03 C8F9    194         BEQ   XBKB1          ;is there data to be read?
C8F6:68           195         PLA           ;branch if type-ahead buffer empty
C8F7:28           196         PLP
C8F8:60           197         RTS
C8F9:           198 *
C8F9:68           199 XBKB1     PLA
C8FA:28           200         PLP
C8FB:2C 00 C0      201 XBKB2     BIT   KBD           ;restore ACC and Status
C8FE:18           202         CLC           ;test KBD Directly
C8FF:60           203         RTS           ;indicate direct test

C900:      205 *****
C900:      206 *
C900:      207 * PADDLE patch
C900:      208 * This routine returns the mouse position instead of
C900:      209 * the paddle if the mouse is on
C900:      210 *
C900:      211 *****
C900:      212 mpaddle    equ   *
C900:AD FC 07      213         lda   moumode        ;Is the mouse active?
C903:C9 01      214         cmp   #01          ;Only transparent mode
C905:F0 06 C90D    215         beq   pdon
C907:AD 70 C0      216         lda   vbiclr         ;Fire the strobe
C90A:4C 21 FB      217         jmp   $FB21

```

```
C90D:      C90D 218 pdon      equ      *
C90D:E0 01    219          cpx      #1      ;C=1 if X=1
C90F:6A      220          ror      A      ;A=80 or 0
C910:A8      221          tay
C911:B9 7C 05 222          lda      mouxh,y    ;Get high byte
C914:F0 02 C918 223          beq      pdok
C916:A9 FF      224          lda      #$FF
C918:19 7C 04    225 pdok      ora      mouxl,y
C91B:A8      226          tay
C91C:60      227          rts
C91D:      41          include mini      ;Mini assembler & step routines
```



```

C91D:      3 *****
C91D:      4 *
C91D:      5 * Apple //c Mini Assembler
C91D:      6 *
C91D:      7 * Got mnemonic, check address mode
C91D:      8 *
C91D:      9 *****
C91D:20 3B CA 10 AMOD1 JSR NNBL ;get next non-blank
C920:84 34 11 STY YSAV ;save Y
C922:DD BA F9 12 CMP CHAR1,X
C925:D0 13 C93A 13 BNE AMOD2
C927:20 3B CA 14 JSR NNBL ;get next non-blank
C92A:DD B4 F9 15 CMP CHAR2,X
C92D:F0 0D C93C 16 BEQ AMOD3
C92F:BD B4 F9 17 LDA CHAR2,X ;done yet?
C932:F0 07 C93B 18 BEQ AMOD4
C934:C9 A4 19 CMP #A4 ;if "$" then done
C936:F0 03 C93B 20 BEQ AMOD4
C938:A4 34 21 LDY YSAV ;restore Y
C93A:18 22 AMOD2 CLC
C93B:88 23 AMOD4 DEY
C93C:26 44 24 AMOD3 ROL A5L ;shift bit into format
C93E:E0 03 25 CPX #03
C940:D0 0D C94F 26 BNE AMOD6
C942:20 A7 FF 27 JSR GETNUM
C945:A5 3F 28 LDA A2H ;get high byte of address
C947:F0 01 C94A 29 BEQ AMOD5 ;=>
C949:E8 30 INX
C94A:86 35 31 AMOD5 STX YSAV1
C94C:A2 03 32 LDX #03
C94E:88 33 DEY
C94F:86 3D 34 AMOD6 STX A1H
C951:CA 35 DEX
C952:10 C9 C91D 36 BPL AMOD1
C954:60 37 RTS

```

```

C955:      39 *
C955:      40 *
C955:      41 * Calculate offset byte for relative addresses
C955:      42 *
C955:E9 81 43 REL SBC #81 ;calc relative address
C957:4A 44 LSR A
C958:D0 14 C96E 45 BNE GOERR ;bad branch
C95A:A4 3F 46 LDY A2H
C95C:A6 3E 47 LDX A2L
C95E:D0 01 C961 48 BNE REL1
C960:88 49 DEY ;point to offset
C961:CA 50 REL1 DEX ;displacement - 1
C962:8A 51 TXA
C963:18 52 CLC
C964:E5 3A 53 SBC PCL ;subtract current PCL
C966:85 3E 54 STA A2L ;and save as displacement
C968:10 01 C96B 55 BPL REL2 ;check page
C96A:C8 56 INY
C96B:98 57 REL2 TYA ;get page
C96C:E5 3B 58 SBC PCH ;check page

```

```

C96E:D0 57 C9C7 59 GOERR BNE MINIERR ;display error
C970: 60 *
C970: 61 * Move instruction to memory
C970: 62 *
C970:A4 2F 63 MOVINST LDY LENGTH ;get instruction length
C972:B9 3D 00 64 MOV1 LDA A1H,Y ;get a byte
C975:91 3A 65 STA (PCL),Y ;and move it
C977:88 66 DEY
C978:10 F8 C972 67 BPL MOV1
C97A: 68 *
C97A: 69 * Display instruction
C97A: 70 *
C97A:20 48 F9 71 JSR PRBLNK ;print blanks to make ProDOS work
C97D:20 1A FC 72 JSR UP ;move up 2 lines
C980:20 1A FC 73 JSR UP
C983: 74 DISLIN EQU *
C983:20 C4 C5 75 JSR SHOWINST ;Display line & get next instruction
C986: 76 GETINST1 EQU * ;Get the next instruction
C986:A9 A1 77 LDA #$A1 ;! for prompt
C988:85 33 78 STA PROMPT
C98A:20 67 FD 79 JSR GETLNZ ;Get a line
C98D:80 49 C9D8 80 BRA DOINST ;Go do the instruction
C98F: 81 *
C98F: 82 * Compare disassembly of all known opcodes with
C98F: 83 * the one typed in until a match is found
C98F: 84 *
C98F:AS 3D 85 GETOP LDA A1H ;get opcode
C991:20 8E F8 86 JSR INSDS2 ;determine mnemonic index
C994:AA 87 TAX ;X = index
C995:BD 00 FA 88 LDA MNEMR,X ;get right half of index
C998:C5 42 89 CMP A4L ;does it match entry?
C99A:D0 21 C9BD 90 BNE NXTOP ;=>try next opcode
C99C:BD C0 F9 91 LDA MNEML,X ;get left half of index

C99F:80 0C C9AD 93 bra p1skip ;Skip past pascal stuff
C9A1: 0009 94 ds $C9AA-*,0 ;Hello I'm the pascal 1.0 entry point
C9AA:4C B4 C1 95 jmp p1write ;Just getting in the way
C9AD: C9AD 96 p1skip equ *

C9AD:C5 43 98 CMP A4H ;does it match entry?
C9AF:D0 0C C9BD 99 BNE NXTOP ;=>no, try next opcode
C9B1:A5 44 100 LDA ASL ;found opcode, check address mode
C9B3:A4 2E 101 LDY FORMAT ;get addr. mode format for that opcode
C9B5:C0 9D 102 CPY #$9D ;is it relative?
C9B7:F0 9C C9SS 103 BEQ REL ;=>yes, calc relative address
C9B9:C5 2E 104 CMP FORMAT ;does mode match?
C9BB:F0 B3 C970 105 BEQ MOVINST ;=>yes, move instruction to memory
C9BD:C6 3D 106 NXTOP DEC A1H ;else try next opcode
C9BF:D0 CE C98F 107 BNE GETOP ;=>go try it
C9C1:E6 44 108 INC ASL ;else try next format
C9C3:C6 3S 109 DEC Y5AV1
C9C5:F0 C8 C98F 110 BEQ GETOP ;=>go try next format
C9C7: 111 *
C9C7: 112 * Point to the error with a caret, beep, and fall
C9C7: 113 * into the mini-assembler.
C9C7: 114 *
C9C7:A4 34 115 MINIERR LDY Y5AV ;get position
C9C9:98 116 ERR2 TYA

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```

C9CA:AA          117      TAX
C9CB:          C9CB 118 ERR3 EQU *
C9CB:20 4A F9    119      JSR PRBL2
C9CE:A9 DE      120      LDA #$DE ;^ to point to error
C9D0:20 ED FD    121      JSR COUT
C9D3:20 3A FF    122      JSR BELL ;Beep cause we're mad
C9D6:80 AE C986 123      BRA GETINST1 ;try again
C9D8:          124 *
C9D8:          125 * Read a line of input. If prefaced with " ", decode
C9D8:          126 * mnemonic. If "$" do monitor command. Otherwise parse
C9D8:          127 * hex address before decoding mnemonic.
C9D8:          128 *
C9D8:20 C7 FF    129 DOINST JSR ZMODE ;clear mode
C9DB:AD 00 02    130      LDA $200 ;get first char in line
C9DE:C9 A0       131      CMP #$A0 ;if blank,
C9E0:F0 12 C9F4 132      BEQ DOLIN ;=>go attempt disassembly
C9E2:C9 8D       133      CMP #$8D ;is it return?
C9E4:D0 01 C9E7 134      BNE GETI1 ;=>no, continue
C9E6:60          135      RTS ;else return to Monitor
C9E7:          136 *
C9E7:20 A7 FF    137 GETI1 JSR GETNUM ;parse hexadecimal input
C9EA:C9 93       138      CMP #$93 ;look for "ADDR:"
C9EC:D0 DB C9C9 139 GOERR2 BNE ERR2 ;no ":", display error
C9EE:8A          140      TXA ;X nonzero if address entered
C9EF:F0 D8 C9C9 141      BEQ ERR2 ;no "ADDR", display error
C9F1:          142 *
C9F1:20 78 FE    143      JSR A1PCLP ;move address to PC
C9F4:A9 03       144      LDA #$03 ;get starting opcode
C9F6:85 3D       145      STA A1H ;and save
C9F8:20 3B CA    146 NXTCH JSR NNBL ;get next non-blank
C9FB:0A          147      ASL A ;validate entry
C9FC:E9 BE       148      SBC #$BE
C9FE:C9 C2       149      CMP #$C2
CA00:90 C7 C9C9 150      BCC ERR2 ;=>flag bad mnemonic
CA02:          151 *
CA02:          152 * Form mnemonic for later comparison
CA02:          153 *
CA02:0A         154      ASL A
CA03:0A         155      ASL A
CA04:A2 04       156      LDX #$04
CA06:0A         157 NXTMN ASL A
CA07:26 42       158      ROL A4L
CA09:26 43       159      ROL A4H
CA0B:CA         160      DEX
CA0C:10 F8 CA06 161      BPL NXTMN
CA0E:C6 3D       162      DEC A1H ;decrement mnemonic count
CA10:F0 F4 CA06 163      BEQ NXTMN
CA12:10 E4 C9F8 164      BPL NXTCH
CA14:A2 05       165      LDX #$5
CA16:20 1D C9    166      JSR AMOD1 ;index into address mode tables
CA19:A5 44       167      LDA A5L ;do this elsewhere
CA1B:0A         168      ASL A ;get format
CA1C:0A         169      ASL A
CA1D:05 35       170      ORA YSAV1
CA1F:C9 20       171      CMP #$20
CA21:B0 06 CA29 172      BCS AMOD7
CA23:A6 35       173      LDX YSAV1 ;get our format
CA25:F0 02 CA29 174      BEQ AMOD7

```

```

CA27:09 80      175      ORA    #$80
CA29:85 44      176 AMOD7  STA    ASL      ;update format
CA2B:84 34      177      STY    YSAV     ;update position
CA2D:B9 00 02   178      LDA    $0200,Y  ;get next character
CA30:C9 BB      179      CMP    #$BB     ;is it a ";"?
CA32:F0 04      180      BEQ    AMOD8    ;=>yes, skip comment
CA34:C9 8D      181      CMP    #$8D     ;is it carriage return
CA36:D0 B4      182      BNE    GOERR2
CA38:4C 8F C9   183 AMOD8  JMP    GETOP     ;get next opcode

```

```

CA3B:          185 *****
CA3B:          186 *
CA3B:          187 * NNBL - Gets a non blank character for the mini assembler
CA3B:          188 *
CA3B:          189 *****
CA3B:          190 nnbl      equ    *
CA3B:20 B4 C5   191      jsr    getup      ;Get next upshifted character
CA3E:C9 A0      192      cmp    #$A0      ;Blank?
CA40:F0 F9      193      beq    nnbl
CA42:60          194      rts

```

```

CA43:      196 *****
CA43:      197 *
CA43:      198 * Step and trace routines
CA43:      199 *
CA43:      200 *****
CA43:      201 step      equ      *
CA43:2C 61 C0      202      bit      butn0      ;Open apple = slow step
CA46:10 08      203      bpl      xqnobt0
CA48:A2 07      204      ldx      #7      ;Wait about a second
CA4A:20 A8 FC      205 xqwait      jsr      wait
CA4D:CA      206      dex
CA4E:D0 FA      207      bne      xqwait
CA50:2C 62 C0      208 xqnobt0      bit      butn1
CA53:30 51      209      bmi      xbrk      ;Closed apple = break
CA55:20 75 FE      210      jsr      a1pc      ;If user specified an address, move it
CA58:18      211      clc
CA59:20 0D CB      212      jsr      godsp      ;Disassemble one instruction
CA5C:68      213      pla      ;At (PCL,H)
CA5D:85 2C      214      sta      rtnl      ;Adjust to user stack
CA5F:68      215      pla
CA60:85 2D      216      sta      rtnh      ;Save return address
CA62:A2 08      217      ldx      #$08
CA64:BD 04 CB      218 xqinit      lda      initbl-1,x      ;Init XEQ area
CA67:95 3C      219      sta      xqt,x
CA69:CA      220      dex
CA6A:D0 F8      221      bne      xqinit
CA6C:A1 3A      222      lda      (pcl,x)
CA6E:F0 36      223      beq      xbrk      ;Special if break
CA70:A4 2F      224      ldy      length
CA72:C9 20      225      cmp      #$20
CA74:F0 4A      226      beq      xjsr      ;Do JSR, RT5, JMP, JMP ( ), JMP (,X), RTI
CA76:C9 60      227      cmp      #$60
CA78:F0 36      228      beq      xrts
CA7A:C9 4C      229      cmp      #$4C
CA7C:F0 4A      230      beq      xjmp
CA7E:C9 6C      231      cmp      #$6C
CA80:F0 47      232      beq      xjmpat
CA82:C9 7C      233      cmp      #$7C
CA84:F0 5D      234      beq      xjmpatx
CA86:C9 40      235      cmp      #$40
CA88:F0 22      236      beq      xrti
CA8A:C9 80      237      cmp      #$80      ;Make bra turn into bpl
CA8C:D0 02      238      bne      xqntbra
CA8E:A9 10      239      lda      #$10
CA90:29 1F      240 xqntbra      and      #$1F
CA92:49 14      241      eor      #$14
CA94:C9 04      242      cmp      #$04
CA96:F0 02      243      beq      xq2      ;Copy user inst to xeq area
CA98:B1 3A      244 xq1      lda      (pcl),y      ;Change rel branch
CA9A:99 3C 00      245 xq2      sta      xqt,y      ;displacement to 4 for jmp to branch
CA9D:88      246      dey      ;or jump to nbranch
CA9E:10 F8      247      bpl      xq1
CAA0:20 3F FF      248      jsr      restore      ;Restore user reg contents
CAA3:4C 3C 00      249      jmp      xqt      ;Xeq user op from ram
CAA6:A9 64      250 xbrk      lda      #>mon-1      ;Print registers and go to monitor
CAA8:A2 FF      251      ldx      #<mon-1
AAA8:80 2D      252      bra      rtnjmp2      ;Display regs & go to monitor
CAAC:18      253 xrti      clc

```

```

CAAD:68      254      pla                      ;Simulate rti by geting status from
                                           ;stack
CAAE:85 48    255      sta      status        ;Then doing rts
CAB0:68      256      xrts      pla           ;Pop PC (not pc - 1)!
CAB1:85 3A    257      sta      pcl
CAB3:68      258      pla
CAB4:85 3B    259      pcinc2   sta      pch    ;Update Pc by 1 (Len = 0)
CAB6:A5 2F    260      pcinc3   lda      length ;Update pc by length
CAB8:20 56 F9 261      jsr      pcadj3
CABB:84 3B    262      sty      pch
CABD:18      263      clc
CABE:90 11 CAD1 264      bcc      newpcl
CAC0:18      265      xjsr     clc
CAC1:20 54 F9 266      jsr      pcadj2
CAC4:5A      267      phy
CAC5:48      268      pha
CAC6:A0 02    269      ldy      #$02
CAC8:18      270      xjmp     clc
CAC9:B1 3A    271      xjmpat   lda      (pcl),y
CACB:AA      272      tax
CACD:88      273      dey
CACD:B1 3A    274      lda      (pcl),y
CACF:86 3B    275      stx      pch
CAD1:85 3A    276      newpcl   sta      pcl
CAD3:B0 F3 CAC8 277      bcs     xjmp
CAD5:A6 2D    278      rtnjmp   ldx      rinh
CAD7:A5 2C    279      lda      rtnl
CAD9:DA      280      rtnjmp2  phx
CADA:48      281      pha
CADB:A9 27    282      lda      #39          ;Move over
CADD:85 24    283      sta      ch
CADF:38      284      sec
CAE0:4C 0D CB 285      jmp      godsp
CAE3:18      286      xjmpatx  clc
CAE4:A5 3A    287      lda      pcl          ;JMP (,X)
CAE6:65 46    288      adc      xreg        ;Add x to address
CAE8:85 3A    289      sta      pcl
CAEA:90 02 CAEE 290      bcc     xjxnoc
CAEC:E6 3B    291      inc      pch
CAEE:38      292      xjxnoc  sec          ;C = 1 for indirect jump
CAEF:80 D8 CAC9 293      bra     xjmpat
CAF1:18      294      branch  clc          ;Branch taken
CAF2:A0 01    295      ldy      #$01        ;Add len+2 to PC
CAF4:B1 3A    296      lda      (pcl),y
CAF6:20 56 F9 297      jsr      pcadj3
CAF9:85 3A    298      sta      pcl
CAFB:98      299      tya
CAFC:38      300      sec
CAFD:B0 B5 CAB4 301      bcs     pcinc2
CAFF:20 4A FF 302      nbrnch  jsr      save    ;Normal return from xeq
CB02:38      303      sec
CB03:B0 B1 CAB6 304      bcs     pcinc3        ;Go update PC

CB05:      306      *****
CB05:      307      *
CB05:      308      * This is the table that is moved into zero page
CB05:      309      * when stepping and tracing
CB05:      310      *
CB05:      311      *****

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```

CB05:EA      312 initbl    nop
CB06:EA      313          nop
CB07:4C FF CA 314          jmp    nbranch
CB0A:4C F1 CA 315          jmp    branch

CB0D:      317 *****
CB0D:      318 *
CB0D:      319 * GODSP - Saves hooks, calls display routine and fixes hooks
CB0D:      320 * C = 0 instruction display
CB0D:      321 * C = 1 register display
CB0D:      322 * used by step and trace
CB0D:      323 *
CB0D:      324 *****
CB0D:      325 godsp      equ    *
CB0D:A5 36    326          lda    cswl
CB0F:48      327          pha
CB10:A5 37    328          lda    cswh      ;Save output hook
CB12:48      329          pha
CB13:A9 F0    330          lda    #>cout1
CB15:85 36    331          sta    cswl
CB17:A9 FD    332          lda    #<cout1
CB19:85 37    333          sta    cswh
CB1B:B0 05    334          bcs    godreg      ;Which display?
CB1D:20 D0 F8 335          jsr    instdsp
CB20:80 03    336          bra    goddone
CB22:20 DA FA 337 godreg   jsr    rgdsp1
CB25:68      338 goddone   pla
CB26:85 37    339          sta    cswh
CB28:68      340          pla
CB29:85 36    341          sta    cswl
CB2B:60      342          rts
CB2C:      42          INCLUDE SCROLLING ;More Video stuff @CB30

```

```

CB2C:      0004      3      ds      $CB30-*,0      ;Align for fools with illegal entry
points
CB30:      4 *
CB30:      5 * SCROLLIT scrolls the screen either up or down, depending
CB30:      6 * on the value of X. It scrolls within windows with even
CB30:      7 * or odd edges for both 40 and 80 columns. It can scroll
CB30:      8 * windows down to 1 characters wide.
CB30:      9 *
CB30:DA     10 SCROLLDN PHX      ;save X
CB31:A2 00     11      LDX      #0      ;direction = down
CB33:80 03 CB38 12      BRA      SCROLLIT ;do scroll
CB35:      13 *
CB35:DA     14 SCROLLUP PHX      ;save X
CB36:A2 01     15      LDX      #1      ;direction = up
CB38:A4 21     16 SCROLLIT LDY      WNDWDTH ;get width of screen window
CB3A:2C 1F C0   17      BIT      RD80VID ;in 40 or 80 columns?
CB3D:10 18 CB57 18      BPL      GETST   ;=>40, determine starting line
CB3F:8D 01 C0   19      STA      SET80COL ;make sure this is enabled
CB42:98     20      TYA      ;get WNDWDTH for test
CB43:4A     21      LSR      A      ;divide by 2 for 80 column index
CB44:A8     22      TAY      ;and save
CB4S:AS 20     23      LDA      WNDLFT   ;test oddity of right edge
CB47:4A     24      LSR      A      ;by rotating low bit into carry
CB48:B8     25      CLV      ;V=0 if left edge even
CB49:90 03 CB4E 26      BCC      CHKRT   ;=>check right edge
CB4B:2C C1 CB   27      BIT      SEV1    ;V=1 if left edge odd
CB4E:2A     28 CHKRT   ROL      A      ;restore WNDLFT
CB4F:4S 21     29      EOR      WNDWDTH ;get oddity of right edge
CB51:4A     30      LSR      A      ;C=1 if right edge even
CB52:70 03 CB57 31      BVS      GETST   ;if odd left, don't DEY
CB54:B0 01 CB57 32      BCS      GETST   ;if even right, don't DEY
CB56:88     33      DEY      ;if right edge odd, need one less
CB57:8C F8 05   34 GETST STY      TEMPY   ;save window width
CB5A:AD 1F C0   35      LDA      RD80VID ;N=1 if 80 columns
CB5D:08     36      PHP      ;save N,Z,V
CB5E:AS 22     37      LDA      WNDTOP   ;assume scroll from top
CB60:E0 00     38      CPX      #0      ;up or down?
CB62:D0 03 CB67 39      BNE      SETDBAS ;=>up
CB64:AS 23     40      LDA      WNDBTM   ;down, start scrolling at bottom
CB66:3A     41      DEC      A      ;really need one less
CB67:      42 *
CB67:8D 78 05   43 SETDBAS STA      TEMPY   ;save current line
CB6A:20 24 FC   44      JSR      VTBZ      ;calculate base with window width
CB6D:      45 *
CB6D:A5 28     46 SCRLIN LDA      BASL      ;current line is destination
CB6F:8S 2A     47      STA      BA52L
CB71:AS 29     48      LDA      BASH
CB73:8S 2B     49      STA      BA52H
CB7S:      50 *
CB75:AD 78 05   51      LDA      TEMPY   ;get current line
CB78:E0 00     52      CPX      #0      ;going up?
CB7A:D0 07 CB83 53      BNE      SETUP2  ;=>up, inc current line
CB7C:C5 22     54      CMP      WNDTOP   ;down. Reached top yet?
CB7E:F0 39 CBB9 55      BEQ      SCRL3   ;yes! clear top line, exit
CB80:3A     56      DEC      A      ;no, go up a line
CB81:80 05 CB88 57      BRA      SETSRC   ;set source for scroll
CB83:1A     58 SETUP2 INC      A      ;up, inc current line
CB84:C5 23     59      CMP      WNDBTM   ;at bottom yet?
CB86:B0 31 CBB9 60      BCS      SCRL3   ;yes! clear bottom line, exit

```



```

CB88:      61 *
CB88:8D 78 0S      62 SETSRC      STA      TEMPA      ;save new current line
CB8B:20 24 FC      63          JSR      VTABZ      ;get base for new current line
CB8E:AC F8 0S      64          LDY      TEMPY      ;get width for scroll
CB91:28      65          PLP          ;get status for scroll
CB92:00      66          PHP          ;N=1 if 80 columns
CB93:10 1F CBB4    67          BPL      SKPRT      ;=>only do 40 columns
CB95:AD SS C0      68          LDA      TXTPAGE2    ;scroll aux page first (even bytes)
CB98:98      69          TYA          ;test Y
CB99:F0 07 CBA2    70          BEQ      SCRLFT      ;if Y=0, only scroll one byte
CB9B:B1 28      71 SCRLEVEN    LDA      (BASL),Y
CB9D:91 2A      72          STA      (BAS2L),Y
CB9F:88      73          DEY
CBA0:D0 F9 CBBB    74          BNE      SCRLEVEN    ;do all but last even byte
CBA2:70 04 CBA8    75 SCRLFT    BVS      SKPLFT      ;odd left edge, skip this byte
CBA4:B1 28      76          LDA      (BASL),Y
CBA6:91 2A      77          STA      (BAS2L),Y
CBA8:AD S4 C0      78 SKPLFT    LDA      TXTPAGE1
CBA8:AC F8 0S      79          LDY      TEMPY      ;now do main page (odd bytes)
CBAE:B0 04 CBB4    80          BCS      SKPRT      ;restore width
CBB0:B1 28      81 SCRLDD    LDA      (BASL),Y
CBB2:91 2A      82          STA      (BAS2L),Y
CBB4:88      83          SKPRT      DEY
CBB5:10 F9 CBB0    84          BPL      SCRLDD
CBB7:80 B4 CBBD    85          BRA      SCRLIN      ;scroll next line
CBB9:      86 *
CBB9:20 A0 FC      87 SCRL3    JSR      CLRLIN      ;clear current line
CBBB:20 22 FC      88          JSR      VTAB      ;restore original cursor line
CBBF:28      89          PLP          ;pull status off stack
CBC0:FA      90          PLX          ;restore X
CBC1:60      91 SEV1      RTS          ;done!!!

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CBC2:          93 *
CBC2:          94 * DOCLR is called by CLREQ. It decides whether
CBC2:          95 * to do a (quick) 40 or 80 column clear to end of line.
CBC2:          96 *
CBC2:2C 1F C0  97 DOCLR      BIT      RD80VID      ;40 or 80 column clear?
CBC5:30 13 CBDA 98          BMI      CLR80        ;=>clear 80 columns
CBC7:91 28      99 CLR40     STA      (BASL),Y
CBC9:C8        100          INY
CBCA:C4 21      101          CPY      WNDWDTH
CBCC:90 F9 CBC7 102          BCC      CLR40
CBCE:60        103          RTS
CBCE:        104 *
CBCE:DA        105 CLRHALF  PHX          ;clear right half of screen
CBD0:A2 D8      106          LDX      #$D8        ;for SCR48
CBD2:A0 14      107          LDY      #20
CBD4:AS 32      108          LDA      INVFLG
CBD6:29 A0      109          AND      #$A0
CBD8:80 17 CBF1 110          BRA      CLR2        ;=>jump into middle
CBDA:        111 *
CBDA:DA        112 CLR80     PHX          ;preserve X
CBDB:48        113          PHA          ;and blank
CBDC:98        114          TYA          ;get count for CH
CBDD:48        115          PHA          ;save for left edge check
CBDE:38        116          SEC          ;count=WNDWDTH-Y-1
CBDF:ES 21      117          SBC      WNDWDTH
CBE1:AA        118          TAX          ;save CH counter
CBE2:98        119          TYA          ;div CH by 2 for half pages
CBE3:4A        120          LSR      A
CBE4:A8        121          TAY
CBE5:68        122          PLA          ;restore original CH
CBE6:45 20      123          EOR      WNDLFT      ;get starting page
CBE8:6A        124          ROR      A
CBE9:B0 03 CBEE 125          BCS      CLR0
CBEB:10 01 CBEE 126          BPL      CLR0
CBED:C8        127          INY          ;iff WNDLFT odd, starting byte odd
CBEE:68        128 CLR0     PLA          ;get blankity blank
CBEE:B0 0B CBFC 129          BCS      CLR1      ;starting page is 1 (default)
CBF1:2C SS C0  130 CLR2     BIT      TXTPAGE2    ;else do page 2
CBF4:91 28      131          STA      (BASL),Y
CBF6:2C 54 C0  132          BIT      TXTPAGE1    ;now do page 1
CBF9:E8        133          INX
CBFA:F0 06 CC02 134          BEQ      CLR3      ;all done
CBFC:91 28      135 CLR1     STA      (BASL),Y
CBFE:C8        136          INY          ;forward 2 columns
CBFF:E8        137          INX          ;next CH
CC00:D0 EF CBF1 138          BNE      CLR2      ;not done yet
CC02:FA        139 CLR3     PLX          ;restore X
CC03:60        140          RTS          ;and exit
CC04:        141 *
CC04:9C FA 05  142 CLRPORT  STZ      TYPHED      ;disable typeahead
CC07:9C F9 05  143          STZ      EXTINT2     ;and external interrupts
CC0A:60        144          RTS

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CC0B:      146 *
CC0B:      147 * PASINVERT is used by Pascal to display the cursor. Pascal
CC0B:      148 * normally leaves the cursor on the screen at all times. It
CC0B:      149 * is fleetingly removed while a character is displayed, then
CC0B:      150 * promptly redisplayed. CTL-F and CTL-E, respectively,
CC0B:      151 * disable and enable display of the cursor when printed using
CC0B:      152 * the Pascal 1.1 entry point (PWRITE). Screen I/O is
CC0B:      153 * significantly faster when the cursor is disabled. This
CC0B:      154 * feature is supported by Pascal 1.2 and later.
CC0B:      155 *
CC0B:AD FB 04 156 PASINVERT LDA VMODE ;Called by pascal to
CC0E:29 10 157 AND #M.CURSOR ;display cursor
CC10:D0 0A CC10 158 BNE INVX ;=>cursor off, don't invert
CC12: CC12 159 INVERT EQU *
CC12:20 1D CC 160 JSR PICKY ;load Y and get char
CC15:48 161 PHA
CC16:49 80 162 EOR #$80 ;FLIP INVERSE/NORMAL
CC18:20 B3 C3 163 JSR STORV ;stuff onto screen
CC1B:68 164 PLA ;for RDCHAR
CC1C:60 165 INVX RTS
CC1D: 166 *
CC1D: 167 * PICK lifts a character from the screen in either
CC1D: 168 * 40 or 80 columns from the current cursor position.
CC1D: 169 * If the alternate character set is switched in,
CC1D: 170 * character codes $0-$1F are returned as $40-$5F (which
CC1D: 171 * is what must have been originally printed to the location).
CC1D: 172 *
CC1D:5A 173 PICKY PHY ;save Y
CC1E:20 9D CC 174 JSR GETCUR ;get newest cursor into Y
CC21:AD 1F C0 175 LDA RD80VID ;80 columns?
CC24:10 17 CC3D 176 BPL PICK1 ;=>no
CC26:8D 01 C0 177 STA SET80COL ;force 80STORE if 80 columns
CC29:98 178 TYA
CC2A:45 20 179 EOR WNDLFT ;C=1 if char in main RAM
CC2C:6A 180 ROR A ;get low bit into carry
CC2D:B0 04 CC33 181 BCS PICK2 ;=>store in main memory
CC2F:AD 55 C0 182 LDA TXTPAGE2 ;else switch in page 2
CC32:C8 183 INY ;for odd left, aux bytes
CC33:98 184 PICK2 TYA ;divide pos'n by 2
CC34:4A 185 LSR A
CC35:A8 186 TAY ;and use as offset into line
CC36:B1 28 187 LDA (BASL),Y ;pick character
CC38:8D S4 C0 188 STA TXTPAGE1 ;80 columns, switch in
CC3B:80 02 CC3F 189 BRA PICK3 ;skip 40 column pick
CC3D:B1 28 190 PICK1 LDA (BASL),Y ;pick 40 column char
CC3F:2C 1E C0 191 PICK3 BIT ALTCHARSET ;only allow if alt set
CC42:10 06 CC4A 192 BPL PICK4
CC44:C9 20 193 CMP #$20
CC46:B0 02 CC4A 194 BCS PICK4
CC48:09 40 195 ORA #$40
CC4A:7A 196 PICK4 PLY ;restore real Y
CC4B:60 197 RTS
CC4C: 198 *
CC4C: 199 * SHOWCUR displays either a checkerboard cursor, a solid
CC4C: 200 * rectangle, or the current cursor character, depending
CC4C: 201 * on the value of the CURSOR location. 0=inverse cursor,
CC4C: 202 * $FF=checkerboard cursor, anything else is displayed
CC4C: 203 * after being anded with inverse mask.

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CC4C: 204 *
CC4C:AC FB 07 205 SHOWCUR LDY CURSOR ;what's my type?
CC4F:D0 02 CCS3 206 BNE NOTINV ;=>not inverse
CC51:80 BF CC12 207 BRA INVERT ;else invert the char (exit)
CC53: 208 *
CC53: 209 * Exit with char in accumulator
CC53: 210 *
CC53:20 1D CC 211 NOTINV JSR PICKY ;get char on screen
CC56:48 212 PHA ;preserve it
CC57:8D 7B 07 213 STA NXTCUR ;save for update
CC5A:98 214 TYA ;test for checkerboard
CC5B:C8 215 INY
CC5C:F0 0D CC6B 216 BEQ NOTINV2 ;=>checkerboard, display it
CC5E:7A 217 PLY ;test char
CC5F:SA 218 PHY
CC60:30 09 CC6B 219 BMI NOTINV2 ;don't need inverse
CC62:AD 1E C0 220 LDA ALTCHARSET ;mask = $7F if alternate
CC65:09 7F 221 ORA #$7F ; character set,
CC67:4A 222 LSR A ;$3F if normal char set
CC68:2D FB 07 223 NOTINV1 AND CURSOR ;form char to display
CC6B:20 B3 C3 224 NOTINV2 JSR STORY ;and display it
CC6E:68 225 PLA ;restore real char
CC6F:60 226 RTS
CC70: 227 *
CC70: 228 * The UPDATE routine increments the random seed.
CC70: 229 * If a certain value is reached and we are in Apple II
CC70: 230 * mode, the blinking check cursor is updated. If a
CC70: 231 * key has been pressed, the old char is replaced on the
CC70: 232 * screen, and we return with BMI.
CC70: 233 *
CC70: 234 * NOTE: this routine used by COMM firmware!!
CC70: 235 *
CC70:48 236 UPDATE PHA ;save char
CC71:E6 4E 237 INC RNDL ;update seed
CC73:D0 1E CC93 238 BNE UD2 ;check for key
CC75:AS 4F 239 LDA RNDH
CC77:E6 4F 240 INC RNDH
CC79:4S 4F 241 EOR RNDH
CC7B:29 10 242 AND #$10 ;need to update cursor?
CC7D:F0 14 CC93 243 BEQ UD2 ;=>no, check for key
CC7F:AD FB 07 244 LDA CURSOR ;what cursor are we using?
CC82:F0 0F CC93 245 BEQ UD2 ;=>/e cursor, leave alone
CC84:5A 246 PHY ;+ Save Y
CC85:20 1D CC 247 JSR PICKY ;get the character into A
CC88:AC 7B 07 248 LDY NXTCUR ;get next character
CC8B:8D 7B 07 249 STA NXTCUR ;save next next character
CC8E:98 250 TYA
CC8F:20 B3 C3 251 JSR STORY ;and print it
CC92:7A 252 PLY ;+
CC93:68 253 UD2 PLA ;get real char
CC94:20 E6 C8 254 JSR XBITKBD ;was a key pressed?
CC97:10 26 CCBF 255 BPL GETCURX ;=>no key pressed
CC99:4C BD CF 256 CLRKBD JMP CLRKBD2 ;+ restore old key look for key and exit
CC9C:EA 257 NOP ;+ Keep code alignedkey
CC9D: 258 *
CC9D: 259 * ON CURSORS. Whenever the horizontal cursor position is
CC9D: 260 * needed, a call to GETCUR is done. This is the equivalent
CC9D: 261 * of a LDY CH. This returns the current cursor for II and

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CC9D:      262 * //e mode, which may have been poked as either CH or OURCH.
CC9D:      263 *
CC9D:      264 * It also forces CH and OLDCH to 0 if 80 column mode active.
CC9D:      265 * This prevents LDY CH, STA (BASL),Y from trashing non screen
CC9D:      266 * memory. It works just like the //e.
CC9D:      267 *
CC9D:      268 * All routines that update the cursor's horizontal position
CC9D:      269 * are here. This ensures that the newest value of the cursor
CC9D:      270 * is always used, and that 80 column CH is always 0.
CC9D:      271 *
CC9D:      272 * GETCUR only affects the Y register
CC9D:      273 *
CC9D:A4 24 274 GETCUR LDY CH ;if CH=OLDCH, then
CC9F:CC 7B 04 275 CPY OLDCH ;OURCH is valid
CCA2:D0 03 CCA7 276 BNE GETCUR1 ;=>else CH must have been changed
CCA4:AC 7B 05 277 LDY OURCH ;use OURCH
CCA7:C4 21 278 GETCUR1 CPY WNDWIDTH ;is the value too big
CCA9:90 02 CCAD 279 BCC GETCUR2 ;=>no, fits just fine
CCAB:A0 00 280 LDY #0 ;else force CH to 0
CCAD:      281 *
CCAD:      282 * GETCUR2 is commonly used to set the current cursor
CCAD:      283 * position when Y can be used.
CCAD:      284 *
CCAD:8C 7B 05 285 GETCUR2 STY OURCH ;update real cursor
CCB0:2C 1F C0 286 BIT RD80VID ;80 columns?
CCB3:10 02 CCB7 287 BPL GETCUR3 ;=>no, set all cursors
CCB5:A0 00 288 LDY #0 ;yes, peg CH to 0
CCB7:84 24 289 GETCUR3 STY CH
CCB9:8C 7B 04 290 STY OLDCH
CCBC:AC 7B 05 291 LDY OURCH ;get cursor
CCBF:60 292 GETCURX RTS ;and fly...
CCC0:      43 INCLUDE ESCAPE

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CCCC:      2 * START AN ESCAPE SEQUENCE:
CCCC:      3 * WE HANDLE THE FOLLOWING ONES:
CCCC:      4 *   @ - HOME & CLEAR
CCCC:      5 *   A - Cursor right
CCCC:      6 *   B - Cursor left
CCCC:      7 *   C - Cursor down
CCCC:      8 *   D - Cursor up
CCCC:      9 *   E - CLR TO EOL
CCCC:     10 *   F - CLR TO EOS
CCCC:     11 *   I, Up Arrow - CURSOR UP (stay escape)
CCCC:     12 *   J, Lft Arrow - CURSOR LEFT (stay escape)
CCCC:     13 *   K, Rt Arrow - CURSOR RIGHT (stay escape)
CCCC:     14 *   M, Dn Arrow - CURSOR DOWN (stay escape)
CCCC:     15 *   4 - GOTO 40 COLUMN MODE
CCCC:     16 *   8 - GOTO 80 COLUMN MODE
CCCC:     17 * CTL-D- Disable the printing of control chars
CCCC:     18 * CTL-E- Enable the printing of control chars
CCCC:     19 * CTL-Q- QUIT (PR#0/IN#0)
CCCC:     20 *
CCCC:B9 0C CD 21 ESC3      LDA     ESCCHAR,Y      ;GET CHAR TO "PRINT"
CCCC:SA      22          PHY                      ;save index
CCCC:20 58 CD 23          JSR     CTLCHAR          ;execute character
CCCC:7A      24          PLY                      ;restore index
CCCC:C0 08    25          CPY     #YHI             ;If Y<YHI, stay escape
CCCC:B0 21 CCED 26          BCS     ESCRDKEY       ;=>exit escape mode
CCCC:      27 *
CCCC:      28 * This is the entry point called by RDKEY iff escapes
CCCC:      29 * are enabled and an escape is encountered. The next
CCCC:      30 * keypress is read and processed. If it is a key that
CCCC:      31 * terminates escape mode, a new key is read by ESCRDKEY.
CCCC:      32 * If escape mode should not be terminated, NEWESC is
CCCC:      33 * called again.
CCCC:      34 *
CCCC:20 1D CC 35 NEWESC    JSR     PICKY           ;get current character
CCCC:48      36          PHA                      ;and save it
CCD0:29 80    37          AND     #$80           ;save invert bit
CCD2:49 AB    38          EOR     #$AB           ;make it inverted "+"
CCD4:20 B3 C3 39          JSR     STORY          ;and pop it on the screen
CCD7:20 E6 C8 40 ESC0      JSR     XBTKBD        ;check for keystroke
CCDA:10 FB CCD7 41          BPL     ESC0
CCDC:68      42          PLA                      ;get old char
CCDD:20 99 CC 43          JSR     CLRKBD        ;restore char, get key
CCE0:20 9B C3 44          JSR     UPSHIFT       ;upshift esc char
CCE3:A0 13    45 ESC1      LDY     #ESCNUM      ;COUNT/INDEX
CCE5:D9 F8 CC 46 ESC2      CMP     ESCTAB,Y     ;IS IT A VALID ESCAPE?
CCE8:F0 D6 CCC0 47          BEQ     ESC3        =>yes
CCEA:88      48          DEY
CCEB:10 F8 CCES 49          BPL     ESC2        ;TRY 'EM ALL...
CCED:      50 *
CCED:      51 * End of escape sequence, read next character.
CCED:      52 * This is initially called by RDCHAR which is usually called
CCED:      53 * by GETLN to read characters with escapes enabled.
CCED:      54 *
CCED:A9 08    55 ESCRDKEY  LDA     #M.CTL       ;enable escape sequences
CCEf:1C FB 04 56          TRB     VMODE
CCF2:20 0C FD 57          JSR     RDKEY         ;read char with escapes
CCF5:4C 44 FD 58          JMP     NOESCAPE      ;got the key, disable escapes
CCF8:      59 *

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CCF8:      60 * When in escape mode, the characters in ESCTAB (high)
CCF8:      61 * bits set), are mapped into the characters in ESCCHAR.
CCF8:      62 * These characters are then executed by a call to CTLCHAR.
CCF8:      63 *
CCF8:      64 * CTLCHAR looks up a character in the table starting at
CCF8:      65 * CTLTAB. It uses the current index as an index into the
CCF8:      66 * table of routine addresses, CTLADR. If the character is
CCF8:      67 * not in the table, a call to VIDOUT1 is done in case the
CCF8:      68 * character is BS, LF, CR, or BEL.
CCF8:      69 *
CCF8:      70 * NOTE: CTLON and CTLOFF are not accessible except through
CCF8:      71 * and escape sequence
CCF8:      72 *
CCF8:      73      MSB   DN           ;high bit on
CCF8:      74      EQU   *
CCF8:      75      ESCTAB  ASC   'J'           ;left (stay esc)
CCF8:CA      76      DFB   $88           ;left arrow (stay esc)
CCF8:      77      ASC   'M'           ;down (stay esc)
CCF8:8B      78      DFB   $8B           ;up arrow (stay esc)
CCF8:9S      79      DFB   $9S           ;right arrow (stay esc)
CCF8:8A      80      DFB   $8A           ;down arrow (stay esc)
CCF8:C9      81      ASC   'I'           ;up (stay esc)
CCF8:CB      82      ASC   'K'           ;right (stay esc)
CD00:      83      YHI   EQU   *-ESCTAB
CD00:C2      84      ASC   'B'           ;left
CD00:C3      85      ASC   'C'           ;down
CD00:C4      86      ASC   'D'           ;up
CD00:C1      87      ASC   'A'           ;right
CD00:C0      88      ASC   '@'           ;formfeed
CD00:CS      89      ASC   'E'           ;clear EOL
CD00:C6      90      ASC   'F'           ;clear EOS
CD00:B4      91      ASC   '4'           ;40 column mode
CD00:B8      92      ASC   '8'           ;80 column mode
CD00:91      93      DFB   $91           ;CTL-Q = QUIT
CD00:A84     94      DFB   $84           ;CTL-D ;ctl char disable
CD00:B8S     95      DFB   $8S           ;CTL-E ;ctl char enable
CD00:C:      96      *
CD00:C:      97      ESCNUM EQU   *-ESCTAB-1
CD00:C:      98      *
CD00:C:      99      ESCCHAR EQU   *           ;list of escape chars
CD00:C:88    100     DFB   $88           ;J: BS (stay esc)
CD00:D:88    101     DFB   $88           ;<:BS (stay esc)
CD00:E:8A    102     DFB   $8A           ;M: LF (stay esc)
CD00:F:9F    103     DFB   $9F           ;UP:US (stay esc)
CD10:9C      104     DFB   $9C           ;>:FS (stay esc)
CD11:8A      105     DFB   $8A           ;DN: LF (stay esc)
CD12:9F      106     DFB   $9F           ;I: UP (stay esc)
CD13:9C      107     DFB   $9C           ;K: RT (stay esc)
CD14:88      108     DFB   $88           ;ESC-B = BS
CD1S:      109     CTLTAB EQU   *           ;list of control characters
CD1S:8A      110     DFB   $8A           ;ESC-C = DN
CD16:9F      111     DFB   $9F           ;ESC-D = UP
CD17:9C      112     DFB   $9C           ;ESC-A = RT
CD18:8C      113     DFB   $8C           ;@: Formfeed
CD19:9D      114     DFB   $9D           ;E: CLREOL
CD1A:8B      115     DFB   $8B           ;F: CLREOP
CD1B:91      116     DFB   $91           ;SET40
CD1C:92      117     DFB   $92           ;SET80

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CD1D:95      118      DFB      $95      ;QUIT
CD1E:04      119      DFB      $04      ;Disable controls (escape only)
CD1F:05      120      DFB      $05      ;Enable controls (escape only)
CD20:        121      * escape chars end here
CD20:85      122      DFB      $85      ;X.CUR.ON
CD21:86      123      DFB      $86      ;X.CUR.OFF
CD22:8E      124      DFB      $8E      ;Normal
CD23:8F      125      DFB      $8F      ;Inverse
CD24:96      126      DFB      $96      ;Scroll down
CD25:97      127      DFB      $97      ;Scroll up
CD26:98      128      DFB      $98      ;mouse chars off
CD27:99      129      DFB      $99      ;home cursor
CD28:9A      130      DFB      $9A      ;clear line
CD29:9B      131      DFB      $9B      ;mouse chars on
CD2A:        132      *
CD2A:        0014 133 CTLNUM      EQU      *-CTLTAB-1
CD2A:        134      *
CD2A:        CD2A 135 CTLADR      EQU      *
CD2A:66 FC   136      DW      LF      ;move cursor down
CD2C:1A FC   137      DW      UP      ;move cursor up
CD2E:A0 FB   138      DW      NEWADV   ;forward a space
CD30:58 FC   139      DW      HOME     ;home cursor, clear screen
CD32:9C FC   140      DW      CLREQOL  ;clear to end of line
CD34:42 FC   141      DW      CLREOP   ;clear to end of page
CD36:C0 CD   142      DW      SET40    ;set 40 column mode
CD38:BE CD   143      DW      SET80    ;set 80 column mode
CD3A:45 CE   144      DW      QUIT      ;Quit video firmware
CD3C:91 CD   145      DW      CTLOFF   ;disable //e control chars
CD3E:95 CD   146      DW      CTLOFF   ;enable //e control chars
CD40:89 CD   147      DW      X.CUR.ON  ;turn on cursor (pascal)
CD42:8D CD   148      DW      X.CUR.OFF ;turn off cursor (pascal)
CD44:B0 CD   149      DW      X.50     ;normal video
CD46:B7 CD   150      DW      X.51     ;inverse video
CD48:30 CB   151      DW      SCROLLDN  ;scroll down a line
CD4A:35 CB   152      DW      SCROLLUP  ;scroll up a line
CD4C:9F CD   153      DW      MousesOFF ;disable mouse characters
CD4E:A5 CD   154      DW      HOMECUR   ;move cursor home
CD50:A0 FC   155      DW      CLRLIN   ;clear current line
CD52:99 CD   156      DW      MousesON  ;enable mouse characters
CD54:        157      *
CD54:        158      MSB      ON
CD54:        159      *
CD54:        160      * CTLCHAR executes the control character in the
CD54:        161      * accumulator. If it is called by Pascal, the character
CD54:        162      * is always executed. If it is called by the video
CD54:        163      * firmware, the character is executed if M.CTL is set
CD54:        164      * and M.CTL2 is clear.
CD54:        165      *
CD54:        166      * Note: This routine is only called if the video firmware
CD54:        167      * is active. The Monitor ROM calls VIDOUT1 if the video
CD54:        168      * firmware is inactive.
CD54:        169      *
CD54:2C C1 CB 170 CTLCHAR0 BIT      5EV1      ;set V (use M.CTL)
CD57:50      171      DFB      $50      ;BVC opcode (never taken)
CD58:        172      *
CD58:B8      173 CTLCHAR      CLV      ;Always do control character
CD59:DA      174      PHX      ;save X
CD5A:8D F8 04 175      STA      TEMP1   ;temp save of A

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CDSD:20 04 FC      176      JSR   VIDOUT1      ;try to execute CR, LF, BS, or BEL
CD60:CD F8 04      177      CMP   TEMP1        ;if acc has changed
CD63:D0 0A CD6F     178      BNE   CTLDONE       ;then function done
CD65:A2 14          179      LDX   #CTLNUM       ;number of CTL chars
CD67:DD 1S CD      180 FNDCTL CMP   CTLTAB,X     ;is it in table
CD6A:F0 0S CD71     181      BEQ   CTLG0        ;=>yes, should we execute?
CD6C:CA          182      DEX                ;else check next
CD6D:10 F8 CD67     183      BPL   FNDCTL       ;=>try next one
CD6F:FA          184 CTLDONE PLX                ;restore X
CD70:60          185      RTS                ;and return
CD71:          186 *
CD71:48          187 CTLG0  PHA                ;save A
CD72:S0 0C CD80     188      BVC   CTLG01       ;V clear, always do (pascal,escape)
CD74:AD FB 04      189      LDA   VMODE        ;controls are enabled iff
CD77:29 28          190      AND   #M.CTL+M.CTL2 ; M.CTL = 1 and
CD79:49 08          191      EOR   #M.CTL       ; M.CTL2 = 0
CD7B:F0 03 CD80     192      BEQ   CTLG01       ;=>they're enabled!!
CD7D:68          193 CG0   PLA                ;restore A
CD7E:FA          194      PLX                ;restore X
CD7F:60          195      RTS                ;and return
CD80:          196 *
CD80:8A          197 CTLG01 TXA                ;double X as index
CD81:0A          198      ASL   A                ;into address table
CD82:AA          199      TAX
CD83:68          200      PLA                ;restore A
CD84:20 A4 FC      201      JSR   CTLD0        ;execute the char
CD87:FA          202      PLX                ;restore X
CD88:60          203      RTS                ;and return
CD89:          204 *
CD89:          205 * X.CUR.ON = Allow Pascal cursor display
CD89:          206 * X.CUR.OFF = Disable Pascal cursor display
CD89:          207 * Cursor is not displayed during call, so it will
CD89:          208 * be right when "redisplayed".
CD89:          209 * Note: Though these commands are executed from BASIC,
CD89:          210 * they have no effect on firmware operation.
CD89:          211 *
CD89:A9 10          212 X.CUR.ON LDA   #M.CURSOR    ;clear cursor bit
CD8B:80 0E CD9B     213      BRA   CLRIT
CD8D:          214 *
CD8D:A9 10          215 X.CUR.OFF LDA  #M.CURSOR    ;set cursor bit
CD8F:80 10 CDA1     216      BRA   SETIT
CD91:          217 *
CD91:          218 * The control characters other than CR,LF,BEL,BS
CD91:          219 * are normally enabled when video firmware is active.
CD91:          220 * They can be disabled and enabled using the ESC-D
CD91:          221 * and ESC-E escape sequences.
CD91:          222 *
CD91:A9 20          223 CTLOFF  LDA   #M.CTL2        ;disable control characters
CD93:80 0C CDA1     224      BRA   SETIT        ;by setting M.CTL2
CD95:          225 *
CD95:A9 20          226 CTLON   LDA   #M.CTL2        ;enable control characters
CD97:80 02 CD9B     227      BRA   CLRIT        ;by clearing M.CTL2
CD99:          228 *
CD99:          229 * Enable mouse text by clearing M.MOUSE
CD99:          230 *
CD99:A9 01          231 MOUSON  LDA   #M.MOUSE
CD9B:1C FB 04      232 CLRIT   TRB   VMODE
CD9E:60          233      RTS

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```

CD9F:      234 *
CD9F:      235 * Disable mouse text by setting M.MOUSE
CD9F:      236 *
CD9F:A9 01  237 MOUSOFF  LDA  #M.MOUSE
CDA1:0C FB 04 238 SETIT   TSB  VMODE
CDA4:60      239          RTS
CDAS:      240 *
CDAS:      241 * EXECUTE HOME:
CDAS:      242 *
CDAS:20 E9 FE 243 HOMECUR  JSR  CLRCH      ;move cursors to far left
CDA8:A8      244          TAY          ;(probably not needed)
CDA9:A5 22   245          LDA  WNDTOP    ;and to top of window
CDAB:85 25   246          STA  CV
CDAD:4C 88 FC 247          JMP  NEWVTABZ    ;then set base address, OURCV
CDB0:      248 *
CDB0:      249 * EXECUTE "NORMAL VIDEO"
CDB0:      250 *
CDB0:20 84 FE 251 X.50      JSR  SETNORM    ;set INVFLG to $FF
CDB3:A9 04   252          LDA  #M.VMODE    ;then clear inverse mode bit
CDB5:80 E4   CD9B 253          BRA  CLRIT
CDB7:      254 *
CDB7:      255 * EXECUTE "INVERSE VIDEO"
CDB7:      256 *
CDB7:20 80 FE 257 X.51      JSR  SETINV     ;set INVFLG to $3F
CDBA:A9 04   258          LDA  #M.VMODE    ;then set inverse mode bit
CDBC:80 E3   CDA1 259          BRA  SETIT
CDBE:      260 *
CDBE:      261 * EXECUTE '40COL MODE' or '80COL MODE':
CDBE:      262 *
CDBE:38      263 SET80      SEC          ;flag an 80 column window
CDBF:90      264          DFB  $90        ;BCC opcode (never taken)
CDC0:18      265 SET40      CLC          ;flag a 40 column window
CDC1:2C FB 04 266          BIT  VMODE    ;but...is it pascal?
CDC4:10 54   CE1A 267          BPL  SETX      ;=>yes, don't execute
CDC6:08      268          PHP          ;save window size
CDC7:20 1B CE 269          JSR  HOOKITUP   ;COPYROM if needed, set I/O hooks
CDCA:28      270          PLP          ;and get 40/80
CDCB:80 08   CDD5 271          BRA  WIN0      ;=>set window
CDCD:      272 *
CDCD:      273 * CHK80 is called by PR#0 to convert to 40 if it was
CDCD:      274 * 80. Otherwise the window is left ajar.
CDCD:      275 *
CDCD:2C 1F C0 276 CHK80      BIT  RD80VID    ;don't set 40 if
CDD0:10 48   CE1A 277          BPL  SETX      ;already 40
CDD2:      278 *
CDD2:18      279 WIN40      CLC          ;flag 40 column window
CDD3:B0      280          DFB  $B0        ;BCS opcode (never taken)
CDD4:38      281 WIN80      SEC          ;flag 80 column window
CDD5:64 22   282 WIN0      STZ  WNDTOP    ;set window top now
CDD7:2C 1A C0 283          BIT  RDTEXT    ;for text or mixed
CDDA:30 04   CDE0 284          BMI  WIN1      ;=>text
CDDC:A9 14   285          LDA  #20
CDDE:85 22   286          STA  WNDTOP    ;used by 80<->40 conversion
CDE0:2C 1F C0 287 WIN1      BIT  RD80VID    ;80 columns now?
CDE3:08      288          PHP          ;save 80 or 40
CDE4:B0 07   CDED 289          BCS  WIN2      ;=>80: convert if 40
CDE6:10 0A   CDF2 290          BPL  WIN3      ;=>40: no convert
CDE8:20 53 CE 291          JSR  SCRNB4    ;80: convert to 40

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CDEB:80 05 CDF2 292      BRA   WIN3      ;done converting
CDED:30 03 CDF2 293 WIN2    BMI   WIN3      ;=>80: no convert
CDEF:20 80 CE 294      JSR   SCR48      ;40: convert to 80
CDF2:20 9D CC 295 WIN3    JSR   GETCUR     ;determine absolute CH
CDF5:98      296      TYA               ;in case the window setting
CDF6:18      297      CLC               ;was different
CDF7:65 20      298      ADC   WNDLFT
CDF9:28      299      PLP               ;pin to right edge if
CDFA:B0 06 CE02 300      BCS   WIN4      ;80 to 40 leaves cursor
CDFC:C9 28      301      CMP   #40      ;off the screen
CDFE:90 02 CE02 302      BCC   WIN4
CE00:A9 27      303      LDA   #39
CE02:20 EC FE 304 WIN4    JSR   SETCUR     ;set new cursor
CE05:AS 25      305      LDA   CV        ;set new base address
CE07:20 C1 FB 306      JSR   BASCALC     ;for left = 0 (always)
CE0A:      307 *
CE0A:64 20      308 WNDREST STZ   WNDLFT   ;Called by INIT and Pascal
CE0C:A9 18      309      LDA   #$18      ;and bottom
CE0E:85 23      310      STA   WNDDBTM
CE10:A9 28      311      LDA   #$28      ;set left,width,bottom
CE12:2C 1F C0 312      BIT   RD80VID     ;set width to 80 if 80 columns
CE15:10 01 CE18 313      BPL   WINS
CE17:0A      314      ASL   A
CE18:85 21      315 WINS   STA   WNDWDTH   ;set width
CE1A:60      316 SETX   RTS              ;exit used by SET40/80
CE1B:      317 *
CE1B:      318 * Turn on video firmware:
CE1B:      319 *
CE1B:      320 * This routine is used by BASIC init, ESC-4, ESC-8
CE1B:      321 * It copies the Monitor ROM to the language card
CE1B:      322 * if necessary; it sets the input and output hooks to
CE1B:      323 * $C30x; it sets all switches for video firmware operation
CE1B:      324 *
CE1B:2C 7B 06 325 HOOKITUP BIT   VFACTV     ;don't touch hooks
CE1E:10 11 CE31 326      BPL   VIDMODE     ;if video firmware already active
CE20:20 38 C3 327 HOOKUP  JSR   COPYROM     ;Copy ROM to LC?
CE23:A9 05      328 SETHOOKS LDA   #>C3KEYIN ;set up $C300 hooks
CE25:85 38      329      STA   KSWL
CE27:A9 07      330      LDA   #>C3COUT1
CE29:85 36      331      STA   CSWL
CE2B:A9 C3      332      LDA   #<C3COUT1
CE2D:85 39      333      STA   KSWH
CE2F:85 37      334      STA   CSWH
CE31:      335 *
CE31:      336 * Now set the video firmware active
CE31:      337 *
CE31:9C FB 07 338 VIDMODE STZ   CURSOR     ;set a solid inverse cursor
CE34:A9 08      339      LDA   #M.CTL     ;preserve M.CTL bit
CE36:2D FB 04 340      AND   VMODE
CE39:09 81      341      ORA   #M.PASCAL+M.MOUSE ;no pascal,mouse
CE3B:      342 *
CE3B:      343 * Pascal calls here to set its mode
CE3B:      344 *
CE3B:8D FB 04 345 PVMODE  STA   VMODE     ;set mode bits
CE3E:9C 7B 06 346      STZ   VFACTV     ;say video firmware active
CE41:8D 0F C0 347      STA   SETALTCHAR ;and set alternate char set
CE44:60      348 QX   RTS
CE45:      349 *

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```
CE45:      350 * QUIT converts the screen from 80 to 40 if necessary,
CE45:      351 * sets a 40 column window, and restores the normal I/O
CE45:      352 * hooks (COUT1 and KEYIN).
CE45:      353 *
CE45:2C FB 04 354 QUIT      BIT    VMODE      ;no quitting from pascal
CE48:10 FA    CE44 355      BPL    QX
CE4A:20 D2 CD 356      JSR    WIN40      ;first, do an escape 4
CE4D:20 89 FE 357 ZZQUIT   JSR    SETKBD    ;do a IN#0 (used by COMM)
CE50:4C 93 FE 358      JMP    SETVID    ;and a PR#0
```

```

CE53:      360 *
CE53:      361 * SCRNB4 and SCRNB48 convert screens between 40 & 80 cols.
CE53:      362 * WNDTOP must be set up to indicate the last line to
CE53:      363 * be done. All registers are trashed.
CE53:      364 *
CE53:A2 17      365 SCRNB4      LDX      #23      ;start at bottom of screen
CE55:8D 01 C0    366      STA      SET80COL    ;allow page 2 access
CE58:8A      367 SCR1        TXA          ;calc base for line
CE59:20 C1 FB    368      JSR      BASCALC
CE5C:A0 27      369      LDY      #39      ;start at right of screen
CE5E:5A      370 SCR2      PHY          ;save 40 index
CE5F:98      371      TYA          ;div by 2 for 80 column index
CE60:4A      372      LSR      A
CE61:B0 03 CE66  373      BCS      SCR3
CE63:2C 55 C0    374      BIT      TXTPAGE2    ;even column, do page 2
CE66:A8      375 SCR3      TAY          ;get 80 index
CE67:B1 28      376      LDA      (BASL),Y    ;get 80 char
CE69:2C 54 C0    377      BIT      TXTPAGE1    ;restore page1
CE6C:7A      378      PLY          ;get 40 index
CE6D:91 28      379      STA      (BASL),Y
CE6F:88      380      DEY
CE70:10 EC CE5E  381      BPL      SCR2      ;do next 40 byte
CE72:CA      382      DEX          ;do next line
CE73:30 04 CE79  383      BMI      SCR4      ;=>done with setup
CE75:E4 22      384      CPX      WNDTOP    ;at top yet?
CE77:B0 DF CE58  385      BCS      SCR1
CE79:8D 00 C0    386 SCR4      STA      CLR80COL    ;clear 80STORE for 40 columns
CE7C:8D 0C C0    387      STA      CLR80VID    ;clear 80VID for 40 columns
CE7F:60      388      RTS
CE80:      389 *
CE80:A2 17      390 SCRNB48    LDX      #23      ;start at bottom of screen
CE82:8A      391 SCR5      TXA          ;set base for current line
CE83:20 C1 FB    392      JSR      BASCALC
CE86:A0 00      393      LDY      #0      ;start at left of screen
CE88:8D 01 C0    394      STA      SET80COL    ;enable page2 store
CE8B:B1 28      395 SCR6      LDA      (BASL),Y    ;get 40 column char
CE8D:5A      396 SCR8      PHY          ;save 40 column index
CE8E:48      397      PHA          ;save char
CE8F:98      398      TYA          ;div 2 for 80 column index
CE90:4A      399      LSR      A
CE91:B0 03 CE96  400      BCS      SCR7      ;save on page1
CE93:8D 55 C0    401      STA      TXTPAGE2
CE96:A8      402 SCR7      TAY          ;get 80 column index
CE97:68      403      PLA          ;now save character
CE98:91 28      404      STA      (BASL),Y
CE9A:8D 54 C0    405      STA      TXTPAGE1    ;flip page1
CE9D:7A      406      PLY          ;restore 40 column index
CE9E:C8      407      INY          ;move to the right
CE9F:C0 28      408      CPY      #40      ;at right yet?
CEA1:90 E8 CE8B  409      BCC      SCR6      ;=>no, do next column
CEA3:20 CF CB    410      JSR      CLRHALF    ;clear half of screen
CEA6:CA      411      DEX          ;else do next line of screen
CEA7:30 04 CEAD  412      BMI      SCR9      ;=>done with top line
CEA9:E4 22      413      CPX      WNDTOP    ;at top yet?
CEAB:B0 DS CE82  414      BCS      SCR5
CEAD:8D 0D C0    415 SCR9      STA      SET80VID    ;convert to 80 columns
CEB0:60      416      RTS
CEB1:      44      INCLUDE PASCAL    ;Pascal support stuff

```

```

CEB1:AA          3 PSTATUS   TAX
CEB2:F0 08      CEBC       4      BEQ     PIORDY
CEB4:CA          5      DEX
CEB5:D0 07      CEBE       6      BNE     PSTERR
CEB7:20 E6 C8    7      JSR     XBITKBD
CEBA:10 04      CEC0       8      BPL     PNOTRDY
CEBC:38          9 PIORDY    SEC
CEBD:60         10      RTS
CEBE:A2 03      11 PSTERR   LDX     #3
CEC0:18         12 PNOTRDY  CLC
CEC1:60         13      RTS
CEC2:           14 *
CEC2:           15 * PASCAL OUTPUT:
CEC2:           16 *
CEC2:           17 PWRITE   EQU     *
CEC2:09 00      18      ORA     #$80
CEC4:AA         19      TAX
CEC5:20 S4 CF    20      JSR     PSETUP2
CEC8:A9 08      21      LDA     #M.GOXY
CECA:2C FB 04    22      BIT     VMODE
CECD:D0 2B      CEFA       23      BNE     GETX
CECF:8A         24      TXA
CED0:89 60      25      BIT     #$60
CED2:F0 45      CF19       26      BEQ     PCTL
CED4:AC 7B 0S    27      LDY     OURCH
CED7:24 32      28      BIT     INVFLG
CED9:30 02      CEDD       29      BMI     PWR1
CEDB:29 7F      30      AND     #$7F
CEDD:20 C1 C3    31 PWR1     JSR     STORE
CEE0:C8         32      INY
CEE1:8C 7B 0S    33      STY     OURCH
CEE4:C4 21      34      CPY     WNDWDTH
CEE6:90 0C      CEFA       35      BCC     PWRET
CEE8:20 60 C3    36      JSR     SETROM
CEEB:20 E9 FE    37      JSR     CLRCH
CEEE:20 66 FC    38      JSR     LF
CEF1:20 S4 C3    39 PWRITERET JSR     RESETLC
CEF4:20 0B CC    40 PWRET     JSR     PASINVERT
CEF7:A2 00      41 PRET      LDX     #$0
CEF9:60         42      RTS
CEFA:           43 *
CEFA:           44 * HANDLE GOTOXY STUFF:
CEFA:           45 *
CEFA:           46 GETX     EQU     *
CEFA:20 0B CC    47      JSR     PASINVERT
CEFD:8A         48      TXA
CEFE:38         49      SEC
CEFF:E9 A0      S0      SBC     #160
CF01:2C FB 06    S1      BIT     XCOORD
CF04:30 2A      CF30       S2      BMI     PSETX
CF06:           S3 *
CF06:           S4 * Set Y and do the GOTOXY
CF06:           S5 *
CF06:           S6 GETY     EQU     *
CF06:8D FB 0S    S7      STA     OURCV
CF09:20 71 CF    S8      JSR     PASCALC
CF0C:AC FB 06    S9      LDY     XCOORD
CF0F:20 AD CC    60      JSR     GETCUR2

```

```

;is request code = 0?
;=>yes, ready for output
;check for any input
;=>bad request, return error
;test keyboard
;=>no keystroked
;good return

;else flag error

;turn on high bit
;save character
;SETUP ZP STUFF, don't set ROM
;ARE WE DOING GOTOXY?

;=>Doing X or Y?
;now check for control char
;is it control?
;=>yes, do control
;get horizontal position
;check for inverse
;normal, go store it

;now store it (erasing cursor)
;INC CH

;set cursor position to 0

;display new cursor
;return with no error

;turn off cursor
;get character

;MAKE BINARY
;doing X?
;=>yes, set it

;calc base addr

;set proper cursors

```

```

CF12:A9 08      61      LDA    #M.GOXY      ;turn off gotoxy
CF14:1C FB 04      62      TRB    VMODE
CF17:80 DB      CEF4    63      BRA    PWRET      ;=>DONE (ALWAYS TAKEN)
CF19:          64      *
CF19:20 0B CC      65 PCTL    JSR    PASINVERT    ;turn off cursor
CF1C:8A          66      TXA
CF1D:C9 9E          67      CMP    #$9E      ;get char
CF1F:F0 08      CF29    68      BEQ    STARTXY    ;is it gotoXY?
CF21:20 60 C3      69      JSR    SETROM      ;=>yes, start it up
CF24:20 58 CD      70      JSR    SETROM      ;must switch in ROM for controls
CF27:80 C8      CEF1    71      BRA    CTLCHAR    ;EXECUTE IT IF POSSIBLE
CF29:          72      *
CF29:          73      * START THE GOTOXY SEQUENCE:
CF29:          74      *
CF29:          CF29    75 STARTXY    EQU    *
CF29:A9 08      76      LDA    #M.GOXY
CF2B:0C FB 04      77      TSB    VMODE      ;turn on gotoxy
CF2E:A9 FF      78      LDA    #$FF      ;set XCOORD to -1
CF30:8D FB 06      79 PSETX    STA    XCOORD      ;set X
CF33:80 BF      CEF4    80      BRA    PWRET      ;=>display cursor and exit
CF35:          81      *
CF35:          82      * PASCAL INPUT:
CF35:          83      *
CF35:20 54 CF      84 PASREAD    JSR    PSETUP2      ;SETUP ZP STUFF
CF38:20 D5 C8      85 GKEY      JSR    XRDKBD      ;key pressed?
CF3B:10 FB      CF38    86      BPL    GKEY      ;=>not yet
CF3D:29 7F      87      AND    #$7F      ;DROP HI BIT
CF3F:80 B6      CEF7    88      BRA    PRET      ;good exit
CF41:          89      *
CF41:          90      * PASCAL INITIALIZATION:
CF41:          91      *
CF41:          CF41    92 PINIT      EQU    *
CF41:A9 01      93      LDA    #M.MOUSE      ;Set mode to pascal
CF43:20 3B CE      94      JSR    PVMODE      ;without mouse characters
CF46:20 51 CF      95      JSR    PSETUP      ;setup zero page for pascal
CF49:20 D4 CD      96      JSR    WIN80      ;do 40->80 convert
CF4C:20 58 FC      97      JSR    HOME      ;home and clear screen
CF4F:80 A0      CEF1    98      BRA    PWRITERET    ;display cursor, set OURCH,OURCV...
CF51:          99      *
CF51:          CF51    100 PSETUP    EQU    *
CF51:20 60 C3      101      JSR    SETROM      ;save LC state, set ROM read
CF54:64 22      102 PSETUP2    STZ    WNDTOP      ;set top to 0
CF56:20 0A CE      103      JSR    WNDREST      ;init either 40 or 80 window
CF59:A9 FF      104      LDA    #$FF      ;assume normal text
CF5B:85 32      105      STA    INVFLG
CF5D:A9 04      106      LDA    #M.VMODE      ;is it
CF5F:2C FB 04      107      BIT    VMODE
CF62:F0 02      CF66    108      BEQ    P51      ;=>yes
CF64:46 32      109      LSR    INVFLG      ;no, make flag inverse
CF66:AC 7B 05      110 P51      LDY    OURCH
CF69:20 AD CC      111      JSR    GETCUR2      ;set all cursors
CF6C:AD FB 05      112      LDA    OURCV
CF6F:85 25      113      STA    CV
CF71:          114      *
CF71:          115      * Put BASCALC here so we don't have to switch
CF71:          116      * in the ROMs for each character output.
CF71:          117      *
CF71:0A          118 PASCALC    ASL    A

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17 PASCAL	Video firmware Pascal stuff	31-MAY-85	PAGE 61
CF72:A8	119	TAY	;calc base addr in BASL,H
CF73:4A	120	LSR A	;for given line no.
CF74:4A	121	LSR A	
CF75:29 03	122	AND #\$03	; 0<=line no.<=\$17
CF77:09 04	123	ORA #\$4	; arg=000ABCDE, generate
CF79:8S 29	124	STA BASH	; BASH=000001CD
CF7B:98	125	TYA	;and
CF7C:6A	126	ROR A	; BASL=EABAB000
CF7D:29 98	127	AND #\$98	
CF7F:8S 28	128 PASCLC2	STA BASL	
CF81:0A	129	ASL A	
CF82:0A	130	ASL A	
CF83:04 28	131	TSB BASL	
CF85:60	132	RTS	
CF86:	4S	include moremisc	;More random junk


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18 MOREMISC          Video firmware Pascal stuff          31-MAY-85          PAGE 62

CF86:                2 *****
CF86:                3 *
CF86:                4 * Here are more miscellaneous routines
CF86:                5 * stuffed here in a valiant effort to make other code align
CF86:                6 * properly
CF86:                7 *
CF86:                8 *****

CF86:                10 * Various tables
CF86:83 8B 8B        11 irqtbl  dfb  >lcbank2,>lcbank1,>lcbank1
CF89:05 03 SS        12         dfb  >wrcardram,>rdcardram,>txtpage2

CF8C:9E 0B 40 50     14 comtbl  dfb  $9E,$0B,$40,$50,$16,$0B,$01,$00

CF94:CD C1 D8 D9     16 rtbl    asc  'MAXYP5'

CF9A:                18 *****
CF9A:                19 *
CF9A:                20 * MOVEIRQ - This routine transfers the roms interrupt vector into
CF9A:                21 * both language cards
CF9A:                22 *
CF9A:                23 *****
CF9A:                24 moveirq  equ  *
CF9A:20 60 C3        25         JSR  SETROM          ;Read ROM and Write to RAM
CF9D:AD 16 C0        26         LDA  RDALTZP         ;Which language card?
CFA0:0A             27         ASL  A              ;C=1 if alternate card
CFA1:A0 01          28         LDY  #1              ;Move two bytes
CFA3:B9 FE FF        29 MIRQLP  LDA  IRQVECT,Y      ;Get byte from ROM
CFA6:8D 09 C0        30         STA  SETALTZP         ;Set alternate card
CFA9:99 FE FF        31         STA  IRQVECT,Y      ;Store it in the RAM card
CFAC:8D 08 C0        32         STA  SETSTDZP         ;Set main card
CFAF:99 FE FF        33         STA  IRQVECT,Y
CFB2:88             34         DEY
CFB3:10 EE CFA3      35         BPL  MIRQLP          ;Go do the second byte
CFB5:90 03 CFBA      36         BCC  MIRQSTD        ;Is the card set right?
CFB7:8D 09 C0        37         STA  SETALTZP         ;No, it wasn't
CFBA:4C 54 C3        38 MIRQSTD  JMP  RESETLC         ;Clean up & go home

CFDD:                40 *****
CFBD:                41 * CLRKBD2 - Moved here from scrolling routines
CFBD:                42 *****
CFBD:                43 clrkbd2  equ  *
CFBD:5A             44         phy                      ;Now preserves Y
CFBE:20 B3 C3        45         jsr  story
CFC1:7A             46         ply
CFC2:4C D5 C8        47         jmp  xrdkbd

CFCS:                49 *****
CFCS:                50 *
CFCS:                51 * LOOKASC - addition to monitor input routine

```

```

CFC5:      52 * if a quote (') in input, the ascii of the next is input
CFC5:      53 * like a hex number
CFC5:      54 *
CFC5:      55 *****
CFC5:      56 lookasc equ *
CFC5:B0 11 CFC5 57 bcs ladig ;Was char a hex digit?
CFC7:C9 A0 CFC5 58 cmp #$A0 ;Is it a quote
CFC9:D0 13 CFC5 59 bne ladone ;Done if not
CFCB:B9 00 02 CFC5 60 lda inbuf,y ;Get next char
CFCB:A2 07 CFC5 61 ldx #7 ;for shifting asc into A2L and A2H
CFD0:C9 8D CFC5 62 cmp #$8D ;Was it a cr?
CFD2:F0 07 CFC5 63 beq lacr ;Go handle cr
CFD4:C8 CFC5 64 iny ;Advance index into inbuf
CFD5:4C 90 FF CFC5 65 jmp nxtbit ;Go shift it in
CFD8:4C 8A FF CFC5 66 ladig jmp dig
CFDB:4C A7 FF CFC5 67 lacr jmp getnum
CFDE:60 CFC5 68 ladone rts
CFDF: 0021 46 ds $D000-*,0
----- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS /BUILD/FIRM.1
F800: F800 47 ORG F80RG
F800: 48 INCLUDE AUTOST1 ;F8 monitor rom

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19 AUTOST1      Apple //c F8 monitor firmware      31-MAY-85      PAGE 64

F800:4A      3 PLOT      LSR      A      ;Y-COORD/2
F801:08      4      PHP      ;SAVE LSB IN CARRY
F802:20 47 F8      5      JSR      GBASCALC      ;CALC BASE ADR IN GBASL,H
F803:28      6      PLP      ;RESTORE LSB FROM CARRY
F806:A9 0F      7      LDA      #$0F      ;MASK $0F IF EVEN
F808:90 02      F80C      8      BCC      RTMASK
F80A:69 E0      9      ADC      #$E0      ;MASK $F0 IF ODD
F80C:85 2E      10 RTMASK      STA      MASK
F80E:B1 26      11 PLOT1      LDA      (GBASL),Y      ;DATA
F810:45 30      12      EOR      COLOR      ; XOR COLOR
F812:25 2E      13      AND      MASK      ; AND MASK
F814:51 26      14      EOR      (GBASL),Y      ; XOR DATA
F816:91 26      15      STA      (GBASL),Y      ; TO DATA
F818:60      16      RTS
F819:      17 *
F819:20 00 F8      18 HLINE      JSR      PLOT      ;PLOT SQUARE
F81C:C4 2C      19 HLINE1      CPY      H2      ;DONE?
F81E:B0 11      F831      20      BCS      RTS1
F820:C8      21      INY
F821:20 0E F8      22      JSR      PLOT1      ; NO, INCR INDEX (X-COORD)
F824:90 F6      F81C      23      BCC      HLINE1      ;PLOT NEXT SQUARE
F826:69 01      24 VLINEZ      ADC      #$01      ;ALWAYS TAKEN
F828:48      25 VLINE      PHA
F829:20 00 F8      26      JSR      PLOT      ; NEXT Y-COORD
F82C:68      27      PLA      ; SAVE ON STACK
F82D:C5 2D      28      CMP      V2      ; PLOT SQUARE
F82F:90 F5      F826      29      BCC      VLINEZ      ; DONE?
F831:60      30 RTS1      RTS      ; NO, LOOP.
F832:      31 *
F832:A0 2F      32 CLR5CR      LDY      #$2F      ;MAX Y, FULL SCRIN CLR
F834:D0 02      F838      33      BNE      CLRSC2      ;ALWAYS TAKEN
F836:A0 27      34 CLRTOP      LDY      #$27      ;MAX Y, TOP SCRIN CLR
F838:84 2D      35 CLRSC2      STY      V2      ;STORE AS BOTTOM COORD
F83A:      36 ;      FOR VLINE CALLS
F83A:A0 27      37      LDY      #$27      ;RIGHTMOST X-COORD (COLUMN)
F83C:A9 00      38 CLR5C3      LDA      #$00      ;TOP COORD FOR VLINE CALLS
F83E:85 30      39      STA      COLOR      ;CLEAR COLOR (BLACK)
F840:20 28 F8      40      JSR      VLINE      ;DRAW VLINE
F843:88      41      DEY      ;NEXT LEFTMOST X-COORD
F844:10 F6      F83C      42      BPL      CLRSC3      ;LOOP UNTIL DONE.
F846:60      43      RTS
F847:      44 *
F847:48      45 GBASCALC      PHA      ;FOR INPUT 00DEFGH
F848:4A      46      LSR      A
F849:29 03      47      AND      #$03
F84B:09 04      48      ORA      #$04      ;GENERATE GBASH=000001FG
F84D:85 27      49      STA      GBASH
F84F:68      50      PLA      ;AND GBASL=HDEDE000
F850:29 18      51      AND      #$18
F852:90 02      F856      52      BCC      GBCALC
F854:69 7F      53      ADC      #$7F
F856:8S 26      54 GBCALC      STA      GBASL
F858:0A      55      ASL      A
F859:0A      56      ASL      A
F85A:05 26      57      ORA      GBASL
F85C:8S 26      58      STA      GBASL
F85E:60      59      RTS
F85F:      60 *

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F85F:AS 30      61 NXTCOL    LDA    COLOR    ;INCREMENT COLOR BY 3
F861:18         62          CLC
F862:69 03      63          ADC    $$03
F864:29 0F      64 SETCOL    AND     $$0F    ;SETS COLOR=17*A MOD 16
F866:8S 30      65          STA    COLOR
F868:0A         66          ASL     A        ;BOTH HALF BYTES OF COLOR EQUAL
F869:0A         67          ASL     A
F86A:0A         68          ASL     A
F86B:0A         69          ASL     A
F86C:0S 30      70          ORA     COLOR
F86E:8S 30      71          STA    COLOR
F870:60         72          RTS
F871:         73 *
F871:4A         74 SCRN      LSR     A        ;READ SCREEN Y-COORD/2
F872:08         75          PHP
F873:20 47 F8    76          JSR     GBASCALC  ;SAVE LSB (CARRY)
F876:B1 26      77          LDA     (GBASL),Y ;CALC BASE ADDRESS
F878:28         78          PLP
F879:90 04 F87F  79 SCRN2    BCC     RTMSKZ   ;GET BYTE
F87B:4A         80          LSR     A        ;RESTORE LSB FROM CARRY
F87C:4A         81          LSR     A        ;IF EVEN, USE LO H
F87D:4A         82          LSR     A
F87E:4A         83          LSR     A        ;SHIFT HIGH HALF BYTE DOWN
F87F:29 0F      84 RTMSKZ    AND     $$0F    ;MASK 4-BITS
F881:60         85          RTS
F882:         86 *
F882:A6 3A      87 INSDS1    LDX     PCL      ;PRINT PCL,H
F884:A4 3B      88          LDY     PCH
F886:20 96 FD    89          JSR     PRYX2
F889:20 48 F9    90          JSR     PRBLNK   ;FOLLOWED BY A BLANK
F88C:A1 3A      91          LDA     (PCL,X)   ;GET OP CODE
F88E:A8         92 INSDS2    TAY
F88F:4A         93          LSR     A        ;Lable moved down 1
F890:90 0S F897  94          BCC     IEVEN    ;EVEN/ODD TEST
F892:6A         95          ROR     A        ;BIT 1 TEST
F893:B0 0C F8A1  96          BCS     ERR      ;XXXXXX11 INVALID OP
F89S:29 87      97          AND     $$87     ;MASK BITS
F897:4A         98 IEVEN     LSR     A        ;LSB INTO CARRY FOR L/R TEST
F898:AA         99          TAX
F899:BD 62 F9    100         LDA     FMT1,X   ;GET FORMAT INDEX BYTE
F89C:20 79 F8    101         JSR     SCRN2    ;R/L H-BYTE ON CARRY
F89F:D0 04 F8AS  102         BNE     GETFMT
F8A1:A0 FC      103 ERR      LDY     $$FC     ;SUBSTITUTE $FC FOR INVALID OPS
F8A3:A9 00      104         LDA     $$00     ;SET PRINT FORMAT INDEX TO 0
F8AS:AA         105 GETFMT   TAX
F8A6:BD A6 F9    106         LDA     FMT2,X   ;INDEX INTO PRINT FORMAT TABLE
F8A9:8S 2E      107         STA     FORMAT  ;SAVE FOR ADR FIELD FORMATTING
F8AB:29 03      108         AND     $$03     ;MASK FOR 2-BIT LENGTH
F8AD:         109 ; (0=1 BYTE, 1=2 BYTE, 2=3 BYTE)
F8AD:8S 2F      110         STA     LENGTH
F8AF:20 3S FC    111         JSR     NEWOPS   ;get index for new opcodes
F8B2:F0 18 F8CC  112         BEQ     GOTONE  ;found a new op (or no op)
F8B4:29 8F      113         AND     $$8F     ;MASK FOR 1XXX1010 TEST
F8B6:AA         114         TAX
F8B7:98         115         TYA
F8B8:A0 03      116         LDY     $$03     ; SAVE IT
F8BA:E0 8A      117         CPX     $$8A     ;OPCODE TO A AGAIN
F8BC:F0 0B F8C9  118         BEQ     MNNDX3

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F8BE:4A      119 MNNDX1    LSR    A
F8BF:90 08    F8C9      120      BCC    MNNDX3      ;FORM INDEX INTO MNEMONIC TABLE
F8C1:4A      121      LSR    A
F8C2:4A      122 MNNDX2    LSR    A      ; 1) 1XXX1010 => 00101XXX
F8C3:09 20      123      ORA    #$20      ; 2) XXXYYY01 => 00111XXX
F8C5:88      124      DEY
F8C6:D0 FA    F8C2      125      BNE    MNNDX2      ; 3) XXXYYY10 => 00110XXX
F8C8:C8      126      INY
F8C9:88      127 MNNDX3    DEY
F8CA:D0 F2    F8BE      128      BNE    MNNDX1      ; 4) XXXYY100 => 00100XXX
F8CC:60      129 GOTO NE   RTS
F8CD:        130 *
F8CD:FF FF FF    131      DFB    $FF,$FF,$FF
F8D0:        132 *
F8D0:20 82 F8    133 INSTDSP JSR    INSDS1      ;GEN FMT, LEN BYTES
F8D3:48      134      PHA
F8D4:B1 3A      135 PRNTOP   LDA    (PCL),Y      ;SAVE MNEMONIC TABLE INDEX
F8D6:20 DA FD    136      JSR    PRBYTE
F8D9:A2 01      137      LDX    #$01      ;PRINT 2 BLANKS
F8DB:20 4A F9    138 PRNTBL   JSR    PRBL2
F8DE:C4 2F      139      CPY    LENGTH      ;PRINT INST (1-3 BYTES)
F8E0:C8      140      INY      ;IN A 12 CHR FIELD
F8E1:90 F1    F8D4      141      BCC    PRNTOP
F8E3:A2 03      142      LDX    #$03      ;CHAR COUNT FOR MNEMONIC INDEX
F8E5:C0 04      143      CPY    #$04
F8E7:90 F2    F8DB      144      BCC    PRNTBL
F8E9:68      145      PLA      ;RECOVER MNEMONIC INDEX
F8EA:A8      146      TAY
F8EB:B9 C0 F9    147      LDA    MNEML,Y
F8EE:85 2C      148      STA    LMNEM      ;FETCH 3-CHAR MNEMONIC
F8F0:B9 00 FA    149      LDA    MNEMR,Y      ; (PACKED INTO 2-BYTES)
F8F3:85 2D      150      STA    RMNEM
F8F5:A9 00      151 PRMN1     LDA    #$00
F8F7:A0 05      152      LDY    #$05
F8F9:06 2D      153 PRMN2     ASL    RMNEM      ;SHIFT 5 BITS OF CHARACTER INTO A
F8FB:26 2C      154      ROL    LMNEM
F8FD:2A      155      ROL    A      ; (CLEARS CARRY)
F8FE:88      156      DEY
F8FF:D0 F8    F8F9      157      BNE    PRMN2
F901:69 BF      158      ADC    #$BF      ;ADD "" OFFSET
F903:20 ED FD    159      JSR    COUT      ;OUTPUT A CHAR OF MNEM
F906:CA      160      DEX
F907:D0 EC    F8F5      161      BNE    PRMN1
F909:20 48 F9    162      JSR    PRBLNK      ;OUTPUT 3 BLANKS
F90C:A4 2F      163      LDY    LENGTH
F90E:A2 06      164      LDX    #$06      ;CNT FOR 6 FORMAT BITS
F910:E0 03      165 PRADR1    CPX    #$03
F912:F0 1C    F930      166      BEQ    PRADRS
F914:06 2E      167 PRADR2    ASL    FORMAT
F916:90 0E    F926      168      BCC    PRADR3
F918:BD B9 F9    169      LDA    CHAR1-1,X
F91B:20 ED FD    170      JSR    COUT
F91E:BD B3 F9    171      LDA    CHAR2-1,X
F921:F0 03    F926      172      BEQ    PRADR3
F923:20 ED FD    173      JSR    COUT
F926:CA      174      DEX
F927:D0 E7    F910      175      BNE    PRADR1
F929:60      176      RTS

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F92A:      177 *
F92A:88    178 PRADR4   DEY
F92B:30 E7 F914 179      BMI   PRADR2
F92D:20 DA FD   180      JSR   PRBYTE
F930:A5 2E      181 PRADRS LDA   FORMAT
F932:C9 E8      182      CMP   #$E8      ;HANDLE REL ADR MODE
F934:B1 3A      183      LDA   (PCL),Y   ;SPECIAL (PRINT TARGET,
F936:90 F2 F92A 184      BCC   PRADR4      ; NOT OFFSET)
F938:20 56 F9    185 RELADR JSR   PCADJ3
F93B:AA        186      TAX
F93C:E8        187      INX
F93D:D0 01 F940 188      BNE   PRNTYX      ;+1 TO Y,X
F93F:C8        189      INY
F940:98        190 PRNTYX TYA
F941:20 DA FD   191 PRNTAX JSR   PRBYTE      ;OUTPUT TARGET ADR
F944:8A        192 PRNTAX TXA      ; OF BRANCH AND RETURN
F94S:4C DA FD   193      JMP   PRBYTE
F948:        194 *
F948:A2 03      195 PRBLNK LDX   #$03      ;BLANK COUNT
F94A:A9 A0      196 PRBL2  LDA   #$A0      ;LOAD A SPACE
F94C:20 ED FD   197 PRBL3  JSR   COUT      ;OUTPUT A BLANK
F94F:CA        198      DEX
F950:D0 F8 F94A 199      BNE   PRBL2      ;LOOP UNTIL COUNT=0
F952:60        200      RTS
F953:        201 *
F953:38        202 PCADJ   SEC
F954:AS 2F      203 PCADJ2 LDA   LENGTH      ;0=1 BYTE, 1=2 BYTE,
F956:A4 3B      204 PCADJ3 LDY   PCH      ; 2=3 BYTE
F958:AA        205      TAX
F959:10 01 F95C 206      BPL   PCADJ4
F95B:88        207      DEY
F95C:65 3A      208 PCADJ4 ADC   PCL
F95E:90 01 F961 209      BCC   RTS2
F960:C8        210      INY
F961:60        211 RTS2    RTS
F962:        212 *
F962:        213 ; FMT1 BYTES: XXXXXY0 INSTRS
F962:        214 ; IF Y=0 THEN RIGHT HALF BYTE
F962:        215 ; IF Y=1 THEN LEFT HALF BYTE
F962:        216 ; (X=INDEX)
F962:        217 *
F962:0F        218 FMT1   DFB   $0F
F963:22        219      DFB   $22
F964:FF        220      DFB   $FF
F965:33        221      DFB   $33
F966:CB        222      DFB   $CB
F967:62        223      DFB   $62
F968:FF        224      DFB   $FF
F969:73        225      DFB   $73
F96A:03        226      DFB   $03
F96B:22        227      DFB   $22
F96C:FF        228      DFB   $FF
F96D:33        229      DFB   $33
F96E:CB        230      DFB   $CB
F96F:66        231      DFB   $66
F970:FF        232      DFB   $FF
F971:77        233      DFB   $77
F972:0F        234      DFB   $0F

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F973:20	235	DFB	\$20	
F974:FF	236	DFB	\$FF	
F975:33	237	DFB	\$33	
F976:CB	238	DFB	\$CB	
F977:60	239	DFB	\$60	
F978:FF	240	DFB	\$FF	
F979:70	241	DFB	\$70	
F97A:0F	242	DFB	\$0F	
F97B:22	243	DFB	\$22	
F97C:FF	244	DFB	\$FF	
F97D:39	245	DFB	\$39	
F97E:CB	246	DFB	\$CB	
F97F:66	247	DFB	\$66	
F980:FF	248	DFB	\$FF	
F981:7D	249	DFB	\$7D	
F982:0B	250	DFB	\$0B	
F983:22	251	DFB	\$22	
F984:FF	252	DFB	\$FF	
F985:33	253	DFB	\$33	
F986:CB	254	DFB	\$CB	
F987:A6	255	DFB	\$A6	
F988:FF	256	DFB	\$FF	
F989:73	257	DFB	\$73	
F98A:11	258	DFB	\$11	
F98B:22	259	DFB	\$22	
F98C:FF	260	DFB	\$FF	
F98D:33	261	DFB	\$33	
F98E:CB	262	DFB	\$CB	
F98F:A6	263	DFB	\$A6	
F990:FF	264	DFB	\$FF	
F991:87	265	DFB	\$87	
F992:01	266	DFB	\$01	
F993:22	267	DFB	\$22	
F994:FF	268	DFB	\$FF	
F995:33	269	DFB	\$33	
F996:CB	270	DFB	\$CB	
F997:60	271	DFB	\$60	
F998:FF	272	DFB	\$FF	
F999:70	273	DFB	\$70	
F99A:01	274	DFB	\$01	
F99B:22	275	DFB	\$22	
F99C:FF	276	DFB	\$FF	
F99D:33	277	DFB	\$33	
F99E:CB	278	DFB	\$CB	
F99F:60	279	DFB	\$60	
F9A0:FF	280	DFB	\$FF	
F9A1:70	281	DFB	\$70	
F9A2:24	282	DFB	\$24	
F9A3:31	283	DFB	\$31	
F9A4:65	284	DFB	\$65	
F9A5:78	285	DFB	\$78	
F9A6:	286	; ZZXXXY01 INSTR'S		
F9A6:00	287	FMT2	DFB	\$00 ;ERR
F9A7:21	288		DFB	\$21 ;IMM
F9A8:81	289		DFB	\$81 ;Z-PAGE
F9A9:82	290		DFB	\$82 ;ABS
F9AA:59	291		DFB	\$59 ;(ZPAG,X)
F9AB:4D	292		DFB	\$4D ;(ZPAG),Y

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F9AC:91      293      DFB  $91      ;ZPAG,X
F9AD:92      294      DFB  $92      ;ABS,X
F9AE:86      295      DFB  $86      ;ABS,Y
F9AF:4A      296      DFB  $4A      ;(ABS)
F9B0:85      297      DFB  $85      ;ZPAG,Y
F9B1:9D      298      DFB  $9D      ;RELATIVE
F9B2:49      299      DFB  $49      ;(ZPAG) (new)
F9B3:5A      300      DFB  $5A      ;(ABS,X) (new)
F9B4:        301      *
F9B4:D9      302      CHAR2 DFB  $D9      ;'Y'
F9B5:00      303      DFB  $00      ; (byte F of FMT2)
F9B6:D8      304      DFB  $D8      ;'Y'
F9B7:A4      305      DFB  $A4      ;'$'
F9B8:A4      306      DFB  $A4      ;'$'
F9B9:00      307      DFB  $00
F9BA:        308      *
F9BA:AC      309      CHAR1 DFB  $AC      ;','
F9BB:A9      310      DFB  $A9      ;')'
F9BC:AC      311      DFB  $AC      ;','
F9BD:A3      312      DFB  $A3      ;'#'
F9BE:A8      313      DFB  $A8      ;'('
F9BF:A4      314      DFB  $A4      ;'$'
F9C0:1C      315      MNEML DFB  $1C
F9C1:8A      316      DFB  $8A
F9C2:1C      317      DFB  $1C
F9C3:23      318      DFB  $23
F9C4:5D      319      DFB  $5D
F9C5:8B      320      DFB  $8B
F9C6:1B      321      DFB  $1B
F9C7:A1      322      DFB  $A1
F9C8:9D      323      DFB  $9D
F9C9:8A      324      DFB  $8A
F9CA:1D      325      DFB  $1D
F9CB:23      326      DFB  $23
F9CC:9D      327      DFB  $9D
F9CD:8B      328      DFB  $8B
F9CE:1D      329      DFB  $1D
F9CF:A1      330      DFB  $A1
F9D0:1C      331      DFB  $1C      ;BRA
F9D1:29      332      DFB  $29
F9D2:19      333      DFB  $19
F9D3:AE      334      DFB  $AE
F9D4:69      335      DFB  $69
F9D5:A8      336      DFB  $A8
F9D6:19      337      DFB  $19
F9D7:23      338      DFB  $23
F9D8:24      339      DFB  $24
F9D9:53      340      DFB  $53
F9DA:1B      341      DFB  $1B
F9DB:23      342      DFB  $23
F9DC:24      343      DFB  $24
F9DD:53      344      DFB  $53
F9DE:19      345      DFB  $19
F9DF:A1      346      DFB  $A1      ; (A) FORMAT ABOVE
F9E0:AD      347      DFB  $AD      ; T5B
F9E1:1A      348      DFB  $1A
F9E2:5B      349      DFB  $5B
F9E3:5B      350      DFB  $5B

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F9E4:A5	351	DFB	\$A5	
F9E5:69	352	DFB	\$69	
F9E6:24	353	DFB	\$24	
F9E7:24	354	DFB	\$24	; (B) FORMAT
F9E8:AE	355	DFB	\$AE	
F9E9:AE	356	DFB	\$AE	
F9EA:A8	357	DFB	\$A8	
F9EB:AD	358	DFB	\$AD	
F9EC:29	359	DFB	\$29	
F9ED:8A	360	DFB	\$8A	
F9EE:7C	361	DFB	\$7C	
F9EF:8B	362	DFB	\$8B	; (C) FORMAT
F9F0:15	363	DFB	\$15	
F9F1:9C	364	DFB	\$9C	
F9F2:6D	365	DFB	\$6D	
F9F3:9C	366	DFB	\$9C	
F9F4:A5	367	DFB	\$A5	
F9F5:69	368	DFB	\$69	
F9F6:29	369	DFB	\$29	
F9F7:53	370	DFB	\$53	; (D) FORMAT
F9F8:84	371	DFB	\$84	
F9F9:13	372	DFB	\$13	
F9FA:34	373	DFB	\$34	
F9FB:11	374	DFB	\$11	
F9FC:A5	375	DFB	\$A5	
F9FD:69	376	DFB	\$69	
F9FE:23	377	DFB	\$23	; (E) FORMAT
F9FF:A0	378	DFB	\$A0	
FA00:	379	*		
FA00:D8	380	MNEMR	DFB	\$D8
FA01:62	381	DFB	\$62	
FA02:5A	382	DFB	\$5A	
FA03:48	383	DFB	\$48	
FA04:26	384	DFB	\$26	
FA05:62	385	DFB	\$62	
FA06:94	386	DFB	\$94	
FA07:88	387	DFB	\$88	
FA08:54	388	DFB	\$54	
FA09:44	389	DFB	\$44	
FA0A:C8	390	DFB	\$C8	
FA0B:54	391	DFB	\$54	
FA0C:68	392	DFB	\$68	
FA0D:44	393	DFB	\$44	
FA0E:E8	394	DFB	\$E8	
FA0F:94	395	DFB	\$94	
FA10:C4	396	DFB	\$C4	;BRA
FA11:B4	397	DFB	\$B4	
FA12:08	398	DFB	\$08	
FA13:84	399	DFB	\$84	
FA14:74	400	DFB	\$74	
FA15:B4	401	DFB	\$B4	
FA16:28	402	DFB	\$28	
FA17:6E	403	DFB	\$6E	
FA18:74	404	DFB	\$74	
FA19:F4	405	DFB	\$F4	
FA1A:CC	406	DFB	\$CC	
FA1B:4A	407	DFB	\$4A	
FA1C:72	408	DFB	\$72	

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FA1D:F2      409      DFB  $F2
FA1E:A4      410      DFB  $A4
FA1F:8A      411      DFB  $8A      ; (A) FORMAT
FA20:06      412      DFB  $06      ; T5B
FA21:AA      413      DFB  $AA
FA22:A2      414      DFB  $A2
FA23:A2      415      DFB  $A2
FA24:74      416      DFB  $74
FA25:74      417      DFB  $74
FA26:74      418      DFB  $74
FA27:72      419      DFB  $72      ; (B) FORMAT
FA28:44      420      DFB  $44
FA29:68      421      DFB  $68
FA2A:B2      422      DFB  $B2
FA2B:32      423      DFB  $32
FA2C:B2      424      DFB  $B2
FA2D:72      425      DFB  $72
FA2E:22      426      DFB  $22
FA2F:72      427      DFB  $72      ; (C) FORMAT
FA30:1A      428      DFB  $1A
FA31:1A      429      DFB  $1A
FA32:26      430      DFB  $26
FA33:26      431      DFB  $26
FA34:72      432      DFB  $72
FA35:72      433      DFB  $72
FA36:88      434      DFB  $88
FA37:C8      435      DFB  $C8      ; (D) FORMAT
FA38:C4      436      DFB  $C4
FA39:CA      437      DFB  $CA
FA3A:26      438      DFB  $26
FA3B:48      439      DFB  $48
FA3C:44      440      DFB  $44
FA3D:44      441      DFB  $44
FA3E:A2      442      DFB  $A2
FA3F:C8      443      DFB  $C8      ; (E) FORMAT
FA40:        444      *
FA40:85 45    445  IRQ      STA  $45      ;+ Trash $45 for those who want it
FA42:A5 45    446          LDA  $45      ;+
FA44:4C 03 C8 447          JMP  NEWIRQ    ;+
FA47:        448      *
FA47:        449      *
FA47:        450      * NEWBRK is called by the interrupt handler which has
FA47:        451      * set the hardware to its default state and encoded
FA47:        452      * the state in the accumulator. Software that wants
FA47:        453      * to do break processing using full system resources
FA47:        454      * can restore the machine state from this value.
FA47:        455      *
FA47:85 44    456  NEWBRK   STA  MACSTAT    ;save state of machine
FA49:7A        457          PLY          ;restore registers for save
FA4A:FA        458          PLX
FA4B:68        459          PLA
FA4C:        460      *
FA4C:28        461  BREAK    PLP          ;Note: same as old BREAK routine!!
FA4D:20 4A FF  462          JSR  SAVE      ;save reg's on BRK
FA50:68        463          PLA          ;including PC
FA51:85 3A      464          STA  PCL
FA53:68        465          PLA
FA54:85 3B      466          STA  PCH

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FA56:6C F0 03      467          JMP      (BRKV)          ;call BRK HANDLER
FA59:              468 *
FA59:20 82 F8      469 OLDBRK   JSR      INSD51          ;PRINT USER PC
FASC:20 DA FA      470          JSR      RGDSP1          ; AND REGS
FA5F:4C 6S FF      471          JMP      MON            ;GO TO MONITOR (NO PASS GO, NO $200!)
FA62:              472 *
FA62:D8           473 RESET   CLD                      ;DO THIS FIRST THIS TIME
FA63:20 84 FE      474          JSR      SETNORM
FA66:20 2F FB      475          JSR      INIT
FA69:20 4D CE      476          JSR      ZZQUIT          ;+ Setvid & Setkbd
FA6C:20 1A C4      477          JSR      INITMOUSE        ;initialize the mouse
FA6F:20 04 CC      478          JSR      CLRPORT          ;clear port setup bytes
FA72:9C FF 04      479          STZ      ACIABUF          ;and the commahead buffer
FA75:AD SF C0      480          LDA      SETAN3          ; AN3 = TTL HI
FA78:20 BD FA      481          JSR      RESET.X          ; initialize other devices
FA7B:2C 10 C0      482          BIT      KBD5TRB          ; CLEAR KEYBOARD
FA7E:80 05 FA8S    483          BRA      BEEPSKIP        ;+ Bell already beeped
FA80:EA           484          NOP
FA81:D8           485 NEWMON  CLD
FA82:20 3A FF      486          JSR      BELL            ; CAUSES DELAY IF KEY BOUNCES
FA85:AD F3 03      487 BEEPSKIP LDA      SOFTEV+1          ;IS RESET HI
FA88:49 AS         488          EOR      #$A5            ;A FUNNY COMPLEMENT OF THE
FA8A:CD F4 03      489          CMP      PWREDUP          ; PWR UP BYTE ???
FA8D:D0 17 FAA6    490          BNE      PWRUP            ; NO SO PWRUP
FA8F:AD F2 03      491          LDA      SOFTEV          ; YES SEE IF COLD START
FA92:D0 0F FAA3    492          BNE      NOFIX            ; HAS BEEN DONE YET?
FA94:A9 E0         493          LDA      #$E0            ; DOES SEV POINT AT BASIC?
FA96:CD F3 03      494          CMP      SOFTEV+1
FA99:D0 08 FAA3    495          BNE      NOFIX            ; YES SO REENTER SYSTEM
FA9B:A0 03         496 FIXSEV  LDY      #3              ; NO SO POINT AT WARM START
FA9D:8C F2 03      497          STY      SOFTEV          ; FOR NEXT RESET
FAA0:4C 00 E0      498          JMP      BASIC            ; AND DO THE COLD START
FAA3:              499 *
FAA3:6C F2 03      S00 NOFIX  JMP      (SOFTEV)
FAA6:              S01 *
FAA6:20 CA FC      S02 PWRUP   JSR      COLDSTART        ;Trash memory, init ports
FAA9:              S03 SETPG3  EQU      *              ; SET PAGE 3 VECTORS
FAA9:A2 0S         S04          LDX      #S
FAAB:BD FC FA      S05 SETPLP  LDA      PWRCON-1,X      ; WITH CNTRL B ADRS
FAAE:9D EF 03      S06          STA      BRKV-1,X        ; OF CURRENT BASIC
FAB1:CA           S07          DEX
FAB2:D0 F7 FAAB    S08          BNE      SETPLP
FAB4:A9 C6         S09          LDA      #$C6            ; LOAD HI SLOT +1
FAB6:80 SA FB12    S10          BRA      PWRUP2          ;branch around mnemonics
FAB8:              S11 *
FAB8:              S12 * Extension to MNEML (left mnemonics)
FAB8:              S13 *
FAB8:8A           S14          DFB      $8A            ;PHY
FAB9:8B           S15          DFB      $8B            ;PLY
FABA:AS           S16          DFB      $AS            ;STZ
FABB:AC           S17          DFB      $AC            ;TRB
FABC:00           S18          DFB      $00            ;???
FABD:              S19 *
FABD:              S20 * This extension to the monitor reset routine ($FA62)
FABD:              S21 * checks for apple keys. If both are pressed, it goes
FABD:              S22 * into an exerciser mode. If the open apple key only is
FABD:              S23 * pressed, memory is selectively trashed and a cold start
FABD:              S24 * is done.

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FABD: 525 *
FABD:A9 FF 526 RESET.X LDA #$FF
FABF:8D FB 04 527 STA VMODE ;initialize mode
FAC2:20 3A FF 528 JSR BELL ;+ Need bell delay for 3.5" drive
FAC5:20 F8 C5 529 JSR PCNVR5T ;+ Reset protocol converter
FAC8:0E 62 C0 530 ASL BUTN1
FACB:2C 61 C0 531 BIT BUTN0
FACE:10 SE FB2E 532 BPL RTS2D
FAD0:90 D4 FAA6 533 BCC PWRUP ;open apple only, reboot
FAD2:4C C1 C7 534 JMP BANGER ;both apples, exercise 'er
FAD5:EA 535 NOP ;+ align code
FAD6:EA 536 NOP ;+
FAD7:20 8E FD 537 REGDSP JSR CROUT ;DISPLAY USER REG CONTENTS
FADA:A9 44 538 RGDSP1 LDA #$44 ;WITH LABELS
FADC:85 40 539 STA A3L ;Memory state now printed
FADE:A9 00 540 LDA #$00
FAE0:85 41 541 STA A3H
FAE2:A2 FA 542 LDX #$FA
FAE4:A9 A0 543 RDSP1 LDA #$A0
FAE6:20 ED FD 544 JSR COUT
FAE9:BD 9A CE 545 LDA RTBL-$FA,X
FAEC:20 ED FD 546 JSR COUT
FAEF:A9 BD 547 LDA #$BD
FAF1:20 ED FD 548 JSR COUT
FAF4:B5 4A 549 LDA ACC+5,X
FAF6:80 0A FB02 550 BRA RGDSP2 ;make room for mnemonics
FAF8: 551 *
FAF8: 552 * Right half of new mnemonics, indexed from MNEMR
FAF8: 553 *
FAF8:74 554 DFB $74 ;PHY
FAF9:74 555 DFB $74 ;PLY
FAFA:76 556 DFB $76 ;5TZ
FAFB:C6 557 DFB $C6 ;TRB
FAFC:00 558 DFB $00 ;???
FAFD: 559 *
FAFD:59 FA 560 PWRCON DW OLDBRK
FAFF:00 E0 45 561 DFB $00,$E0,$45
FB02: 562 *
FB02:20 DA FD 563 RGDSP2 JSR PRBYTE
FB05:E8 564 INX
FB06:30 DC FAE4 565 BMI RDSP1
FB08:60 566 RTS
FB09: 567 *
FB09:C1 F0 F0 EC 568 TITLE ASC 'Apple 1['
FB11:C4 569 DFB $C4 ;optional filler
FB12: 570 *
FB12:86 00 571 PWRUP2 STX LOC0 ; SETPG3 MUST RETURN X=0
FB14:85 01 572 STA LOC1 ; SET PTR H
FB16:20 60 FB 573 JSR APPLEII ;Display our banner...
FB19:6C 00 00 574 JMP (LOC0) ;JUMP $C600
FB1C:00 575 BRK
FB1D:00 576 BRK
FB1E: 577 *
FB1E:4C 00 C9 578 PREAD JMP MPADDLE ;read mouse paddle
FB21:A0 00 579 LDY #$00 ;INIT COUNT
FB23:EA 580 NOP ;COMPENSATE FOR 15T COUNT
FB24:EA 581 NOP
FB25:BD 64 C0 582 PREAD2 LDA PADDL0,X ;COUNT Y-REG EVERY 12 USEC.

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19 AUTOST1      Apple //c F8 monitor firmware      31-MAY-85      PAGE 74
FB28:10 04      FB2E 583      BPL   RTS2D
FB2A:C8          584      INY
FB2B:D0 F8      FB25 585      BNE   PREAD2      ;EXIT AT 255 MAX
FB2D:88          586      DEY
FB2E:60          587 RTS2D   RTS
FB2F:           49      INCLUDE AUTOST2

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FB2F:      2 *
FB2F:A9 00      3 INIT      LDA    #$00      ;CLR STATUS FOR DEBUG SOFTWARE
FB31:85 48      4          STA    STATUS
FB33:AD 56 C0    5          LDA    LORES
FB36:AD 54 C0    6          LDA    TXTPAGE1    ;INIT VIDEO MODE
FB39:AD 51 C0    7 SETTXT    LDA    TXTSET      ;SET FOR TEXT MODE
FB3C:A9 00      8          LDA    #$00      ;FULL SCREEN WINDOW
FB3E:F0 0B      9          BEQ    SETWND
FB40:AD 50 C0   10 SETGR    LDA    TXTCLR      ;SET FOR GRAPHICS MODE
FB43:AD 53 C0   11          LDA    MIXSET      ;LOWER 4 LINES AS TEXT WINDOW
FB46:20 36 F8   12          JSR    CLRTOP
FB49:A9 14      13          LDA    #$14
FB4B:85 22      14 SETWND    STA    WNDTOP      ;SET WINDOW
FB4D:EA        15          NOP
FB4E:EA        16          NOP
FB4F:20 0A CE   17          JSR    WNDREST      ;40/80 column width
FB52:80 05      18          BRA    VTAB23
FB54:      19 *
FB54:09 00      20 DOCTL    ORA    #$80      ;controls need high bit
FB56:4C 54 CD   21          JMP    CTLCHAR0    ;execute control char
FB59:      22 *
FB59:A9 17      23 VTAB23    LDA    #$17      ;VTAB TO ROW 23
FB5B:85 25      24 TABV     STA    CV        ;VTABS TO ROW IN A-REG
FB5D:4C 22 FC   25          JMP    VTAB      ;don't set OURCV!!
FB60:      26 *
FB60:20 58 FC   27 APPLEII  JSR    HOME      ;CLEAR THE SCRIN
FB63:A0 09      28          LDY    #9
FB65:B9 BA CS   29 STITLE    LDA    APPLE2C-1,Y ;GET A CHAR
FB68:99 0D 04   30          STA    LINE1+13,Y ;PUT IT AT TOP CENTER OF SCREEN
FB6B:88        31          DEY
FB6C:D0 F7      32          BNE    STITLE
FB6E:60        33          RTS
FB6F:      34 *
FB6F:AD F3 03   35 SETPWRC  LDA    SOFTEV+1    ;ROUTINE TO CALCULATE THE 'FUNNY
FB72:49 A5      36          EOR    #$A5      ;COMPLEMENT' FOR THE RESET VECTOR
FB74:8D F4 03   37          STA    PWREDUP
FB77:60        38          RTS
FB78:      39 *
FB78:      40 VIDWAIT    EQU    *
FB78:C9 8D      41          CMP    #$8D      ;CHECK FOR A PAUSE (CONTROL-S).
FB7A:D0 18      42          BNE    NOWAIT      ;ONLY WHEN I HAVE A CR
FB7C:AC 00 C0   43          LDY    KBD        ;NOT 50, DO REGULAR
FB7F:10 13      44          BPL    NOWAIT      ;IS KEY PRESSED?
FB81:C0 93      45          CPY    #$93      ;NO.
FB83:D0 0F      46          BNE    NOWAIT      ;YES -- IS IT CTRL-S?
FB85:2C 10 C0   47          BIT    KBDSTRB    ;NOPE - IGNORE
FB88:AC 00 C0   48 KBDWAIT  LDY    KBD        ;CLEAR STROBE
FB8B:10 FB      49          BPL    KBDWAIT    ;WAIT TILL NEXT KEY TO RESUME
FB8D:C0 83      50          CPY    #$83      ;WAIT FOR KEYPRESS
FB8F:F0 03      51          BEQ    NOWAIT      ;IS IT CONTROL-C?
FB91:2C 10 C0   52          BIT    KBDSTRB    ;YES, SO LEAVE IT
FB94:2C 7B 06   53 NOWAIT    BIT    VFACTV      ;CLR STROBE
FB97:30 64      54          BMI    VIDOUT      ;is video firmware active?
FB99:89 60      55          BIT    #$60      ;=>no, do normal 40 column
FB9B:F0 B7      56          BEQ    DOCTL      ;is it a control?
FB9D:20 B8 C3   57          JSR    STORCH      ;=>yes, do it
FBA0:EE 7B 05   58 NEWADV    INC    OURCH      ;print w/inverse mask
FBA3:AD 7B 05   59          LDA    OURCH      ;advance cursor
;and update others

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`BA6:2C 1F C0      60      BIT   RD80VID      ;but only if not 80 columns
FBA9:30 0S FBB0    61      BMI   NEWADV1      ;=>80 columns, leav'em
FBAB:8D 7B 04      62      STA   OLDCH
FBAE:8S 24         63      STA   CH
FBB0:80 46 FBF8    64 NEWADV1  BRA   ADV2      ;check for CR
FBB2:             65 *
FBB2:EA           66      NOP
FBB3:             67 *
FBB3:06           68 F8VERSION DFB   GOODF8      ;//e, chels ID byte
FBB4:             69 *
FBB4:10 06 FBBC    70 DDCOUT1  BPL   DCX      ;=>video firmware active, no mask
FBB6:C9 A0         71      CMP   #$A0      ;is it control char?
FBB8:90 02 FBBC    72      BCC   DCX      ;=>yes, no mask
FBBA:2S 32         73      AND   INVFLG     ;else apply inverse mask
FBBC:4C F6 FD      74 DCX      JMP   COUTZ     ;and print character
FBBF:00           75      BRK
FBC0:             76 *
FBC0:00           77      DFB   $00      ;chels ID byte
FBC1:             78 *
FBC1:48           79 BASCALC   PHA          ;CALC BASE ADDR IN BASL,H
FBC2:4A           80      LSR   A          ;FOR GIVEN LINE NO.
FBC3:29 03        81      AND   #$03      ; 0<=LINE NO.<=$17
FBC5:09 04        82      ORA   #$04      ;ARG=000ABCDE, GENERATE
FBC7:8S 29        83      STA   BASH      ; BASH=000001CD
FBC9:68           84      PLA
FBCA:29 18        85      AND   #$18      ; AND
FBCB:90 02 FBD0    86      BCC   BASCLC2    ; BASL=EABAB000
FBCE:69 7F        87      ADC   #$7F
FBD0:8S 28        88 BASCLC2  STA   BASL
FBD2:0A           89      ASL   A
FBD3:0A           90      ASL   A
FBD4:0S 28        91      ORA   BASL
FBD6:8S 28        92      STA   BASL
FBD8:60           93      RTS
FBD9:             94 *
FBD9:C9 87        95 CHKBELL  CMP   #$87      ;BELL CHAR? (CONTROL-G)
FBD8:D0 12 FBEF    96      BNE   RT52B      ; NO, RETURN.
FBD9:A9 40        97 BELL1    LDA   #$40      ; YES...
FBD9:20 A8 FC      98      JSR   WAIT      ;DELAY .01 SECONDS
FBE2:A0 C0        99      LDY   #$C0
FBE4:A9 0C        100 BELL2   LDA   #$0C      ;TOGGLE SPEAKER AT 1 KHZ
FBE6:20 A8 FC     101      JSR   WAIT      ; FOR .1 SEC.
FBE9:AD 30 C0     102      LDA   SPKR
FBEC:88          103      DEY
FBED:D0 FS FBE4   104      BNE   BELL2
FBEF:60          105 RT52B    RTS
FBF0:             106 *
FBF0:A4 24        107 STORADV  LDY   CH          ;get 40 column position
FBF2:91 28        108      STA   (BASL),Y    ;and store
FBF4:E6 24        109 ADVANCE  INC   CH          ;increment cursor
FBF6:A5 24        110      LDA   CH
FBF8:C5 21        111 ADV2     CMP   WNDWDTH   ;BEYOND WINDOW WIDTH?
FBFA:B0 66 FC62   112      BCS   CR          ; YES, CR TO NEXT LINE.
FBFC:60          113 RT53     RTS          ; NO, RETURN.
FBFD:             114 *
FBFD:C9 A0        115 VIDOUT   CMP   #$A0      ;CONTROL CHAR?
FBFF:B0 EF FBF0   116      BCS   STORADV     ; NO, OUTPUT IT.
FC01:A8          117 TAY      ;INVERSE VIDEO?

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FC02:10 EC FBF0 118 BPL STORADV ; YES, OUTPUT IT.
FC04:C9 8D 119 VIDOOUT1 CMP #8D ;CR?
FC06:F0 6B FC73 120 BEQ NEWCR ;Yes, use new routine
FC08:C9 8A 121 CMP #8A ;LINE FEED?
FC0A:F0 5A FC66 122 BEQ LF ; IF SO, DO IT.
FC0C:C9 88 123 CMP #88 ;BACK SPACE? (CONTROL-H)
FC0E:D0 C9 FBD9 124 BNE CHKBELL ; NO, CHECK FOR BELL.
FC10:20 E2 FE 125 BS JSR DECCH ;decrement all cursor H indices
FC13:10 E7 FBFC 126 BPL RTS3 ;IF POSITIVE, OK; ELSE MOVE UP.
FC15:AS 21 127 LDA WNDWDTH ;get window width,
FC17:20 EB FE 128 JSR WDTCH ;and set CH's to WNDWDTH-1
FC1A:AS 22 129 UP LDA WNDTOP ;CURSOR V INDEX
FC1C:C5 25 130 CMP CV
FC1E:B0 DC FBFC 131 BCS RTS3 ;top line, exit
FC20:C6 25 132 DEC CV ;not top, go up one
FC22: 133 *
FC22:80 62 FC86 134 VTAB BRA NEWVTAB ;go update OURCV
FC24:20 C1 FB 135 VTABZ JSR BASCALC ;calculate the base address
FC27:AS 20 136 LDA WNDLFT ;get the left window edge
FC29:2C 1F C0 137 BIT RD80VID ;80 columns?
FC2C:10 02 FC30 138 BPL VTAB40 ;=>no, left edge ok
FC2E:4A 139 LSR A ;divide width by 2
FC2F:18 140 CLC ;prepare to add
FC30:65 28 141 VTAB40 ADC BASL ;add width to base
FC32:85 28 142 STA BASL
FC34:60 143 RTS4 RTS
FC35: 144 *
FC35: 145 * NEWOPS translates the opcode in the Y register
FC35: 146 * to a mnemonic table index and returns with Z=1.
FC35: 147 * If Y is not a new opcode, Z=0.
FC35: 148 *
FC35:98 149 NEWOPS TYA ;get the opcode
FC36:A2 16 150 LDX #NUMOPS ;check through new opcodes
FC38:DD FE FE 151 NEWOP1 CMP OPTBL,X ;does it match?
FC3B:F0 43 FC80 152 BEQ GETINDX ;=>yes, get new index
FC3D:CA 153 DEX
FC3E:10 F8 FC38 154 BPL NEWOP1 ;else check next one
FC40:60 155 RTS ;not found, exit with BNE
FC41: 156 *
FC41:00 157 BRK
FC42: 158 *
FC42:80 19 FC5D 159 CLREOP BRA CLREOP1 ;ESC F IS CLR TO END OF PAGE
FC44:AS 2S 160 CLREOP2 LDA CV
FC46:48 161 CLEOP1 PHA ;SAVE CURRENT LINE NO. ON STACK
FC47:20 24 FC 162 JSR VTABZ ;CALC BASE ADDRESS
FC4A:20 9E FC 163 JSR CLEOLZ ;CLEAR TO EOL. (SETS CARRY)
FC4D:A0 00 164 LDY #000 ;CLEAR FROM H INDEX=0 FOR REST
FC4F:68 165 PLA ;INCREMENT CURRENT LINE NO.
FC50:1A 166 INC A
FC51:C5 23 167 CMP WNDBTM ;DONE TO BOTTOM OF WINDOW?
FC53:90 F1 FC46 168 BCC CLEOP1 ; NO, KEEP CLEARING LINES.
FC55:B0 CB FC22 169 BCS VTAB ; YES, TAB TO CURRENT LINE
FC57:00 170 BRK
FC58: 171 *
FC58:20 AS CD 172 HOME JSR HOMECUR ;move cursor home
FC5B:80 E7 FC44 173 BRA CLREOP2 ;then clear to end of page
FC5D: 174 *
FC5D:20 9D CC 175 CLREOP1 JSR GETCUR ;load Y with proper CH

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FC60:80 E2 FC44 176 BRA CLREOP2 ;before clearing page
FC62: 177 *
FC62:80 0F FC73 178 CR BRA NEWCR ;only LF if not Pascal
FC64:00 179 *
FC65:00 180 BRK
FC66: 181 *
FC66:E6 25 182 LF INC CV ;INCR CURSOR V. (DOWN 1 LINE)
FC68:A5 25 183 LDA CV
FC6A:CS 23 184 CMP WNDBTM ;OFF SCREEN?
FC6C:90 1A FC88 185 BCC NEWVTABZ ;set base+WNDLFT
FC6E:C6 25 186 DEC CV ;DECR CURSOR V. (BACK TO BOTTOM)
FC70: 187 *
FC70:4C 35 CB 188 SCROLL JMP SCROLLUP ;scroll the screen
FC73: 189 *
FC73:20 E9 FE 190 NEWCR JSR CLRCH ;set CH's to 0
FC76:2C FB 04 191 BIT VMODE ;is it Pascal?
FC79:10 0A FC85 192 BPL CRRTS ;pascal, no LF
FC7B:20 44 FD 193 JSR NOESCAPE ;else clear escape mode
FC7E:80 E6 FC66 194 BRA LF ;then do LF
FC80: 195 *
FC80:BD 15 FF 196 GETINDX LDA INDX,X ;lookup index for mnemonic
FC83:A0 00 197 LDY #0 ;exit with BEQ
FC85:60 198 CRRTS RTS
FC86: 199 *
FC86:A5 25 200 NEWVTAB LDA CV ;update //e CV
FC88:8D FB 05 201 NEWVTABZ STA GURCV
FC8B:80 97 FC24 202 BRA VTABZ ;and calc base+WNDLFT
FC8D: 203 *
FC8D:20 9D CC 204 NEWCLREOL JSR GETCUR ;get current cursor
FC90:A9 A0 205 NEWCLEOLZ LDA #A0 ;get a blank
FC92:2C 7B 06 206 BIT VFACTV ;if video firmware active,
FC95:30 02 FC99 207 BMI NEWC1 ;=>don't use inverse mask
FC97:25 32 208 AND INVFLG
FC99:4C C2 CB 209 NEWC1 JMP DOCLR ;go do clear
FC9C: 210 *
FC9C:80 EF FC8D 211 CLREOL BRA NEWCLREOL ;get cursor and clear
FC9E:80 F0 FC90 212 CLEOLZ BRA NEWCLEOLZ ;clear from Y
FCA0: 213 *
FCA0:A0 00 214 CLRLIN LDY #0 ;clear entire line
FCA2:80 EC FC90 215 BRA NEWCLEOLZ
FCA4: 216 *
FCA4:7C 2A CD 217 CTLD0 JMP (CTLADR,X) ;jump to proper routine
FCA7: 218 *
FCA7:EA 219 NOP
FCA8: 220 *
FCA8:38 221 WAIT SEC
FCA9:48 222 WAIT2 PHA
FCAA:E9 01 223 WAIT3 SBC #01
FCAC:D0 FC FCAA 224 BNE WAIT3 ;1.0204 USEC
FCAE:68 225 PLA ;(13+2712*A+512*A*A)
FCAF:E9 01 226 SBC #01
FCB1:D0 F6 FCA9 227 BNE WAIT2
FCB3:60 228 RT56 RTS
FCB4: 229 *
FCB4:E6 42 230 NXTA4 INC A4L ;INCR 2-BYTE A4
FCB6:D0 02 FCBA 231 BNE NXTA1 ; AND A1
FCB8:E6 43 232 INC A4H
FCBA:AS 3C 233 NXTA1 LDA A1L ;INCR 2-BYTE A1.

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20 AUTOST2	Apple //c F8 monitor firmware	31-MAY-85	PAGE 79
FCBC:C5 3E	234	CMP A2L	; AND COMPARE TO A2
FCBE:A5 3D	235	LDA A1H	; (CARRY SET IF >=)
FCC0:E5 3F	236	SBC A2H	
FCC2:E6 3C	237	INC A1L	
FCC4:D0 02 FCC8	238	BNE RT54B	
FCC6:E6 3D	239	INC A1H	
FCC8:60	240	RTS	
FCC9:	241	*	
FCC9:60	242	HEADR RTS	;don't do it
FCCA:	243	*	
FCCA:A0 B0	244	COLDSTART LDY #\$B0	;let it precess down
FCCC:64 3C	245	STZ A1L	
FCCF:A2 BF	246	LDX #\$BF	;start from BFFF down
FCD0:86 3D	247	BLAST STX A1H	
FCD2:A9 A0	248	LDA #\$A0	;store blanks
FCD4:91 3C	249	STA (A1L),Y	
FCD6:88	250	DEY	
FCD7:91 3C	251	STA (A1L),Y	
FCD9:CA	252	DEX	;back down to next page
FCD A:E0 01	253	CPX #1	;stay away from stack
FCD C:D0 F2 FCD0	254	BNE BLAST	;fall into COMINIT
FCDE:	255	*	
FCDE:8D 01 C0	256	STA SET80COL	;init ALT screen holes
FCE1:AD 55 C0	257	LDA TXTPAGE2	;for serial and comm ports
FCE4:A2 88	258	LDX #\$88	;C = 1 from CPX #1
FCE6:BD 8B CF	259	COM1 LDA COMTBL-1,X	;XFER from rom
FCE9:90 0A FCF5	260	BCC COM2	;branch if defaults ok
FCEB:DD 77 04	261	CMP \$477,X	;test for prior setup
FCEE:18	262	CLC	;branch if not valid
FCEF:D0 04 FCF5	263	BNE COM2	;If \$4F8 & \$4FF = TBL values
FCF1:E0 82	264	CPX #\$82	
FCF3:90 06 FCFB	265	BCC COM3	
FCF5:9D 77 04	266	COM2 STA \$477,X	
FCF8:CA	267	DEX	;move all 8...
FCF9:D0 EB FCE6	268	BNE COM1	
FCFB:AD 54 C0	269	COM3 LDA TXTPAGE1	;restore switches
FCFE:8D 00 C0	270	STA CLR80COL	;to default states
FD01:60	271	RTS	
FD02:EA	272	NOP	
FD03:EA	273	NOP	;+
FD04:EA	274	NOP	
FD05:EA	275	NOP	
FD06:EA	276	NOP	
FD07:EA	277	NOP	
FD08:EA	278	NOP	
FD09:EA	279	NOP	
FD0A:EA	280	NOP	
FD0B:EA	281	NOP	
FD0C:	282	*	
FD0C:A4 24	283	RDKEY LDY CH	;get char at current position
FD0E:B1 28	284	LDA (BA5L),Y	;for those who restore it
FD10:EA	285	NOP	;if a program controls input
FD11:EA	286	NOP	;hooks, no cursor may be displayed
FD12:EA	287	NOP	
FD13:EA	288	NOP	
FD14:EA	289	NOP	
FD15:EA	290	NOP	
FD16:EA	291	NOP	

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FD17:EA      292      NOP
FD18:      293 *
FD18:6C 38 00 294 KEYIN0  JMP  (KSWL)      ;GO TO USER KEY-IN
FD1B:      295 *
FD1B:91 28      296 KEYIN  STA  (BASL),Y    ;erase false images
FD1D:20 4C CC      297      JSR  SHOWCUR    ;display true cursor
FD20:20 70 CC      298 DONXTCUR JSR  UPDATE    ;look for key, blink II cursor
FD23:10 FB FD20 299      BPL  DONXTCUR    ;loop until keypress
FD2S:48      300 GOTKEY  PHA              ;save character
FD26:A9 08      301      LDA  #M.CTL      ;were escapes enabled?
FD28:2C FB 04      302      BIT  VMODE
FD2B:D0 1D FD4A 303      BNE  NOESC2
FD2D:68      304      PLA
FD2E:C9 9B      305      CMP  #ESC
FD30:D0 06 FD38 306      BNE  LOOKPICK    ;escape?
FD32:4C CC CC      307      JMP  NEWESC     ;=>no escape
FD3S:      308 *                      ;=>go do escape sequence
FD3S:4C ED CC      309 RDCHAR  JMP  ESCRDKEY  ;do RDKEY with escapes
FD38:      310 *
FD38:2C 7B 06      311 LOOKPICK BIT  VFACTV    ;only process f.arrow
FD3B:30 07 FD44 312      BMI  NOESCAPE    ;if video firmware is active
FD3D:C9 9S      313      CMP  #PICK      ;was it PICK? (->,CTL-U)
FD3F:D0 03 FD44 314      BNE  NOESCAPE    ;no, just return
FD41:20 1D CC      315      JSR  PICKY     ;yes, pick the character
FD44:      316 *
FD44:      317 * NOESCAPE is used by GETCOUT too.
FD44:      318 *
FD44:48      319 NOESCAPE PHA              ;save it
FD4S:A9 08      320 NOESC1  LDA  #M.CTL      ;disable escape sequences
FD47:0C FB 04      321      TSB  VMODE      ;and enable controls
FD4A:68      322 NOESC2  PLA              ;by setting M.CTL
FD4B:60      323      RTS
FD4C:      324 *
FD4C:EA      325      NOP
FD4D:      326 *
FD4D:20 A6 C3      327 NOTCR  JSR  GETCOUT    ;disable controls and print
FDS0:C9 88      328      CMP  #88          ;CHECK FOR EDIT KEYS
FDS2:F0 1D FD71 329      BEQ  BCKSPC      ; - BACKSPACE
FDS4:C9 98      330      CMP  #98
FDS6:F0 0A FD62 331      BEQ  CANCEL      ; - CONTROL-X
FDS8:E0 F8      332      CPX  #F8
FDSA:90 03 FDSF 333      BCC  NOTCR1      ;MARGIN?
FDS0:20 3A FF      334      JSR  BELL      ; YES, SOUND BELL
FDSF:E8      335 NOTCR1  INX              ;ADVANCE INPUT INDEX
FD60:D0 13 FD7S 336      BNE  NXTCHAR
FD62:A9 DC      337 CANCEL  LDA  #SDC        ;BACKSLASH AFTER CANCELLED LINE
FD64:20 A6 C3      338      JSR  GETCOUT
FD67:20 8E FD      339 GETLNZ  JSR  CROUT      ;OUTPUT 'CR'
FD6A:AS 33      340 GETLN  LDA  PROMPT      ;OUTPUT PROMPT CHAR
FD6C:20 ED FD      341      JSR  COUT
FD6F:A2 01      342 GETLN1  LDX  #01          ;INIT INPUT INDEX
FD71:8A      343 BCKSPC  TXA
FD72:F0 F3 FD67 344      BEQ  GETLNZ      ;WILL BACKSPACE TO 0
FD74:CA      345      DEX
FD7S:20 ED CC      346 NXTCHAR  JSR  ESCRDKEY  ;do new RDCHAR (allow escapes)
FD78:C9 9S      347      CMP  #PICK      ;USE SCREEN CHAR
FD7A:D0 08 FD84 348      BNE  ADDINP      ; FOR CONTROL-U
FD7C:20 1D CC      349      JSR  PICKY     ;lift char from screen

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FD7F:EA      350      NOP
FD80:EA      351      NOP
FD81:EA      352      NOP
FD82:EA      353      NOP
FD83:EA      354      NOP
FD84:9D 00 02  355 ADDINP STA IN,X
FD87:C9 8D      356      CMP    #$8D      ;ADD TO INPUT BUFFER
FD89:D0 C2 FD4D 357      BNE    NOTCR
FD8B:20 9C FC    358 CROUT1 JSR CLREOL      ;CLR TO EOL IF CR
FD8E:A9 8D      359 CROUT  LDA    #$8D
FD90:D0 SB FDED 360      BNE    COUT      ;(ALWAYS)
FD92:         361 *
FD92:A4 3D      362 PRA1    LDY    A1H      ;PRINT CR,A1 IN HEX
FD94:A6 3C      363      LDX    A1L
FD96:20 8E FD    364 PRYX2  JSR    CROUT
FD99:20 40 F9    365      JSR    PRNTYX
FD9C:A0 00      366      LDY    #$00
FD9E:A9 AD      367      LDA    #$AD      ;PRINT '-'
FDA0:4C ED FD    368      JMP    COUT
FDA3:         369 *
FDA3:A5 3C      370 XAM8    LDA    A1L
FDA5:09 07      371      ORA    #$07      ;SET TO FINISH AT
FDA7:8S 3E      372      STA    A2L      ; MOD 8=7
FDA9:A5 3D      373      LDA    A1H
FDAB:8S 3F      374      STA    A2H
FDAD:AS 3C      375 MOD8CHK LDA    A1L
FDAF:29 07      376      AND    #$07
FDB1:D0 03 FDB6 377      BNE    DATAOUT
FDB3:20 92 FD    378 XAM     JSR    PRA1
FDB6:A9 A0      379 DATAOUT LDA    #$A0
FDB8:20 ED FD    380      JSR    COUT      ;OUTPUT BLANK
FDBB:B1 3C      381      LDA    (A1L),Y
FDBD:20 DA FD    382      JSR    PRBYTE      ;OUTPUT BYTE IN HEX
FDC0:20 BA FC    383      JSR    NXTA1
FDC3:90 E8 FDAD 384      BCC    MOD8CHK
FDC5:60         385 RTS4C    RTS
FDC6:         386 *
FDC6:4A         387 XAMPM    LSR    A      ;DETERMINE IF MONITOR MODE IS
FDC7:90 EA FDB3 388      BCC    XAM      ; EXAMINE, ADD OR SUBTRACT
FDC9:4A         389      LSR    A
FDCA:4A         390      LSR    A
FDCB:A5 3E      391      LDA    A2L
FDCD:90 02 FDD1 392      BCC    ADD
FDCF:49 FF      393      EOR    #$FF
FDD1:6S 3C      394 ADD     ADC    A1L      ;FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT FOR SUBTRACT.
FDD3:48         395      PHA
FDD4:A9 BD      396      LDA    #$BD      ;PRINT '-', THEN RESULT
FDD6:20 ED FD    397      JSR    COUT
FDD9:68         398      PLA
FDDA:         399 *
FDDA:48         400 PRBYTE  PHA      ;PRINT BYTE AS 2 HEX DIGITS
Fddb:4A         401      LSR    A      ; (DESTROYS A-REG)
FDDC:4A         402      LSR    A
FDDD:4A         403      LSR    A
FDDE:4A         404      LSR    A
FDDF:20 ES FD    405      JSR    PRHEXZ
FDE2:68         406      PLA
FDE3:         407 *

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FDE3:29 0F      408 PRHEX      AND    #$0F      ;PRINT HEX DIGIT IN A-REG
FDE5:09 B0      409 PRHEXZ     ORA     #$B0      ;LSBITS ONLY.
FDE7:C9 BA      410          CMP     #$BA
FDE9:90 02      411          BCC     COUT
FDEB:69 06      412          ADC     #$06
FDED:          413 *
FDED:6C 36 00   414 COUT      JMP     (C5WL)      ;VECTOR TO USER OUTPUT ROUTINE
FDF0:          415 *
FDF0:2C 7B 06   416 COUT1     BIT     VFACTV      ;video firmware active?
FDF3:4C B4 FB   417          JMP     DDCOUT1     ;mask II mode characters
FDF6:84 35      418 COUTZ     STY     YSAV1      ;SAVE Y-REG
FDF8:48         419          PHA
FDF9:20 78 FB   420          JSR     VIDWAIT     ;SAVE A -REG
FDFC:68         421          PLA      ;OUTPUT CHR AND CHECK FOR CTRL-5
FDFD:A4 35      422          LDY     YSAV1      ;RESTORE A-REG
FDFE:60         423          RTS      ;AND Y-REG
FE00:          424 *
FE00:C6 34      425 BL 1      DEC     YSAV      ;RETURN TO SENDER...
FE02:F0 9F      426          BEQ     XAM8
FE04:          427 *
FE04:CA         428 BLANK     DEX
FE05:D0 16      429          BNE     SETMDZ      ;BLANK TO MON
FE07:C9 BA      430          CMP     #$BA      ;AFTER BLANK
FE09:D0 BB      431          BNE     XAMPM      ;DATA STORE MODE?
FE0B:          432 *
FE0B:85 31      433 STOR      STA     MODE      ; NO; XAM, ADD, OR SUBTRACT.
FE0D:A5 3E      434          LDA     A2L      ;KEEP IN STORE MODE
FE0F:91 40      435          STA     (A3L),Y    ;STORE AS LOW BYTE AT (A3)
FE11:E6 40      436          INC     A3L
FE13:D0 02      437          BNE     RTSS      ;INCR A3, RETURN.
FE15:E6 41      438          INC     A3H
FE17:60         439 RTSS      RTS
FE18:          440 *
FE18:A4 34      441 SETMODE   LDY     YSAV      ;SAVE CONVERTED ':', '+',
FE1A:B9 FF 01   442          LDA     IN-1,Y      ; '- ', '. ' AS MODE
FE1D:85 31      443 SETMDZ   STA     MODE
FE1F:60         444          RTS
FE20:          445 *
FE20:A2 01      446 LT       LDX     #$01
FE22:BS 3E      447 LT2      LDA     A2L,X      ;COPY A2 (2 BYTES) TO
FE24:95 42      448          STA     A4L,X      ; A4 AND A5
FE26:95 44      449          STA     A5L,X
FE28:CA         450          DEX
FE29:10 F7      451          BPL     LT2
FE2B:60         452          RTS
FE2C:          453 *
FE2C:B1 3C      454 MOVE      LDA     (A1L),Y    ;MOVE (A1) THRU (A2) TO (A4)
FE2E:91 42      455          STA     (A4L),Y
FE30:20 B4 FC   456          JSR     NXTA4
FE33:90 F7      457          BCC     MOVE
FE35:60         458          RTS
FE36:          459 *
FE36:B1 3C      460 VERIFY   LDA     (A1L),Y    ;VERIFY (A1) THRU (A2)
FE38:D1 42      461          CMP     (A4L),Y      ; WITH (A4)
FE3A:F0 1C      462          BEQ     VFYOK
FE3C:20 92 FD   463          JSR     PRA1
FE3F:B1 3C      464          LDA     (A1L),Y
FE41:20 DA FD   465          JSR     PRBYTE

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FE44:A9 A0      466      LDA    #A0
FE46:20 ED FD   467      JSR    COUT
FE49:A9 A8      468      LDA    #A8
FE4B:20 ED FD   469      JSR    COUT
FE4E:B1 42      470      LDA    (A4L),Y
FE50:20 DA FD   471      JSR    PRBYTE
FE53:A9 A9      472      LDA    #A9
FE55:20 ED FD   473      JSR    COUT
FE58:20 B4 FC   474 VFYOK   JSR    NXTA4
FE5B:90 D9      475      BCC    VERIFY
FE5D:60         476      RTS
FE5E:         477      *
FE5E:20 7S FE   478 LIST    JSR    A1PC      ;MOVE A1 (2 BYTES) TO
FE61:A9 14      479      LDA    #14      ; PC IF SPEC'D AND
FE63:48         480 LIST2   PHA          ;+DISASSEMBLE 20 INSTRUCTIONS.
FE64:20 C4 CS   481      JSR    SHOWINST ;+Display a line
FE67:60         482      PLA
FE68:3A         483      DEC    A          ;+Count down
FE69:D0 F8      484      BNE    LIST2
FE6B:60         485      RTS
FE6C:         486      *
FE6C:4C 86 C9   487 MINI    JMP    GETINST1 ;+Go to the mini assembler
FE6F:C6 34      488 TRACE   DEC    YSAV    ;+Stay on T for trace
FE71:4C 43 CA   489 STEPZ   JMP    STEP   ;+Off to the step routine
FE74:         490      ds    $FE7S-*,0 ;+Extra bytes
FE7S:         491      *
FE7S:8A         492 A1PC     TXA          ;IF USER SPECIFIED AN ADDRESS,
FE76:F0 07      493      BEQ    A1PCRTS ; COPY IT FROM A1 TO PC.
FE78:B5 3C      494 A1PCLP  LDA    A1L,X   ;YEP, SO COPY IT.
FE7A:95 3A      495      STA    PCL,X
FE7C:CA         496      DEX
FE7D:10 F9      497      BPL    A1PCLP
FE7F:60         498 A1PCRTS RTS
FE80:         499      *
FE80:A0 3F      500 SETINV  LDY    #3F      ;SET FOR INVERSE VID
FE82:D0 02      501      BNE    SETIFLG  ; VIA COUT1
FE84:A0 FF      502 SETNORM LDY    #FF      ;SET FOR NORMAL VID
FE86:84 32      503 SETIFLG STY    INVFLG
FE88:60         504      RTS
FE89:         505      *
FE89:A9 00      506 SETKBD  LDA    #00      ;DO 'IN#0'
FE8B:85 3E      507 INPORT  STA    A2L    ;DO 'IN#AREG'
FE8D:A2 38      508 INPRT   LDX    #KSWL
FE8F:A0 1B      509      LDY    #KEYIN
FE91:D0 08      510      BNE    IOPRT
FE93:         511      *
FE93:A9 00      512 SETVID  LDA    #00      ;DO 'PR#0'
FE95:85 3E      513 OUTPORT STA    A2L    ;DO 'PR#AREG'
FE97:A2 36      514 OUTPRT  LDX    #CSWL
FE99:A0 F0      515      LDY    #COUT1
FE9B:AS 3E      516 IOPRT   LDA    A2L
FE9D:29 0F      517      AND    #0F
FE9F:D0 06      518      BNE    NOTPRT0 ;not slot 0
FEA1:C0 1B      519      CPY    #KEYIN   ;Continue if KEYIN
FEA3:F0 39      520      BEQ    IOPRT1
FEA5:80 1B      521      BRA    OPRT0
FEA7:09 C0      522 NOTPRT0 ORA    #<IOADR
FEA9:A0 00      523      LDY    #00

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FEAB:94 00      524 IOPRT2   STY   LOC0,X
FEAD:95 01      525         STA   LOC1,X
FEAF:60         526         RTS
FEB0:          527 *
FEB0:4C 00 E0   528 XBASIC   JMP   BASIC      ;TO BASIC, COLD START
FEB3:          529 *
FEB3:4C 03 E0   530 BASCONT   JMP   BASIC2     ;TO BASIC, WARM START
FEB6:          531 *
FEB6:20 75 FE   532 GO       JSR   A1PC       ;ADDR TO PC IF SPECIFIED
FEB9:20 3F FF   533         JSR   RESTORE    ;RESTORE FAKE REGISTERS
FEBC:6C 3A 00   534         JMP   (PCL)     ; AND GO!
FEBF:          535 *
FEBF:4C D7 FA   536 REGZ     JMP   REGD5P     ;GO DISPLAY REGISTERS
FEC2:          537 *
FEC2:3A         538 OPRT0    DEC   A           ;Need $FF
FEC3:8D FB 07   539         STA   CURSOR     ;set checkerboard cursor
FEC6:A9 F7      540         LDA   #$FF-M.CTL ;reset mode
FEC8:80 04 FECE 541         BRA   DOPR0
FECA:          542 *
FECA:4C F8 03   543 USR      JMP   USRADR      ;JUMP TO CONTROL-Y VECTOR IN RAM
FECD:          544 *
FECD:60         545 WRITE    RTS           ;Tape write not needed
FECE:          546 *
FECE:8D 7B 06   547 DOPR0    STA   VFACTV     ;say video firmware inactive
FED1:8D 0E C0   548         STA   CLRALTCHAR ;switch in normal char set
FED4:0C FB 04   549         TSB   VMODE      ;don't change M.CTL
FED7:DA         550         PHX           ;save X and Y
FED8:5A         551         PHY           ;for rest of PR#0
FED9:20 CD CD   552         JSR   CHK80      ;convert to 40 if needed
FEDC:7A         553         PLY
FEDD:FA         554         PLX
FEDE:A9 FD      555 IOPRT1   LDA   #<OUT1    ;set I/O page
FEE0:80 C9 FEAB 556         BRA   IOPRT2    ;=>go set output hook
FEE2:          557 *
FEE2:          558 * DECCH decrements the current cursor
FEE2:          559 * CLRCH sets all cursors to 0
FEE2:          560 * SETCUR sets cursors to value in Acc.
FEE2:          561 * See explanatory note with GETCUR
FEE2:          562 *
FEE2:5A         563 DECCH    PHY           ;(from $FC10)
FEE3:20 9D CC   564         JSR   GETCUR     ;get current CH
FEE6:88         565         DEY           ;decrement it
FEE7:80 05 FEEE 566         BRA   SETCUR1    ;go update cursors
FEE9:          567 *
FEE9:A9 01      568 CLRCH    LDA   #1          ;set all cursors to 0
FEEB:3A         569 WDTCH    DEC   A           ;dec window width (from $FC17)
FEED:5A         570 SETCUR    PHY           ;save Y
FEED:A8         571         TAY           ;need value in Y
FEEE:20 AD CC   572 SETCUR1   JSR   GETCUR2    ;save new CH
FEF1:7A         573         PLY           ;restore Y
FEF2:AD 7B 05   574         LDA   OURCH     ;and get new CH into acc
FEF5:60         575         RTS           ;(Need LDA to set flags)
FEF6:          576 *
FEF6:20 00 FE   577 CRMON    JSR   BL1        ;HANDLE CR AS BLANK
FEF9:68         578         PLA           ; THEN POP STACK
FEFA:68         579         PLA           ; AND RETURN TO MON
FEFB:D0 6C FF69 580         BNE   MONZ      ;(ALWAYS)
FEFD:          581 *

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FEFD:60 582 READ      RTS                      ;Tape read not needed
FEFE:    583 *
FEFE:    584 * OPTBL is a table containing the new opcodes that
FEFE:    585 * wouldn't fit into the existing lookup table.
FEFE:    586 *
FEFE:12 587 OPTBL    DFB    $12              ;ORA (ZPAG)
FEFF:14 588          DFB    $14              ;TRB ZPAG
FF00:1A 589          DFB    $1A              ;INC A
FF01:1C 590          DFB    $1C              ;TRB ABS
FF02:32 591          DFB    $32              ;AND (ZPAG)
FF03:34 592          DFB    $34              ;BIT ZPAG,X
FF04:3A 593          DFB    $3A              ;DEC A
FF05:3C 594          DFB    $3C              ;BIT ABS,X
FF06:52 595          DFB    $52              ;EOR (ZPAG)
FF07:5A 596          DFB    $5A              ;PHY
FF08:64 597          DFB    $64              ;STZ ZPAG
FF09:72 598          DFB    $72              ;ADC (ZPAG)
FF0A:74 599          DFB    $74              ;STZ ZPAG,X
FF0B:7A 600          DFB    $7A              ;PLY
FF0C:7C 601          DFB    $7C              ;JMP (ABS,X)
FF0D:89 602          DFB    $89              ;BIT IMM
FF0E:92 603          DFB    $92              ;STA (ZPAG)
FF0F:9C 604          DFB    $9C              ;STZ ABS
FF10:9E 605          DFB    $9E              ;STZ ABS,X
FF11:B2 606          DFB    $B2              ;LDA (ZPAG)
FF12:D2 607          DFB    $D2              ;CMP (ZPAG)
FF13:F2 608          DFB    $F2              ;SBC (ZPAG)
FF14:FC 609          DFB    $FC              ;??? (the unknown opcode)
FF15:    0016 610 NUMOPS EQU    *-OPTBL-1    ;number of bytes to check
FF15:    611 *
FF15:    612 * INDX contains pointers to the mnemonics for each of
FF15:    613 * the opcodes in OPTBL. Pointers with BIT 7
FF15:    614 * set indicate extensions to MNEML or MNEMR.
FF15:    615 *
FF15:38 616 INDX     DFB    $38
FF16:FB 617          DFB    $FB
FF17:37 618          DFB    $37
FF18:FB 619          DFB    $FB
FF19:39 620          DFB    $39
FF1A:21 621          DFB    $21
FF1B:36 622          DFB    $36
FF1C:21 623          DFB    $21
FF1D:3A 624          DFB    $3A
FF1E:F8 625          DFB    $F8
FF1F:FA 626          DFB    $FA
FF20:3B 627          DFB    $3B
FF21:FA 628          DFB    $FA
FF22:F9 629          DFB    $F9
FF23:22 630          DFB    $22
FF24:21 631          DFB    $21
FF25:3C 632          DFB    $3C
FF26:FA 633          DFB    $FA
FF27:FA 634          DFB    $FA
FF28:3D 635          DFB    $3D
FF29:3E 636          DFB    $3E
FF2A:3F 637          DFB    $3F
FF2B:FC 638          DFB    $FC              ;???
FF2C:00 639          BRK

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FF2D:      640 *
FF2D:A9 CS  641 PRERR   LDA  #$CS      ;PRINT 'ERR', THEN FALL INTO
FF2F:20 ED FD 642       JSR  COUT      ; FWEEPER.
FF32:A9 D2   643       LDA  #$D2
FF34:20 ED FD 644       JSR  COUT
FF37:20 ED FD 645       JSR  COUT
FF3A:      646 *
FF3A:A9 87   647 BELL    LDA  #$87      ;MAKE A JOYFUL NOISE, THEN RETURN.
FF3C:4C ED FD 648       JMP  COUT
FF3F:      649 *
FF3F:AS 48   650 RESTORE LDA  STATUS    ;RESTORE 6S02 REGISTER CONTENTS
FF41:48      651       PHA              ; USED BY DEBUG SOFTWARE
FF42:AS 4S   652       LDA  ASH
FF44:A6 46   653 RESTR1  LDX  XREG
FF46:A4 47   654       LDY  YREG
FF48:28      655       PLP
FF49:60      656       RTS
FF4A:      657 *
FF4A:8S 4S   658 SAVE    STA  ASH      ;SAVE 6S02 REGISTER CONTENTS
FF4C:86 46   659 SAV1    STX  XREG      ; FOR DEBUG SOFTWARE
FF4E:84 47   660       STY  YREG
FF50:08      661       PHP
FF51:68      662       PLA
FF52:8S 48   663       STA  STATUS
FF54:BA      664       TSX
FF5S:86 49   665       STX  SPNT
FF57:D8      666       CLD
FF58:60      667       RTS
FF59:      668 *
FF59:20 84 FE 669 OLDRST JSR  SETNORM   ;SET SCREEN MODE
FF5C:20 2F FB 670       JSR  INIT      ; AND INIT KBD/SCREEN
FF5F:20 93 FE 671       JSR  SETVID   ; AS I/O DEVS.
FF62:20 89 FE 672       JSR  SETKBD
FF6S:      673 *
FF6S:D8      674 MON     CLD          ;MUST SET HEX MODE!
FF66:20 3A FF 675       JSR  BELL      ;FWEEPER.
FF69:A9 AA   676 MONZ    LDA  #$AA      ;''' PROMPT FOR MONITOR
FF6B:8S 33   677       STA  PROMPT
FF6D:20 67 FD 678       JSR  GETLNZ    ;READ A LINE OF INPUT
FF70:20 C7 FF 679       JSR  ZMODE     ;CLEAR MONITOR MODE, SCAN IDX
FF73:20 A7 FF 680 NXTITM JSR  GETNUM   ;GET ITEM, NON-HEX
FF76:84 34   681       STY  YSAV      ; CHAR IN A-REG.
FF78:A0 17   682       LDY  #SUBTBL-CHRTBL ; X-REG=0 IF NO HEX INPUT
FF7A:88      683 CHRSRCH DEY
FF7B:30 E8   684       BMI  MON       ;COMMAND NOT FOUND, BEEP & TRY AGAIN.
FF7D:D9 CC FF 685       CMP  CHRTBL,Y  ;FIND COMMAND CHAR IN TABLE
FF80:D0 F8   686       BNE  CHRSRCH   ;NOT THIS TIME
FF82:20 BE FF 687       JSR  TOSUB    ;GOT IT! CALL CORRESPONDING SUBROUTINE
FF8S:A4 34   688       LDY  YSAV      ;PROCESS NEXT ENTRY ON HIS LINE
FF87:4C 73 FF 689       JMP  NXTITM
FF8A:      690 *
FF8A:A2 03   691 DIG     LDX  #$03
FF8C:0A      692       ASL  A
FF8D:0A      693       ASL  A        ;GOT HEX DIGIT,
FF8E:0A      694       ASL  A        ; SHIFT INTO A2
FF8F:0A      695       ASL  A
FF90:0A      696 NXTBIT  ASL  A
FF91:26 3E   697       ROL  A2L

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FF93:26 3F      698      ROL      A2H
FF95:CA          699      DEX
FF96:10 F8      FF90     700      BPL      NXTBIT      ;LEAVE X=$FF IF DIG
FF98:A5 31          701      LDA      MODE
FF9A:D0 06      FFA2     702      BNE      NXTB52
FF9C:B5 3F          703      LDA      A2H,X
FF9E:95 3D          704      STA      A1H,X
FFA0:95 41          705      STA      A3H,X
FFA2:E8          706      NXTB52
FFA3:F0 F3      FF98     707      BEQ      NXTBAS
FFA5:D0 06      FFAD     708      BNE      NXTCHR
FFA7:A2 00          709      GETNUM      LDX      $$00      ;CLEAR A2
FFA9:86 3E          710      STX      A2L
FFAB:86 3F          711      STX      A2H
FFAD:20 B4      CS      712      NXTCHR      JSR      GETUP      ;Get char, iny, upshift
FFB0:49 B0          713      EOR      $$B0
FFB2:C9 0A          714      CMP      $$0A
FFB4:90 D4      FF8A     715      BCC      DIG      ;it's a digit
FFB6:69 88          716      ADC      $$88
FFB8:C9 FA          717      CMP      $$FA
FFBA:4C C5      CF      718      JMP      LOOKA5C      ;+ Check for quote
FFBD:00          719      BRK
FFBE:          720      *
FFBE:A9 FE      721      TOSUB      LDA      $<GO      ;DISPATCH TO SUBROUTINE, BY
FFC0:48          722      PHA
FFC1:B9 E3      FF      723      LDA      SUBTBL,Y      ; PUSHING THE HI-ORDER SUBR ADDR,
FFC4:48          724      PHA      ; THEN THE LO-ORDER SUBR ADDR
FFC5:A5 31          725      LDA      MODE      ; ONTO THE STACK,
FFC7:A0 00          726      ZMODE      LDY      $$00      ; (CLEARING THE MODE, SAVE THE OLD
FFC9:84 31          727      STY      MODE      ; MODE IN A-REG),
FFCB:60          728      RTS      ; AND 'RTS' TO THE SUBROUTINE!
FFCC:          729      *
FFCC:BC          730      CHRTBL      DFB      $BC      ;^C (BASIC WARM START)
FFCD:B2          731      DFB      $B2      ;^Y (USER VECTOR)
FFCE:BE          732      DFB      $BE      ;^E (OPEN AND DISPLAY REGISTERS)
FFCF:9A          733      DFB      $9A      ;+! (Mini assembler)
FFD0:EF          734      DFB      $EF      ;V (MEMORY VERIFY)
FFD1:C4          735      DFB      $C4      ;^K (IN#SLOT)
FFD2:A9          736      DFB      $A9      ;^P (PR#SLOT)
FFD3:BB          737      DFB      $BB      ;^B (BASIC COLD START)
FFD4:A6          738      DFB      $A6      ;'- (SUBTRACTION)
FFD5:A4          739      DFB      $A4      ;'+ (ADDITION)
FFD6:06          740      DFB      $06      ;M (MEMORY MOVE)
FFD7:95          741      DFB      $95      ;'<' (DELIMITER FOR MOVE, VFY)
FFD8:07          742      DFB      $07      ;N (SET NORMAL VIDEO)
FFD9:02          743      DFB      $02      ;I (SET INVERSE VIDEO)
FFDA:05          744      DFB      $05      ;L (DISASSEMBLE 20 INSTRS)
FFDB:00          745      DFB      $00      ;G (EXECUTE PROGRAM)
FFDC:93          746      DFB      $93      ;': (MEMORY FILL)
FFDD:A7          747      DFB      $A7      ;'. (ADDRESS DELIMITER)
FFDE:C6          748      DFB      $C6      ;'CR' (END OF INPUT)
FFDF:99          749      DFB      $99      ;BLANK
FFE0:EC          750      DFB      $EC      ;+S (Step)
FFE1:ED          751      DFB      $ED      ;+T (Trace)
FFE2:EA          752      NOP      ;+
FFE3:          753      *
FFE3:          754      * Table of low order monitor routine
FFE3:          755      * dispatch addresses.

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FFE3:      756 *
FFE3:B2    757 SUBTBL   DFB   >BASCONT-1
FFE4:C9    758         DFB   >USR-1
FFE5:BE    759         DFB   >REGZ-1
FFE6:6B    760         DFB   >MINI-1      ;+
FFE7:3S    761         DFB   >VERIFY-1
FFE8:8C    762         DFB   >INPRT-1
FFE9:96    763         DFB   >OUTPRT-1
FFEA:AF    764         DFB   >XBASIC-1
FFEB:17    765         DFB   >SETMODE-1
FFEC:17    766         DFB   >SETMODE-1
FFED:2B    767         DFB   >MOVE-1
FFEE:1F    768         DFB   >LT-1
FFEF:83    769         DFB   >SETNORM-1
FFF0:7F    770         DFB   >SETINV-1
FFF1:SD    771         DFB   >LIST-1
FFF2:BS    772         DFB   >GO-1
FFF3:17    773         DFB   >SETMODE-1
FFF4:17    774         DFB   >SETMODE-1
FFFS:FS    775         DFB   >CRMON-1
FFF6:03    776         DFB   >BLANK-1
FFF7:70    777         DFB   >STEPZ-1      ;+
FFF8:6E    778         DFB   >TRACE-1      ;+
FFF9:      779 *
FFF9:      0001 780     ds    $FFFA-*,0
FFFA:      781 *
FFFA:FB 03  782         DW     NMI           ;NON-MASKABLE INTERRUPT VECTOR
FFFC:62 FA  783         DW     RESET        ;RESET VECTOR
FFFE:03 C8  784 IRQVECT DW     NEWIRQ       ;INTERRUPT REQUEST VECTOR
0000:      90         include bank2

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```
0000:      2 *****
0000:      3 *
0000:      4 * Bank 2 of the roms
0000:      5 *
0000:      6 *****
---- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS /BUILD/FIRM.2
C000:      C000      7      org      $C000
C000:      51      include mint      ;Mouse & acia interrupt handler
C000:      0100      1      ds      $C100-*,0
```

```

C100:      4 *****
C100:      5 *
C100:      6 * Mouse interrupt handler
C100:      7 *
C100:      8 * MOUSEINT - Monitor's interrupt handler
C100:      9 *
C100:     10 * Returns C = 0 if interrupt handled
C100:     11 * If not mouse interrupt, Goes to aciaint
C100:     12 * New in this rom:
C100:     13 * If D7 of moumode = 1, mouse X and Y interrupts are not processed
C100:     14 * and are passed on to the user.
C100:     15 *
C100:     16 *****
C100:      17 mouseint equ * ;Entry point if X & Y set up
C100:A9 0E      18 lda #$0E ;Clear status bits
C102:1C 7C 07   19 trb moustat

C105:38      21 sec ;Assume interrupt not handled
C106:      22 * Check for vertical blanking interrupt
C106:AD 19 C0   23 lda vblint ;VBL interrupt?
C109:10 2B C136 24 bpl chk mou
C10B:8D 79 C0   25 sta iouenbl ;Enable iou access & clear VBL interrupt
C10E:A9 0C      26 lda #vblmode ;Should we leave vbl active?
C110:2C FC 07   27 bit moumode
C113:D0 03 C118 28 bne cvnovbl
C115:8D 5A C0   29 sta iou+2 ;Disable VBL
C118:09 02      30 cvnovbl ora #movmode
C11A:8D 78 C0   31 sta ioudsbl
C11D:2C 7C 06   32 bit mouarm ;VBL bit in arm isn't used
C120:D0 02 C124 33 bne cvmoved
C122:A9 0C      34 lda #vblmode ;Didn't move
C124:2C 63 C0   35 cvmoved bit moubut ;Button pressed?
C127:10 02 C12B 36 bpl cvbut
C129:49 04      37 eor #butmode ;Clear the button bit
C12B:2D FC 07   38 cvbut and moumode ;Which bits were set in the mode
C12E:0C 7C 07   39 tsb moustat
C131:1C 7C 06   40 trb mouarm
C134:69 FE      41 adc #$FE ;C=1 if int passes to user
C136:      42 * Check & update mouse movement
C136:      43 chk mou equ *
C136:AD FC 07   44 lda moumode ;If D7 = 1, user better handle it
C139:30 72 C1AD 45 bmi xmdone
C13B:AD 15 C0   46 lda mouxint ;Mouse interrupt?
C13E:0D 17 C0   47 ora mouyint
C141:10 6A C1AD 48 bpl xmdone ;If not return with C from vbl
C143:8A      49 txa ;Get X1 in A
C144:A2 00      50 ldx #0
C146:2C 15 C0   51 bit mouxint ;X movement?
C149:30 0A C155 52 bmi cmxmov
C14B:98      53 cmloop tya ;Get Y1 into A
C14C:49 80      54 eor #$80 ;Complement direction
C14E:A2 80      55 ldx #$80
C150:2C 17 C0   56 bit mouyint
C153:10 39 C18E 57 bpl cmnoy
C155:0A      58 cmxmov asl A
C156:BD 7C 04   59 lda mouxl,x ;A = current low byte

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C159:B0 1A C175 60      bcs    cmrght    ;Which way?
C15B:DD 7D 04      61      cmp    minxl,x    ;Move left
C15E:D0 08 C168 62      bne    cmlok
C160:BD 7C 05      63      lda    mouxh,x
C163:DD 7D 05      64      cmp    minxh,x
C166:F0 22 C18A 65      beq    cmnoint
C168:BD 7C 04      66 cmlok    lda    mouxl,x
C16B:D0 03 C170 67      bne    cmnt0      ;Borrow from high byte?
C16D:DE 7C 05      68      dec    mouxh,x
C170:DE 7C 04      69 cmnt0    dec    mouxl,x
C173:80 15 C18A 70      bra    cmnoint
C175:DD 7D 06      71 cmrght    cmp    maxxl,x    ;At high bound?
C178:D0 08 C182 72      bne    cmrok
C17A:BD 7C 05      73      lda    mouxh,x
C17D:DD 7D 07      74      cmp    maxxh,x
C180:F0 08 C18A 75      beq    cmnoint
C182:FE 7C 04      76 cmrok    inc    mouxl,x    ;Move right
C185:D0 03 C18A 77      bne    cmnoint
C187:FE 7C 05      78      inc    mouxh,x
C18A:E0 00      79 cmnoint    cpx    #0
C18C:F0 BD C14B 80      beq    cmloop
C18E:8D 48 C0      81 cmnoy    sta    mouclr
C191:A9 02      82      lda    #movmode    ;Should we enable VBL?
C193:2D FC 07      83      and    moumode
C196:F0 09 C1A1 84      beq    cmnovbl    ;Branch if not
C198:8D 79 C0      85      sta    iouenbl
C19B:8D 5B C0      86      sta    iou+3    ;Enable VBL int
C19E:8D 78 C0      87      sta    ioudsbl
C1A1:09 20      88 cmnovbl    ora    #movarm    ;Mark that we moved
C1A3:0C 7C 06      89      tsb    mouarm
C1A6:A9 0E      90      lda    #$0E
C1A8:2D 7C 07      91      and    moustat
C1AB:69 FE      92      adc    #$FE    ;C=1 iff any bits were 1
C1AD:B0 05 C1B4 93 xmdone    bcs    aciaint    ;If not handled, try acia
C1AF:4C 84 C7      94      jmp    swrts2    ;Back we go

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C1B2:      96 *   This routine will determine if the source of
C1B2:      97 *   is either of the built in ACIAs.  If neither port
C1B2:      98 *   generated the interrupt, or the interrupt was due
C1B2:      99 *   to a transmit buffer empty, protocol converter, or
C1B2:     100 *   'unbuffered' receiver full, the carry is set indi-
C1B2:     101 *   cating an externally serviced interrupt.
C1B2:     102 *   If the interrupt source was keyboard, 'buffered'
C1B2:     103 *   serial input, or the DCD, the interrupt is serviced
C1B2:     104 *   and the carry is cleared indicating interrupt was
C1B2:     105 *   serviced. (DCD handshake replaces CTS.)
C1B2:     106 *   Location "ACIABUF" specifies which (if either) re-
C1B2:     107 *   ceiver data is buffered.  For port 1 it must contain
C1B2:     108 *   $C1, for port 2 a $C2.  Any other values are cause
C1B2:     109 *   interrupts to pass to external (RAM based) routines.
C1B2:     110 *   Location "TYPHED" specifies whether Keyboard in-
C1B2:     111 *   put should be buffered, ignored, or processed by
C1B2:     112 *   RAM based routines.  If bit 7=1 and bit 6=0, key-
C1B2:     113 *   board data is placed in the type-ahead buffer.  If
C1B2:     114 *   bit 6 is set the interrupt is cleared, but must
C1B2:     115 *   be recognized and serviced by a RAM routine.  If
C1B2:     116 *   both bits = 0, the interrupt is serviced, but the
C1B2:     117 *   keyboard data is ignored.
C1B2:     118 *   While using type-ahead, Open-Apple CTRL-X will
C1B2:     119 *   flush the buffer.  No other code is recognized.
C1B2:     120 *   If the source was an ACIA that has the transmit
C1B2:     121 *   interrupt enabled, the original value of the ACIAs
C1B2:     122 *   status registers is preserved.  Automatic serial input
C1B2:     123 *   buffering is not serviced from a port so configured.
C1B2:     124 *   Interrupts originating from the protocol converter or
C1B2:     125 *   keyboard (RAM serviced) do not inhibit serial buffering
C1B2:     126 *   and are passed thru.  The RAM service routine can rec-
C1B2:     127 *   ognize the interrupt source by a 1 state in bit 6 of
C1B2:     128 *   the ACIAs status register.  The RAM service routine must
C1B2:     129 *   cause the clearing of DSR (bit 6) AND make a second ac-
C1B2:     130 *   cess to the status register before returning.
C1B2:     131 *
C1B2:     132 *
C1B2:38      133 notacia    sec                ;Not acia int
C1B3:60      134 acdone    rts
C1B4:        135 aciaint    equ    *
C1B4:20 BA C1 136          jsr    aciaint2    ;Extra jsr since rest needs RTS
C1B7:4C 84 C7 137          jmp    swrts2
C1BA:        138 aciaint2    equ    *
C1BA:A2 C2    139          ldx    #<comslot    ;Test port 2 first
C1BC:20 C2 C1 140          jsr    aciatst    ;Check for interrupt
C1BF:90 F2 C1B3 141          bcc    acdone    ;Return if interrupt done
C1C1:CA       142          dex                ;Try port 1
C1C2:BC 42 C1 143 aciatst    ldy    devno2,x    ;Get index for acia
C1C5:A9 04     144          lda    #$4         ;If xmit ints enabled pass to user
C1C7:S9 FA BF 145          eor    scomd,y    ;Check if D<3>, D<2> = 01
C1CA:29 0C     146          and    #$0C
C1CC:F0 E4 C1B2 147          beq    notacia    ;User better take it!
C1CE:B9 F9 BF 148          lda    sstat,y    ;Get status
C1D1:9D 38 04 149          sta    astat,x    ;Save it away
C1D4:10 DC C1B2 150          bpl    notacia    ;No interrupt
C1D6:E0 C2     151 aitst2    cpx    #<comslot    ;C=1 if com port. Called from serout3
C1D8:B0 02 C1DC 152          bcs    aiprt2    ;Invert DSR if port1
C1DA:49 40     153          eor    #$40

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C1DC:3C 38 05 154 aiport2 bit extint,x ;Is DSR enabled?
C1DF:70 29 C20A 155 bvs aipass ;Yes, user wants it
C1E1:10 25 C208 156 bpl aieatit ;No, eat it
C1E3:90 23 C208 157 bcc aieatit ;Yes but I don't want it for port 1
C1E5:89 40 158 bit #$40 ;Is DSR 1?
C1E7:F0 21 C20A 159 beq aipass ;If not, skip it
C1E9: 160 * It's a keyboard interrupt
C1E9:AD 00 C0 161 lda kbd ;Get the key
C1EC:A0 80 162 ldy #$80
C1EE:20 28 C2 163 jsr putbuf ;Put it in the buffer
C1F1:C9 98 164 cmp #$98 ;Is it a ^x?
C1F3:D0 0B C200 165 bne ainoflsh
C1F5:AD 62 C0 166 lda butn1 ;And the closed apple?
C1F8:10 06 C200 167 bpl ainoflsh
C1FA:8E FF 05 168 stx twkey ;Flush the type ahead buffer
C1FD:8E FF 06 169 stx trkey
C200:AD 10 C0 170 ainoflsh lda kbdstrb ;Clear the keyboard
C203: 171 * $A0 $B0 table needed by serial firmware
C203: C142 172 devno2 equ *-sltdmy
C203:A0 B0 173 ldy #$B0 ;Restore y
C205:B9 F9 BF 174 lda sstat,y ;Read status to clear int
C208:29 BF 175 aieatit and #$BF ;Clear the DSR bit
C20A:0A 176 aipass asl A ;Shift DSR into C
C20B:0A 177 asl A
C20C:29 20 178 and #$20 ;Is the receiver full?
C20E:F0 3E C24E 179 beq aciadone ;If not, we're done
C210:B9 FA BF 180 lda scomd,y ;Are receive interrupts enabled?
C213:49 01 181 eor #1 ;Check for D<1>,D<0> = 01
C215:29 03 182 and #3
C217:D0 35 C24E 183 bne aciadone ;If not, were done
C219:8A 184 txa ;Is this acia buffered?
C21A:4D FF 04 185 eor aciabuf
C21D:D0 93 C1B2 186 bne notacia ;The user better handle it!
C21F:08 187 php ;Save DSR status
C220:20 22 C3 188 jsr getdata ;Get char & check xon, etc
C223:90 28 C24D 189 bcc aieat ;Don't put in buffer if eaten
C225:A0 00 190 ldy #0
C227:D0 191 dfb $D0 ;BNE opcode to skip PHP
C228: C228 192 putbuf equ *
C228:08 193 php
C229:DA 194 phx
C22A:48 195 pha
C22B:B9 7F 05 196 lda twser,y ;Get buffer pointer
C22E:AA 197 tax ;Save it for later
C22F:1A 198 inc A ;Bump it to next free byte
C230:89 7F 199 bit #$7F ;Overflow?
C232:D0 01 C235 200 bne pbok
C234:98 201 tya ;Wrap pointer
C235:D9 7F 06 202 pbok cmp trser,y ;Buffer full?
C238:F0 03 C23D 203 beq pbfull
C23A:99 7F 05 204 sta twser,y ;Save the new pointer
C23D:68 205 pbfull pla ;Get the data
C23E:2C 14 C0 206 bit rdramwrt
C241:8D 05 C0 207 sta wrCARDram ;It goes to aux ram
C244:9D 00 08 208 sta thbuf,x
C247:30 03 C24C 209 bmi aiaux ;Branch if we want aux
C249:8D 04 C0 210 sta wrmainram
C24C:FA 211 aiaux plx

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22 MINT

Mouse & serial interrupt stuff

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C24D:28

212 aieat pip

;Get DSR status back

C24E:60

213 aciadone rts

```

C24F:      215 *****
C24F:      216 *
C24F:      217 * SEROUT3 - Outputs a character to a acia
C24F:      218 * Inputs: A = char, X = Cn
C24F:      219 *
C24F:      220 *****
C24F:      221 serout3 equ *
C24F:20 55 C2 222 jsr serout4
C252:4C 84 C7 223 jmp swrts2
C255:      224 serout4 equ * ;Entry point with rts
C255:48      225 pha ;Save the char
C256:2C AB C2 226 bit sorts ;Control char?
C259:F0 03 C25E 227 beq sordy ;Don't inc column if so
C25B:FE 38 07 228 inc col,x
C25E:20 B2 C2 229 sordy jsr getstat2 ;Get acia status
C261:29 30 230 and #$30 ;Y set by getstat
C263:C9 10 231 cmp #$10
C265:D0 F7 C25E 232 bne sordy
C267:BD B8 06 233 lda flags,x ;Is XON/XOFF enabled?
C26A:89 20 234 bit #$20
C26C:F0 1F C28D 235 beq sook ;Branch if not
C26E:EC FF 04 236 cpx aciabuf ;Is port interrupt driven?
C271:F0 13 C286 237 beq sotst
C273:20 E9 C2 238 jsr xrdnobuf ;Get a char from the acia
C276:90 0E C286 239 bcc sotst ;Branch if no char
C278:BC 34 C2 240 ldy charptr,x ;Get pointer to charbuf
C27B:99 FE 05 241 sta charbuf,y ;Save the character
C27E:BD B8 06 242 lda flags,x ;Set bit for char in buffer
C281:09 04 243 ora #$04
C283:9D B8 06 244 sta flags,x
C286:BD B8 06 245 sotst lda flags,x ;Check if in xoff
C289:29 02 246 and #$02
C28B:D0 D1 C25E 247 bne sordy ;Loop if not ready
C28D:BC 42 C1 248 sook ldy devno2,x
C290:68 249 pla
C291:48 250 pha ;Get char to XMIT
C292:99 F8 BF 251 sta sdata,y ;Out it goes
C295:3C B8 06 252 bit flags,x ;V=1 if LF after CR
C298:49 0D 253 eor #$0D ;check for CR.
C29A:0A 254 asl A ;preserve bit 7
C29B:D0 0D C2AA 255 bne sodone ;branch if not CR.
C29D:50 06 C2A5 256 bvc clrcol ;branch if no LF after CR
C29F:A9 14 257 lda #$14 ;Get LF*2
C2A1:6A 258 ror A ;no shift in high bit
C2A2:20 55 C2 259 jsr serout4 ;Output the LF but don't echo it
C2A5:64 24 260 clrcol stz ch ;0 position & column
C2A7:9E 38 07 261 stz col,x
C2AA:68 262 sodone pla ;Get the char back
C2AB:60 263 sorts rts

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22 MINT      Mouse & serial interrupt stuff      31-MAY-85      PAGE 96
C2AC:        265 *****
C2AC:        266 *
C2AC:        267 * GETSTAT - Gets the status from a acia
C2AC:        268 * GETSTAT2 - Call from this side
C2AC:        269 * If interrupt, aciatst is called
C2AC:        270 * note: external interrupts are lost
C2AC:        271 * inputs: X = Cn
C2AC:        272 * outputs: A = status, X = Cn, Y = devno
C2AC:        273 *
C2AC:        274 *****
C2AC:        275 getstat    equ    *
C2AC:20 B2 C2 276          jsr    getstat2
C2AF:4C 84 C7 277          jmp    swrts2      ;Return to other side
C2B2:        278 getstat2   equ    *
C2B2:00      279          php          ;Save interrupt status
C2B3:78      280          sei
C2B4:BC 42 C1 281 gstatst   ldy    devno2,x    ;Get index into hardware
C2B7:B9 F9 BF 282          lda    sstat,y    ;Get the status
C2BA:10 05 C2C1 283          bpl    gstnoint    ;D7 = 1 if interrupt
C2BC:20 D6 C1 284          jsr    aistst2    ;Go service the interrupt
C2BF:80 F3 C2B4 285          bra    gstatst    ;Interrupt may have changed status
C2C1:28      286 gstnoint   plp          ;Restore interrupt status
C2C2:60      287          rts

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C2C3:      289 *****
C2C3:      290 *   This is the serial input routine.  Carry
C2C3:      291 *   flag set indicates that returned data is
C2C3:      292 *   valid.
C2C3:      293 *
C2C3:      294 *****
C2C3:      C2C3 295 xrdser    equ    *
C2C3:200 C9 C2 296          jsr    xrdser2
C2C6:4C 84 C7 297          jmp    swrts
C2C9:      C2C9 298 xrdser2   equ    *
C2C9:EC FF 04 299          cpx    aciabuf    ;is serial input buffered?
C2CC:D0 07 C2D5 300          bne    xnosbuf    ;(in english "NO SERIAL BUFFER")
C2CE:A0 00 301          ldy    #0          ;Y=0 for serial buffer
C2D0:20 FD C2 302          jsr    getbuf2    ;Any data in buffer?
C2D3:B0 1F C2F4 303          bcs    xrddone
C2D5:      304 *
C2D5:BD B8 06 305 xnosbuf   lda    flags,x    ;Is there a char in the onr byte buffer?
C2D8:89 04 306          bit    #$04
C2DA:F0 0D C2E9 307          beq    xrdnobuf    ;Branch if not
C2DC:29 FB 308          and    #$FB          ;Clear the bit
C2DE:9D B8 06 309          sta    flags,x
C2E1:BC 34 C2 310          ldy    charptr,x
C2E4:B9 FE 05 311          lda    charbuf,y
C2E7:38 312          sec
C2E8:60 313          rts
C2E9:      314 *
C2E9:20 B2 C2 315 xrdnobuf   jsr    getstat2    ;Get ACIA status
C2EC:29 08 316          and    #$8
C2EE:18 317          clc          ;indicate no data
C2EF:F0 03 C2F4 318          beq    xrddone    ;Branch if no data!
C2F1:20 22 C3 319          jsr    getdata    ;Get data and check xon, etc
C2F4:60 320 xrddone    rts

C2F5:      C234 322 charptr   equ    *-$C1    ;Pointer to character buffers
C2F5:00 80 323          dfb    $0,$80

C2F7:      325 *****
C2F7:      326 *
C2F7:      327 *   GETBUF - Gets a byte from the input buffer
C2F7:      328 *   Inputs: Y=0 for Serial buffer 80 for Keyboard buffer
C2F7:      329 *   C = 0 if no data C = 1 if data valid A = Data
C2F7:      330 *
C2F7:      331 *****
C2F7:      C2F7 332 getbuf    equ    *
C2F7:20 FD C2 333          jsr    getbuf2
C2FA:4C 84 C7 334          jmp    swrts
C2FD:      C2FD 335 getbuf2   equ    *
C2FD:B9 7F 06 336          lda    trser,Y    ;Test for data in buffer
C300:D9 7F 05 337          cmp    twser,Y    ;If = then no data
C303:18 338          clc
C304:F0 1B C321 339          beq    gbdone    ;Branch if empty
C306:48 340          pha          ;Save current value
C307:1A 341          inc    A          ;Update the pointer
C308:89 7F 342          bit    #$7F    ;Overflow
C30A:D0 01 C30D 343          bne    gbnoovr
C30C:98 344          tya

```

```

C30D:99 7F 06      345 gbnoovr   sta   trser,y   ;Store the updated pointer
C310:7A            346         ply           ;Get the old value of the pointer
C311:AD 13 C0      347         lda   rdramrd   ;Are we in main ram
C314:0A            348         asl    A         ;C=1 for Aux ram
C315:8D 03 C0      349         sta   rdcardram ;Force Aux ram
C318:B9 00 08      350         lda   thbuf,Y   ;Get byte from buffer
C31B:B0 04 C321    351         bcs   gbdone    ;Branch if we were in aux bank
C31D:8D 02 C0      352         sta   rdmainram ;Set back to main
C320:38            353         sec           ;Mark data there
C321:60            354 gbdone   rts

```

```

C322:            356 *****
C322:            357 *
C322:            358 * GETDATA - Gets data from serial port
C322:            359 * and checks for LF, XON, XOFF
C322:            360 * inputs: Y = index to acia
C322:            361 * outputs: A = data, Y dest, C = 1 if data ok = 0 if eaten
C322:            362 *
C322:            363 *****
C322:            C322 364 getdata   equ    *
C322:B9 F8 BF      365         lda   sdata,y
C325:48            366         pha           ;Save the data
C326:09 80         367         ora   #$80      ;Set D7 for compares
C328:A8            368         tay           ;
C329:BD B8 06      369         lda   flags,x   ;Get options byte
C32C:89 08         370         bit   #$08      ;Eat linefeeds?
C32E:D0 04 C334    371         bne   gdnolf
C330:C0 8A         372         cpy   #lf feed   ;Is it a LF?
C332:F0 12 C346    373         beq   gdeat     ;Eat it if it is
C334:89 20 C348    374 gdnolf     bit   #$20    ;Xon/XOFF enabled?
C336:F0 10 C348    375         beq   gdok
C338:C0 91         376         cpy   #xon      ;Is it an XON?
C33A:D0 04 C340    377         bne   gdnxon
C33C:29 FD         378         and   #$FD      ;Clear xoff bit
C33E:80 06 C346    379         bra   gdeat     ;And eat it
C340:C0 93         380 gdnxon     cpy   #xoff
C342:D0 04 C348    381         bne   gdok
C344:09 02         382         ora   #$02      ;Set xoff bit
C346:18            383 gdeat     clc
C347:B0            384         dfb   $B0      ;BCS opcode
C348:38            385 gdok      sec
C349:9D B8 06      386         sta   flags,x
C34C:68            387         pla
C34D:60            388         rts
C34E:            52         include auxstuff ;Auxillary move stuff

```

```

C34E:      4 *****
C34E:      5 * NAME      : MOVEAUX
C34E:      6 * FUNCTION: PERFORM CROSSBANK MEMORY MOVE
C34E:      7 * INPUT   : A1=SOURCE ADDRESS
C34E:      8 *         : A2=SOURCE END
C34E:      9 *         : A4=DESTINATION START
C34E:     10 *         : CARRY SET=MAIN->CARD
C34E:     11 *         : CLR=CARD->MAIN
C34E:     12 * OUTPUT  : NONE
C34E:     13 * VOLATILE: NOTHING
C34E:     14 * CALLS   : NOTHING
C34E:     15 *****
C34E:      16 MOVEAUX EQU *
C34E:48      17 PHA          ;SAVE AC
C34F:AD 13 C0      18 LDA RDRAMRD      ;SAVE STATE OF
C352:48      19 PHA          ; MEMORY FLAGS
C353:AD 14 C0      20 LDA RDRAMWRT
C356:48      21 PHA
C357:      22 *
C357:      23 * SET FLAGS FOR CROSSBANK MOVE:
C357:      24 *
C357:90 08 C361    25 BCC MOVEC2M      ;=>CARD->MAIN
C359:8D 02 C0      26 STA RDMAINRAM    ;SET FOR MAIN
C35C:8D 05 C0      27 STA WRCARDRAM    ; TO CARD
C35F:B0 06 C367    28 BCS MOVESTRT    ;=>(ALWAYS TAKEN)
C361:      29 *
C361:      30 MOVEC2M EQU *
C361:8D 04 C0      31 STA WRMAINRAM    ;SET FOR CARD
C364:8D 03 C0      32 STA RDCARDRAM    ; TO MAIN
C367:      33 *
C367:      34 MOVESTRT EQU *
C367:B2 3C C367    35 MOVELOOP LDA (A1L)    ;get a byte
C369:92 42          36 STA (A4L)    ;move it
C36B:E6 42          37 INC A4L
C36D:D0 02 C371    38 BNE NEXTA1
C36F:E6 43          39 INC A4H
C371:AS 3C          40 NEXTA1 LDA A1L
C373:CS 3E          41 CMP A2L
C375:AS 3D          42 LDA A1H
C377:ES 3F          43 SBC A2H
C379:E6 3C          44 INC A1L
C37B:D0 02 C37F    45 BNE C01
C37D:E6 3D          46 INC A1H
C37F:90 E6 C367    47 C01 BCC MOVELOOP    ;=>more to move
C381:      48 *
C381:8D 04 C0      49 STA WRMAINRAM    ;CLEAR FLAG2
C384:68          50 PLA          ;GET ORIGINAL STATE
C385:10 03 C38A    51 BPL C03          ;=>IT WAS OFF
C387:8D 05 C0      52 STA WRCARDRAM
C38A:      53 C03 EQU *
C38A:8D 02 C0      54 STA RDMAINRAM    ;CLEAR FLAG1
C38D:68          55 PLA          ;GET ORIGINAL STATE
C38E:10 03 C393    56 BPL MOVERET      ;=>IT WAS OFF
C390:8D 03 C0      57 STA RDCARDRAM
C393:      58 MOVERET EQU *
C393:68          59 PLA          ;Restore AC
C394:4C 84 C7      60 JMP SWRTS2

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```

C397:      62 *****
C397:      63 * NAME      : XFER
C397:      64 * FUNCTION: TRANSFER CONTROL CROSSBANK
C397:      65 * INPUT      : $03ED=TRANSFER ADDR
C397:      66 *           : CARRY SET=XFER TO CARD
C397:      67 *           : CLR=XFER TO MAIN
C397:      68 *           : VFLAG CLR=USE STD ZP/STK
C397:      69 *           : SET=USE ALT ZP/STK
C397:      70 * OUTPUT     : NONE
C397:      71 * VOLATILE: $03ED/$03EE IN DEST BANK
C397:      72 * CALLS      : NOTHING
C397:      73 * NOTE       : ENTERED VIA JMP, NOT JSR
C397:      74 *****
C397:      75 *
C397:      76 XFER      EQU *
C397:48      77          PHA          ;SAVE AC ON CURRENT STACK
C398:      78 *
C398:      79 * COPY DESTINATION ADDRESS TO THE
C398:      80 * OTHER BANK SO THAT WE HAVE IT
C398:      81 * IN CASE WE DO A SWAP:
C398:      82 *
C398:AD ED 03      83          LDA $03ED          ;GET XFERADDR LO
C398:48          84          PHA          ;SAVE ON CURRENT STACK
C398:AD EE 03      85          LDA $03EE          ;GET XFERADDR HI
C398:48          86          PHA          ;SAVE IT TOO
C3A0:      87 *
C3A0:      88 * SWITCH TO APPROPRIATE BANK:
C3A0:      89 *
C3A0:90 08 C3AA      90          BCC XFERC2M          ;=>CARD->MAIN
C3A2:8D 03 C0      91          STA RDCARDRAM          ;SET FOR RUNNING
C3A5:8D 05 C0      92          STA WRCARDRAM          ; IN CARD RAM
C3A8:B0 06 C3B0      93          BCS XFERZP          ;=> always taken
C3AA:      94          EQU *
C3AA:8D 02 C0      95          STA RDMMAINRAM          ;SET FOR RUNNING
C3AD:8D 04 C0      96          STA WRMAINRAM          ; IN MAIN RAM
C3B0:      97 *
C3B0:      98 XFERZP      EQU *          ;SWITCH TO ALT ZP/STK
C3B0:68          99          PLA          ;STUFF XFERADDR
C3B1:8D EE 03      100         STA $03EE          ; HI AND
C3B4:68          101         PLA
C3B5:8D ED 03      102         STA $03ED          ; LO
C3B8:68          103         PLA          ;RESTORE AC
C3B9:70 05 C3C0      104         BVS XFERAZP          ;=>switch in alternate zp
C3BB:8D 08 C0      105         STA SETSTDZP          ;else force standard zp
C3BE:S0 03 C3C3      106         BVC JMPDEST          ;=>always perform transfer
C3C0:8D 09 C0      107         XFERAZP      STA SETALTZP          ;switch in alternate zp
C3C3:4C EB C7      108         JMPDEST      JMP SWXFG02          ;Back we go
C3C6:      109 *****
C3C6:      S3          include banger2          ;Diagnostic routines

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```

C3C6:      3 *****
C3C6:      4 *
C3C6:      5 * Here is the rest of the diagnostic stuff
C3C6:      6 * the first part has been moved into the $D000 space
C3C6:      7 * to make desperately needed room
C3C6:      8 *
C3C6:      9 *****
C3C6:      10 T5TMEM      equ      *
C3C6:86 01      11          stx      $01
C3C8:86 02      12          stx      $02
C3CA:86 03      13          stx      $03
C3CC:A2 04      14          ldx      #4          ;do RAM $100-$FFFF five times
C3CE:86 04      15          stx      $04
C3D0:85 05      16 MEM1      STA      $05          ;keep acc in a safe place
C3D2:A2 04      17          ldx      #4
C3D4:64 01      18          stz      $01
C3D6:E6 01      19          inc      1          ;point to page 1 first
C3D8:A8          20 mem2      tay          ;save ACC in Y for now
C3D9:8D 83 C0    21          sta      lcbank2      ;anticipate not $C000 range...
C3DC:8D 83 C0    22          sta      lcbank2
C3DF:A5 01      23          lda      $01          ;get page address
C3E1:29 F0      24          and      #$F0          ;test for $C0-$CF range
C3E3:C9 C0      25          cmp      #$C0
C3E5:D0 0C      26          bne      mem3          ;branch if not...
C3E7:AD 8B C0    27          lda      lcbank1
C3EA:AD 8B C0    28          lda      lcbank1      ;select primary $D000 space
C3ED:A5 01      29          lda      $01
C3EF:69 0F      30          adc      #$F          ;Plus carry += $10
C3F1:D0 02      31          bne      mem4          ;branch always taken
C3F3:A5 01      32 mem3      lda      $01
C3F5:85 03      33 mem4      sta      $03
C3F7:98          34          tya          ;restore pattern to ACC
C3F8:A0 00      35          ldy      #$00          ;fill this page with the pattern
C3FA:18          36 mem5      clc
C3FB:7D 2A C8    37          adc      ntbl,x
C3FE:91 02      38          sta      ($02),y
C400:CA          39          dex          ;keep x in the range 0-4
C401:10 02      40          bpl      mem6
C403:A2 04      41          ldx      #4
C405:C8          42 mem6      iny          ;all 256 filled yet?
C406:D0 F2      43          bne      mem5          ;branch if not
C408:E6 01      44          inc      1          ;bump page #
C40A:D0 CC      45          bne      mem2          ;loop through $0100 to $FF00

C40C:E6 01      47          inc      $01          ;point to page 1 again
C40E:A2 04      48          LDX      #4
C410:A5 05      49          LDA      $05
C412:A8          50 mem7      tay          ;save ACC in Y for now
C413:AD 83 C0    51          lda      lcbank2      ;anticipate not $C000 range...
C416:AD 83 C0    52          lda      lcbank2
C419:A5 01      53          lda      $01          ;get page address
C41B:29 F0      54          and      #$F0          ;test for $C0-$CF range
C41D:C9 C0      55          cmp      #$C0
C41F:D0 09      56          bne      mem8          ;branch if not...
C421:AD 8B C0    57          lda      lcbank1      ;select primary $D000 space
C424:A5 01      58          lda      $01
C426:69 0F      59          adc      #$F          ;Plus carry += $10
C428:D0 02      60          bne      mem9          ;branch always taken

```



```

C42A:A5 01      61 mem8      lda    $01
C42C:85 03      62 mem9      sta    $03
C42E:98         63          tya
C42F:A0 00      64          ldy    #000          ;restore pattern to ACC
C431:18         65 memA      clc          ;fill this page with the pattern
C432:7D 2A C8   66          adc    ntbl,x
C435:51 02      67          eor    ($02),y
C437:D0 39      68          bne    MEMERRDR      ;if any bits are different, give up!!!
C439:B1 02      69          lda    ($02),y      ;restore correct pattern
C43B:CA         70          dex          ;keep x in the range 0-4
C43C:10 02      71          bpl    memB
C43E:A2 04      72          ldx    #4
C440:C8         73 memB      iny          ;all 256 filled yet?
C441:D0 EE      74          bne    memA          ;branch if not
C443:E6 01      75          inc    1          ;bump page #
C445:D0 CB      76          bne    mem7          ;loop through $0100 to $FF00
C447:6A         77          ror    a          ;change ACC for next pass
C448:2C 19 C0   78          bit    rdvblbar      ; use RDVBL for a little randomness...
C44B:10 02      79          bpl    memC
C44D:49 A5      80          eor    #$A5
C44F:C6 04      81 memC      dec    $04          ;have 5 passes been done yet?
C451:30 03      82          bmi    memD          ;skip if yes
C453:4C D0 C3   83          jmp    mem1          ;start next pass

C456:AA         85 memD      TAX          ;save acc
C457:2C 13 C0   86          BIT    rdramrd      ;main or aux ram ?
C45A:30 10      87          BMI    MEMF          ;skip if aux ram
C45C:8A         88          txa
C45D:8D 05 C0   89          STA    wrCARDram      ;enable aux mem write
C460:8D 03 C0   90          STA    rdCARDram      ;enable aux mem read
C463:8D 09 C0   91          STA    setaltzp      ;swap in alt zero page
C466:8D 81 C0   92          STA    ROMIN          ;Force rom enable
C469:4C B2 D4   93          jmp    TSTZPG          ; and test it!

C46C:8D 08 C0   95 MEMF      STA    setstdzp      ;swap in main zero page
C46F:4C EF C4   96          JMP    SWCHTST

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```

C472:38      98 MEMERROR sec
C473:AA      99 BADBITS tax
C474:AD 13 C0 100 lda rdramrd
C477:B8      101 clv
C478:10 03 C47D 102 bpl bbits1
C47A:2C 2A C8 103 bit setv
C47D:A9 A0 104 bbits1 lda #A0
C47F:A0 06 105 ldy #6
C481:99 FE BF 106 clrsts sta loadr-2,y
C484:99 06 C0 107 sta loadr+6,y
C487:88      108 dey
C488:88      109 dey
C489:D0 F6 C481 110 bne clrsts
C48B:8D 51 C0 111 sta txtset
C48E:8D 54 C0 112 sta txtpage1
C491:99 00 04 113 clr sta $400,y
C494:99 00 05 114 sta $500,y
C497:99 00 06 115 sta $600,y
C49A:99 00 07 116 sta $700,y
C49D:C8      117 iny
C49E:D0 F1 C491 118 bne clr
C4A0:8A      119 txa
C4A1:F0 27 C4CA 120 beq BADSWTCH
C4A3:A0 03 121 ldy #3
C4A5:B0 02 C4A9 122 bcs badmain
C4A7:A0 05 123 ldy #5
C4A9:A9 AA 124 badmain lda #AA
C4AB:50 03 C4B0 125 bvc badprim
C4AD:8D B0 05 126 sta screen-8
C4B0:B9 66 C8 127 badprim lda rmess,y
C4B3:99 B1 05 128 sta screen-7,y
C4B6:88      129 dey
C4B7:10 F7 C4B0 130 bpl badprim
C4B9:A0 10 131 ldy #10
C4BB:8A      132 bbits2 txa
C4BC:4A      133 lsr a
C4BD:AA      134 tax
C4BE:A9 58 135 lda #58
C4C0:2A      136 rol a
C4C1:99 B6 05 137 sta screen-2,y
C4C4:88      138 dey
C4C5:88      139 dey
C4C6:D0 F3 C4BB 140 bne bbits2
C4C8:F0 FE C4C8 141 hangx beq hangx

```

```

;indicate main ram failure
;save bit pattern in x for now
;main or aux mem?
;with V-FLG
;branch if primary bank
;try to clear video screen
;test for switch test failure
;branch if it was a switch
;branch if ZP ok
;mark aux report with an asterisks
;message is either "RAM" or "RAM ZP"
;print bits
;bits are printed as ascii 0 or 1
;hang forever and ever

```

```

C4CA:A2 02      143 BAD5WTCH  ldx    #2
C4CC:7A        144          ply
C4CD:08        145          php
C4CE:BD 6C C8   146 bswtch1  lda     smess,x      ;anticipate MMU error
C4D1:28        147          plp
C4D2:08        148          php
C4D3:90 03      149          bcc     bswtch2      ;branch if not IOU error
C4D5:BD 6F C8   150          lda     smess+3,x      ;anticipate IOU error
C4D8:C0 06      151 bswtch2  cpy     #6          ;compare with where we left off
C4DA:90 0B      152          bcc     bswtch3      ;skip if MMU
C4DC:C0 08      153          cpy     #8
C4DE:90 04      154          bcc     bswtch2a     ;skip if GLU (ioudis or dhires failure)
C4E0:C0 11      155          cpy     #$11
C4E2:90 03      156          bcc     bswtch3      ;skip if IOU
C4E4:BD 72 C8   157 bswtch2a  lda     smess+6,x      ;GLU error (ioudis failure)
C4E7:9D B8 05   158 bswtch3  sta     screen,x
C4EA:CA        159          dex
C4EB:10 E1      160          bpl     bswtch1      ;print "MMU", "IOU" or "GLU"
C4ED:30 FE      161 hangy    bmi     hangy        ;branch forever

C4EF:A0 01      163 SWCHTST  ldy     #MMUIDX
C4F1:A9 7F      164 swtst1   lda     #$7F
C4F3:6A        165 swtst2   ror     a              ;set switches of the IOU/MMU to match
                                           Accumulator

C4F4:BE 2F C8   166          ldx     SWTBL0,y
C4F7:F0 0F      167          beq     swtst4      ;branch if done setting switches
C4F9:90 03      168          bcc     swtst3      ;branch if setting switch to 0-state
C4FB:BE 41 C8   169          ldx     SWTBL1,y      ;else get index to set switch to 1
C4FE:9D FF BF   170 swtst3   sta     loadr-1,x      ;set switch
C501:C8        171          iny
C502:D0 EF      172          bne     swtst2      ;branch always taken...
C504:         173 *
C504:AE 30 C0   174 click    ldx     spkr
C507:2A        175          rol     a
C508:88        176 swtst4   dey
C509:BE 53 C8   177          ldx     RSWTBL,y      ;now verify the settings just made
C50C:F0 13      178          beq     swtst6      ;branch if done this pass
C50E:30 F4      179          bmi     click      ;branch if this switch no to be
verified.
C510:2A        180          rol     a
C511:90 07      181          bcc     swtst5
C513:1E 00 C0   182          asl     loadr,x
C516:90 1F      183          bcc     swerr
C518:B0 EE      184          bcs     swtst4      ;branch always
C51A:1E 00 C0   185 swtst5   asl     loadr,x
C51D:B0 18      186          bcs     swerr
C51F:90 E7      187          bcc     swtst4      ;branch always
C521:         188 *
C521:2A        189 swtst6   rol     a              ;restore original value
C522:C8        190          iny              ; and IOU/MMU index
C523:38        191          sec
C524:E9 01      192          sbc     #1          ;try next pattern
C526:B0 CB      193          bcs     swtst2
C528:88        194          dey
C529:F0 08      195          beq     swtst7      ;was MMU just tested?
C52B:C0 08      196          cpy     #IOUIDX-1      ;yes, go test IOU
C52D:D0 10      197          bne     BIGLOOP      ;was IOU just tested?
C52F:A0 11      198          ldy     #GLUIDX        ;no, go loop again
C531:D0 BE      199          bne     swtst1      ;yes, go test IOUDIS switch
                                           ;branch always

```

```
C533:A0 09      200 swtst7    ldy    #IQUIDX
C535:D0 BA      C4F1 201      bne    swtst1    ;branch always
C537:          202 *
C537:5A        203 swerr    phy          ;save y to distinguish from MMU or GLU
                                   failure
C538:A2 00      204      ldx    #0          ;indicate switch error
C53A:C0 0A      205      cpy    #IQUIDX+1    ;set carry if IOU was cause
C53C:4C 7D C4    206      jmp    bbits1
```

```

C53F:46 80      208 BIGLOOP  lsr    $80
C541:D0 AC      209      bne    SWCHT5T
C543:A9 A0      210 blp2    lda    #$A0
C545:A0 00      211      ldy    #0
C547:99 00 04    212 blp3    sta    $400,y      ;clear screen for success message
C54A:99 00 05    213      sta    $500,y
C54D:99 00 06    214      sta    $600,y
C550:99 00 07    215      sta    $700,y
C553:C8         216      iny
C554:D0 F1      217      bne    blp3
C556:AD 61 C0    218 blp4    LDA    butn0      ;test for both Open and Closed Apple
C559:2D 62 C0    219      AND    butn1      ; pressed
C55C:0A         220      asl    a      ;put result in carry
C55D:E6 FF      221      INC    $FF
C55F:A5 FF      222      LDA    $FF
C561:90 03      223      bcc    dquit
C563:4C A9 D4    224      jmp    DIAG5
C566:         225 *
C566:AD 51 C0    226 dquit   lda    txtset      ;put success message on the screen
C569:A0 08      227      ldy    #8
C56B:B9 75 C8    228 suc2    lda    success,y
C56E:99 B8 05    229      sta    SCREEN,y
C571:88         230      dey
C572:10 F7      231      bpl    suc2
C574:30 E0      232      bmi    blp4      ;loop forever
C576:         54      ds     $C580-*,0      ;Appletalk stuff
C580:         55      include switcher2      ;Bank switch stuff @ 2:C780

```

```

C580:      0200      2      ds      $C780-*, $00
C780:      3      *****
C780:      4      *
C780:      5      * SWITCHING ROUTINES
C780:      6      *
C780:      7      *****
C780:8D 28 C0      8      swrti2      sta      rombank
C783:40      9      rti
C784:8D 28 C0     10      swrts2      sta      rombank
C787:60     11      rts
C788:8D 28 C0     12      swreset2      sta      rombank
C78B:4C 62 FA     13      jmp      reset
C78E:8D 28 C0     14      swirq2      sta      rombank      ;Irq entry
C791:2C 87 C7     15      bit      swrtsop
C794:4C 04 C8     16      jmp      irqent
C797:8D 28 C0     17      swsthk2      sta      rombank
C79A:4C 80 C8     18      jmp      pcnv
C79D:8D 28 C0     19      swzzqt2      sta      rombank      ;Mouse basic routines
C7A0:4C 00 D4     20      jmp      basicin
C7A3:8D 28 C0     21      sta      rombank      ;Set terminal mode
C7A6:4C F1 C7     22      jmp      swsttm3
C7A9:8D 28 C0     23      sta      rombank      ;Jump to command routine
C7AC:4C 06 C8     24      jmp      swcmd3
C7AF:8D 28 C0     25      sta      rombank      ;Aux move
C7B2:4C 4E C3     26      jmp      moveaux
C7B5:8D 28 C0     27      sta      rombank      ;XFER
C7B8:4C 97 C3     28      jmp      xfer
C7BB:8D 28 C0     29      sta      rombank      ;Mouse interrupt handler
C7BE:4C 00 C1     30      jmp      mouseint
C7C1:8D 28 C0     31      sta      rombank      ;Diagnostics
C7C4:4C A9 D4     32      jmp      diags
C7C7:8D 28 C0     33      sta      rombank      ;Appletalk
C7CA:4C 80 C5     34      jmp      atalk
C7CD:8D 28 C0     35      sta      rombank      ;Serial output
C7D0:4C 4F C2     36      jmp      serout3
C7D3:8D 28 C0     37      sta      rombank      ;Get status
C7D6:4C AC C2     38      jmp      getstat
C7D9:8D 28 C0     39      sta      rombank      ;Read from serial port
C7DC:4C C3 C2     40      jmp      xrdser
C7DF:8D 28 C0     41      sta      rombank      ;Get char from buffer
C7E2:4C F7 C2     42      jmp      getbuf
C7E5:8D 28 C0     43      sta      rombank
C7E8:4C E0 D4     44      jmp      zznm
C7EB:8D 28 C0     45      swxfgo2      sta      rombank      ;Go to users xfer dest
C7EE:6C ED 03     46      jmp      ($3ED)
C7F1:DA      47      swsttm3      phx
C7F2:20 16 C8     48      jsr      getlc      ;Save X
C7F5:5A      49      phy
C7F6:20 A0 D1     50      jsr      setterm
C7F9:80 13 C80E   51      bra      fixlc      ;Fix Language card and return

C7FB:      53      ds      $C803-*, 0
C803:4C 8E C7     54      jmp      swirq2      ;$C803 interrupt entry point

C806:DA      56      swcmd3      phx      ;Go to the command routine
C807:20 16 C8     57      jsr      getlc      ;Get language card state
C80A:5A      58      phy      ;Save it
C80B:20 00 D0     59      jsr      command

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C80E:FA      60 fixlc      plx
C80F:FE 00 C0 61          inc      $C000,x      ;Restore LC
C812:FA      62          plx          ;Restore real X
C813:4C 84 C7 63          jmp      swrts2

C816:      65 *****
C816:      66 * GETLC - Gets language card state in Y
C816:      67 *****
C816:      68 getlc      equ      *
C816:A0 81      69          ldy      #$81
C818:2C 12 C0      70          bit      rdicram      ;Language card enabled?
C81B:10 0C      71          bpl      glcdone
C81D:A0 8B      72          ldy      #$8B
C81F:2C 11 C0      73          bit      rdicbnk2      ;Bank 2?
C822:10 02      74          bpl      glcbnk1
C824:A0 83      75          ldy      #$83      ;Bank 1!
C826:8D 81 C0      76          sta      romin
C829:60      77          glcdone      rts

C82A:      79 * Diagnostic routine tables
C82A:      80 setv      equ      *
C82A:53 43 2B 29      81 ntbl      dfb      83,67,43,41,7
C82F:00 89 03 05      82 swtbl0      dfb      $00,$89,$03,$05,$09,$01,$7F,$5F
C837:00 83 51 53      83          dfb      $00,$83,$51,$53,$55,$57,$0F,$0D,$00,$80
C841:00 81 04 06      84 swtbl1      dfb      $00,$81,$04,$06,$0A,$02,$7F,$60
C849:00 84 52 54      85          dfb      $00,$84,$52,$54,$56,$58,$10,$0E,$00,$7F
C853:00 11 13 14      86 rswtbl      dfb      $00,$11,$13,$14,$16,$18,$FF,$7F
C85B:00 12 1A 1B      87          dfb      $00,$12,$1A,$1B,$1C,$1D,$1E,$1F,$00,$7E,$00
C866:      88          MSB      ON
C866:D2 C1 CD A0      89 rmess      asc      "RAM      ZP"
C86C:CD CD D5 C9      90 smess      asc      "MMUIUGLU"

C875:D3 F9 F3 F4      92 success      asc      "System      OK"
C87E:      56          ds      $C880-*,0      ;Protocol converter
C880:      57          ds      $D000-*,0
D000:      58          include command      ;Serial port command processor

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```

D000:      2 *****
D000:      3 * The command routine now supports 5 new 2-character commands. These
D000:      4 * commands enable or disable a feature of the serial port and are
D000:      5 * derived from their equivalent in the super serial card for the //.
D000:      6 *
D000:      7 * The new commands are as follows:
D000:      8 *   L - send LF out after CR
D000:      9 *   X - detect XOFF, and wait for XON
D000:     10 *   F - accept keyboard input
D000:     11 *   M - ignore LF in after CR
D000:     12 *   C - auto CR when column count > printer width
D000:     13 *
D000:     14 * Usage of location $779 (port 1) and $77A (port 2) are as follows:
D000:     15 *   bit 7 - echo output to screen if on
D000:     16 *   bit 6 - generate LF after CR if on
D000:     17 *   bit 5 - accept XOFF if on
D000:     18 *   bit 4 - ignore keyboard input if on
D000:     19 *   bit 3 - accept LF in after CR if on
D000:     20 *   bit 2 - a character was received through the ACIA and is in
D000:     21 *       location $5FE (port 1) or $67E (port 2) if on
D000:     22 *   bit 1 - XOFF is accepted, awaiting XON if on
D000:     23 *   bit 0 - signifies comm port if on, printer port if off
D000:     24 *****

D000:      26 charCR      equ      $0D
D000:      27 ucspc      equ      $00      ;need an "upper case" space character

D000:48      29 command   pha          ;shove character on stack
D001:3C B8 03      30      bit      sermode,x      ;Already in command?
D004:30 1C D022    31      bmi      incmd          ;If so, go do it
D006:BC 38 06      32      ldy      eschar,x      ;If eschar = 0 ignore commands
D009:F0 14 D01F    33      beq      nocmd
D00B:5D 38 06      34      eor      eschar,x      ;Is it the command char?
D00E:0A           35      asl      A              ;Ignore high bit
D00F:D0 0E D01F   36      bne      nocmd          ;char not command char
D011:AC FB 07      37      command1 ldy      cursor      ;Save the cursor
D014:8C 79 06      38      sty      oldcur
D017:A0 BF         39      ldy      #cmdcur      ;Set command cursor
D019:8C FB 07      40      sty      cursor
D01C:4C B5 D0      41      jmp      cominit1      ;initiate command mode

D01F:38           43      nocmd      sec          ;Mark char not handled
D020:68           44      nocmd2     pla          ;Restore original char
D021:60           45      rts

D022:      47 incmd      equ      *          ;Command mode
D022:BC 42 C1      48      ldy      devno2,x      ;Get index for ACIA
D025:29 5F         49      and      #$5F          ;High bit doesn't matter, upshift lower
case
D027:48           50      pha          ;save character
D028:BD B8 03      51      lda      sermode,x      ;need to see if in 2-chr command
D02B:89 08         52      bit      #$08          ;bit 3 set if so
D02D:D0 03 D032    53      bne      incmd2          ;branch if so
D02F:68           54      pla          ;pull char back, not in 2-chr cmd
D030:80 52 D084    55      bra      incmd1          ;go on with regular command mode

D032:      57 incmd2     equ      *          ;handle 2nd chr of 2-chr commands
D032:68           58      pla          ;pull char off stack
D033:48           59      pha          ; & reshove it to keep stack neat

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D034:C9 00      60      cmp    #ucspace    ;is it a space? (uppercased)
D036:D0 04      61      bne    incmd3      ;no, go on with 2-chr cmd handling
D038:18         62      clc                ;yes, ignore spaces between chrs of
                                           2-chr cmds
D039:68         63      pla                ;pull uppercased char off stack
D03A:80 E4      64      bra     nocmd2      ;ie mark them "handled"

D03C:BD B8 03    66      incmd3    lda     sermode,x    ;get sermode back
D03F:48         67      pha                ;save sermode for a minit
D040:29 07      68      and     #7          ;throw out all but bits 0-2
D042:8D F8 06    69      sta     temp        ;save - this is index of which cmd it is
D045:68         70      pla                ;get sermode back
D046:29 F0      71      and     #$F0        ;now clear bits 0-3
D048:9D B8 03    72      sta     sermode,x    ;since we're done with them now
D04B:68         73      pla                ;get character back
D04C:DA         74      phx                ;shove x (Cn) on stack
D04D:AE F8 06    75      ldx     temp        ;get index to command's 1st chr
D050:C9 45      76      cmp     #$45        ;is it an E?
D052:F0 71      77      beq     enable      ;yes
D054:C9 44      78      cmp     #$44        ;no, is it a D?
D056:F0 6F      79      beq     disable     ;yes
D058:FA         80      plx                ;retrieve X=Cn
D059:DA         81      phx                ;push it back to keep stack neat
D05A:DD 38 06    82      cmp     eschar,x    ;compare to the command character
D05D:08         83      php                ;save result of comparison for a bit
D05E:AE F8 06    84      ldx     temp        ;reload X= index to cmd's first chr
D061:28         85      plp                ;retrieve result
D062:F0 13      86      beq     flagit      ;yes tis 1-chr cmd followed by nother cmd
D064:C9 0D      87      cmp     #charCR    ;is it a (guess what) CR?
D066:F0 17      88      beq     oneletter   ;yes - a 1-chr command
D068:         D068 89      cmd2null    equ     *          ;unimplemented but legal 2-chr cmds
D068:FA         90      plx                ;pull x (Cn) off stack
D069:AD 79 06    91      lda     oldcur      ;restore non-cmd-mode cursor
D06C:8D FB 07    92      sta     cursor
D06F:1E B8 03    93      asl     sermode,x    ;clear cmd-mode bit (bit 7 of sermode)
D072:5E B8 03    94      lsr     sermode,x    ;by shifting out bit 7 & shifting in a 0
D075:80 A8      95      bra     nocmd      ;return marking character not handled

D077:         D077 97      flagit     equ     *          ;come here if get eschar after LXFm or T
D077:FA         98      plx                ;need X=Cn to set bit 0 of sermode
D078:DA         99      phx                ;but leave Cn on stack too
D079:FE B8 03   100      inc     sermode,x    ;bit 0 was 0, is now 1 — means new cmd
                                           mode
D07C:AE F8 06   101      ldx     temp        ;reload X=index to cmd's first chr
D07F:         D07F 102      oneletter  equ     *          ;come here if 2-chr cmd turns out 1 chr
D07F:BD 25 D2   103      lda     cmd2list,x  ;get command chr
D082:80 0B      D08F 104      bra     backto1  ;treat it as if we just got it

D084:         D084 106      incmd1     equ     *          ;in command mode, not 2-chrs tho
D084:DA         107      phx                ;Save slot
D085:A2 04      108      ldx     #4          ;check 5 possible 2-chr cmds
D087:DD 25 D2   109      cmd2loop    cmp     cmd2list,x  ;is it there?
D08A:F0 71      D0FD 110      beq     cmd2found ;yes, need to flag it for next time
D08C:CA         111      dex                ;nope
D08D:10 F8      D087 112      bpl     cmd2loop ;try next if there is one
D08F:         D08F 113      backto1     equ     *          ;come here to check for 1-chr cmds
D08F:A2 0C      114      ldx     #12        ;Check 13 commands
D091:DD 18 D2   115      cmdloop     cmp     cmdlist,x
D094:F0 74      D10A 116      beq     cmfound  ;Right char?
D096:CA         117      dex

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D097:10 F8 D091 118 bpl cmdloop
D099:FA 119 plx ;We didn't find it
D09A:68 120 pla
D09B:48 121 pha
D09C:29 7F 122 and #$7F ;if char is cntl char
D09E:C9 20 123 cmp #$20 ;it can be the new cmd char
D0A0:B0 03 D0A5 124 bcs ckdig ;branch if not cntl character
D0A2:9D 38 06 125 cmdz2 sta eschar,x ;Save cmd char, drop thru ckdig to
;cdone
D0A5:49 30 126 ckdig eor #$30 ;zap it down to 0n if char was a digit
D0A7:C9 0A 127 cmp #$0A ;if not a digit, it is unexpected
;intruder
D0A9:B0 33 D0DE 128 bcs cdone ;If not, branch
D0AB:A0 0A 129 ldy #10 ;A = A + 10 * current number
D0AD:6D 7E 04 130 digloop adc number ;C=0 on first entry
D0B0:88 131 dey
D0B1:D0 FA D0AD 132 bne digloop
D0B3:80 0A D0BF 133 bra cominit ;not starting new cmd mode, just save #

D0B5: D0B5 135 cominit1 equ * ;start new cmd mode here
D0B5:BD B8 03 136 lda sermode,x ;get sermode
D0B8:29 C0 137 and #$C0 ;clear bits 0-5 (starting a new cmd seq

D0BA:9D B8 03 138 sta sermode,x ;they are used for misc during cmd mode)
D0BD:A9 00 139 lda #0 ;load a 0 to stuff in NUMBER
D0BF:8D 7E 04 140 cominit sta number
D0C2:38 141 sec ;Mark in command mode
D0C3:80 25 D0EA 142 bra cmset

D0C5: D0C5 144 enable equ * ;got a 2-chr command aE
D0C5:38 145 sec ;set carry
D0C6:90 146 dfb $90 ;bcc to skip next byte (the CLC)
D0C7: D0C7 147 disable equ * ;got a 2-chr command aD
D0C7:18 148 clc ;clear carry
D0C8:08 149 php ;push P to save carry
D0C9:E0 00 150 cpx #0 ;if X=0 then command is LE or LD
D0CB:F0 27 D0F4 151 beq cmd2l ;so just make it act like L or K
D0CD:E0 04 152 cpx #4 ;if X=4 then command is CE or CD
D0CF:F0 41 D112 153 beq cmd.c ;skip if so

D0D1: 155 *****
D0D1: 156 * for other 2-chr cmds, their FLAGS masks' indexes are 2X+3
D0D1: 157 * for an E or 2X+4 for a D
D0D1: 158 *****

D0D1:8A 160 txa ;copy x to acc for arithmetic
D0D2:18 161 clc ;clear carry for arithmetic
D0D3:0A 162 asl A ;multiply index by 2
D0D4:69 03 163 adc #3 ;add 3 to get mask index
D0D6:AA 164 tax ;put mask index in X
D0D7:28 165 plp ;get carry back
D0D8:B0 01 D0DB 166 bcs xready ;carry set = Enable so X is ready
D0DA:E8 167 inx ;cmd was Disable so inc X to next mask
D0DB:4C 39 D1 168 jmp cmdi ;go do mask stuff to FLAGS

D0DE: D0DE 170 cdone equ * ;sermode bit 0 tells whether to set or
;clear cmd mode
D0DE:BD B8 03 171 lda sermode,x ;so get it
D0E1:4A 172 lsr A ;shift bit 0 to carry
D0E2:B0 D1 D0B5 173 bcs cominit1 ;if set, start new cmd mode
D0E4:AD 79 06 174 lda oldcur ;Restore the cursor
D0E7:8D FB 07 175 sta cursor ;& fall through to cmset with carry
;clear

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D0EA:08          176 cmset    php
D0EB:1E B8 03    177        asl      sermode,x      ;set command mode according to carry
D0EE:28          178        plp
D0EF:7E B8 03    179        ror      sermode,x      ;leaves carry clear
D0F2:68          180        pla      ;character handled
D0F3:60          181        rts      ;because carry clear...

D0F4:            D0F4 183 cmd21   equ      *          ;come here to handle LE & LD
D0F4:A9 4C      184        lda      #$4C          ;make LE look like L
D0F6:28          185        plp      ;get P back with carry indicating E or D
D0F7:B0 96      D08F 186        bcs    backto1     ;carry set means it was an E
D0F9:A9 4B      187        lda      #$4B          ;make LD look like K
D0FB:80 92      D08F 188        bra    backto1

D0FD:8A          190 cmd2found txa      ;copy index of cmd to acc
D0FE:FA          191        plx      ;restore X to Cn
D0FF:1D B8 03    192        ora      sermode,x     ;copy top 2 bits of sermode
D102:09 08      193        ora      #$08          ;& set bit 3 - 2-chr-command-mode flag
D104:9D B8 03    194        sta      sermode,x     ;sermode holds index to 2-chr command
D107:38          195        sec      ;set carry so we stay in command mode
D108:80 E0      D0EA 196        bra    cmset      ;for next time

D10A:A9 D1      198 cmfound   lda      #<cmdcr    ;get hi byte of where to go
D10C:48          199        pha      ;save it on stack
D10D:BD F5 D1    200        lda      cmdtable,x    ;get lo byte of where to go
D110:48          201        pha      ;save it on stack
D111:60          202        rts      ;go there by RTSing

D112:28          204 cmd.c    plp      ;restore status to check carry bit
D113:FA          205        plx      ;restore slot number in x
D114:B0 05      D11B 206        bcs    cmd.c1      ;skip if enable
D116:9E B8 04    207        stz      pwidth,x     ;CD is same as PWDTH=0, no CR
D119:80 C3      D0DE 208        bra    cdone      ;we're done here

D11B:BC 86 D1    210 cmd.c1   ldy      defidx2-$C1,x ;get y index into aux screenholes
D11E:20 2A D2    211        jsr      r.getalt     ;go get it from aux
D121:9D B8 04    212        sta      pwidth,x     ;restore default PWDTH
D124:80 B8      D0DE 213        bra    cdone      ;we're done here

D126:FA          215 cmdz     plx      ;Zero escape character
D127:9E B8 04    216        stz      pwidth,x     ;And the width
D12A:A9 00      217        lda      #0
D12C:4C A2 D0    218        jmp      cmdz2

D12F:            D12F 220 cmdcr equ      *
D12F:            D12F 221 cmdn  equ      *
D12F:7A          222        ply
D130:AD 7E 04    223        lda      number      ;Get number inputted
D133:F0 05      D13A 224        beq      cmdi2     ;skip if 0
D135:99 B8 04    225        sta      pwidth,y     ;Update printer width
D138:F0          226        dfb      $F0          ;BEQ opcode to skip next byte (the PLY)
D139:            D139 227 cmdi  equ      *
D139:            D139 228 cmdk  equ      *
D139:            D139 229 cmdl  equ      *
D139:7A          230        ply
D13A:B9 B8 06    231 cmdi2   lda      flags,y

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D13D:3D 02 D2      232      and    mask1,x      ;Mask off bit we'll change
D140:1D 0D D2      233      ora     mask2,x      ;Change it
D143:99 B8 06      234      sta     flags,y      ;Back it goes
D146:98             235      tya     ;Put slot back in x
D147:AA             236      tax     ;(via acc)
D148:4C DE D0      237 cdone2 jmp     cdone     ;Good bye

D14B:88             239 cmdp   dey             ;Make y point to command reg
D14C:A9 1F          240 cmdd   lda     #$1F      ;Mask off high three bits
D14E:38             241      sec             ;C=1 means high 3 bits
D14F:90             242      dfb     $90        ;BCC opcode to skip next byte
D150:A9 F0          243 cmdb   lda     #$F0      ;Mask off lower 4 bits F0 = BNE
D152:18             244      clc             ;F0 will skip this if cmdp or cmdd
D153:39 FB BF      245      and     scntl,y      ;Mask off bits being changed
D156:8D F8 06      246      sta     temp        ;Save it
D159:FA             247      plx             ;
D15A:AD 7E 04      248      lda     number      ;Get inputed number
D15D:29 0F          249      and     #$0F        ;Only lower nibble valid
D15F:90 05 D166    250      bcc     noshift      ;If C=1 shift to upper 3 bits
D161:0A             251      asl     A
D162:0A             252      asl     A
D163:0A             253      asl     A
D164:0A             254      asl     A
D165:0A             255      asl     A
D166:0D F8 06      256 noshift ora     temp        ;Get the rest of the bits
D169:C8             257      iny             ;Put them in the ACIA
D16A:80 17 D183    258      bra     cmdp2        ;increment puts em away where they go.

D16C:B9 FA BF      260 cmds   lda     scomd,y      ;Transmit a break
D16F:48             261      pha             ;Save current ACIA state
D170:09 0C          262      ora     #$0C        ;Do the break
D172:99 FA BF      263      sta     scomd,y
D175:A9 E9          264      lda     #233        ;For 233 ms
D177:A2 53          265 mswait ldx     #83        ;Wait 1 ms
D179:48             266 msloop pha             ;((12*82)+11)+2+3=1000us
D17A:68             267      pla
D17B:CA             268      dex
D17C:D0 FB D179    269      bne     msloop
D17E:3A             270      dec     a
D17F:D0 F6 D177    271      bne     mswait
D181:68             272      pla
D182:FA             273      plx
D183:             D183      274 cmdp2 equ     *
D183:99 FA BF      275      sta     scomd,y
D186:80 C0 D148    276      bra     cdone2

D188:             D188      278 cmdr   equ     *
D188:99 F9 BF      279      sta     sstat,y      ;Reset the ACIA
D18B:AD 7B 06      280      lda     vfactiv      ;Check if video firmware active
D18E:0A             281      asl     A           ;Save it in C
D18F:20 97 C7      282      jsr     swsthk2      ;assume video firmware active
D192:90 03 D197    283      bcc     cmdq        ;branch if good guesser...
D194:20 9D C7      284      jsr     swzzqt2      ;Reset the hooks
D197:18             285 cmdq   clc             ;Quit terminal mode
D198:B0             286      dfb     $B0        ;BC5 to skip next byte

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D199:38      287 cmdt      sec          ;into terminal mode
D19A:FA      288          plx          ;Recover X
D19B:20 A0 D1 289          jsr          setterm
D19E:80 A8    D148 290          bra          cdone2

D1A0:      D1A0 292 setterm equ *          ;set/clear terminal mode
D1A0:BD B8 03 293          lda          sermode,x ;Get terminal mode status
D1A3:89 40    294          bit          #$40      ;Z=1 if not in terminal mode
D1A5:90 12    D1B9 295          bcc          stclr   ;Branch if clearing terminal mode
D1A7:D0 20    D1C9 296          bne          stwasok ;Was already set
D1A9:E4 39    297          cpx          kswb      ;Are we in the input hooks
D1AB:D0 47    D1F4 298          bne          strts   ;Leaves C=1 if =
D1AD:09 40    299          ora          #$40      ;Set term mode bit
D1AF:AC 79 06 300          ldy          oldcur    ;Save what was in oldcur
D1B2:8C 7A 06 301          sty          oldcur2
D1B5:A0 DF    302          ldy          #termcur   ;Get new cursor value
D1B7:80 07    D1C0 303          bra          stset
D1B9:F0 0E    D1C9 304          stclr          beq          stwasok ;Branch if already clear
D1BB:29 BF    305          and          #$BF      ;Clear the bit
D1BD:AC 7A 06 306          ldy          oldcur2    ;Restore the cursor
D1C0:9D B8 03 307          stset          sta          sermode,x
D1C3:8C 79 06 308          sty          oldcur    ;Save cursor to restore later
D1C6:8C FB 07 309          sty          cursor
D1C9:BC 42 C1 310          stwasok          ldy          devno2,x
D1CC:58      311          cli          ;want to leave with interrupts active
D1CD:08      312          php
D1CE:78      313          sei          ;but off while we twiddle bits
D1CF:B9 FA BF 314          lda          scomd,y
D1D2:09 02    315          ora          #$2
D1D4:90 02    D1D8 316          bcc          cmdt2   ;disable receiver interrupts if
D1D6:29 FD    317          and          #$FD      ;not in terminal mode
D1D8:      D1D8 318 cmdt2 equ *          ;enable when in terminal mode
D1D8:99 FA BF 319          sta          scomd,y
D1DB:A9 00    320          lda          #0
D1DD:6A      321          ror          a          ;set kbd interrupts according to t-mode
D1DE:8D FA 05 322          sta          typhed
D1E1:10 07    D1EA 323          bpl          cmdt3   ;branch if leaving terminal mode
D1E3:9C 7F 05 324          stz          twser      ;and ser buf...
D1E6:9C 7F 06 325          stz          trser
D1E9:8A      326          txa          ;use x to enable serial buffering
D1EA:8D FF 04 327          cmdt3          sta          aciabuf
D1ED:28      328          plp          ;restore carry, enable interrupts.
D1EE:8E FF 05 329          flush          stx          twkey   ;Flush the type ahead buffer
D1F1:8E FF 06 330          stx          trkey
D1F4:60      331          strts          rts

D1F5:      333          MSB          OFF
D1F5:      D1F5 334 cmdtable equ *          ;command routines' 10 bytes
D1F5:38      335          dfb          >cmdi-1
D1F6:38      336          dfb          >cmdk-1
D1F7:38      337          dfb          >cmdl-1
D1F8:2E      338          dfb          >cmdn-1
D1F9:2E      339          dfb          >cmdcr-1
D1FA:4F      340          dfb          >cmdb-1
D1FB:4B      341          dfb          >cmdd-1
D1FC:4A      342          dfb          >cmdp-1
D1FD:96      343          dfb          >cmdq-1

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D1FE:87          344          dfb      >cmdr-1
D1FF:6B          345          dfb      >cmds-1
D200:98          346          dfb      >cmdt-1
D201:25          347          dfb      >cmdz-1

D202:            349  * masks for:      I   K   L   N   CR  XE  XD  FE  FD  ME  MD
D202:7F BF BF 7F 350 mask1      dfb      $7F,$BF,$BF,$7F,$FF,$DF,$DF,$EF,$EF,$F7,$F7
D20D:80 00 40 00 351 mask2      dfb      $80,$00,$40,$00,$00,$20,$00,$00,$10,$00,$08

D218:            D218 353 cmdlist      equ      *
D218:49 4B 4C 4E 354          asc      "IKLN"
D21C:0D          355          dfb      $0D          ;cr (part of cmdlist)
D21D:42 44 50 51 356          asc      "BDPQRSTZ"
D225:            D225 357 cmd2list      equ      *
D225:4C 58 46 4D 358          asc      "LXFCMC"          ;2-chr commands' first chrs

D22A:            360 *****
D22A:            361 * R.GETALT is the same as GETALT in main rom. Only the
D22A:            362 * location is different.
D22A:            363 *****

D22A:AD 13 C0     365 r.getalt      lda      rdramrd          ;save state of aux memory
D22D:0A          366          asl
D22E:AD 18 C0     367          lda      rd80col          ;and the 80STORE switch
D231:08          368          php
D232:8D 00 C0     369          sta      clr80col          ;no 80STORE to get page 1
D235:8D 03 C0     370          sta      rdcardram          ;pop in the other half of RAM
D238:B9 78 04     371          lda      $478,y          ;read the desired byte
D23B:28          372          plp          ;and restore memory
D23C:B0 03 D241   373          bcs      r.getalt1
D23E:8D 02 C0     374          sta      rdmainram
D241:10 03 D246   375 r.getalt1      bpl      r.getalt2
D243:8D 01 C0     376          sta      set80col
D246:60          377 r.getalt2      rts

D247:03 07       379 defidx2      dfb      3,7          ;same as DEFIDX in main rom.
D249:            59          include mbasic          ;Mouse BASIC routines @ 2:C100

27 MBASIC        Mouse BASIC routines          31-MAY-85          PAGE 116

D249:            01B7      2          ds      $D400-*,0

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```

D400:      4 *****
D400:      5 *
D400:      6 * BASICIN - Input from basic
D400:      7 *
D400:      8 * Creates +XXXXX,+YYYYY,+55
D400:      9 * XXXXX = X position
D400:     10 * YYYYY = Y position
D400:     11 * 55 = Status
D400:     12 *      - = Key pressed
D400:     13 *      1 = Button pressed
D400:     14 *      2 = Button just pressed
D400:     15 *      3 = Button just released
D400:     16 *      4 = Button not pressed
D400:     17 *
D400:     18 *****
D400:     19 basicin equ *
D400:91 28      20 sta (basl),y ;Fix flashing char
D402:A9 05      21 lda #>inent ;Fix input entry
D404:85 38      22 sta kswl
D406:AD 00 C0    23 lda kbd ;test the keyboard
D409:0A          24 asl A
D40A:08          25 php ;Save kbd and int stat for later
D40B:78          26 sei ;No interrupts while getting position
D40C:20 41 D4    27 jsr xmread2
D40F:A0 05      28 ldy #5 ;Move X position into the buffer
D411:AE 7C 05    29 ldx mouxh
D414:AD 7C 04    30 lda mouxl
D417:20 5C D4    31 jsr hextodec ;Convert it
D41A:A0 0C      32 ldy #12
D41C:AE FC 05    33 ldx mouyh
D41F:AD FC 04    34 lda mouyl
D422:20 5C D4    35 jsr hextodec
D425:AD 7C 07    36 lda moustat
D428:2A          37 rol A
D429:2A          38 rol A
D42A:2A          39 rol A
D42B:29 03      40 and #3
D42D:49 03      41 eor #3
D42F:1A          42 inc A
D430:28          43 plp ;Restore int & kbd status
D431:A0 10      44 ldy #16
D433:20 6D D4    45 jsr hexdec2 ;X=0 from last div10
D436:7A          46 ply
D437:A2 11      47 ldx #17 ;X = EOL
D439:A9 8D      48 lda #$8D ;Carriage return
D43B:9D 00 02    49 putinbuf sta inbuf,x
D43E:4C 84 C7    50 jmp swrts2 ;Goback

D441:      52 *****
D441:      53 *
D441:      54 * XMREAD2 - duplicate of xmread
D441:      55 *
D441:      56 *****
D441:      57 xmread2 equ *
D441:A9 20      58 lda #movarm ;Has mouse moved?
D443:2D 7C 06    59 and mouarm

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D446:1C 7C 06      60      trb    mouarm      ;Clear arm bit
D449:2C 63 C0      61      bit    moubut      ;Button pressed?
D44C:30 02      D450    62      bmi    xrbut3
D44E:09 80      63      ora    #$80
D450:2C 7C 07      64      xrbut3 bit    moustat      ;Pressed last time?
D453:10 02      D457    65      bpl    xrbut4
D455:09 40      66      ora    #$40
D457:8D 7C 07      67      xrbut4 sta    moustat
D45A:18      68      clc
D45B:60      69      rts
D45C:      70      *****
D45C:      71      *
D45C:      72      * HEXTODEC - Puts +0000, into the input buffer
D45C:      73      * inputs: A = Low byte of number
D45C:      74      *          X = High byte of number
D45C:      75      *          Y = Position of ones digit
D45C:      76      *
D45C:      77      *****
D45C:      D45C    78      hextodec equ    *
D45C:E0 80      79      cpx    #$80      ;Is it a negative number?
D45E:90 0D      D46D    80      bcc    hexdec2
D460:49 FF      81      eor    #$FF      ;Form two's complement
D462:69 00      82      adc    #0      ;C = 1 from compare
D464:48      83      pha      ;Save it
D465:8A      84      txa
D466:49 FF      85      eor    #$FF
D468:69 00      86      adc    #0
D46A:AA      87      tax
D46B:68      88      pla
D46C:38      89      sec
D46D:8D 14 02      90      hexdec2 sta    binl      ;Store the number to convert
D470:8E 15 02      91      stx    binh
D473:A9 2B      92      lda    #'+'      ;Store the sigh in the buffer
D475:90 02      D479    93      bcc    hdpos2
D477:A9 2D      94      lda    #'-'
D479:48      95      hdpos2 pha      ;Save the sign
D47A:A9 2C      96      lda    #','      ;Store a comma after the number
D47C:99 01 02      97      sta    inbuf+1,y
D47F:      D47F    98      hdloop equ    *
D47F:      99      *
D47F:      100     * Divide BINH,L by 10 and leave remainder in A
D47F:      101     *
D47F:A2 11      102      ldx    #16+1      ;16 bits and first time do nothing
D481:A9 00      103      lda    #0
D483:18      104      clc      ;C=0 so first ROL leaves A=0
D484:2A      105     dv10loop rol    A
D485:C9 0A      106      cmp    #10      ;A >= 10?
D487:90 02      D48B    107      bcc    dv10lt      ;Branch if <
D489:E9 0A      108      sbc    #10      ;C = 1 from compare and is left set
D48B:2E 14 02      109     dv10lt rol    binl
D48E:2E 15 02      110      rol    binh
D491:CA      111      dex
D492:D0 F0      D484    112      bne    dv10loop
D494:09 30      113      ora    #'0'      ;Make a ascii char
D496:99 00 02      114      sta    inbuf,y
D499:88      115      dey
D49A:F0 08      D4A4    116      beq    hddone      ;Stop on 0,6,12
D49C:C0 07      117      cpy    #7

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```
D49E:F0 04 D4A4 118      beq  hddone
D4A0:C0 0E      119      cpy  #14
D4A2:D0 DB D47F 120      bne  hdloop
D4A4:68      121 hddone  pla
D4A5:99 00 02 122      sta  inbuf,y ;Get the sign
D4A8:60      123      rts
D4A9:      60      include banger
```

```

D4A9:      3 * These routines test all 128K ram. All combinations of soft switches
D4A9:      4 * applicable to the //c are tested and verified.
D4A9:      5 *
D4A9:      6 * In the event of any failure, the diagnostic is halted. A message
D4A9:      7 * is written to screen memory indicating the source of the failure.
D4A9:      8 * When RAM fails the message is composed of "RAM ZP" (failure
D4A9:      9 * detected in the first page of RAM) or "RAM" (other 63.75K),
D4A9:     10 * followed by a binary representation of the failing bits set to "1".
D4A9:     11 * For example, "RAM 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0" indicates bits 5 and 6 were
D4A9:     12 * detected as failing. To represent auxillary memory, a "*" symbol is
D4A9:     13 * printed preceeding the message.
D4A9:     14 *
D4A9:     15 * When the MMU or IOU fail, the message is simply "MMU" or "IOU".
D4A9:     16 * If the IOUDIS or DHIRE5 switch fails, the message is "GLU".
D4A9:     17 *
D4A9:     18 * The test will run continuously for as long as the Open and Closed
D4A9:     19 * Apple keys remain depressed (or no keyboard is connected) and no
D4A9:     20 * failures are encountered. The message "System OK" will appear in
D4A9:     21 * the middle of the screen when a successful cycle has been run and
D4A9:     22 * either of the Apple keys are no longer depressed. Another cycle
D4A9:     23 * may be initiated by pressing both Apple keys while this message
D4A9:     24 * is on the screen. To exit diagnostics, Control-Reset must be
D4A9:     25 * pressed without the Apple keys depressed.
D4A9:     26 *
D4A9:     27 *
D4A9:     28 GLUIDX      EQU      $11
D4A9:     29 IOUIDX      EQU      $09
D4A9:     30 MMUIDX      EQU      $01
D4A9:     31 SCREEN      EQU      $5B8
D4A9:     32 *
D4A9:8D 50 C0    33 DIAGS      sta      txtclr      ;text mode off
D4AC:8D 78 C0    34              sta      ioudsbl     ;Disable IOU
D4AF:8D 5F C0    35              sta      setan3     ;Double hires off
D4B2:      36 * Test Zero-Page, then all of memory. Report errors when encountered.
D4B2:      37 * Accumulator can be anything on entry. All registers used, but no
D4B2:      38 * stack.
D4B2:      39 * Addresses between $C000 and $CFFF are mapped to main $D000 bank.

D4B2:A0 04      40 TSTZPG     ldy      #$4
D4B4:A2 00      41              ldx      #0
D4B6:18         42 zp1        clc
D4B7:79 2A C8    43              adc      ntbl,y      ;fill zero page with a pattern
D4BA:95 00      44              sta      $00,x
D4BC:E8         45              inx
D4BD:D0 F7 D4B6 46              bne      zp1      ;after all bytes filled,
D4BF:18         47 zp2        clc      ; ACC has original value again.
D4C0:79 2A C8    48              adc      ntbl,y      ;so values can be tested
D4C3:D5 00      49              cmp      $00,x
D4C5:D0 10 D4D7 50              bne      ZPERROR    ;branch if memory failed
D4C7:E8         51              inx
D4C8:D0 F5 D4BF 52              bne      zp2      ;loop until all 256 bytes tested
D4CA:6A         53              ror      a      ;change ACC so location $FF will change
D4CB:2C 19 C0    54              bit      rdvblbar    ; use RDVBL for a little randomness...
D4CE:10 02 D4D2 55              bpl      zp3
D4D0:49 A5       56              eor      #$A5
D4D2:88         57 zp3        dey      ;use a different pattern now
D4D3:10 E1 D4B6 58              bpl      zp1      ;branch to retest with other value
D4D5:30 06 D4DD 59              bmi      TSTMEM2    ;branch always

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```

D4D7:55 00      61 ZPERROR    eor    $00,x      ;which bits are bad?
D4D9:18         62          clc                ;indicate zero page failure
D4DA:4C 73 C4   63          jmp    BADBITS
D4DD:4C C6 C3   64 T5TMEM2    JMP     T5TMEM     ;Off to the rest of it

```

```

D4E0:          D4E0   66 zzn      equ    *
D4E0:20 9D C7      67          jsr    swzzqt2      ;Get out of the hooks
D4E3:68          68          pla                ;Get junk off of stack
D4E4:7A          69          ply
D4E5:68          70          pla
D4E6:A9 FF        71          lda    #$FF
D4E8:AA          72          tax
D4E9:E8          73 zzloop    inx
D4EA:5D F5 D4     74          eor    qtbl,x
D4ED:9D 00 02     75          sta    inbuf,x
D4F0:10 F7 D4E9   76          bpl    zzloop
D4F2:4C 84 C7     77          jmp    swrts2

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```

D4F5:AD 3B 0A 0B   79 qtbl     dfb    $AD,$3B,$0A,$0B,$48,$77,$3E,$05
D4FD:00 05 08 0C   80          dfb    $00,$05,$08,$0C,$1E,$53,$65,$37
D505:1C 07 0C 45   81          dfb    $1C,$07,$0C,$45,$62,$27,$00,$17
D50D:1C 07 07 05   82          dfb    $1C,$07,$07,$05,$4B,$6D,$24,$02
D515:0E 45 61 32   83          dfb    $0E,$45,$61,$32,$18,$02,$07,$1D
D51D:53 6A 2B 0C   84          dfb    $53,$6A,$2B,$0C,$08,$16,$53,$68
D525:3D 06 07 1B   85          dfb    $3D,$06,$07,$1B,$01,$E3
D52B:          61          include vectors2

```

```

D52B:          2 *****
D52B:          3 * VECTORS
D52B:          4 *****
D52B:          5          ds    $FFFA-*, $00
FFFA:88 C7      6          dw    swreset2      ;NMI
FFFC:88 C7      7          dw    swreset2      ;RESET
FFFE:8E C7      8          dw    swirq2       ;INT

```

3D A1H	3C A1L	FE78 A1PCLP	FE75 A1PC
FE7F A1PCRT5	3F A2H	3E A2L	41 A3H
40 A3L	43 A4H	42 A4L	45 ASH
44 A5L	45 ACC	C1B3 ACDONE	04FF ACIABUF
C24E ACIADONE	C1B4 ACIAINT	C1BA ACIAINT2	C1C2 ACIAT5T
FDD1 ADD	FD84 ADDINP	FBF8 ADV2	?FBF4 ADVANCE
C24C AIAUX	C208 AIEATIT	C24D AIEAT	C200 AINOFL5H
C20A AIPAS5	C1DC AIPORT2	C1D6 AIT5T2	C01E ALTCHARSET
C91D AMOD1	C93A AMOD2	C93C AMOD3	C93B AMOD4
C94A AMOD5	C94F AMOD6	CA29 AMOD7	CA38 AMOD8
?03F5 AMPERV	C5BB APPLE2C	FB60 APPLE11	0438 A5TAT
C580 ATALK	D08F BACKT01	C473 BADBIT5	C4A9 BADMAIN
C4B0 BADPRIM	C6A2 BADRD1	C6D3 BADREAD	C4CA BAD5WCH
C7C1 BANGER	2B BAS2H	2A BAS2L	FB01 BASCALC
FB00 BASCLC2	FEB3 BASCONT	29 BASH	E000 BASIC
E003 BASIC2	C324 BASICENT	D400 BASICIN	C317 BASICINIT
28 BASL	C47D BBIT51	C4BB BBIT52	FD71 BCK5PC
FA85 BEEPSKIP	FF3A BELL	?FBDD BELL1	FBE4 BELL2
C53F BIGLOOP	0215 BINH	0214 BINL	C329 BINPUT
FE00 BL1	FE04 BLANK	FC00 BLAST	?C543 BLP2
C547 BLP3	C556 BLP4	4F BOOTDEV	C5F5 BOOTFAIL
3C BOOTTMP	?C326 BPRINT	CAF1 BRANCH	?FA4C BREAK
03F0 BRKV	C4CE BSWTCH1	C4D8 BSWTCH2	C4E4 BSWTCH2A
?FC10 B5	C4E7 BSWTCH3	04 BUTMODE	C061 BUTN0
C062 BUTN1	C38A C03	C307 C3COUT1	?C300 C3ENTRY
C305 C3KEYIN	FD62 CANCEL	D0DE CDONE	D148 CDONE2
?CD7D CGO	F9BA CHAR1	F9B4 CHAR2	05FE CHARBUF
0D CHARCR	C234 CHARPTR	CD0C CHK80	FB09 CHKBELL
24 CH	C136 CHKMOU	CB4E CHKRT	C130 CHOK
FF7A CHR5RCH	FFCC CHRTBL	D0A5 CKDIG	FC0E CLEOLZ
FC46 CLEOP1	C504 CLICK	CBEE CLR0	CBFC CLR1
CBF1 CLR2	CC02 CLR3	CB07 CLR40	C00C CLR80VID
CBDA CLR80	C000 CLR80COL	C00E CLRALTCHAR	?C058 CLРАН0
?C05A CLРАН1	?C05C CLРАН2	?C05E CLРАН3	FE09 CLRCH
C2A5 CLRCOL	FC9C CLREOL	FC5D CLREOP1	FC44 CLREOP2
FC42 CLREOP	CB0F CLRHALF	CD9B CLRIT	CFBD CLRKBD2
CC99 CLRKBD	FA00 CLRLIN	CC04 CLRPORIT	?CFFF CLRROM
F838 CLR5C2	?F832 CLR5CR	C481 CLR5T5	C491 CLR5
F83C CLR5C3	F836 CLRTOP	D11B CMD.C1	D112 CMD.C
D0FD CMD2FOUND	D225 CMD2LIST	D087 CMD2LOOP	D0F4 CMD2L
?D068 CMD2NULL	D150 CMD8	D12F CMDCR	BF CMDCUR
D14C CMDD	D139 CMDI	D13A CMDI2	D139 CMDK
D139 CMDL	D218 CMDLIST	D091 CMDLOOP	D12F CMDN
D14B CNDP	D183 CNDP2	D197 CMDQ	D188 CMDR
D16C CMD5	D1D8 CNDT2	D1EA CNDT3	D199 CNDT
D1F5 CNDTABLE	D0A2 CNDZ2	D126 CMDZ	D10A CMFOUND
C168 CML0K	C14B CML0OP	C18A CMNOINT	C1A1 CMNOVBL
C18E CMNOY	C170 CMNT0	C175 CMRGHT	C182 CMROK
D0EA CMSET	C155 CMXMOV	C37F C01	FCCA COLDSTART
0738 COL	30 COLOR	FCE6 COM1	FCF5 COM2
FCFB COM3	D0BF COMINIT	D0B5 COMINIT1	D000 COMMAND
?D011 COMMAND1	C24F COMMPORT	C24C COMOUT	C200 COM5LOT
CF8C COMTBL	C348 COPYROM2	C338 COPYROM	FDED COUT
FDFO COUT1	FD66 COUTZ	FEF6 CRMON	FC62 CR
?FD8B CROUT1	FD8E CROUT	FC85 CRRT5	37 C5WH
36 C5WL	CD2A CTLADR	CD54 CTLCHAR0	CD58 CTLCHAR
FCA4 CTLD0	CD6F CTLDONE	CD71 CTLD0	CD80 CTLD01
14 CTLNUM	CD91 CTLOFF	CD95 CTLON	CD15 CTLTAB

07FB CURSOR	C118 CVNOVBL	25 CV	C12B CVBUT
C124 CVMoved	FDB6 DATAOUT	FBBC DCX	FEE2 DECCH
C2B6 DEFAULT	C2DF DEFCDM	C2C7 DEFFF	C2EA DEFIDX
D247 DEFIDX2	C2BC DEFLOOP	C6D9 DENIB1	C6D7 DENIBL
C22B DEVNO	C142 DEVNO2	D4A9 DIAGS	D0AD DIGLOOP
FF8A DIG	D0C7 DISABLE	?C983 DISLIN	0356 DNIBL
CBC2 DOCLR	FB84 DDCOUT1	FB54 DOCTL	C9D8 DOINST
C9F4 DOLIN	C186 DONE	FD20 DONXTCUR	FECE DOPR0
CS66 DQUIT	?C60B DRV2ENT	D484 DV10LOOP	D48B DV10LT
D0C5 ENABLE	C219 ENTR	C111 ENTR1	F8A1 ERR
C9C9 ERR2	?C9CB ERR3	9B ESC	CCD7 ESC0
?CCE3 ESC1	CCE5 ESC2	CCC0 ESC3	CD0C ESCCHAR
0638 ESCHAR	0013 ESCNUM	CCED ESCRDKEY	CCF8 E5CTAB
C275 EXIT1	C273 EXITX	C63D EXTENT1	?C65C EXTENT
0538 EXTINT	05F9 EXTINT2	F800 F8ORG	FB83 F8VERSION
C140 FIXCH	C80E FIXLC	?FA9B FIXSEV	D077 FLAGIT
06B8 FLAGS	?D1EE FLUSH	F962 FMT1	F9A6 FMT2
CD67 FNDCTL	2E FORMAT	?C648 FUGIT	F847 GBASCALC
27 GBASH	26 GBASL	C8C9 GBBRK	F856 GBCALC
C321 GBDONE	C8C1 GBNOC	C30D GBN00VR	C8C7 GBNOTROM
C346 GDEAT	C334 GDNOLF	C340 GDNXON	C348 GDOK
C393 GETALT1	C398 GETALT2	C37C GETALT	C2FD GETBUF2
C2F7 GETBUF	C3A6 GETCOUT	CCA7 GETCUR1	CCAD GETCUR2
CCB7 GETCUR3	CCBF GETCURX	CC9D GETCUR	C322 GETDATA
F8AS GETFMT	C9E7 GETI1	FC80 GETINDX	C986 GETINST1
C816 GETLC	?FD6F GETLN1	FD67 GETLNZ	?FD6A GETLN
FFA7 GETNUM	C98F GETOP	C2AC GETSTAT	CB57 GETST
C2B2 GETSTAT2	C5B4 GETUP	CEFA GETX	?CF06 GETY
CF38 GKEY	C826 GLCBNK1	C829 GLCDONE	0011 GLUIDX
C5EE GOBASICIN	C8A7 GOBREAK	CB25 GODDONE	CB22 GODREG
CB0D GOD5P	C9EC GOERR2	C96E GOERR	06 GOODF8
C278 GOREMOTE	FEB6 GO	C19B GOSER3	C279 GOTERM
?FD2S GOTKEY	F8CC GOTONE	C2C1 GSTN0INT	C2B4 G5TTST
2C H2	C4C8 HANGX	C4ED HANGY	D4A4 HDDONE
D47F HDLOOP	D479 HDP052	?FCC9 HEADR	D46D HEXDEC2
D45C HEXTODEC	?C057 HIRE	?F819 HLINE	F81C HLINE1
FCS8 HOME	CDAS HOMECUR	CE1B HOOKITUP	CE20 HOOKUP
F897 IEVEN	0200 INBUF	D084 INCMD1	CB0S INITBL
0200 IN	D032 INCMD2	D022 INCMD	D03C INCMD3
FF15 INDX	C405 INENT	C41A INITMOUSE	FB2F INIT
?FE8B INPORT	FE8D INPRT	F882 INSDS1	F88E INSDS2
F8D0 INSTDSP	CC12 INVERT	32 INVFLG	CC1C INVX
C000 IOADR	FEDE IOPRT1	FEAB IOPRT2	FE9B IOPRT
C078 IOUDSBL	C079 IOUENBL	0009 IOUIDX	C058 IOU
C82A IRQ21	C826 IRQ2	C834 IRQ3	C83E IRQ4
C848 IRQS	C85B IRQ6	C85E IRQ7	C870 IRQ8
C88C IRQDN1	C88E IRQDN2	C896 IRQDN3	C89C IRQDN4
C8A4 IRQDN5	C87F IRQDONE	C804 IRQENT	?03FE IRQLOC
FFFE IRQVECT	?FA40 IRQ	C882 IRQLCOK	CF86 IRQTBLE
C663 ISMRK1	C3C3 JMPDEST	C32C JPINIT	C32F JPREAD
C335 JPSTAT	C332 JPWRITE	C010 KBDSTRB	C000 KBD
FB88 KBDWAIT	FD1B KEYIN	?FD18 KEYIN0	39 KSWH
38 KSWL	CFDB LACR	CFD8 LADIG	CFDE LADONE
C08B LCBANK1	C083 LCBANK2	2F LENGTH	8A LFEED
FC66 LF	0400 LINE1	FE63 LIST2	FE5E LIST
2C LMNEM	00 LOC0	01 LOC1	CFCS LOOKASC
FD38 LOOKPICK	C0S6 LORES	FE20 LT	FE22 LT2
? 40 M.40	20 M.CTL2	08 M.CTL	10 M.CURSOR

00 M.GOXY	01 M.MOUSE	80 M.PASCAL	04 M.VMODE
44 MACSTAT	C58E MAKTBL	D202 MASK1	D20D MASK2
2E MASH	05F8 MAXH	04F8 MAXL	077D MAXXH
067D MAXXL	?07FD MAXYH	?06FD MAXYL	C400 MBASIC
C5EA MBBAD	C3D0 MEM1	C3D8 MEM2	C3F3 MEM3
C3FS MEM4	C3FA MEM5	C40S MEM6	C412 MEM7
C42A MEM8	C42C MEM9	C431 MEMA	C440 MEMB
C44F MEMC	C456 MEMD	C472 MEMERROR	C46C MEMF
0578 MINH	C9C7 MINIERR	FE6C MINI	0478 MINL
0S7D MINXH	047D MINXL	?05FD MINYH	?04FD MINYL
CFA3 MIRQLP	CFBA MIRQSTD	?C0S2 MIXCLR	C0S3 MIXSET
0001 MMUIDX	F9C0 MNEML	FA00 MNEMR	F8BE MNNDX1
F8C2 MNNDX2	F8C9 MNNDX3	FDAD MOD8CHK	31 MODE
FF69 MONZ	FF65 MON	067C MOUARM	C063 MOUBUT
C048 MOUCLR	?C0S8 MOUD5BL	?C0S9 MOUENBL	077C MOUODE
C100 MOUSEINT	CD9F MOUSOFF	CD99 MOUSON	077C MOUSTAT
0478 MOUTEMP	C066 MOUX1	0S7C MOUXH	C015 MOUXINT
047C MOUXL	C067 MOUY1	0SFC MOUYH	C017 MOUYINT
04FC MOUYL	C972 MOV1	20 MOVARM	C34E MOVEAUX
C361 MOVEC2M	CF9A MOVEIRQ	C367 MOVELOOP	FE2C MOVE
C393 MOVERET	C367 MOVESTRT	C970 MOVINST	02 MOVMODE
C900 MPADDLE	D179 MSLOOP	07F8 MSLOT	D177 MSWAIT
CAFF NBRNCH	0300 NBUF1	FBB0 NEWADV1	FBA0 NEWADV
FA47 NEWBRK	F099 NEWC1	FC90 NEWCLEOLZ	FC8D NEWCLREOL
FC73 NEWCR	CCCC NEWESC	C803 NEWIRQ	?FA81 NEWMON
FC38 NEWOP1	FC35 NEWOP5	CAD1 NEWPCL	FC86 NEWVTAB
FC88 NEWVTABZ	C371 NEXTA1	03FB NMI	CA3B NNBL
D020 NOCMD2	D01F NOCMD	C469 NOERROR	C2S4 NOESC
?FD45 NOESC1	FD4A NOESC2	FD44 NOESCAPE	FAA3 NOFIX
C5AA NOPATRN	C371 NOREAD	D166 NOSHIFT	C4E6 NOSTAT2
C36A NOT1	C1B2 NOTACIA	FDSF NOTCR1	FD4D NOTCR
CC53 NOTINV	?CC68 NOTINV1	CC6B NOTINV2	FEA7 NOTPRT0
FB94 NOWAIT	C82A NTBL	047E NUMBER	0016 NUMOP5
FCBA NXTA1	FCB4 NXTA4	FF98 NXTBAS	FF90 NXTBIT
FFA2 NXTB52	C9F8 NXTCH	FD75 NXTCHAR	FFAD NXTCHR
?F85F NXTCOL	077B NXTCUR	FF73 NXTITM	CA06 NXTMN
C9BD NXTOP	FA59 OLDBRK	047B OLDCH	0679 OLDCUR
067A OLDCUR2	?FFS9 OLDRST	D07F ONELETTER	FE02 OPRT0
FEFE OPTBL	057B OURCH	05FB OURCV	C407 OUTENT
?FE9S OUTPORT	FE97 OUTPRT	C1DS P1ERR	C19E P1INIT
C1A8 P1READ	C1AF P1READ2	C9AD P1SKIP	C1BB P1STATUS
C1CE P1STRD	C1CC P1STWR	C1B4 P1WRITE	C211 P2INIT
C213 P2READ	C217 P2STATUS	C215 P2WRITE	C064 PADDL0
CF71 PASCALC	?CF7F PASCLC2	CC0B PASINVERT	CF35 PASREAD
C850 PASSKIP1	C23D PBFULL	C235 PBOK	F9S3 PCADJ
F9S4 PCADJ2	F9S6 PCADJ3	F9SC PCADJ4	3B PCH
CAB4 PCINC2	CAB6 PCINC3	3A PCL	C5F8 PCNVRST
C880 PCNV	CF19 PCTL	C918 PDK	C90D PDON
CC3D PICK1	CC33 PICK2	CC3F PICK3	CC4A PICK4
CC1D PICKY	9S PICK	CF41 PINIT	CEBC PIORDY
F800 PLOT	F80E PLOT1	CEC0 PNOTRDY	C402 PNULL
FD92 PRA1	F910 PRADR1	F914 PRADR2	F926 PRADR3
F92A PRADR4	F930 PRADR5	F94A PRBL2	?F94C PRBL3
F948 PRBLNK	FD4A PRBYTE	?FB1E PREAD	FB25 PREAD2
?FF2D PRERR	CEF7 PRET	?FDE3 PRHEX	FDES PRHEXZ
F8F5 PRMN1	F8F9 PRMN2	C166 PRNOW	?F941 PRNTAX
F8DB PRNTBL	C14A PRNT	F8D4 PRNTOP	?F944 PRNTX
F940 PRNTYX	33 PROMPT	FD96 PRYX2	CF66 P51

CFS4 PSETUP2	CFS1 PSETUP	CF30 PSETX	CEB1 PSTATUS
CEBE PSTERR	?C070 PTRIG	C228 PUTBUF	?D43B PUTINBUF
CE3B PVMODE	04B8 PWDTH	CEDD PWR1	FAFD PWRCON
03F4 PWREDUP	CEF4 PWRET	CEC2 PWRITE	CEF1 PWRITERET
FB12 PWRUP2	FAA6 PWRUP	D4FS QTBL	CE4S QUIT
CE44 QX	D241 R.GETALT1	D246 R.GETALT2	D22A R.GETALT
?C060 RD40SW	C018 RD80COL	C01F RD80VID	C63F RDADR
C016 RDALTZP	C6A8 RDAT0	C6AA RDAT1	C6BA RDAT2
C6BC RDAT3	C6CB RDAT4	C6A6 RDATA	C003 RDCARDRAM
?FD3S RDCHAR	C642 RDDHDR	C6S6 RDHD0	C6SE RDHD1
C667 RDHD2	C671 RDHD3	?C01D RDHIRE	FD0C RDKEY
C011 RDLCBNK2	C012 RDLGRAM	C002 RDMANRAM	?C01B RDMIX
C01C RDPAGE2	C013 RDRAMRD	C014 RDRAMWRT	C68S RDSEC1
C687 RDSEC2	C68F RDSEC3	C683 RDSECT	FAE4 RDSP1
C01A RDTEXT	C019 RDVBLBAR	?FEFD READ	FAD7 REGDSP
FEBF REGZ	C961 REL1	?F938 RELADR	C9SS REL
C96B REL2	FABD RESET.X	C3S4 RESETLC	FA62 RESET
FF3F RESTORE	?FF44 RESTR1	C641 RETRY1	C6S7 RETRY
FADA RGDSP1	FB02 RGDSP2	C866 RMESS	2D RMNEM
4F RNDH	4E RNDL	C028 ROMBANK	C081 ROMIN
C37B ROMOK	0478 ROMSTATE	C8S3 RSWTBL	CF94 RTBL
F80C RTMASK	F87F RTMSKZ	2D RTNH	CAD9 RTNJMP2
?CADS RTNJMP	2C RTNL	FB31 RTS1	FBEF RTS2B
FB2E RTS2D	F961 RTS2	FBFC RTS3	FCC8 RTS4B
?FC34 RTS4	?FDCS RTS4C	FE17 RTSS	?FCB3 RTS6
?FF4C SAV1	FF4A SAVE	BFFB SCNTL	BFFA SCOMD
CE58 SCR1	CE5E SCR2	CE66 SCR3	CE79 SCR4
CE82 SCRS	CE8B SCR6	CE96 SCR7	?CE8D SCR8
CEAD SCR9	05B8 SCREEN	CBB9 SCRL3	CB9B SCRCLEVEN
CBA2 SCRLFT	CB6D SCRLIN	CBB0 SCRL0DD	F879 SCRN2
?F871 SCRN	CE80 SCRN48	CE53 SCRN84	CB30 SCROLLDN
?FC70 SCROLL	CB38 SCROLLIT	CB3S SCROLLUP	BFF8 SDATA
C61F SEEKZERO	C27F SERIN	C11C SERISOUT	03B8 SERMODE
C24F SEROUT3	C18A SEROUT	C18F SEROUT2	C2SS SEROUT4
C117 SERPORT	C189 SERRTS	C100 SERSLOT	C144 SERVID
CDC0 SET40	C001 SET80COL	C00D SET80VID	CDBE SET80
C00F SETALTCHAR	C009 SETALTZP	?C0S9 SETAN0	?C0SB SETAN1
?C0SD SETAN2	C05F SETAN3	C182 SETCH	?F864 SETCOL
FEEC SETCUR	FEED SETCUR1	CB67 SETDBAS	?FB40 SETGR
CE23 SETHOOKS	FE86 SETIFLG	FE80 SETINV	?C4S2 SETIOU
CDA1 SETIT	FE89 SETKBD	FE1D SETMDZ	FE18 SETMODE
FE84 SETNORM	?FAA9 SETPG3	FAAB SETPLP	?FB6F SETPWRC
C360 SETROM	CB88 SETSRC	C008 SETSTDZP	D1A0 SETTERM
?FB39 SETTX	CB83 SETUP2	C21C SETUP	FE93 SETVID
C82A SETV	FB4B SETWND	CE1A SETX	CB01 SEV1
CC4C SHOWCUR	CSC4 SHOWINST	C28E SIDATA	C4SC SILOOP
C463 SINOCH	C280 SINOKBD	C2AC SINOMOD	C20S SIN
CBA8 SKPLFT	CBB4 SKPRT	2B SLOTZ	C1 SLTDMY
C86C SMESS	C46A SMINVALID	C2AA SODONE	03F2 SOFTEV
C28D S00K	C2SE SORDY	C2AB SORTS	C286 SOTST
C207 SOUT	C030 SPKR	49 SPNT	BFF9 SSTAT
CF29 STARTXY	48 STATUS	D1B9 STCLR	CA43 STEP
FE71 STEPZ	FB6S STITLE	FBF0 STORADV	C3B8 STORCH
C3DB STORE1	C3EE STORE2	?C3F2 STORE3	C3C1 STORE
C3F9 STORES	?FE0B STOR	?C3F7 STORE4	C3B3 STORV
D1F4 STRTS	D1C0 STSET	D1C9 STWASOK	FFE3 SUBTBL
CS6B SUC2	C87S SUCCESS	C22F SUDODEF	C24S SUDONE
C232 SUNODEF	C240 SUOUT	?C7C7 SWATALK	C7AF SWAUX

C79D SWBASICIN	C4EF SWCHTST	C7A9 SWCMD	C886 SWCMD3
C537 SWERR	C7DF SWGETB	C7D3 SWGETST	C78E SWIRQ2
C7BB SWMINT	?C797 SWPCNV	C7D9 SWREAD	?C788 SWRESET
C788 SWRESET2	C780 SWRT1	?C780 SWRTI2	C784 SWRT5
C784 SWRTS2	C787 SWRT50P	C7CD SWSER3	C797 SWSTHK2
C7F1 SWSTHK3	C7A3 SWSTTM	C7F1 SWSTTM3	C82F SWTBL0
C841 SWTBL1	C4F1 SWTST1	C4F3 SWTST2	C4FE SWTST3
CS08 SWTST4	CS1A SWTST5	CS21 SWTST6	CS33 SWTST7
C7B5 SWXFER	?C7EB SWXFG0	C7EB SWXFG02	C7E5 SWZZNM
C79D SWZZQT2	C7F6 SWZZQT3	C1SE TAB	?FBSB TABV
C592 TBLLOOP	CSA0 TBLLOOP2	0578 TEMP	06F8 TEMP
04F8 TEMP1	0SF8 TEMPY	C27C TERM1	DF TERMCUR
C25E TESTKBD	0800 THBUF	?FB09 TITLE	C15C TOOFAR
FFBE TOSUB	FE6F TRACE	06FF TRKEY	067F TRSER
C3C6 TSTMEM	D4DD TSTMEM2	D4B2 TSTZPG	0SFF TWKEY
0S7F TWSER	C050 TXTCLR	C054 TXTPAGE1	C055 TXTPAGE2
C051 TXTSET	0SFA TYPHED	00 UCSPACE	CC93 UD2
CC70 UPDATE	C399 UPSHIFT0	C39B UPSHIFT	FC1A UP
FECA USR	03F8 USRADR	2D V2	C070 VBLCLR
C019 VBLINT	0C VBLMODE	FE36 VERIFY	067B VFACTV
FE58 VFYOK	CE31 VIDMODE	FBFD VIDOUT	FC04 VIDOUT1
FB78 VIDWAIT	F826 VLINEZ	F828 VLINE	04FB VMODE
FC22 VTAB	FB59 VTAB23	FC30 VTAB40	FC24 VTABZ
FC99 WAIT2	FCAA WAIT3	FCA8 WAIT	FEEB WDHCH
CDD5 WIN0	CDE0 WIN1	CDED WIN2	CDF2 WIN3
CE02 WIN4	CDD2 WIN40	CE18 WINS	CDD4 WIN80
23 WNDBTM	20 WNDLFT	CE0A WNDREST	22 WNDTOP
21 WNDWDTH	C00S WRCARDRAM	?FECB WRITE	C004 WRMAINRAM
CD8D X.CUR.OFF	CD89 X.CUR.ON	CDB7 X.5I	CDB0 X.50
C3AS X.UPSHIFT	FDB3 XAM	FDA3 XAM8	FDC6 XAMPM
FEB0 XBASIC	C8E6 XBITKBD	C8F9 XBKB1	C8FB XBKB2
CAA6 XBRK	06FB XC0ORD	C3C0 XFERAZP	C3AA XFERC2M
C3B0 XFERZP	C397 XFER	CAC9 XJMPAT	CAE3 XJMPATX
CAC8 XJMP	CAC0 XJ5R	CAEE XJXNOC	C5CF XMBASIC
C5DC XMBOUT	C48E XMCDONE	C4BD XMCLAMP	C482 XMCLEAR
C1AD XMDONE	C471 XMH2	C46F XMHLOOP	C46B XMHOME
C4B6 XMRD2	C493 XMREAD	D441 XMREAD2	C4DC XMTSTINT
C8D4 XNKEY	C2DS XN05BUF	93 XOFF	91 XON
CA98 XQ1	CA9A XQ2	CA64 XQINIT	CAS0 XQNOBT0
CA90 XQNTBRA	3C XQT	CA4A XQWAIT	C4AA XRBUT
C4B1 XRBUT2	D450 XRBUT3	D457 XRBUT4	C2F4 XRDDONE
C8DS XRDKBD	C2E9 XRDNOBUF	C2C3 XRDSE	C2C9 XRDSE2
D0DB XREADY	46 XREG	C8CC XRKBD1	C421 XRL00P
CAAC XRTI	CAB0 XRT5	C43B XSETMOU	C4S0 XS0FF
?C100 XXX	0008 YHI	47 YREG	34 YSAV
35 YSAV1	FFC7 ZMODE	D4B6 ZP1	D4BF ZP2
D4D2 ZP3	D4D7 ZPERORR	D4E9 ZZL00P	D4E0 ZZNM
CE4D ZZQUIT			

** SUCCESSFUL ASSEMBLY := NO ERRORS
 ** ASSEMBLER CREATED ON 30-APR-85 22:46
 ** TOTAL LINES ASSEMBLED 5727
 ** FREE SPACE PAGE COUNT 38


```

SOURCE  FILE #01 =>PC
INCLUDE FILE #02 =>PC.EQUATES
INCLUDE FILE #03 =>PC.BOOTSPACE
INCLUDE FILE #04 =>PC.BOOT
INCLUDE FILE #05 =>PC.PACKET
INCLUDE FILE #06 =>PC.CREAD
INCLUDE FILE #07 =>PC.MAIN
0000:      0001      1 IIC      equ 1      ;Which machine?
0000:      0001      2 ROM      equ 1      ;RAM or ROM based
0000:      C000      3 TheOrg    equ $C000
0000:      1000      4 version    equ $1000
0000:      S          5          lst nou
0000:      6 *
0000:      0001      7          ifeq IIC
0000:      9          else

```

```

0000:      11          fin
0000:      12 *
0000: 0001 13          X6502
0000:      14 *
0000:      15 *
0000:      16 *
0000:      17 *
0000:      18 *
0000:      19 ; PPPP RRRR 000 TTTT 000 CCC 000 L
0000:      20 ; P P R R 0 0 T 0 0 C C 0 0 L
0000:      21 ; PPPP RRRR 0 0 T 0 0 C C 0 0 L
0000:      22 ; P R R 0 0 T 0 0 C C 0 0 L
0000:      23 ; P R R 000 T 000 CCC 000 LLLLL
0000:      24 ;
0000:      25 ; CCC 000 N N V V EEEEE RRRR TTTT EEEEE RRRR
0000:      26 ; C C 0 0 NN N V V E R R T E R R
0000:      27 ; C 0 0 N N N V V EEEE RRRR T EEEE RRRR
0000:      28 ; C C 0 0 N NN V V E R R T E R R
0000:      29 ; CCC 000 N N V EEEEE R R T EEEEE R R
0000:      30 ;

```

```

0000:      32 *
0000:      33 *      UniDisk 3.5 Driver Firmware Version 1.0
0000:      34 *
0000:      35 *      Written by Michael Askins x6243 May 15, 1985
0000:      36 *
0000:      37 *      Copyright Apple Computer, Inc. 1985
0000:      38 *      All Rights Reserved
0000:      39 *
0000:      40 *
0000:      41 *      MSB ON
0000:      42 *

```

```

0000: 44 *****
0000: 45 *
0000: 46 *   Modification History:
0000: 47 *
0000: 48 *   Rel   Date       Who   Action
0000: 49 *   -----
0000: S0 * *** 18 Dec 84  MSA  RELEASE VERSION 0.02 (Sony)
0000: S1 *      10 Jan 85  MSA  Added //c support:
0000: S2 *      General conditional assembly overhead
0000: S3 *      16 Jan 85  MSA  Added retries and timeouts
0000: S4 *      MSlot handled correctly
0000: S5 *      Finished Boot code
0000: S6 *      Altered ProDOS errors - add $27 catchall
0000: S7 *      18 Jan 85  MSA  Remove call to WAIT in monitor
0000: S8 *      Add Boot failure messages
0000: S9 *      22 Jan 85  MSA  Add IWM reconfigure for //c version
0000: S0 *      23 Jan 85  MSA  Move Comm routines to $C800 ($C900)
0000: S1 *      Fixed zero page preservation
0000: S2 * *** 23 Jan 85  MSA  RELEASE VERSION 0.03 (Apple)
0000: S3 *      25 Jan 85  MSA  Swap slot dep read and boot code (//c)
0000: S4 *      Add other //c differences...
0000: S5 *      30 Jan 85  MSA  Add auxtype byte
0000: S6 *      Fix comm error on receive packet
0000: S7 *      Fix checksum to include MSBs of overhead
0000: S8 *      07 Feb 85  MSA  Add COUT support on boot fail
0000: S9 * *** 08 Feb 85  MSA  RELEASE VERSION 1.00A (alpha)
0000: S0 *      22 Feb 85  MSA  Add bytecount in X,Y on PC calls
0000: S1 *      Change hard reset time to 1 ms (was 83)
0000: S2 *      Crunched code by adding CtrPhases
0000: S3 *      Add zeroing of third block byte (ProDOS)
0000: S4 *      06 Mar 85  MSA  Fixed slot 7 goof (stack screw up)
0000: S5 *      No clear phases on retries
0000: S6 *      Hard reset time to 40 ms
0000: S7 *      Pass #parms instead of unit# and no chk
0000: S8 *      Init code (all reset vs. comm reset)
0000: S9 *      Add 2 bytes to pass a full 9 byte cmd
0000: S0 *      16 Mar 85  MSA  Fix bytecount on retries
0000: S1 *      Boot block must be $800-$01, $801<>$00
0000: S2 *      17 Mar 85  MSA  Remove WRREQ while waiting for motor T0
0000: S3 *      Remove glitch on /ENBL2 in AssignID
0000: S4 *      20 Mar 85  MSA  Add interrupt on/off/poll support
0000: S5 *      Reset pulse to 80 ms
0000: S6 *      //c delay of 100 ms on initial AssignID
0000: S7 *      ID bytes changed
0000: S8 *      Retransmit implemented (RecPack)
0000: S9 *      Add send data packet retries (S)
0000: S0 *      Rearrange PC stack adjust
0000: S1 *      Add //c Appletalk vector
0000: S2 *      24 Mar 85  MSA  Add //c millisecond wait each call
0000: S3 * *** 25 Mar 85  MSA  RELEASE VERSION 1.00B (beta) (//e)
0000: S4 *      18 Apr 85  MSA  Clear decimal mode
0000: S5 *      Eight bytes are returned on stat unit#0
0000: S6 *      Stat Unit#0 scode<>0 is rejected
0000: S7 *      X and Y set to 0008 on status unit#0
0000: S8 *      Enable interrupts done correctly
0000: S9 *      Add unit#0 parameter count checking
0000: 100 * *** 22 Apr 85  MSA  RELEASE VERSION 1.01B
0000: 101 * *** 15 May 85  MSA  RELEASE VERSION 1.0

```

```
0000: 102 *
0000: 103 *****
0000: 104 *
0000: 105 *
0000: 106      include pc.equates
```

```

0000:      2 *
0000:      00BF 3 PDIDByte equ $BF      ;ProDOS attributes byte
0000:      0000 4 PCID2 equ $0        ;This means a Liron card
0000:      5 *
0000:      6 *****
0000:      7 *
0000:      8 * Zero Page (temps) *
0000:      9 *
0000:     10 *****
0000:     11 *
0000:     12 dsect
0000:     0040 13 zeropage equ $0040
0000:     0040 14 org zeropage
0000:     15 *
0040:00 16 checksum dfb 0
0041:00 17 topbits dfb 0
0042:00 18 CMDCode dfb 0
0043:      0043 19 CMDPCount equ *      ;ProDOS parameter passing area
0043:00 20 CMDUnit dfb 0
0044:      0044 21 CMDBuffer equ *
0044:00 22 CMDBuffer1 dfb 0
0045:00 23 CMDBufferh dfb 0
0046:      0046 24 CMD5Code equ *
0046:00 25 CMDBlock equ *
0047:00 26 CMDBlock1 dfb 0
0048:00 27 CMDBlockh dfb 0
0049:00 28 CMDBlocks dfb 0
004A:00 29 CMD5Spare1 dfb 0
004B:      004B 30 CMD5Spare2 dfb 0
004B:00 31 rcvbuf equ *
004C:00 32 grp7ctr dfb 0
004D:      004D 33 oddbytes dfb 0
004D:00 34 statbyte equ *
004D:00 35 bytecount equ *
004D:00 36 bytecount1 equ *
004D:00 37 next equ *
004E:00 38 next1 dfb 0
004E:00 39 AuxType equ *
004E:00 40 bytecounth equ *
004F:00 41 next2 dfb 0
004F:00 42 RPacketType equ *
0050:00 43 next3 dfb 0
0050:00 44 DeviceID equ *
0051:00 45 next4 dfb 0
0051:00 46 HostID equ *
0052:00 47 next5 dfb 0
0052:00 48 pointer equ *
0053:00 49 next6 dfb 0
0054:00 50 next7 dfb 0
0055:00 51 buffer dw 0
0056:00 52 auxptr equ *
0058:00 53 buffer2 dw 0
0059:00 54 slot dfb 0
0059:00 55 temp equ *
005A:00 56 tbodd dfb 0
005B:00 57 Unit dfb 0
005C:00 58 WPacketType dfb 0
005C:00 59 *

```

;Current target unit

```

00SC:      60 *
00SC:      001C 61 ZPSize   equ   *-zeropage
00SC:      62 *
00SC:      63 *
0000:      64 *           dend
0000:      65 *
0000:      CFFF 66 ClearIORDMs equ $CFFF
0000:      0100 67 stack    equ   $100
0000:      68 *
0000:      69 *
0000:      70 *****
0000:      71 *
0000:      72 *   Screenhole Storage *
0000:      73 *
0000:      74 *****
0000:      75 *
0000:      76 * The screenhole layout is as follows:
0000:      77 *
0000:      78 *           //e           //c
0000:      79 *
0000:      80 *   ProFlag      $478+n      $478
0000:      81 *   Retry       $4F8+n      $4F8
0000:      82 *   SHTemp1     $578+n      $578
0000:      83 *   SHTempX     $5F8+n      $5F8
0000:      84 *   SHTempY     $678+n      $678
0000:      85 *   Power1      $6F8+n      ---
0000:      86 *   Power2      $778+n      ---
0000:      87 *   NumDevices  $7F8+n      $6FE
0000:      88 *   SvBcL       $6F8       $6F8
0000:      89 *   SvBcH       $778       $778
0000:      90 *
0000:      0001 91          do   I1c
0000:      0473 92 scholes    equ   $473           ;Use the slot 0 sholes for temps
0000:      93          else
0000:      94          fin
0000:      95
0000:      96 *
0000:      0473 97 ProFlag    equ   scholes
0000:      04F3 98 Retry      equ   scholes+$80
0000:      0573 99 SHTemp1    equ   scholes+$100
0000:      0573 100 Retry2    equ   SHTemp1
0000:      05F3 101 SHTempX    equ   scholes+$180
0000:      0673 102 SHTempY    equ   scholes+$200
0000:      0001 103          ifeq I1c
0000:      107          else
0000:      06F9 108 NumDevices  equ   $6F9           ;Actually in slot 6
0000:      109          fin
0000:      110 *
0000:      06F8 111 SvBcL     equ   $6F8
0000:      0778 112 SvBcH     equ   $778
0000:      113 *
0000:      0025 114 cv        equ   $25
0000:      0024 115 ch        equ   $24
0000:      FC22 116 vtab      equ   $FC22
0000:      FDED 117 cout      equ   $FDED
0000:      07DB 118 bootscrn   equ   $7DB
0000:      07F8 119 M51ot     equ   $7F8
0000:      FE93 120 setvid     equ   $FE93
0000:      FE89 121 setkbd     equ   $FE89

```

```

0000: FABA 122 AutoScan equ $FABA
0000: E000 123 Basic equ $E000
0000: 0000 124 loc0 equ $0 ;Boot parms
0000: 0001 125 loc1 equ $1 ;
0000: 126 *
0000: C797 127 SWPROTO equ $C797 ;//c bank switch to $C800
0000: C784 128 SWRTS2 equ $C784 ;RTS to bank 1
0000: 129 *
0000: 130 *
0000: 131 *****
0000: 132 *
0000: 133 * General Equates *
0000: 134 *
0000: 135 *****
0000: 136 *
0000: 00A5 137 PBBValue equ $A5 ;Powerup Byte Base Value
0000: 00FF 138 PBCValue equ $FF ;Powerup Byte Complement Value
0000: 139 *
0000: 0000 140 PowerReset equ $00
0000: 0080 141 CommReset equ $80
0000: 142 *
0000: 0032 143 bsyto1 equ 50 ;(.55 ms) T/O on /BSY before send
0000: 000A 144 bsyto2 equ 10 ;(.12 ms) T/O on /BSY after send
0000: 001E 145 statmto equ 30 ;30 bytes stat mark timeout
0000: 0009 146 cmdlength equ 9 ;Command packet length
0000: 00C3 147 packetbeg equ $C3 ;Mark at beginning of packet
0000: 00C8 148 packetend equ $C8 ;End of packet mark
0000: 0080 149 cmdmark equ $80 ;Command packet identifier
0000: 0081 150 statmark equ $81 ;Status Packet identifier
0000: 0082 151 datamark equ $82 ;Data Packet identifier
0000: 152 *
0000: 0007 153 iwmmode equ $07 ;No timer, asynch, latch
0000: 154 *
0000: 0000 155 SCDeviceStat equ 0 ;Get Device Specific Status
0000: 0001 156 SCGetDCB equ 1 ;Get Dev Ctrl Block (modebits)
0000: 0002 157 SCRtnNLStat equ 2 ;Return Newline Status
0000: 0003 158 SCGetDevInfo equ 3 ;Get Device Info Block
0000: 159 *
0000: C080 160 iwm equ $C080
0000: 161 *
0000: C080 162 reqclr equ iwm+0
0000: C081 163 reqset equ iwm+1
0000: C082 164 ca1clr equ iwm+2
0000: C083 165 ca1set equ iwm+3
0000: C084 166 ca2clr equ iwm+4
0000: C085 167 ca2set equ iwm+5
0000: C086 168 lstrbclr equ iwm+6
0000: C087 169 lstrbset equ iwm+7
0000: C088 170 monclr equ iwm+8
0000: C089 171 monset equ iwm+9
0000: C08A 172 enable1 equ iwm+10
0000: C08B 173 enable2 equ iwm+11
0000: C08C 174 l6clr equ iwm+12
0000: C08D 175 l6set equ iwm+13
0000: C08E 176 l7clr equ iwm+14
0000: C08F 177 l7set equ iwm+15
0000: 178 *
0000: 179 *

```

```

0000:      180 * Error0 codes
0000:      181 *
0000:      0001 182 noanswer equ 1
0000:      0002 183 nomark equ 2
0000:      0004 184 wasreset equ 4
0000:      0008 185 bytecmp equ 8
0000:      0010 186 csumerr equ $10
0000:      0020 187 nopackend equ $20
0000:      0040 188 bushog equ $40
0000:      189 *
0000:      190 * Command Codes
0000:      191 *
0000:      0000 192 StatusCmd equ $00
0000:      0001 193 ReadCmd equ $01
0000:      0002 194 WriteCmd equ $02
0000:      0003 195 FormatCmd equ $03
0000:      0004 196 ControlCmd equ $04
0000:      0005 197 InitCmd equ $05
0000:      198 *
0000:      199 *
0000:      0040 200 Soft equ %01000000 ;The soft error bit in statbyte
0000:      201 *
0000:      0001 202 BadCmd equ $01
0000:      0004 203 BadPCnt equ $04
0000:      0006 204 BusErr equ $06
0000:      0011 205 BadUnit equ $11
0000:      001F 206 NoInt equ $1F
0000:      0021 207 BadCtl equ $21
0000:      0022 208 BadCtlParm equ $22
0000:      0027 209 IOError equ $27
0000:      0028 210 NoDrive equ $28
0000:      002B 211 WriteProt equ $2B
0000:      002D 212 BadBlock equ $2D
0000:      002F 213 OffLine equ $2F
0000:      0068 214 LastOne equ Soft+NoDrive
0000:      0067 215 SoftError equ Soft+IOError
0000:      216 *
0000:      0010 217 SVMask1 equ $10
0000:      218 *
0000:      00B8 219 RC1 equ 3000 ;Send a command pack 3000 times (3 sec)
0000:      0005 220 RC2 equ 5 ;Data Packs (sent/rcd) get tried only 5
                                times
0000:      221 *
0000:      222 *
0000:      107 *
0000:      0001 108 do IIC^ROM ;If //c ROM start is $C500
----- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS CPC.0
CS00:      CS00 109 org $C500
CS00:      110 else
CS00:      116 fin
CS00:      117 *
CS00:      118 include pc.bootSPACE

```



```
C500:      2 *1st off
C500:      3 *
C500:      4
C500: 0001      ifeq IIC^ROM      ;If NOT the //c ROM version, do this
C500:      937      fin
C500:      938 *
```

```

C500:          940 *
C500:          941
C500:    0001 942 TheOff do ilc
C500:    0060 943 equ $60 ;On //c lwm in slot 6
C500:          944 else
C500:          945 fin
C500:          946 *
C500:          947 *1st on
C500:          948 *
C500:          949 * Here beginneth that code which resideth in the boot space
C500:          950 * at the time the card resteth in slot the fifth.
C500:          951 *
C500:    C500 952 C500org equ *
C500:          953 *
C500:          954 * Auto Boot signature bytes
C500:          955 * This is also the boot (auto & PR#5) entry point.
C500:          956 *
C500:A2 20    957          ldx  #$20
C502:A2 00    958          ldx  #$00
C504:A2 03    959          ldx  #$03
C506:          960 *
C506:C9 00    961          cmp  #0 ;Flag that this is a boot
C508:          962          do  ilc^ROM
C508:B0 17    C521 963          bcs  BootC
C50A:          964          else
C50A:          965          fin
C50A:          966 *
C50A:          967 *
C50A:          968 * Here is the ProDOS normal entry point
C50A:          969 *
C50A:    C50A 970 ProDOSEntry equ *
C50A:          971 *
C50A:          972 * Set up so that ProFLAG will have the top bit set
C50A:          973 *
C50A:          974          sec
C50A:38    975          bcs  **+3 ;Skip the clear
C50B:B0 01    C50E 976 *
C50D:          977 * This is the ML1xface entry point
C50D:          978 *
C50D:    C50D 979 ML1Entry equ * ;Only use this label in //c version
C50D:18    980          clc
C50E:A2 05    981          ldx  #$05
C510:7E 73 04 982          ror  ProFLAG,x ;ProFLAG[7]=1 if ProDOS, =0 if ML1
C513:18    983          clc ;This is not a boot entry
C514:          984 *
C514:          985 * Now save mslot and clear all $C800 ROMs
C514:          986 *
C514:          987 bootcase5 equ *
C514:A2 C5    988          ldx  #$C5 ;Load value for MSL0T
C516:8E F8 07 989          stx  M5lot
C519:A2 05    990          ldx  #$05
C51B:AD FF CF 991          lda  ClearI0ROMs ;Clear all $C800 latches but ours
C51E:          992 *
C51E:          993          do  ilc^ROM
C51E:4C 97 C7 994          jmp  SWPROTO
C521:          995 BootC equ *
C521:A2 05    996          ldx  #$05 ;Need slot number
C523:          997          else
C523:          1189          fin
C523:          1190 *

```

```
C523:      1191 * 1st off
C523:      1192 *
C523:      0001 1193      ifeq IIC^ROM      ;If not the //c ROM, more boot spaces
C523:      1658      fin
C523:      1659 *1st on
C523:      119 *
C523:      0001 120      do      IIC^ROM
C523:      121      include pc.boot
```

```

C523:          2 *
C523:          3 Bootcode equ *
C523:86 58      4          stx slot
C525:          5 *
C525:          6          do IIC^ROM
C525:A9 C5      7          lda #$C5
C527:8D F8 07   8          sta MSlot
C52A:20 76 C5   9          jsr reset
C52D:          10         else
C52D:          14         fin
C52D:          15 *
C52D:A0 05      16         ldy #5          ;Copy a command table
C52F:B9 70 C5   17 bc1          lda boottab,y
C532:99 42 00   18         sta cmdcode,y
C535:88        19         dey
C536:10 F7 C52F 20         bpl bc1
C538:          21 *
C538:          22 * Now on //e, patch the Unit number (slot*16)
C538:          23 *
C538:          24         ifeq IIC^ROM
C538:          31         fin
C538:          32 *
C538:          33 * Now do the read from block zero
C538:          34 *
C538:          35         do IIC^ROM
C538:20 0A C5     36         jsr ProDOSEntry
C53B:          37         else
C53B:          39         fin
C53B:B0 15 C552 40         bcs bootfail ;If fail, check loc
C53D:          41 *
C53D:AE 00 08    42         ldx $800 ;If ($800)<>1 this is no A// boot disk
C540:CA          43         dex
C541:D0 0F C552 44         bne bootfail
C543:          45 *
C543:AE 01 08    46         ldx $801 ;If $801 is zero, no boot
C546:F0 0A C552 47         beq bootfail
C548:          48 *
C548:          49 * It all looks okay. Jump to the code with N0 in X.
C548:          50 *
C548:A5 58      51         lda Slot
C54A:0A          52         asl a
C54B:0A          53         asl a
C54C:0A          54         asl a
C54D:0A          55         asl a
C54E:AA          56         tax
C54F:4C 01 08   57         jmp $801 ;Jump to it
C552:          58 *
C552:          59 * Do this code if the boot can't be done.
C552:          60 * If this was an autoboot (loc=$CN00), continue the slot scan.
C552:          61 * If not, drop into basic after issuing appropriate message
C552:          62 *
C552:          63 *
C552:          64 bootfail equ *
C552:          65 *
C552:          66         do IIC
C552:A2 10      67         ldx #>bmsglen-1
C554:          68 morchr$ equ *
C554:BD 5F C5    69         lda bootmsg,x

```

```

C557:9D DB 07      70      sta  bootscrn,x
C55A:CA            71      dex
C55B:10 F7 C554    72      bpl  morchrn
C55D:80 FE C55D    73 coma  bra      coma      ;He's dead Jim.
C55F:            74      *
C55F:C3 E8 E5 E3   75 bootmsg asc  'Check      Disk Drive.'
C570:            76 bmsglen equ  *-bootmsg
C570:            77      else
C570:            131     fin
C570:            132     *
C570:01 50 00 00   133 boottab dfb  ReadCMD,$50,0,8,0,0 ;Read from 1st; blk0->$801
C576:            134     *
C576:            135     *
C576:            136     * This routine is called from the //c reset code. It forces a
C576:            137     * reset of the PC Bus.
C576:            138     *
C576:            139     do  IIC^ROM
C576:            C576 140 Reset equ  *
C576:A2 00        141     ldx  #8
C578:            C578 142 rst1  equ  *
C578:BD 83 C5     143     lda  rcode,x
C57B:95 00        144     sta  loc0,x
C57D:CA            145     dex
C57E:10 F8 C578   146     bpl  rst1
C580:4C 00 00     147     jmp  loc0
C583:            148     *
C583:            C583 149 rcode equ  *
C583:20 0D C5     150     jsr  MLIEntry
C586:05           151     dfb  InitCMD
C587:07 00        152     dw   $0007
C589:60           153     rts
C58A:            154     *
C58A:01 00        155 cmdlist dfb  1,0      ;One parm - the unit $00
C58C:            156     fin
C58C:            157     *
C58C:            158     *
--- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS CPC.1
C5F5:            C5F5 122     org  $C5F5
C5F5:4C 52 C5     123     jmp  bootfail      ;Jump to the boot failure message
C5F8:4C 76 C5     124     jmp  reset      ;Reset vector
C5FB:00          125     dfb  PCID2
C5FC:00 00       126     dw   0
C5FE:BF          127     dfb  PDIDByte
C5FF:0A          128     dfb  >ProDOSEntry
C600:            129     *
--- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS CPC.2
C880:            C880 130     org  $C880
C880:4C 4B CD     131     jmp  Entry      ;The //c bank switch jumps here
C883:4C E8 CF     132     jmp  AppleTalkEntry
C886:            133     fin
C886:            134     *
C886:            135     include pc.packet
C886:            1      lst  cyc
C886:            2      *

```

```

C886:      4 *****
C886:      5 *
C886:      6 *   SendOnePack           Send a CBus Packet
C886:      7 *
C886:      8 *   This routine sends a packet of data across the
C886:      9 *   bus. The protocol is as follows:
C886:     10 *
C886:     11 *   REQ -----2-----5-----
C886:     12 *
C886:     13 *   /B5Y ---1-----3-----4-----
C886:     14 *
C886:     15 *       1) Device signals ready for data
C886:     16 *       2) Host signals data imminent
C886:     17 *       3) Packet is transmitted (sync, command mark,
C886:     18 *          ids, contents, checksum [msb=1])
C886:     19 *       4) Device signals packet recieved
C886:     20 *       5) Host finishes send data cycle
C886:     21 *
C886:     22 *   The bytes are sent in slow mode (32 cycles/byte)
C886:     23 *   and the timing is critical. Branches which should
C886:     24 *   not cross page boundaries are marked.
C886:     25 *
C886:     26 *   Input:  buffer (2 bytes) <- ptr to data to send
C886:     27 *          bytecount (2)   <- length (bytes) of data
C886:     28 *          packettype (1)  <- command or data packet
C886:     29 *          CMDUnit (1)     <- # of device to receive
C886:     30 *
C886:     31 *   Output: carry set- handshake error
C886:     32 *           clr- bytes sent
C886:     33 *
C886:     34 *****
C886:     35 *
C886:     36 SendOnePack equ *
C886:     37 *
C886:     38 * Prep for the transmission
C886:     39 *
C886:20 64 CB      (6)  40      jsr   WritePrep      ;Does a bunch of stuff
C889:     41 *
C889:     42 * Enable PC chain.
C889:     43 *
C889:20 80 CA      (6)  44      jsr   enablechain  ;This sets X reg
C88C:A0 07      (2)  45      ldy   #iwmmode    ;This is the mode value
C88E:20 1F CC      (6)  46      jsr   SetIWMMode    ;Don't mess unless we gotta
C891:     47 *
C891:     48 * Turn on the IWM
C891:     49 *
C891:BD 8B C0      (4)  50      lda   enable2,x    ;Don't disturb //c internal drive
C894:BD 89 C0      (4)  51      lda   monset,x
C897:     52 *
C897:     53 * Loop until the chain becomes unbusy
C897:     54 *
C897:A0 32      (2)  55      ldy   #bsyto1      ;Each loop is 11 microseconds
C899:BD 8E C0      (4)  56      ldy   #17clr,x      ;Test if /B5Y is hi or lo
C89C:30 07      C8A5(3) 57      bmi   chainunbsy  ;If hi, bus is not busy
C89E:88      (2)  58      dey
C89F:D0 F8      C899(3) 59      bne   ubsy1      ;Keep trying
C8A1:     60 *
C8A1:38      (2)  61      sec

```

```

C8A2:4C CF C9      (3)  62      jmp    sd10
C8A5:              63 *
C8A5:              64 * Tell the bus that data is coming and send the sync bytes
C8A5:              65 * Sync is groups of eight 2's separated by a 6 (mic5 cell)
C8A5:              66 * (111111110011111111001111111100 ...)
C8A5:              67 *
C8A5:              68 chainunbsy equ *
C8A5:BD 81 C0      (4)  69      lda    reqset,x      ;Raise REQ
C8A8:              70 *
C8A8:A0 05        (2)  71      ldy    #5          ;Sync plus packet begin
C8AA:              72 *
C8AA:A9 FF        (2)  73      lda    #$FF        ;Send out the 1st byte sync
C8AC:9D 8F C0      (5)  74      sta    l7set,x
C8AF:              75 *
C8AF:B9 D6 C9      (4)  76 ssb    lda    preamble,y
C8B2:              77 *
C8B2:              78 *
C8B2:1E 8C C0      (7)  79 ssd    asl    l6clr,x      ;Wait 'til buffer empty
C8B5:90 FB C8B2(3)  80      bcc    ssd
C8B7:              81 *
C8B7:9D 8D C0      (5)  82      sta    l6set,x
C8BA:88            (2)  83      dey
C8BB:10 F2 C8AF(3)  84      bpl    ssb          ;Back for more bytes
C8BD:              85 *
C8BD:              86 * Send over the desination ID
C8BD:              87 *
C8BD:A5 5A        (3)  88      lda    Unit
C8BF:09 80        (2)  89      ora    #$80          ;Make the device ID
C8C1:20 53 CA      (6)  90      jsr    sendbyte
C8C4:              91 *
C8C4:              92 * Send the source ID (that's us... we're an $80)
C8C4:              93 *
C8C4:20 51 CA      (6)  94      jsr    send80
C8C7:              95 *
C8C7:              96 * Send over the packet type (command or data)
C8C7:              97 *
C8C7:A5 5B        (3)  98      lda    Wpackettype
C8C9:20 53 CA      (6)  99      jsr    sendbyte
C8CC:              100 *
C8CC:              101 * Send the Auxilliary Type byte (an $80 from this rev PC)
C8CC:              102 *
C8CC:20 51 CA      (6)  103     jsr    send80
C8CF:              104 *
C8CF:              105 * Send the status byte (null for us), and length bytes
C8CF:              106 *
C8CF:20 51 CA      (6)  107     jsr    send80
C8D2:A5 4C        (3)  108     lda    oddbytes
C8D4:09 80        (2)  109     ora    #$80
C8D6:20 53 CA      (6)  110     jsr    sendbyte
C8D9:A5 4B        (3)  111     lda    grp7ctr
C8DB:09 80        (2)  112     ora    #$80
C8DD:20 53 CA      (6)  113     jsr    sendbyte
C8E0:              114 *
C8E0:              115 * Now send the "oddbytes" part of the packet contents
C8E0:              116 *
C8E0:A5 4C        (3)  117     lda    oddbytes      ;Get # of "odd" bytes
C8E2:F0 15 C8F9(3)  118     beq    sob2          ;Skip if no odd bytes
C8E4:              119 *

```

```

C8E4:A0 FF      (2) 120      ldy    #$FF
C8E6:A5 59      (3) 121      lda    tbodd      ;Get the odd bytes msb's (A[7]=1)
C8E8:          122 *
C8E8:1E 8C C0   (7) 123 sob1  asl    l6clr,x      ;Do a write handshake
C8EB:90 FB      C8E8(3) 124      bcc    sob1
C8ED:9D 8D C0   (5) 125      sta    l6set,x
C8F0:C8         (2) 126      iny
C8F1:B1 54      (5) 127      lda    (buffer),y      ;Get the data byte
C8F3:09 80      (2) 128      ora    #$80      ;Flip on the hi bit
C8F5:C4 4C      (3) 129      cpy    oddbytes      ;Are we done?
C8F7:90 EF      C8E8(3) 130      bit    sob1
C8F9:          131 *
C8F9:          132 * Now send over the groups of seven contents
C8F9:          133 * Currently assume there must be at least one group of 'em
C8F9:          134 *
C8F9:          C8F9 135 sob2  equ    *
C8F9:A5 4B      (3) 136      lda    grp7ctr      ;Check if there are groups to send
C8FB:D0 03      C900(3) 137      bne    sob3      ;=> At least one group
C8FD:4C 99 C9   (3) 138      jmp    datdone      ;Skip to send checksum
C900:          139 *
C900:          C900 140 sob3  equ    *
C900:EA         (2) 141      nop                ;Waste 2 cycles
C901:A0 00      (2) 142      ldy    #0
C903:A5 41      (3) 143 start  lda    topbits
C905:9D 8D C0   (5) 144      sta    l6set,x
C908:          145 *
C908:          146 * Send first byte
C908:          147 *
C908:A5 4D      (3) 148      lda    next1
C90A:09 80      (2) 149      ora    #$80
C90C:84 59      (3) 150      sty    temp      ;Swap Y for short handshake
C90E:BC 8C C0   (4) 151 ache1  ldy    l6clr,x      ;Wait 'til buffer ready
C911:10 FB      C90E(3) 152      bpl    ache1
C913:9D 8D C0   (5) 153      sta    l6set,x      ;Send the byte
C916:A4 59      (3) 154      ldy    temp      ;Get back Y
C918:          155 *
C918:          156 * Prep the next "1st" byte for next time
C918:          157 *
C918:B1 56      (5) 158      lda    (buffer2),y
C91A:85 4D      (3) 159      sta    next1
C91C:0A         (2) 160      asl    a
C91D:26 41      (5) 161      rol    topbits      ;Store the top bit
C91F:C8         (2) 162      iny                ;Next byte
C920:          163 *
C920:          164 * It's possible that we're at a page boundary now. If so, bump the
C920:          165 * hi order part of the pointer.
C920:          166 *
C920:D0 05      C927(3) 167      bne    skip1
C922:E6 57      (5) 168      inc    buffer2+1
C924:4C 29 C9   (3) 169      jmp    skip2
C927:48         (3) 170 skip1  pha                ;Equalize the cases
C928:68         (4) 171      pla
C929:          172 *
C929:          173 * Push us ahead by an additional 8 cycles for margin reasons
C929:          174 * Plus I gotta get the topbits MSB set somehow...
C929:          175 *
C929:          C929 176 skip2  equ    *
C929:A9 02      (2) 177      lda    #%00000010      ;Flip what will be MSB

```



```

C92B:05 41      (3) 178      ora    topbits
C92D:85 41      (3) 179      sta    topbits
C92F:           180 *
C92F:           181 * Send the second byte
C92F:           182 *
C92F:A5 4E      (3) 183      lda    next2
C931:09 80      (2) 184      ora    #$80
C933:9D 8D C0   (5) 185      sta    l6set,x      ;Send the byte
C936:B1 56      (5) 186      lda    (buffer2),y
C938:85 4E      (3) 187      sta    next2
C93A:0A         (2) 188      asl    a
C93B:26 41      (5) 189      rol    topbits      ;Store the top bit
C93D:C8         (2) 190      iny                ;Next byte
C93E:           191 *
C93E:           192 * Send the third byte
C93E:           193 *
C93E:A5 4F      (3) 194      lda    next3
C940:09 80      (2) 195      ora    #$80
C942:9D 8D C0   (5) 196      sta    l6set,x      ;Send the byte
C945:B1 56      (5) 197      lda    (buffer2),y
C947:85 4F      (3) 198      sta    next3
C949:0A         (2) 199      asl    a
C94A:26 41      (5) 200      rol    topbits      ;Store the top bit
C94C:C8         (2) 201      iny                ;Next byte
C94D:           202 *
C94D:           203 * Send the fourth byte
C94D:           204 *
C94D:A5 50      (3) 205      lda    next4
C94F:09 80      (2) 206      ora    #$80
C951:9D 8D C0   (5) 207      sta    l6set,x      ;Send the byte
C954:B1 56      (5) 208      lda    (buffer2),y
C956:85 50      (3) 209      sta    next4
C958:0A         (2) 210      asl    a
C959:26 41      (5) 211      rol    topbits      ;Store the top bit
C95B:C8         (2) 212      iny                ;Next byte
C95C:           213 *
C95C:           214 * After the first 256 bytes, we will cross pages here.  If we did
C95C:           215 * cross, bump the buffer pointer.  If not, equalize the cases with
C95C:           216 * seven cycles of time wasting.
C95C:           217 *
C95C:D0 05      C963(3) 218      bne    skip3
C95E:E6 57      (5) 219      inc    buffer2+1
C960:4C 65 C9   (3) 220      jmp    skip4
C963:48         (3) 221 skip3  pha
C964:68         (4) 222      pla
C965:           C965 223 skip4  equ    *
C965:           224 *
C965:           225 * Send the fifth byte
C965:           226 *
C965:A5 51      (3) 227      lda    next5
C967:09 80      (2) 228      ora    #$80
C969:9D 8D C0   (5) 229      sta    l6set,x      ;Send the byte
C96C:B1 56      (5) 230      lda    (buffer2),y
C96E:85 51      (3) 231      sta    next5
C970:0A         (2) 232      asl    a
C971:26 41      (5) 233      rol    topbits      ;Store the top bit
C973:C8         (2) 234      iny                ;Next byte
C974:           235 *

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C974:      236 * Send the sixth byte
C974:      237 *
C974:A5 52      (3) 238      lda      next6
C976:09 80      (2) 239      ora      #$80
C978:9D 8D C0    (5) 240      sta      16set,x      ;Send the byte
C97B:B1 56      (5) 241      lda      (buffer2),y
C97D:85 52      (3) 242      sta      next6
C97F:0A          (2) 243      asl      a
C980:26 41      (5) 244      rol      topbits      ;Store the top bit
C982:C8          (2) 245      iny              ;Next byte
C983:      246 *
C983:      247 * Send the last byte of the group
C983:      248 *
C983:A5 53      (3) 249      lda      next7
C985:09 80      (2) 250      ora      #$80
C987:9D 8D C0    (5) 251      sta      16set,x      ;Send the byte
C98A:B1 56      (5) 252      lda      (buffer2),y
C98C:85 53      (3) 253      sta      next7
C98E:0A          (2) 254      asl      a
C98F:26 41      (5) 255      rol      topbits      ;Store the top bit
C991:C8          (2) 256      iny              ;Next byte
C992:      257 *
C992:      258 * Now see if we have sent enough groups of seven
C992:      259 *
C992:C6 4B      (5) 260      dec      grp7ctr
C994:F0 03      C999(3) 261      beq      datdone
C996:      262 *
C996:      263 * Otherwise, back to do more. Note it's too far for a branch.
C996:      264 *
C996:4C 03 C9    (3) 265      jmp      start
C999:      266 *
C999:      267 * Whew! Now send the damn checksum as two FM bytes
C999:      268 *
C999:      C999 269 datdone equ *
C999:A5 40      (3) 270      lda      checksum      ;c7 c6 c5 c4 c3 c2 c1 c0
C99B:09 AA      (2) 271      ora      #$AA          ; 1 c6 1 c4 1 c2 1 c0
C99D:BC 8C C0    (4) 272 scm1 ldy      16clr,x
C9A0:10 FB      C99D(3) 273      bpl      scm1
C9A2:9D 8D C0    (5) 274      sta      16set,x      ;Handshake this byte
C9A5:      275 * ;These are even bits
C9A5:A5 40      (3) 276      lda      checksum      ;c7 c6 c5 c4 c3 c2 c1 c0
C9A7:4A          (2) 277      lsr      a              ; 0 c7 c6 c5 c4 c3 c2 c1
C9A8:09 AA      (2) 278      ora      #$AA          ; 1 c7 1 c5 1 c3 1 c1
C9AA:20 53 CA    (6) 279      jsr      sendbyte
C9AD:      280 *
C9AD:      281 * Send the end of packet mark
C9AD:      282 *
C9AD:A9 C8      (2) 283      lda      #packetend
C9AF:20 53 CA    (6) 284      jsr      sendbyte
C9B2:      285 *
C9B2:      286 * Wait until write underflow
C9B2:      287 *
C9B2:BD 8C C0    (4) 288 sd7 lda      16clr,x
C9B5:29 40      (2) 289      and      #$40
C9B7:D0 F9      C9B2(3) 290      bne      sd7      ;Still writing data
C9B9:      291 *
C9B9:9D 8D C0    (5) 292      sta      16set,x      ;Back to sense mode (dummy write)
C9BC:      293 *

```

```

C9BC:      294 * Now wait until the drive acknowledges receipt of the
C9BC:      295 * string or until timeout
C9BC:      296 *
C9BC:A0 0A      (2)  297      ldy    #bsyto2      ;Load timeout to see bsy low
C9BE:88      (2)  298 patch1 dey      ;A little closer to an error
C9BF:D0 08      C9C9(3) 299      bne    sd9        ;There's still time
C9C1:      300 *
C9C1:      301 * Too much time has elapsed. Drive didn't get string.
C9C1:      302 *
C9C1:A9 01      (2)  303      lda    #noanswer    ;Report error in comm error byte
C9C3:      C9C3 304 dberror equ *
C9C3:20 9A CA      (6)  305      jsr    SetXN0      ;For dberror entry
C9C6:38      (2)  306      sec          ;Signal a problem
C9C7:B0 06      C9CF(3) 307      bcs    sd10
C9C9:      308 *
C9C9:      309 * See if drive has acknowledged the bytes yet
C9C9:      310 *
C9C9:BD 8E C0      (4)  311 sd9      lda    l7clr,x      ;Wait 'til /BSY lo
C9CC:30 F0      C9BE(3) 312      bmi    patch1
C9CE:      313 *
C9CE:      314 * Finish the sequence
C9CE:      315 *
C9CE:18      (2)  316      clc          ;This is a normal exit
C9CF:BD 80 C0      (4)  317 sd10     lda    reqclr,x      ;Set REQ lo
C9D2:BD 8C C0      (4)  318      lda    l6clr,x      ;Back into read mode
C9D5:      319 *
C9D5:      320 * Pull back the bytecount in all cases
C9D5:      321 *
C9D5:60      (6)  322      rts
C9D6:      323 *
C9D6:      324 *
C9D6:      325 * This table, when sent in reverse order, provides a
C9D6:      326 * sync pattern used to synchronize the drive IWM with
C9D6:      327 * the data stream. The first byte (last sent) is the
C9D6:      328 * packet begin mark.
C9D6:      329 *
C9D6:C3      330 preamble dfb packetbeg
C9D7:FF FC F3 CF      331 synctab dfb $FF,$FC,$F3,$CF,$3F
C9DC:      332 *
C9DC:      333 *

```

```
C9DC:      335 *
C9DC:      336 * These routines are for wasting specific amounts of time
C9DC:      337 * This code segment should not cross page boundaries.
C9DC:      338 *
C9DC:20 E1 C9 (6) 339 waste32 jsr waste14
C9DF:EA      (2) 340 waste18 nop
C9E0:EA      (2) 341 waste16 nop
C9E1:EA      (2) 342 waste14 nop
C9E2:60      (6) 343 waste12 rts
C9E3:      344 *
C9E3:      345 *
C9E3:      C9E3 346 markerr equ *
C9E3:4C C3 C9 (3) 347      jmp dberror
```

```

C9E6: 349 *****
C9E6: 350 *
C9E6: 351 *   ReceivePack       Get a packet from bus resident
C9E6: 352 *
C9E6: 353 *
C9E6: 354 *   REQ  _____|2_____5|_____
C9E6: 355 *   _____3_____4|_____
C9E6: 356 * /B5Y  ___|1_____3_____4|_____
C9E6: 357 *
C9E6: 358 *   1) Drive signals ready to send packet
C9E6: 359 *   2) Host signals ready to recieve data
C9E6: 360 *   3) Packet is transmitted (sync, mark, IDs, data,
C9E6: 361 *       checksum (msb=1))
C9E6: 362 *   4) Drive signals packet dispatched
C9E6: 363 *   5) Host acknowledges reciept of packet
C9E6: 364 *
C9E6: 365 *   The bytes are sent in slow mode (32 cycles/byte)
C9E6: 366 *   and the timing is critical. Branches which should
C9E6: 367 *   not cross page boundaries are marked.
C9E6: 368 *
C9E6: 369 *   Input:  buffer <- address where packet guts left
C9E6: 370 *
C9E6: 371 *   Output: carry set- handshake error
C9E6: 372 *           clr- bytes recieved
C9E6: 373 *           A <- error0 if carry set
C9E6: 374 *
C9E6: 375 *****
C9E6: 376 *
C9E6: 377 grabstatus equ *
C9E6: 378 ReceivePack equ *
C9E6: 379 *
C9E6: 380 * Init the checksum
C9E6: 381 *
C9E6:A9 00      (2) 382      lda    #$00
C9E8:85 40      (3) 383      sta    checksum
C9EA: 384 *
C9EA: 385 * Copy over buffer -> buffer2
C9EA: 386 *
C9EA:A5 54      (3) 387      lda    buffer
C9EC:85 56      (3) 388      sta    buffer2
C9EE:A5 55      (3) 389      lda    buffer+1
C9F0:85 57      (3) 390      sta    buffer2+1
C9F2: 391 *
C9F2: 392 * Set up the indirect pointer for jump to 2nd part of code
C9F2: 393 *
C9F2: 0001      394      ifeq  IIC^ROM      ;Don't do in //c version
C9F2: 401      fin
C9F2: 402 *
C9F2:20 80 CA    (6) 403      jsr    enablechain    ;Set X register to $N0
C9F5: 404 *
C9F5:BD 8D C0    (4) 405      lda    l6set,x      ;Prep for sense mode
C9F8: 406 *
C9F8: 407 * Now wait for B5Y to go hi, signalling 'ready w/ status'
C9F8: 408 *
C9F8:BD 8E C0    (4) 409 rdh1  lda    l7clr,x      ;Read sense
C9FB:10 FB      C9F8(3) 410      bpl    rdh1          ;Wait til a high
C9FD: 411 *
C9FD: 412 * Signal Liron we're ready to recieve

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```

C9FD:          413 *
C9FD:BD 81 C0   (4) 414          lda  reqset,x          ;Raise /REQ
CA00:          415 *
CA00:          416 * Wait for a byte from Liron or timeout
CA00:          417 *
CA00:A0 1E      (2) 418          ldy  #statmto          ;Max bytes 'til stat mark
CA02:BD 8C C0   (4) 419 rdh2      lda  l6clr,x          ;
CA05:10 FB      CA02(3) 420          bpl  rdh2          ;*** No Page Cross ***
CA07:88         (2) 421          dey
CA08:30 D9      C9E3(3) 422          bmi  markerr          ;Didn't find a packet in time
CA0A:          423 *
CA0A:          424 * Is it the beginning of the packet?
CA0A:          425 *
CA0A:C9 C3      (2) 426          cmp  #packetbeg          ;Find the packet begin mark
CA0C:D0 F4      CA02(3) 427          bne  rdh2          ;Back again - no timeout for now
CA0E:          428 *
CA0E:          429 * Okay load up the table with this stuff
CA0E:          430 *
CA0E:          CA0E 431 rdh5      equ  *
CA0E:          432 *
CA0E:A0 06      (2) 433          ldy  #6              ;Seven bytes of overhead
CA10:BD 8C C0   (4) 434 rdh3      lda  l6clr,x          ;If byte ready, grab it
CA13:10 FB      CA10(3) 435          bpl  rdh3          ;*** No Page Cross ***
CA15:29 7F      (2) 436          and  #%01111111          ;Strip start bit
CA17:99 4B 00   (5) 437          sta  rcvbuf,y
CA1A:49 80      (2) 438          eor  #$80              ;Pop MSB back on for checksum
CA1C:45 40      (3) 439          eor  checksum
CA1E:85 40      (3) 440          sta  checksum
CA20:88         (2) 441          dey
CA21:10 ED      CA10(3) 442          bpl  rdh3
CA23:          443 *
CA23:          444 * Set groups of seven buffer pointer buffer2
CA23:          445 *
CA23:A5 4C      (3) 446          lda  oddbytes
CA25:F0 27      CA4E(3) 447          beq  start2          ;Skip alteration if no oddbytes
CA27:18         (2) 448          clc
CA28:65 54      (3) 449          adc  buffer
CA2A:85 56      (3) 450          sta  buffer2
CA2C:A5 55      (3) 451          lda  buffer+1
CA2E:69 00      (2) 452          adc  #0
CA30:85 57      (3) 453          sta  buffer2+1
CA32:          454 *
CA32:A0 00      (2) 455          ldy  #0
CA34:          456 *
CA34:          457 * Now receive the odd bytes
CA34:          458 *
CA34:BD 8C C0   (4) 459 start0  lda  l6clr,x          ;Read in the odd bytes topbits
CA37:10 FB      CA34(3) 460          bpl  start0
CA39:0A         (2) 461          asl  a              ;Pop off the start bit
CA3A:85 41      (3) 462          sta  topbits
CA3C:          CA3C 463 start1  equ  *
CA3C:BD 8C C0   (4) 464          lda  l6clr,x          ;Get an odd byte
CA3F:10 FB      CA3C(3) 465          bpl  start1
CA41:06 41      (5) 466          asl  topbits          ;Get an MSB
CA43:B0 02      CA47(3) 467          bcs  gob1          ;If MSB set, leave start bit
CA45:49 80      (2) 468          eor  #$80          ;MSB clear- flip start bit
CA47:91 54      (6) 469 gob1    sta  (buffer),y        ;Squirrel it away
CA49:C8         (2) 470          iny          ;Next spot

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CA4A:C4 4C      (3) 471      cpy      oddbytes      ;Are we done?
CA4C:90 EE      CA3C(3) 472      blt      start1      ;If more, branch
CA4E:          473      *
CA4E:          CA4E      474      start2 equ      *
CA4E:          0001      475      do      IIC^ROM
CA4E:4C 72 CC      (3) 476      jmp      SlotDepRd
CA51:          477      else
CA51:          479      fin
CA51:          480      *
CA51:          CA51      481      Send80 equ      *
CA51:A9 80      (2) 482      lda      #$80
CA53:          CA53      483      SendByte equ      *
CA53:BC 8C C0      (4) 484      ldy      l6clr,x
CA56:10 FB      CA53(3) 485      bpl      SendByte
CA58:9D 8D C0      (5) 486      sta      l6set,x
CA5B:45 40      (3) 487      eor      checksum
CA5D:85 40      (3) 488      sta      checksum
CA5F:60      (6) 489      rts
CA60:          490      *
CA60:          491      *
CA60:          492      *
CA60:          493      *
CA60:          CA60      494      resetchain equ      *
CA60:20 8A CA      (6) 495      jsr      C1rPhases
CA63:BD 81 C0      (4) 496      lda      reqset,x
CA66:BD 85 C0      (4) 497      lda      ca2set,x
CA69:A0 50      (2) 498      ldy      #80      ;Hard reset for 80 ms
CA6B:20 73 CA      (6) 499      jsr      YMSWait
CA6E:          500      *
CA6E:20 8A CA      (6) 501      jsr      C1rPhases
CA71:          502      *
CA71:A0 0A      (2) 503      ldy      #10      ;About 10 mS reset time!
CA73:          504      *
CA73:          CA73      505      YMSWait equ      *
CA73:20 7A CA      (6) 506      jsr      OneMS
CA76:88      (2) 507      dey
CA77:D0 FA      CA73(3) 508      bne      YMSWait
CA79:60      (6) 509      rts
CA7A:          510      *
CA7A:          CA7A      511      OneM5 equ      *
CA7A:A2 C8      (2) 512      ldx      #200
CA7C:CA      (2) 513      onems1 dex
CA7D:D0 FD      CA7C(3) 514      bne      onems1
CA7F:60      (6) 515      rts
CA80:          516      *
CA80:          517      *
CA80:          CA80      518      enablechain equ      *
CA80:20 9A CA      (6) 519      jsr      SetXN0
CA83:BD 83 C0      (4) 520      lda      ca1set,x
CA86:BD 87 C0      (4) 521      lda      lstrbset,x
CA89:60      (6) 522      rts
CA8A:          523      *
CA8A:          524      *
CA8A:          CA8A      525      C1rPhases equ      *
CA8A:20 9A CA      (6) 526      jsr      SetXN0
CA8D:BD 80 C0      (4) 527      lda      reqclr,x
CA90:BD 82 C0      (4) 528      lda      ca1clr,x
CA93:BD 84 C0      (4) 529      lda      ca2clr,x

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CA96:BD 86 C0      (4) 530      lda    lstrbclr,x
CA99:60            (6) 531      rts
CA9A:              532      *
CA9A:              533      *
CA9A:      CA9A    534 SetXN0 equ    *
CA9A:      0001    535      do     lIc
CA9A:A2 60        (2) 536      ldx   #$60
CA9C:              537      else
CA9C:              544      fin
CA9C:              545      *
CA9C:60           (6) 546      rts
CA9D:              547      *
CA9D:              548 * Shift tables for use when reading. Each table should not
CA9D:              549 * straddle pages.
CA9D:              550      *
CA9D:80 80 80 80    551 shift1 dfb    $80,$80,$80,$80,$80,$80,$80,$80
CAAS:00 00 00 00    552      dfb    0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
CAAD:80 80 80 80    553 shift2 dfb    $80,$80,$80,$80,0,0,0,0
CAB5:80 80 80 80    554      dfb    $80,$80,$80,$80,0,0,0,0
CABD:80 80 00 00    555 shift3 dfb    $80,$80,0,0,$80,$80,0,0
CAC5:80 80 00 00    556      dfb    $80,$80,0,0,$80,$80,0,0
CACD:80 00 80 00    557 shift4 dfb    $80,0,$80,0,$80,0,$80,0
CAD5:80 00 80 00    558      dfb    $80,0,$80,0,$80,0,$80,0
CADD:              559      *
CADD:              560      *

```



```

CADD:          562 *
CADD:          CADD 563 SendData equ *
CADD:A9 05      (2) 564      lda    #>RC2
CAEF:A0 00      (2) 565      ldy    #<RC2
CAE1:20 00 CB   (6) 566      jsr    SendPile
CAE4:90 05      CAEB(3) 567      bcc    sdoubt
CAE6:A9 80      (2) 568      lda    #CommReset
CAE8:20 90 CF   (6) 569      jsr    AssignID
CAEB:          CAEB 570 sdoubt equ *
CAEB:60         (6) 571      rts
CAEC:          572 *
CAEC:          573 *
CAEC:          CAEC 574 SendPack equ *
CAEC:20 00 CB   (6) 575      jsr    SendPile      ;Try to send a pack
CAEF:90 FA      CAEB(3) 576      bcc    sdoubt
CAF1:A9 80      (2) 577      lda    #CommReset      ;This is a communications failure
CAF3:20 90 CF   (6) 578      jsr    AssignID      ;Reset to try again
CAF6:          579 *
CAF6:AD F8 06   (4) 580      lda    SvBcL      ;Get back the packetlength
CAF9:85 4D      (3) 581      sta    bytecount1
CAFB:AD 78 07   (4) 582      lda    SvBcH
CAFE:85 4E      (3) 583      sta    bytecounth
CB00:          584 *
CB00:          CB00 585 SendPile equ *
CB00:A9 B8      (2) 586      lda    #>RC1      ;Retry count (big!)
CB02:A0 0B      (2) 587      ldy    #<RC1
CB04:          588 *
CB04:          CB04 589 AltSendPile equ *
CB04:A6 58      (3) 590      ldx    slot
CB06:9D F3 04   (5) 591      sta    Retry,x
CB09:98         (2) 592      tya
CB0A:9D 73 05   (5) 593      sta    Retry2,x
CB0D:          594 *
CB0D:          595 * SendPack destroys the bytecount
CB0D:          596 *
CB0D:          CB0D 597 spile1 equ *
CB0D:A5 4D      (3) 598      lda    bytecount1
CB0F:8D F8 06   (4) 599      sta    SvBcL
CB12:A5 4E      (3) 600      lda    bytecounth
CB14:8D 78 07   (4) 601      sta    SvBcH
CB17:          602 *
CB17:20 86 C8   (6) 603      jsr    SendOnePack      ;Send the packet
CB1A:          604 *
CB1A:AD F8 06   (4) 605      lda    SvBcL
CB1D:85 4D      (3) 606      sta    bytecount1
CB1F:AD 78 07   (4) 607      lda    SvBcH
CB22:85 4E      (3) 608      sta    bytecounth
CB24:          609 *
CB24:90 0C      CB32(3) 610      bcc    spilout
CB26:A6 58      (3) 611      ldx    slot
CB28:DE F3 04   (7) 612      dec    Retry,x
CB2B:D0 E0      CB0D(3) 613      bne    spile1
CB2D:DE 73 05   (7) 614      dec    Retry2,x
CB30:10 DB      CB0D(3) 615      bpl    spile1      ;If all fails, carry is set
CB32:60         (6) 616      spilout rts
CB33:          617 *
CB33:          CB33 618 RecPack equ *
CB33:A4 58      (3) 619      ldy    Slot

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```
CB35:A9 05      (2) 620      lda    #>RC2
CB37:99 F3 04    (5) 621      sta    Retry,y
CB3A:          CB3A 622 rpk1   equ    *
CB3A:20 E6 C9    (6) 623      jsr    ReceivePack
CB3D:90 0F      (3) 624      bcc    rpout
CB3F:A0 01      (2) 625      ldy    #1
CB41:20 73 CA    (6) 626      jsr    YMSWait
CB44:20 C3 C9    (6) 627      jsr    dberror      ;Recycle handshake and set carry
CB47:A6 58      (3) 628      ldx    Slot
CB49:DE F3 04    (7) 629      dec    Retry,x
CB4C:D0 EC      (3) 630      bne    rpk1      ;Carry set still
CB4E:          CB4E 631 rpout   equ    *
CB4E:60          (6) 632      rts
CB4F:          633 *
CB4F:          634 *
```

```

CB4F: 636 *****
CB4F: 637 *
CB4F: 638 * Divide7 Do DIV and MOD 7 and set auxptr *
CB4F: 639 *
CB4F: 640 * This routine divides the bytecount by seven. The *
CB4F: 641 * quotient gives the number of groups of seven bytes to *
CB4F: 642 * be sent, and the remainder gives the number of "odd" *
CB4F: 643 * bytes. *
CB4F: 644 *
CB4F: 645 * Input: bytecount1,h <- # of bytes to write *
CB4F: 646 * buffer <- pointer to data *
CB4F: 647 * Output: auxptr <- pointer to speed up csumming *
CB4F: 648 * oddbytes <- bytecount MOD 7 *
CB4F: 649 * grp7ctr <- bytecount DIV 7 *
CB4F: 650 *
CB4F: 651 *****
CB4F: 652 *
CB4F:00 24 49 653 pdiv7tab dfb 0,36,73
CB52:00 04 01 654 pmod7tab dfb 0,4,1
CB55:00 01 02 04 655 div7tab dfb 0,1,2,4,9,18
CB5B:00 01 02 04 656 mod7tab dfb 0,1,2,4,1,2
CB61: 657 *
CB61:00 7F FF 658 auxptrinc dfb 0,$7F,$FF
CB64: 659 *
CB64: CB64 660 WritePrep equ *
CB64: CB64 661 Divide7 equ *
CB64: 662 *
CB64: 663 * Set up auxptr <- buffer+$80 if $0FF < bytecount < $200
CB64: 664 * or auxptr <- buffer+$100 if $1FF < bytecount
CB64: 665 *
CB64:A6 4E (3) 666 ldx bytecounth ;0, 1 or 2
CB66:F0 13 CB7B(3) 667 beq noauxptr ;Auxptr used only for full pages
CB68: 668 *
CB68:A5 55 (3) 669 lda buffer+1
CB6A:85 57 (3) 670 sta auxptr+1 ;Copy over hi order part
CB6C: 671 *
CB6C:A9 80 (2) 672 lda #$80 ;Anticipate smaller bytecount
CB6E:E0 01 (2) 673 cpx #1 ;Check bytecount
CB70:F0 04 CB76(3) 674 beq sap1 ;=> $0FF < bytecount < $200
CB72: 675 *
CB72:E6 57 (5) 676 inc auxptr+1 ;Add $100 to bytecount instead
CB74:A9 00 (2) 677 lda #0 ;Make sure lo order unaltered
CB76:18 (2) 678 sap1 clc
CB77:65 54 (3) 679 adc buffer
CB79:85 56 (3) 680 sta auxptr
CB7B: 681 *
CB7B: 682 * Now look up the first order guess for DIV and MOD. X still has
CB7B: 683 * bytecount DIV 256.
CB7B: 684 *
CB7B: CB7B 685 noauxptr equ *
CB7B:BD 4F CB (4) 686 lda pdiv7tab,x
CB7E:85 4B (3) 687 sta grp7ctr
CB80:BD 52 CB (4) 688 lda pmod7tab,x
CB83:85 4C (3) 689 sta oddbytes
CB85: 690 *
CB85: 691 * Now add in the mods and divs for each of the five hi order
CB85: 692 * bits in the lo order bytecount, correcting each time MOD becomes
CB85: 693 * bigger than 6.

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CB85:          694 *
CB85:A2 05      (2) 695      ldx #5          ;Do for five bits
CB87:A5 4D      (3) 696      lda bytcount1
CB89:85 59      (3) 697      sta temp        ;Store lo order for shifting
CB8B:29 07      (2) 698      and #00000111   ;Save lo three for later
CB8D:A8         (2) 699      tay
CB8E:          700 *
CB8E:          CB8E 701 divide3 equ *
CB8E:06 59      (5) 702      asl temp        ;C <- next from bytcount1
CB90:90 15      CBA7(3) 703      bcc divide2  ;If clear, no effect on DIV,MOD
CB92:BD 5B CB   (4) 704      lda mod7tab,x   ;Get MOD7 for 2^n
CB95:          CB95 705 divide4 equ *
CB95:18         (2) 706      clc
CB96:65 4C      (3) 707      adc oddbytes    ;Got new MOD value
CB98:C9 07      (2) 708      cmp #7         ;Is it too big?
CB9A:90 02      CB9E(3) 709      bit divide1 ;=> NO leave MOD - 0->C
CB9C:E9 07      (2) 710      sbc #7         ;Bring MOD under 7 - C still set
CB9E:          CB9E 711 divide1 equ *
CB9E:85 4C      (3) 712      sta oddbytes
CBA0:BD 55 CB   (4) 713      lda div7tab,x   ;Get DIV for this 2^n
CBA3:65 4B      (3) 714      adc grp7ctr     ;Add to DIV along with correction (C)
CBA5:85 4B      (3) 715      sta grp7ctr     ;Update the DIV
CBA7:          CBA7 716 divide2 equ *
CBA7:CA         (2) 717      dex
CBA8:30 06      CBB0(3) 718      bmi divide5 ;Escape after 6 times through loop
CBAA:D0 E2      CB8E(3) 719      bne divide3 ;Take brnch 1st 5 loops
CBAC:          720 *
CBAC:98         (2) 721      tya
CBAD:4C 95 CB   (3) 722      jmp divide4    ;Get back the last three bits
CBB0:          723 *
CBB0:          CBB0 724 divide5 equ *
CBB0:          725 *
CBB0:          726 *

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```

CBB0:      728 *****
CBB0:      729 *
CBB0:      730 *   PreCheck                Does the checksumming prepass *
CBB0:      731 *
CBB0:      732 *   Input:   bytecount    <- bytes in buffer                *
CBB0:      733 *           buffer      <- pointer to data to send            *
CBB0:      734 *           auxptr     <- extra pointer to speed process       *
CBB0:      735 *   Output:  checksum    <- 8 bit XOR of data to be sent    *
CBB0:      736 *
CBB0:      737 *****
CBB0:      738 *
CBB0:      CBB0 739 PreCheck equ *
CBB0:      740 *
CBB0:      741 * Checksum any full pages
CBB0:      742 *
CBB0:A5 55      (3) 743      lda    buffer+1
CBB2:48      (3) 744      pha
CBB3:A9 00      (2) 745      lda    #0                ;Preserve buffer pointer
CBB5:A6 4E      (3) 746      ldx    bytecounth
CBB7:F0 16      CBCF(3) 747      beq    lastpass        ;If no complete pages, skip this
CBB9:      CBB9 748      equ    *
CBB9:BC 61 CB   (4) 749      ldy    auxptrinc,x        ;Get number of bytes each ptr
CBB0:      CBB0 750      xor1    equ    *
CBB0:51 54      (5) 751      eor    (buffer),y
CBB0:51 56      (5) 752      eor    (auxptr),y
CBB0:88      (2) 753      dey
CBB0:88      (2) 753      dey                ;One less
CBB1:D0 F9      CBB0(3) 754      bne    xor1
CBB3:51 54      (5) 755      eor    (buffer),y
CBB5:51 56      (5) 756      eor    (auxptr),y        ;Have to deal with 0 case
CBB7:      757 *
CBB7:      758 * Now move the buffer up for next section
CBB7:      759 *
CBB7:E0 01      (2) 760      cpx    #1
CBB9:F0 02      CBCD(3) 761      beq    xor5                ;If 256 and up bytes, bump x1
CBBB:E6 55      (5) 762      inc    buffer+1        ; otherwise x2
CBBD:E6 55      (5) 763      xor5    inc    buffer+1
CBBF:      764 *
CBBF:      CBBF 765      lastpass equ *
CBBF:      766 *
CBBF:      767 * Do the remaining less than a page with a single pointer
CBBF:      768 *
CBBF:A4 4D      (3) 769      ldy    bytecount
CBB1:F0 09      CBDC(3) 770      beq    xor4
CBB3:51 54      (5) 771      eor    (buffer),y        ;Compensate for nth byte
CBB5:51 54      (5) 772      xor3    eor    (buffer),y
CBB7:88      (2) 773      dey
CBB8:D0 FB      CBDC(3) 774      bne    xor3
CBBA:51 54      (5) 775      eor    (buffer),y        ;Last damn (0th) byte
CBB0:      776 *
CBB0:      777 * Store result away. Retrieve old buffer value.
CBB0:      778 *
CBB0:      CBB0 779      xor4    equ    *
CBB0:85 40      (3) 780      sta    checksum
CBB0:68      (4) 781      pla
CBB0:F5 55      (3) 782      sta    buffer+1
CBB1:      783 *
CBB1:      784 *

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```

CBE1:      786 *****
CBE1:      787 *
CBE1:      788 * DetTopBits          Get topbits for odd bytes *
CBE1:      789 *
CBE1:      790 *   Also sets buffer2 pointer to pointer at groups of *
CBE1:      791 *   seven bytes.
CBE1:      792 *
CBE1:      793 *   Input:  oddbytes <- # of "odd" bytes
CBE1:      794 *           buffer  <- pointer to data
CBE1:      795 *   Output: tbodd  <- topbits for odd bytes
CBE1:      796 *           buffer2 <- buffer+oddbytes
CBE1:      797 *
CBE1:      798 *****
CBE1:      799 *
CBE1:      CBE1 800 DetTopBits equ *
CBE1:      801 *
CBE1:A4 4C    (3) 802      ldy  oddbytes
CBE3:88      (2) 803      dey
CBE4:A9 00    (2) 804      lda  #0
CBE6:85 59    (3) 805      sta  tbodd
CBE8:      806 *
CBE8:B1 54    (5) 807 gtbob  lda  (buffer),y
CBEA:0A      (2) 808      asl  a
CBE8:66 59    (5) 809      ror  tbodd
CBED:88      (2) 810      dey
CBE8:10 F8    CBE8(3) 811      bpl  gtbob
CBF0:38      (2) 812      sec
CBF1:66 59    (5) 813      ror  tbodd
CBF3:      814 *
CBF3:A5 4C    (3) 815      lda  oddbytes
CBF5:18      (2) 816      clc
CBF6:65 54    (3) 817      adc  buffer
CBF8:85 56    (3) 818      sta  buffer2
CBFA:A5 55    (3) 819      lda  buffer+1
CBFC:69 00    (2) 820      adc  #0
CBFE:85 57    (3) 821      sta  buffer2+1
CC00:      822 *
CC00:      823 *

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```

CC00:      825 *****
CC00:      826 *
CC00:      827 *      Sun              Set up next buffer and topbits *
CC00:      828 *
CC00:      829 *      Primes the pipe for the group of seven bytes routine *
CC00:      830 *      setting the topbits byte and the "next" buffer. *
CC00:      831 *      The routine also advances the buffer pointer by 7 to *
CC00:      832 *      prepare for the groups of seven transfer. *
CC00:      833 *
CC00:      834 *      Input:  buffer2  <- points to groups of 7 data *
CC00:      835 *      Output: next1,7  <- first 7 bytes in buffer *
CC00:      836 *      topbits   <- MSBs of first 7 bytes *
CC00:      837 *
CC00:      838 *****
CC00:      839 *
CC00:      CC00 840 Sun      equ      *
CC00:      841 *
CC00:      842 * Copy first seven bytes into the pipeline
CC00:      843 *
CC00:A0 06      (2) 844      ldy      #6
CC02:38      (2) 845 sun2      sec
CC03:B1 56      (5) 846      lda      (buffer2),y
CC05:99 4D 00    (5) 847      sta      next,y
CC08:30 01      CC0B(3) 848      bmi      sun1
CC0A:18      (2) 849      clc
CC0B:66 41      (5) 850 sun1      ror      topbits
CC0D:88      (2) 851      dey
CC0E:10 F2      CC02(3) 852      bpl      sun2
CC10:38      (2) 853      sec
CC11:66 41      (5) 854      ror      topbits
CC13:      855 *
CC13:      856 * Advance the pointer
CC13:      857 *
CC13:A5 56      (3) 858      lda      buffer2
CC15:18      (2) 859      clc
CC16:69 07      (2) 860      adc      #7
CC18:85 56      (3) 861      sta      buffer2
CC1A:90 02      CC1E(3) 862      bcc      sun3
CC1C:E6 57      (5) 863      inc      buffer2+1
CC1E:      CC1E 864 sun3      equ      *
CC1E:60      (6) 865      rts
CC1F:      866 *
CC1F:      867 *

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```

CC1F:      869 *
CC1F:      870 * X is slot*16, Y is the desired mode
CC1F:      871 *
CC1F:      872 * Set up the IWM mode register. Extreme care should be taken
CC1F:      873 * here. Setting the mode byte with indexed stores causes a false
CC1F:      874 * byte to be written a cycle before the real value is written.
CC1F:      875 * This false value, if it enables the timer, causes the IWM Rev A
CC1F:      876 * to
CC1F:      877 * pop the motor on, inhibiting the setting of the mode until the
CC1F:      878 * motor times out! We avoid this by setting the mode byte only
CC1F:      879 * when
CC1F:      880 * it is not what we want, and if it's not we stay here until we
CC1F:      881 * see that it is what we want.
CC1F:      881 SetIWMMode equ *
CC1F:BD 88 C0 (4) 882      lda monclr,x      ;Motor must be off
CC22:BD 8D C0 (4) 883      lda l6set,x      ;Set up to access mode register
CC25:4C 2C CC (3) 884      jmp careful      ;Don't mess unless we gotta
CC28:98 (2) 885      bizz tya
CC29:9D 8F C0 (5) 886      sta l7set,x      ;Try storing the mode value
CC2C:      CC2C 887 careful equ *
CC2C:98 (2) 888      tya      ;Get back the target value
CC2D:5D 8E C0 (4) 889      eor l7clr,x      ;Compare with observed value
CC30:29 1F (2) 890      and #$1F      ;Can only read low 5 bits
CC32:D0 F4 CC28(3) 891      bne bizz      ;If not right, back to try again
CC34:60 (6) 892      rts
CC35:      893 *
CC35:      894 *
CC35:      895      Do IIC
CC35:      CC35 896 WaitIWMOff equ *
CC35:      897 *
CC35:      898 * Make sure you're in read mode and wait 'til Disk // motor is off
CC35:      899 *
CC35:20 9A CA (6) 900      jsr SetXN0      ;Set X
CC38:BD 8E C0 (4) 901      lda l7clr,x
CC3B:BD 8D C0 (4) 902      lda l6set,x
CC3E:      CC3E 903 wiwm1 equ *
CC3E:BD 8E C0 (4) 904      lda l7clr,x
CC41:29 20 (2) 905      and #%00100000
CC43:D0 F9 CC3E(3) 906      bne wiwm1
CC45:BD 8C C0 (4) 907      lda l6clr,x
CC48:      908 *
CC48:      909 * Wait an additional 700 microseconds to allow 12V on Disk // to
CC48:      910 * decay
CC48:      911 *
CC48:5A (3) 911      phy
CC49:A0 8C (2) 912      ldy #140
CC4B:88 (2) 913 wiwm2 dey
CC4C:D0 FD CC4B(3) 914      bne wiwm2
CC4E:7A (4) 915      ply
CC4F:      916 *
CC4F:60 (6) 917      rts
CC50:      918      fin
CC50:      919 *
CC50:      920 *
CC50:      921 * This takes grp7ctr and oddbytes and calculates
CC50:      922 * 7*grp7ctr+oddbytes.
CC50:      923 * The results are in Y(hi) and A(lo). This is the number of bytes
CC50:      924 * that were received in the last ReceivePack.
CC50:      925 Rcvcount equ *
CC50:A5 4B (3) 926      lda grp7ctr

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CC52:A8      (2) 927      tay
CC53:A2 00    (2) 928      ldx      #0
CC55:86 4B    (3) 929      stx      grp7ctr
CC57:A2 03    (2) 930      ldx      #3
CC59:0A      (2) 931 times7 asl      a
CC5A:26 4B    (5) 932      rol      grp7ctr
CC5C:0A      (2) 933      dex
CC5D:D0 FA    CC59(3) 934      bne      times7
CC5F:18      (2) 935      clc
CC60:6S 4C    (3) 936      adc      oddbytes
CC62:90 02    CC66(3) 937      bcc      t71
CC64:E6 4B    (5) 938      inc      grp7ctr
CC66:84 4C    (3) 939 t71    sty      oddbytes
CC68:38      (2) 940      sec
CC69:E5 4C    (3) 941      sbc      oddbytes
CC6B:B0 02    CC6F(3) 942      bcs      t72
CC6D:C6 4B    (5) 943      dec      grp7ctr
CC6F:A4 4B    (3) 944 T72    ldy      grp7ctr
CC71:60      (6) 945      rts
CC72:      946 *
CC72:      947 *
CC72:      136 *
CC72:      0001 137      do      IIC^ROM
CC72:      138      include pc.cread
CC72:      CC72 1 SlotDepRd equ *
CC72:      CC72 2 start25 equ *
CC72:A0 00    (2) 3      ldy      #0
CC74:A5 4B    (3) 4      lda      grp7ctr
CC76:48      (3) 5      pha
CC77:D0 03    CC7C(3) 6      bne      start3S      ;Save groups of seven counter
CC79:4C 09 CD (3) 7      jmp      doneS      ;Go get the checksum
CC7C:      8 *
CC7C:      9 * Okay, get the groups of seven
CC7C:      10 * Start by getting the topbits for this group of seven
CC7C:      11 *
CC7C:      CC7C 12 start3S equ *
CC7C:AD EC C0 (4) 13      lda      l6clr+TheOff ;Get topbits
CC7F:10 FB    CC7C(3) 14      bpl      start3S
CC81:8S 59    (3) 15      sta      temp      ;Just a second
CC83:      16 *
CC83:      17 * Split up the seven bits into two indices for topbit tables
CC83:      18 *
CC83:4A      (2) 19      lsr      a      ;0 1 d1 d2 d3 d4 d5 d6
CC84:4A      (2) 20      lsr      a      ;0 0 1 d1 d2 d3 d4 d5
CC85:4A      (2) 21      lsr      a      ;0 0 0 1 d1 d2 d3 d4
CC86:29 0F    (2) 22      and      %00001111 ;0 0 0 0 d1 d2 d3 d4
CC88:AA      (2) 23      tax
CC89:AS 59    (3) 24      lda      temp      ;First index into the tables
CC8B:29 07    (2) 25      and      %00000111 ;1 d1 d2 d3 d4 d5 d6 d7
CC8D:8S 59    (3) 26      sta      temp      ;0 0 0 0 0 d5 d6 d7
CC8F:      27 *      ;Keep for last three bytes
CC8F:      28 * Now read the first byte, reunite its msb, store it, and checksum
CC8F:      29 * it.
CC8F:AD EC C0 (4) 30      lda      l6clr+TheOff
CC92:10 FB    CC8F(3) 31      bpl      *-3      ;Back 1 instruction
CC94:5D 9D CA (4) 32      eor      shift1,x      ;Recombine the MSB with data
CC97:91 56    (6) 33      sta      (buffer2),y      ;Store it away
CC99:45 40    (3) 34      eor      checksum      ;Add it to the checksum

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CC9B:85 40      (3) 35      sta  checksum
CC9D:C8         (2) 36      iny
CC9E:           37 *
CC9E:           38 * Now, the second Y turn over occurs at this point in the loop.
                  Update
CC9E:           39 * the buffer pointer if it occurred.
CC9E:           40 *
CC9E:D0 02      CCA2(3) 41      bne  *+4
CCA0:E6 57      (5) 42      inc  buffer2+1
CCA2:           43 *
CCA2:           44 * Now the second byte
CCA2:           45 *
CCA2:AD EC C0   (4) 46      lda  16clr+TheOff
CCA5:10 FB      CCA2(3) 47      bpl  *-3          ;Back 1 instruction
CCA7:5D AD CA   (4) 48      eor  shift2,x      ;Recombine the MSB with data
CCA8:91 56      (6) 49      sta  (buffer2),y    ;Store it away
CCAC:45 40      (3) 50      eor  checksum      ;Add it to the checksum
CCAE:85 40      (3) 51      sta  checksum
CCB0:C8         (2) 52      iny
CCB1:           53 *
CCB1:           54 * Now the third byte
CCB1:           55 *
CCB1:AD EC C0   (4) 56      lda  16clr+TheOff
CCB4:10 FB      CCB1(3) 57      bpl  *-3          ;Back 1 instruction
CCB6:5D BD CA   (4) 58      eor  shift3,x      ;Recombine the MSB with data
CCB9:91 56      (6) 59      sta  (buffer2),y    ;Store it away
CCBB:45 40      (3) 60      eor  checksum      ;Add it to the checksum
CCBD:85 40      (3) 61      sta  checksum
CCBF:C8         (2) 62      iny
CCC0:           63 *
CCC0:           64 * Now the fourth byte
CCC0:           65 *
CCC0:AD EC C0   (4) 66      lda  16clr+TheOff
CCC3:10 FB      CCC0(3) 67      bpl  *-3          ;Back 1 instruction
CCC5:5D CD CA   (4) 68      eor  shift4,x      ;Recombine the MSB with data
CCC8:91 56      (6) 69      sta  (buffer2),y    ;Store it away
CCCA:45 40      (3) 70      eor  checksum      ;Add it to the checksum
CCCC:85 40      (3) 71      sta  checksum
CCCE:C8         (2) 72      iny
CCCF:           73 *
CCCF:           74 * The first Y turn over occurs at this point in the loop. Update
CCCF:           75 * the buffer pointer if it occurred.
CCCF:           76 *
CCCF:D0 02      CCD3(3) 77      bne  *+4
CCD1:E6 57      (5) 78      inc  buffer2+1
CCD3:           79 *
CCD3:A6 59      (3) 80      ldx  temp          ;Now we need the other index
CCD5:           81 *
CCD5:           82 * Now the fifth byte
CCD5:           83 *
CCD5:AD EC C0   (4) 84      lda  16clr+TheOff
CCD8:10 FB      CCD5(3) 85      bpl  *-3          ;Back 1 instruction
CCDA:5D AD CA   (4) 86      eor  shift2,x      ;Recombine the MSB with data
CCDD:91 56      (6) 87      sta  (buffer2),y    ;Store it away
CCDF:45 40      (3) 88      eor  checksum      ;Add it to the checksum
CCE1:85 40      (3) 89      sta  checksum
CCE3:C8         (2) 90      iny
CCE4:           91 *
CCE4:           92 * Now the sixth byte

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CCE4:          93 *
CCE4:AD EC C0 (4) 94      lda    16clr+TheOff
CCE7:10 FB CCE4(3) 95      bpl    *-3
CCE9:5D BD CA (4) 96      eor    shift3,x      ;Back 1 instruction
CCEC:91 56 (6) 97      sta    (buffer2),y    ;Recombine the MSB with data
CEE:45 40 (3) 98      eor    checksum      ;Store it away
CCF0:85 40 (3) 99      sta    checksum      ;Add it to the checksum
CCF2:C8 (2) 100      iny
CCF3:          101 *
CCF3:          102 * And, finally, the seventh byte
CCF3:          103 *
CCF3:AD EC C0 (4) 104      lda    16clr+TheOff
CCF6:10 FB CCF3(3) 105      bpl    *-3
CCF8:5D CD CA (4) 106      eor    shift4,x      ;Back 1 instruction
CCFB:91 56 (6) 107      sta    (buffer2),y    ;Recombine the MSB with data
CCFD:45 40 (3) 108      eor    checksum      ;Store it away
CCFF:85 40 (3) 109      sta    checksum      ;Add it to the checksum
CD01:C8 (2) 110      iny
CD02:          111 *
CD02:          112 * Now see if this is the last group of seven to receive
CD02:          113 *
CD02:C6 4B (5) 114      dec    grp7ctr
CD04:F0 03 CD09(3) 115      beq    done5      ;Go to get the checksum etc
CD06:4C 7C CC (3) 116      jmp    start35     ;Another topbits ...
CD09:          117 *
CD09:          118 * Get and reconstruct the checksum
CD09:          119 *
CD09:          120 done5 equ    *
CD09:AD EC C0 (4) 121      lda    16clr+TheOff
CD0C:10 FB CD09(3) 122      bpl    *-3
CD0E:85 59 (3) 123      sta    temp          ;1 c6 1 c4 1 c2 1 c0
CD10:          124 *
CD10:68 (4) 125      pla          ;Restore groups of 7 counter
CD11:85 4B (3) 126      sta    grp7ctr
CD13:AD EC C0 (4) 127      lda    16clr+TheOff ;1 c7 1 c5 1 c3 1 c1
CD16:10 FB CD13(3) 128      bpl    *-3
CD18:38 (2) 129      sec
CD19:2A (2) 130      rol    a          ;c7 1 c5 1 c3 1 c1 1
CD1A:25 59 (3) 131      and    temp      ;c7 c6 c5 c4 c3 c2 c1 c0
CD1C:45 40 (3) 132      eor    checksum    ;When we're done, should be zero
CD1E:          133 *
CD1E:          134 * Get the packet end mark. Is it correct?
CD1E:          135 *
CD1E:AC EC C0 (4) 136 rdha5 ldy    16clr+TheOff ;Preserve A
CD21:10 FB CD1E(3) 137      bpl    rdha5
CD23:          138 *
CD23:C0 C8 (2) 139      cpy    #packetend
CD25:D0 1C CD43(3) 140      bne    npenderr5
CD27:          141 *
CD27:          142 * Didn't have time before to checksum oddbytes. Do it now
CD27:          143 * A still has the partial checksum
CD27:          144 *
CD27:A6 4C (3) 145      ldx    oddbytes
CD29:F0 08 CD33(3) 146      beq    icbt15
CD2B:A0 00 (2) 147      ldy    #0
CD2D:51 54 (5) 148 icbt5 eor    (buffer),y
CD2F:C8 (2) 149      iny
CD30:CA (2) 150      dex

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```

CD31:D0 FA   CD2D(3) 151      bne   icbt5
CD33:         152 *
CD33:         153 * Okay, checksum oughta be zero.  If not, checksum error.
CD33:         154 *
CD33:         CD33 155 icbt15 equ   *
CD33:AA      (2) 156      tax
CD34:D0 11   CD47(3) 157      bne   cerror5
CD36:         158 *
CD36:         159 * Wait for /BSY to go low
CD36:         160 *
CD36:         CD36 161 lsbysywait5 equ *
CD36:AD ED C0 (4) 162      lda    l6set+TheOff
CD39:AD EE C0 (4) 163 rdh45  lda    l7clr+TheOff
CD3C:30 FB   CD39(3) 164      bmi   rdh45
CD3E:         165 *
CD3E:         166 * Got the bytes, now acknowledge their receipt
CD3E:         167 *
CD3E:AD E0 C0 (4) 168      lda    reqclr+TheOff ;Lower REQ
CD41:         169 *
CD41:18      (2) 170      clc
CD42:60      (6) 171      rts
CD43:         172 *
CD43:A9 20   (2) 173 npenderr5 lda #nopackend
CD45:D0 02   CD49(3) 174      bne   gerror5
CD47:A9 10   (2) 175 cerror5 lda #csumerr
CD49:38      (2) 176 gerror5 sec
CD4A:60      (6) 177      rts
CD4B:         178 *
CD4B:         139      fin
CD4B:         140 *
CD4B:         141      include pc.main

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CD4B:          2 *
CD4B:          3 *
CD4B:          4 Entry equ *
CD4B:90 03    CD50(3)  5 bcc bentry ;If non-boot, skip jump to boot
CD4D:4C 23 C5  (3)    6 jmp bootcode
CD50:          7 *
CD50:          8 * X is still set to slot number.
CD50:          9 *
CD50:          10 bentry equ *
CD50:          11 *
CD50:          12 do IIC^ROM
CD50:A9 40    (2)    13 lda #01000000
CD52:1C 78 04  (6)    14 trb ProFlag+5 ;ProFlag is fixed in //c
CD55:          15 *
CD55:          16 atentry equ *
CD55:          17 fin
CD55:          18 *
CD55:D8       (2)    19 cld ;Don't want decimal mode!!
CD56:8A       (2)    20 txa
CD57:A8       (2)    21 tay ;Really want it in Y... no ROR AB5,Y!
CD58:          22 *
CD58:          23 * If this is a PC call, then get the address of the parm table
CD58:          24 *
CD58:B9 73 04  (4)    25 lda ProFlag,y
CD5B:30 11    CD6E(3)  26 bmi noplay
CD5D:          27 *
CD5D:68       (4)    28 pla ;Get lo order
CD5E:99 F3 05  (5)    29 sta SHTempX,y ;Keep lo parm address-1
CD61:18       (2)    30 clc
CD62:69 03     (2)    31 adc #3
CD64:AA       (2)    32 tax ;Lo order new return address
CD65:68       (4)    33 pla ;Get hi order address
CD66:99 73 06  (5)    34 sta SHTempY,y ;Keep hi parm addr-1
CD69:69 00     (2)    35 adc #0
CD6B:48       (3)    36 pha ;Push back new return address hi
CD6C:8A       (2)    37 txa
CD6D:48       (3)    38 pha ;Push new return address lo
CD6E:          39 *
CD6E:          40 noplay equ *
CD6E:          41 *
CD6E:          42 * On the //c, it is important to have the Disk // enable lines
CD6E:          43 * off for as long as possible before using the IWM (phases, /WRREQ
CD6E:          44 * lines). Wait here 'til the Disk // motors are off.
CD6E:          45 *
CD6E:          46 do IIC
CD6E:20 35 CC  (6)    47 jsr WaitIWMOff ;Must preserve Y!!
CD71:          48 fin
CD71:          49 *
CD71:          50 * We can't really tolerate interrupts in most of the code, so
CD71:          51 * disable
CD71:08       (3)    52 php ;Save interrupt status
CD72:78       (2)    53 sei ;No interrupts please
CD73:          54 *
CD73:          55 * Preserve the zero page work area
CD73:          56 *
CD73:A2 1B     (2)    57 ldx #ZPSize-1
CD75:B5 40     (4)    58 pzp lda ZeroPage,x
CD77:48       (3)    59 pha

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CD78:CA      (2) 60      dex
CD79:10 FA   CD75(3) 61      bpl      pzp
CD7B:        62 *
CD7B:        63 * Okay, we're safe... now it's all right to store in zero page
CD7B:        64 *
CD7B:84 58   (3) 65      sty      Slot
CD7D:        66 *
CD7D:        67      ifeq      IIC^ROM
CD7D:        80      fin
CD7D:        81 *
CD7D:        82 * Now map any ProD05 unit references to our sequential ones.
CD7D:        83 * The method is bizzare and magicians never reveal their secrets.
CD7D:        84 *
CD7D:        85 allset equ *
CD7D:A5 43   (3) 86      lda      CMDUnit      ;76543210 7&6 specify unit
CD7F:2A      (2) 87      rol      a            ;6543210X C<-7
CD80:08      (3) 88      php            ;Save drive num
CD81:2A      (2) 89      rol      a            ;543210X7 C<-6
CD82:2A      (2) 90      rol      a            ;43210X76 (6 is grp of 2)
CD83:28      (4) 91      plp            ;C<-7
CD84:2A      (2) 92      rol      a            ;3210X767
CD85:29 03   (2) 93      and      #%00000011 ;ProD05 only installs up to 4
CD87:49 02   (2) 94      eor      #%00000010 ;000000/67; 6 was /grpof two
CD89:C0 04   (2) 95      cpy      #4          ;If in slot 1,2,or3 reverse grps of two
CD8B:B0 02   CD8F(3) 96      bge      allset1
CD8D:49 02   (2) 97      eor      #%00000010
CD8F:AA      (2) 98      allset1 tax
CD90:E8      (2) 99      inx
CD91:86 43   (3) 100     stx      CMDUnit      ;You got it
CD93:        101 *
CD93:        102 * Now if this is through the MLI xface, gotta copy stuff into the
CD93:        103 * send buffer from the parameter list.
CD93:        104 *
CD93:B9 73 04 (4) 105     lda      ProFlag,y
CD96:10 03   CD9B(3) 106     bpl      darnit
CD98:4C 3F CE (3) 107     jmp      skipcopy
CD9B:        108 *
CD9B:        109 * Get the address of the in-line parameter table
CD9B:        110 *
CD9B:        111 darnit equ *
CD9B:B9 F3 05 (4) 112     lda      SHTempX,y ;Get back the low part buff addr
CD9E:85 54   (3) 113     sta      buffer
CDA0:B9 73 06 (4) 114     lda      SHTempY,y ; and the hi part
CDA3:85 55   (3) 115     sta      buffer+1
CDA5:        116 *
CDA5:        117 * Now pull out the command code, and the address of the parameters.
CDA5:        118 *
CDA5:A0 01   (2) 119     ldy      #1          ;Stacked address is EA-1
CDA7:B1 54   (5) 120     lda      (buffer),y
CDA9:85 42   (3) 121     sta      cmdcode    ;Nice
CDAB:C8      (2) 122     iny
CDAC:B1 54   (5) 123     lda      (buffer),y ;Get lo part of parmlist address
CDAE:AA      (2) 124     tax              ;Save it
CDAF:C8      (2) 125     iny
CDB0:B1 54   (5) 126     lda      (buffer),y ;Get hi part
CDB2:85 55   (3) 127     sta      buffer+1
CDB4:86 54   (3) 128     stx      buffer
CDB6:        129 *

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CDB6:          130 * Now buffer points to parmlist
CDB6:          131 * Check command type, and pidgeonhole the parmlist length
CDB6:          132 *
CDB6:A9 01      (2) 133      lda      #BadCmd
CDB8:A6 42      (3) 134      ldx      cmdcode
CDBA:E0 0A      (2) 135      cpx      #$A          ;Only valid codes are 0-9
CDBC:90 03      CDC1(3) 136      blt      noeh          ;=> at least he got that right
CDBE:4C 0F CF    (3) 137      ErrorHitch jmp Error      ;Gee, maybe we should promote this guy...
CDC1:          CDC1 138      noeh      equ      *
CDC1:A0 00      (2) 139      ldy      #0          ;Set for indct compare
CDC3:B1 54      (5) 140      lda      (buffer),y      ;Get # of parms?
CDC5:85 5A      (3) 141      sta      Unit
CDC7:          142 *
CDC7:          143 * Now copy the bytes
CDC7:          144 *
CDC7:          CDC7 145      okaycnt equ *
CDC7:A0 08      (2) 146      ldy      #>cmdlength-1 ;Always copy the maximum
CDC9:          CDC9 147      copyloop equ *
CDC9:B1 54      (5) 148      lda      (buffer),y      ;Pull it out of their hat
CDCB:99 42 00    (5) 149      sta      cmdcode,y      ;Stuff it into mine
CDCE:88          (2) 150      dey      cmdcode,y
CDCF:D0 F8      CDC9(3) 151      bne      copyloop      ;Copy 'em all
CDD1:          152 *
CDD1:          153 * Okay. The caller of the PC could be making one of three calls
CDD1:          154 * with a unit number of $00, Control, Init or Status. Check for
CDD1:          155 * these and do what is appropriate.
CDD1:          156 *
CDD1:A5 43      (3) 157      lda      CMDUnit
CDD3:D0 6A      CE3F(3) 158      bne      skipcopy      ;Never mind
CDD5:          159 *
CDD5:          160 * Check the parameter count for this call to unit#0
CDD5:          161 *
CDD5:A6 42      (3) 162      ldx      CMDCode
CDD7:BD 86 CF    (4) 163      lda      parmctab,x      ;Get the length this command
CDDA:29 7F      (2) 164      and      #$7F          ;Force 0 -> MSB
CDDC:A8          (2) 165      tay      ;Hang on
CDDD:A9 04      (2) 166      lda      #BadPCnt      ;Antic bad count
CDDF:C4 5A      (3) 167      cpy      Unit          ;User's pcount is currently here
CDE1:D0 DB      CDBE(3) 168      bne      ErrorHitch      ;What a baby!
CDE3:          169 *
CDE3:          170 * Now service one of the three commands
CDE3:          171 *
CDE3:E0 05      (2) 172      cpx      #InitCMD
CDE5:D0 0A      CDF1(3) 173      bne      notinit      ;Not an Init call
CDE7:A9 00      (2) 174      lda      #PowerReset      ;Just like powerup or reset key(//c)
CDE9:20 90 CF    (6) 175      jsr      AssignID      ;Do a reset cycle
CDEC:A9 00      (2) 176      Aokay      lda      #0          ;No error allowed
CDEE:4C 31 CF    (3) 177      jmp      sa2
CDF1:          178 *
CDF1:8A          (2) 179      notinit txa          ;Equiv to 'cmp #StatusCMD'
CDF2:D0 24      CE18(3) 180      bne      maybectl
CDF4:          181 *
CDF4:A9 21      (2) 182      lda      #BadCtl      ;Antic a non zero stat code
CDF6:A6 46      (3) 183      ldx      CMD5Code      ;Stat unit#0 can only be code=0
CDF8:D0 C4      CDBE(3) 184      bne      ErrorHitch
CDFA:          185 *
CDFA:8A          (2) 186      txa          ;Equiv to 'lda #0'
CDFB:A6 58      (3) 187      ldx      Slot

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CDFD:A0 07      (2) 188      ldy      #7
CDFF:91 44      (6) 189      sta      (CmdBuffer1),y ;Clear some space
CE01:88         (2) 190      dey
CE02:D0 FB      CDFD(3) 191      bne      nin1
CE04:          192 *
CE04:BD F9 06   (4) 193      lda      NumDevices,x
CE07:91 44      (6) 194      sta      (CMDBuffer1),y ;Stick it where they want it
CE09:C8         (2) 195      iny
CE0A:          196 *
CE0A:          0001      197      do      ilc
CE0A:AD F9 04   (4) 198      lda      $4F9          ;//c Port 1 interrupt status
CE0D:          199      else
CE0D:          201      fin
CE0D:          202 *
CE0D:91 44      (6) 203      sta      (CMDBuffer1),y ;Store PC interrupt status
CE0F:          204 *
CE0F:A9 08      (2) 205      lda      #8
CE11:88         (2) 206      dey          ;A,Y has 0008; # bytes status
CE12:20 F2 CF   (6) 207      jsr      squirrel
CE15:          208 *
CE15:4C EC CD   (3) 209      jmp      Aokay          ;Skip down (up) with no error
CE18:          CE18      210      maybectl equ *
CE18:C9 04      (2) 211      cmp      #ControlCMD
CE1A:D0 0B      CE27(3) 212      bne      BUnit          ;Unit #0 was a bad one
CE1C:          213 *
CE1C:A6 46      (3) 214      ldx      CMDSCode          ;We allow two control calls for Unit#0
CE1E:F0 0B      CE2B(3) 215      beq      enabint          ;0 means enable interrupts
CE20:CA         (2) 216      dex
CE21:F0 14      CE37(3) 217      beq      disabint          ;1 means disable interrupts
CE23:A9 21      (2) 218      lda      #badctl
CE25:          CE25      219      ErrorHitch2 equ *
CE25:D0 97      CDBE(3) 220      bne      ErrorHitch          ;No other codes allowed
CE27:          221 *
CE27:          CE27      222      BUnit equ *
CE27:A9 11      (2) 223      lda      #badUnit          ;Only certain calls can have Unit#0
CE29:D0 93      CDBE(3) 224      bne      ErrorHitch          ;Branch always
CE2B:          225 *
CE2B:          0001      226      do      ilc
CE2B:          CE2B      227      enabint equ *
CE2B:A9 C0      (2) 228      lda      #$C0
CE2D:8D F9 05   (4) 229      sta      $5F9
CE30:A9 0F      (2) 230      lda      #$0F
CE32:0C 9A C0   (6) 231      tsb      $C09A
CE35:D0 05      CE3C(3) 232      bne      aokayhitch
CE37:          233 *
CE37:          CE37      234      disabint equ *
CE37:A9 01      (2) 235      lda      #$01
CE39:1C 9A C0   (6) 236      trb      $C09A
CE3C:4C EC CD   (3) 237      aokayhitch jmp AOkay
CE3F:          238 *
CE3F:          239      else
CE3F:          244      fin
CE3F:          245 *
CE3F:          246 * Okay, everything's all groovy. ProDOS re-enters here.
CE3F:          247 * Check Unit number to be sure there is a corresponding device
CE3F:          248 *
CE3F:          CE3F      249      skipcopy equ *
CE3F:A9 28      (2) 250      lda      #NoDrive          ;Anticipate bad unit number

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CE41:A4 58      (3) 251      ldy      slot
CE43:BE F9 06   (4) 252      ldx      NumDevices,y
CE46:E4 43      (3) 253      cpx      CMDUnit
CE48:90 DB      CE25(3) 254      blt      ErrorHitch2 ;Safe- If C clr then Z is clr
CE4A:          255 *
CE4A:          256 * Set buffer and bytecount in anticipation of the inevitable
CE4A:          257 * SendPack.
CE4A:A9 09      (2) 258      lda      #>cmdlength
CE4C:85 4D      (3) 259      sta      bytecountl
CE4E:A9 00      (2) 260      lda      #<cmdlength
CE50:85 4E      (3) 261      sta      bytecountih
CE52:85 55      (3) 262      sta      buffer+1
CE54:A9 42      (2) 263      lda      #>cmdcode
CE56:85 54      (3) 264      sta      buffer
CE58:          265 *
CE58:          266 * If it's a PC call, omit the next two steps
CE58:          267 *
CE58:A6 58      (3) 268      ldx      Slot
CE5A:BD 73 04   (4) 269      lda      ProFlag,x ;Is it a call from ProDOS?
CE5D:10 13      CE72(3) 270      bpl      notstat ;=> Statcode already set...
CE5F:          271 *
CE5F:          272 * Need to generate a parameter count for a ProDOS call
CE5F:          273 *
CE5F:A6 42      (3) 274      ldx      CMDCode
CE61:BD 86 CF   (4) 275      lda      ParmCTab,x
CE64:29 7F      (2) 276      and      #$7F
CE66:85 5A      (3) 277      sta      Unit
CE68:          278 *
CE68:          279 * ProDOS always needs the highest blockno byte zeroed
CE68:          280 *
CE68:A9 00      (2) 281      lda      #0
CE6A:85 48      (3) 282      sta      CMDBlock5
CE6C:          283 *
CE6C:          284 * If this is a ProDOS status call, set stat code to zero
CE6C:          285 *
CE6C:A5 42      (3) 286      lda      CMDCode
CE6E:D0 02      CE72(3) 287      bne      notstat ;=> Not status so forget it
CE70:          288 *lda #SCDeviceStat ;A is already zero
CE70:85 46      (3) 289      sta      CMDSCode ;Store in command table
CE72:          290 *
CE72:          291 * Okay, finally send over the damn command
CE72:          292 *
CE72:          CE72 293 notstat equ *
CE72:A5 5A      (3) 294      lda      Unit
CE74:A6 43      (3) 295      ldx      CmdPCount ;Swap the Parmcount & unit#
CE76:86 5A      (3) 296      stx      Unit
CE78:85 43      (3) 297      sta      CMDPCount ;Now they're correct
CE7A:          298 *
CE7A:A9 80      (2) 299      lda      #cmdmark
CE7C:85 5B      (3) 300      sta      WPacketType
CE7E:          301 *
CE7E:20 8A CA   (6) 302      jsr      ClrPhases ;Bring all phases off
CE81:          303 *
CE81:20 EC CA   (6) 304      jsr      SendPack
CE84:B0 46      CECC(3) 305      bcs      behitch ;If not okay, skip to bus error
CE86:          306 *
CE86:          307 * Now copy over the buffer address for any data xfer.
CE86:          308 *

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CE86:A5 44      (3) 309      lda    CMDBuffer
CE88:85 54      (3) 310      sta    buffer
CE8A:A5 45      (3) 311      lda    CMDBuffer+1
CE8C:85 55      (3) 312      sta    buffer+1
CE8E:          313 *
CE8E:          314 * Now for some commands, we have to send over a packet of data, too.
CE8E:          315 * See if this command is one of THOSE.
CE8E:          316 *
CE8E:A6 42      (3) 317      ldx    cmdcode
CE90:BD 86 CF    (4) 318      lda    parmctab,x
CE93:10 3B CED0(3) 319      bpl    noxtrasend      ;Encoded in top bit
CE95:          320 *
CE95:          321 * The buffer address and bytecount depend on the call type.
CE95:          322 *
CE95:E0 04      (2) 323      cpx    #ControlCmd
CE97:D0 18 CEB1(3) 324      bne    NOControl
CE99:          325 *
CE99:          326 * In the case of control, bytecount:=(buffer) then buffer:=buffer+2
CE99:          327 *
CE99:A0 01      (2) 328      ld    #1
CE9B:B1 54      (5) 329      lda    (buffer),y      ;Get Hi order bytecount
CE9D:AA      (2) 330      tax
CE9E:88      (2) 331      dey
CE9F:B1 54      (5) 332      lda    (buffer),y
CEA1:48      (3) 333      pha
CEA2:18      (2) 334      clc
CEA3:A9 02      (2) 335      lda    #2
CEA5:65 54      (3) 336      adc    buffer
CEA7:85 54      (3) 337      sta    buffer
CEA9:68      (4) 338      pla
CEAA:90 13 CEBF(3) 339      bcc    secondsend      ;Get back Lo order bytecount
CEAC:E6 55      (5) 340      inc    buffer+1      ;Skip hi ord increment
CEAE:4C BF CE   (3) 341      jmp    secondsend      ;Skip to store bytecount
CEB1:          342 *
CEB1:          343 NOControl equ *
CEB1:E0 02      (2) 344      cpx    #WriteCMD      ;Check for a writeblock
CEB3:D0 06 CEBB(3) 345      bne    NOWBlock      ;Must be control or write
CEB5:          346 *
CEB5:          347 * In the case of WriteBlock, the length is 512 and the buffer
CEB5:          348 * address is at buffer in the command table
CEB5:          349 *
CEB5:A9 00      (2) 350      lda    #0
CEB7:A2 02      (2) 351      ld    #2
CEB9:D0 04 CEBF(3) 352      bne    secondsend
CEBB:          353 *
CEBB:          354 * For FileWrite, the buffer address is at CMDbuffer
CEBB:          355 * and the length is at CMDblock.
CEBB:          356 *
CEBB:          357 NOWBlock equ *
CEBB:A6 47      (3) 358      ld    CMDBlockh
CEBD:A5 46      (3) 359      lda    CMDBlockl
CEBF:          360 *
CEBF:          361 secondsend equ *
CEBF:86 4E      (3) 362      stx    bytecounth
CEC1:85 4D      (3) 363      sta    bytecountl
CEC3:          364 *
CEC3:A9 82      (2) 365      lda    #datamark
CEC5:85 5B      (3) 366      sta    WPacketType      ;Identify this as a data packet

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CEC7:          367 *
CEC7:20 DD CA  (6) 368      jsr   SendData
CECA:90 04      CED0(3) 369      bcc   noxtrasend
CECC:          CECC   370 behitch equ *
CECC:A9 06      (2) 371      lda   #BusErr      ;This is the bus error hitch
CECE:D0 3F      CF0F(3) 372      bne   Error
CED0:          373 *
CED0:          374 * On ProDOS status call, we've got to point the buffer pointer
CED0:          375 * correctly to zero page... it's the only case special case
CED0:          376 * (on Write, Format and Control no data comes back).
CED0:          377 *
CED0:          CED0   378 noxtrasend equ *
CED0:A4 58      (3) 379      ldy   Slot
CED2:B9 73 04    (4) 380      lda   ProFlag,y
CED5:10 00      CEE3(3) 381      bpl   getresults
CED7:A5 42      (3) 382      lda   cmdcode
CED9:D0 08      CEE3(3) 383      bne   getresults
CEDB:          384 *
CEDB:A9 45      (2) 385      lda   #>CMDBufferh ;Want status in these four
CEDD:A2 00      (2) 386      ldx   #<CMDBufferh
CEDF:85 54      (3) 387      sta   buffer
CEE1:86 55      (3) 388      stx   buffer+1
CEE3:          389 *
CEE3:          390 * Please to be calling ReceivePack
CEE3:          391 *
CEE3:          CEE3   392 getresults equ *
CEE3:20 33 CB    (6) 393      jsr   RecPack      ;Get status byte (maybe read data too)
CEE6:B0 E4      CECC(3) 394      bcs   behitch
CEE8:          395 *
CEE8:          396 * Figure how many bytes were sent and put that in X,Y temps
CEE8:          397 *
CEE8:20 50 CC    (6) 398      jsr   Rcvcount      ;Do the times 7...
CEEB:20 F2 CF    (6) 399      jsr   squirrel      ;Store away count in SHTemps
EEEE:          400 *
EEEE:          401 * For the ProDOS status call, we've got to look at the status byte
EEEE:          402 * returned and return a DIP error if appropriate.
EEEE:          403 * Also overwrite the X,Y temps with # blocks if this is a ProDOS
EEEE:          404 * Stat call.
EEEE:A5 42      (3) 405      lda   CMDCode      ;Is it a ProDOS status call
CEF0:D0 1B      CF0D(3) 406      bne   noerror
CEF2:A6 58      (3) 407      ldx   Slot
CEF4:BD 73 04    (4) 408      lda   ProFlag,x
CEF7:10 14      CF0D(3) 409      bpl   noerror
CEF9:          410 *
CEF9:A5 46      (3) 411      lda   CMDBlockl      ;This'll get loaded into the XY regs
                                         later
CEFB:9D F3 05    (5) 412      sta   SHTempX,x
CEFE:A5 47      (3) 413      lda   CMDBlockh
CF00:9D 73 06    (5) 414      sta   SHTempY,x
CF03:          415 *
CF03:A5 45      (3) 416      lda   CMDBufferh      ;Check status byte
CF05:29 10      (2) 417      and   #5VMask1
CF07:D0 04      CF0D(3) 418      bne   noerror      ;No DIP
CF09:A9 2F      (2) 419      lda   #OffLine
CF0B:D0 02      CF0F(3) 420      bne   Error
CF0D:          421 *
CF0D:          422 * Now it's time to think about returning to the caller
CF0D:          423 * Remember that ProDOS doesn't want to know about soft errors,
CF0D:          424 * only fatal ones. If this is a ProDOS call, and the soft error

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CF0D:          425 * bit in the statbyte is set, there IS NO error (statbyte is
                  cleared).
CF0D:          426 * Also, ProDOS wants only I/O, Write Protect, No Device, Offline.
CF0D:          427 * If any other hard error comes from the device on a ProDOS call,
CF0D:          428 * map it to an I/O Error. (Gross me out.)
CF0D:          429 *
CF0D:          CF0D 430 noerror equ *
CF0D:A5 4D      (3) 431 lda statbyte
CF0F:          CF0F 432 Error equ *
CF0F:A4 58      (3) 433 ldy Slot ;Need access to screenholes
CF11:99 F3 04   (5) 434 sta Retry,Y ;Keep unadulterated error in shole
CF14:AA         (2) 435 tax ;Set the Z flag
CF15:F0 1A      CF31(3) 436 beq sa2 ;Special case the zero
CF17:         437 *
CF17:BE 73 04   (4) 438 ldx ProFlag,y ;Set N to ProDOS call or not
CF1A:10 15      CF31(3) 439 bpl sa2 ;If PC call, no mapping occurs
CF1C:         440 *
CF1C:A2 00      (2) 441 ldx #0 ;Assume a soft error
CF1E:C9 40      (2) 442 cmp #%01000000 ;Soft error check
CF20:B0 0E      CF30(3) 443 bge storeaway ;If $40 or bigger, map to zero
CF22:         444 *
CF22:A2 27      (2) 445 ldx #IOError ;Now anticipate ProDOS I/O error
CF24:C9 2B      (2) 446 cmp #WriteProt ;WriteProtect
CF26:F0 09      CF31(3) 447 beq sa2 ;OK to return Write Protect
CF28:C9 28      (2) 448 cmp #NoDrive ;NoDrive
CF2A:F0 05      CF31(3) 449 beq sa2 ;OK to return Drive disconnected
CF2C:C9 2F      (2) 450 cmp #Offline ;Offline
CF2E:F0 01      CF31(3) 451 beq SA2
CF30:         452 *
CF30:          CF30 453 storeaway equ *
CF30:8A         (2) 454 txa ;Use the default value
CF31:          CF31 455 sa2 equ *
CF31:A4 58      (3) 456 ldy Slot
CF33:99 73 05   (5) 457 sta SHTemp1,y ;Keep in screenhole
CF36:         458 *
CF36:         459 * If this is the //c version, we need to reset the IWM to its
CF36:         460 * former disk // state. This is done by setting the mode register
CF36:         461 * to a little known (and less documented) mode which speeds up the
CF36:         462 * internal motor timeout. When the motor enable has timed out,
CF36:         463 * mode can be set back to zero. This method is necessary because
CF36:         464 * if the timer is enabled within the timeout period, the motor on
CF36:         465 * a Rev A IWM pops on for the full timeout period (since mode
                  changes
CF36:         466 * are disabled when the motor is on. I know, it's bizarre. Blame
                  Mac.
CF36:          0001 467 do ilc
CF36:AD E8 C0    (4) 468 lda monclr+$60 ;Motor off
CF39:2C ED C0    (4) 469 bit 16set+$60 ;Into mode reg access mode
CF3C:A9 2B      (2) 470 lda #$2B ;This is the magic "speed up" value
CF3E:8D EF C0    (4) 471 sta 17set+$60 ;Throw into mode register
CF41:EA         (2) 472 nop ;You're supposed to wait a while
CF42:EA         (2) 473 nop
CF43:EA         (2) 474 nop
CF44:EA         (2) 475 nop
CF45:          CF45 476 waitoff equ *
CF45:AD EE C0    (4) 477 lda 17clr+$60 ;Wait 'til motor off
CF48:29 20      (2) 478 and #$20
CF4A:D0 F9      CF45(3) 479 bne waitoff
CF4C:A0 00      (2) 480 ldy #0 ;Now set the reg back to $00
CF4E:A2 60      (2) 481 ldx #$60 ;IWM's in slot 6
CF50:20 1F CC    (6) 482 jsr SetIWMMode

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```

CF53:AD EC C0 (4) 483 lda l6clr+$60
CF56:AD E2 C0 (4) 484 lda ca1clr+$60
CF59:AD E6 C0 (4) 485 lda lstrbclr+$60
CF5C:A4 58 (3) 486 ldy Slot ;Need Slot in Y
CF5E: 487 fin
CF5E: 488 *
CF5E: 489 * Now, restore our zero page area.
CF5E: 490 *
CF5E:A2 00 (2) 491 ldx #0
CF60:68 (4) 492 rzp pla
CF61:95 40 (4) 493 sta zeropage,x
CF63:E8 (2) 494 inx
CF64:E0 1C (2) 495 cpx #ZPSize
CF66:90 F8 CF60(3) 496 blt rzp
CF68: 497 *
CF68: 498 * We're into the stretch! Restore interrupt mask, load X, Y, and A
CF68: 499 * and set the carry if the error byte is non-zero.
CF68: 500 *
CF68:28 (4) 501 plp ;Restore interrupt flag
CF69:B9 F3 05 (4) 502 lda SHTemp,y ;Get X value
CF6C:AA (2) 503 tax
CF6D:B9 73 05 (4) 504 lda SHTemp1,y ;Grab the error result code
CF70:48 (3) 505 pha
CF71:B9 73 06 (4) 506 lda SHTemp,y ;Pull out the Y value
CF74:A8 (2) 507 tay ;No more access to screenholes
CF75:18 (2) 508 clc ;Anticipate zero result code
CF76:68 (4) 509 pla ;Pull back result code
CF77:F0 01 CF7A(3) 510 beq finalskip ;Return with carry clear
CF79:38 (2) 511 sec ;Some type of error
CF7A: CF7A 512 finalskip equ *
CF7A: 513 *
CF7A: 0001 514 do l1c^ROM
CF7A:08 (3) 515 php ;Save carry and Z flag
CF7B:2C 78 04 (4) 516 bit ProFlag+5 ;lck - ProFlag is fixed in //c
CF7E:70 04 CF84(3) 517 bvs ick1 ;If bit 6=1, then return to alt ROM
CF80:28 (4) 518 plp ;Vclr so return across ROM bank bdy
CF81:4C 84 C7 (3) 519 jmp SWRT52
CF84: CF84 520 ick1 equ *
CF84:28 (4) 521 plp
CF85:60 (6) 522 rts ;Flags set correctly again
CF86: 523 else
CF86: 525 fin
CF86: 526 *
CF86: 527 *
CF86: CF86 528 parmctab equ *
CF86:03 529 dfb %00000011 ;Status: 3 parms/no data send
CF87:03 530 dfb %00000011 ;Read: 3 parms/no data send
CF88:83 531 dfb %10000011 ;Write: 3 parms/data send
CF89:01 532 dfb %00000001 ;Format: 1 parm /no data send
CF8A:83 533 dfb %10000011 ;Control: 3 parms/data send
CF8B:01 534 dfb %00000001 ;Init: 1 parm /no data send
CF8C:01 535 dfb %00000001 ;Open: 1 parm /no data send
CF8D:01 536 dfb %00000001 ;Close: 1 parm /no data send
CF8E:03 537 dfb %00000011 ;CharRead: 3 parms/data send
CF8F:83 538 dfb %10000011 ;CharWrite: 3 parms/data send
CF90: 539 *
CF90: 540 *

```

```

CF90:      542 *
CF90:      CF90      543 AssignID equ *
CF90:48      (3) 544 pha ;Save the init code
CF91:20 60 CA      (6) 545 jsr resetchain ;Reset all of those things
CF94:68      (4) 546 pla
CF95:AA      (2) 547 tax ;Save InitCode
CF96:      548 *
CF96:      549 * Save the command code, unit, and init code 'cause we'll trample
CF96:      550 * 'em.
CF96:A5 42      (3) 551 lda CMDCode
CF98:48      (3) 552 pha
CF99:A5 43      (3) 553 lda CMDPCount
CF9B:48      (3) 554 pha
CF9C:A5 46      (3) 555 lda CMDSCode
CF9E:48      (3) 556 pha
CF9F:86 46      (3) 557 stx CMDSCode ;Store away the type of INIT
CFA1:      558 *
CFA1:      559 * Set up to send DefID command packets
CFA1:      560 *
CFA1:A9 05      (2) 561 lda #InitCmd
CFA3:85 42      (3) 562 sta CMDCode
CFA5:A9 00      (2) 563 lda #0
CFA7:85 5A      (3) 564 sta Unit
CFA9:A9 02      (2) 565 lda #2 ;# parms in Init call
CFAB:85 43      (3) 566 sta CMDPCount
CFAD:      567 *
CFAD:      568 * Point the buffer pointer
CFAD:      569 *
CFAD:A9 42      (2) 570 lda #>CMDCode
CFAF:85 54      (3) 571 sta buffer
CFB1:A9 00      (2) 572 lda #<CMDCode
CFB3:85 55      (3) 573 sta buffer+1
CFB5:A9 80      (2) 574 lda #cmdmark
CFB7:85 5B      (3) 575 sta WPacketType
CFB9:      576 *
CFB9:20 8A CA      (6) 577 jsr ClrPhases ;Make sure phases are off
CFBC:      578 *
CFBC:      579 * Send an ID for the next device in the chain
CFBC:      580 *
CFBC:      CFBC      581 mordevices equ *
CFBC:E6 5A      (5) 582 inc Unit
CFBE:A9 09      (2) 583 lda #>cmdlength
CFC0:85 4D      (3) 584 sta bytcount1 ;ReceivePack scrambles count
CFC2:A9 00      (2) 585 lda #<cmdlength
CFC4:85 4E      (3) 586 sta bytcount1
CFC6:      587 *
CFC6:20 86 C8      (6) 588 jsr SendOnePack ;Send the command
CFC9:90 05      CF90(3) 589 bcc mdev2 ;If okay, skip to get response
CFCB:      590 *
CFCB:C6 5A      (5) 591 dec Unit
CFCD:4C D7 CF      (3) 592 jmp mdev1
CFD0:      593 *
CFD0:20 E6 C9      (6) 594 mdev2 jsr ReceivePack ;Get the response
CFD3:A5 4D      (3) 595 lda statbyte
CFD5:F0 E5      CFBC(3) 596 beq mordevices
CFD7:      597 *
CFD7:      598 * Okay, we done last device. Squirrel away the number of devices.
CFD7:      599 *

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CFD7:A5 5A      (3) 600 mdev1 lda Unit
CFD9:A4 58      (3) 601      ldy slot
CFDB:99 F9 06   (5) 602      sta NumDevices,y ;Devices out there
CFDE:          603 *
CFDE:          604 * Recover the scrambled ProDOS parms
CFDE:          605 *
CFDE:68        (4) 606      pla
CFDF:85 46      (3) 607      sta CMDSCode
CFE1:68        (4) 608      pla
CFE2:85 43      (3) 609      sta CMDPCount
CFE4:68        (4) 610      pla
CFE5:85 42      (3) 611      sta CMDCode
CFE7:          612 *
CFE7:          0001 613      ifeq 11c^ROM
CFE7:          622      fin
CFE7:60        (6) 623      rts
CFE8:          624 *
CFE8:          625 *
CFE8:          626      do 11c
CFE8:          CFE8 627 AppleTalkEntry equ *
CFE8:          628 *
CFE8:          629 * This is an entry for the //c AppleTalk stump.
CFE8:          630 *
CFE8:A2 05      (2) 631      ldx #5
CFEA:A9 40      (2) 632      lda #%01000000 ;PC call & return to alt ROM
CFEC:9D 73 04   (5) 633      sta ProFlag,x
CFEF:4C 55 CD   (3) 634      jmp atentry ;Just like normal
CFF2:          635      fin
CFF2:          636 *
CFF2:          637 *
CFF2:          CFF2 638 squirrel equ *
CFF2:A6 S8      (3) 639      ldx Slot
CFF4:9D F3 05   (5) 640      sta SHTempX,x
CFF7:98        (2) 641      tya
CFF8:9D 73 06   (5) 642      sta SHTempY,x
CFFB:60        (6) 643      rts
CFFC:          644 *
CFFC:          645 *
CFFC:          142 *
CFFC:          0001 143      ifeq 11c^ROM
CFFC:          145      fin
CFFC:          146 *
CFFC:          CFFC 147 zzzzz equ *
CFFC:          0001 148      ifeq 11c^ROM ;If not //c ROM, pad bytes
CFFC:          153      fin
CFFC:          154 *

```

C90E ACHE1	CD8F ALLSET1	?CD7D ALLSET	?CB04 ALTSENDPILE
CE3C AOKAYHITCH	CDEC AOKAY	CFE8 APPLEALKENTRY	CF90 ASSIGNID
CDSS ATENTRY	?FABA AUTOSCAN	CB61 AUXPTRINC	S6 AUXPTR
? 4E AUXTYPE	? 2D BADBLOCK	01 BADCMD	? 22 BADCTLPRM
21 BADCTL	04 BADPCNT	11 BADUNIT	?E000 BASIC
CS2F BC1	CECC BEHITCH	CDS0 BENTRY	CC28 BIZ
0011 BMSGLEN	CS21 BOOTC	?CS14 BOOTCASES	CS23 BOOTCODE
CSS2 BOOTFAIL	CS5F BOOTMSG	07DB BOOTSCRN	CS70 BOOTTAB
32 BSYT01	0A BSYT02	S4 BUFFER	S6 BUFFER2
CE27 BUNIT	06 BUSERR	? 40 BUSHOG	? 08 BYTECMP
4D BYTECOUNT	4E BYTECOUNTH	4D BYTECOUNTL	?CS00 CS00ORG
C082 CA1CLR	C083 CA1SET	C084 CA2CLR	C085 CA2SET
CC2C CAREFUL	C8AS CHAINUNBSY	40 CHECKSUM	? 24 CH
CFFF CLEARIDROMS	CABA CLRPHASES	47 CMDBLOCKH	46 CMDBLOCKL
48 CMDBLOCKS	? 46 CMDBLOCK	4S CMDBUFFERH	44 CMDBUFFERL
44 CMDBUFFER	42 CMDCODE	09 CMDLENGTH	?CS8A CMDLIST
80 CMDMARK	43 CMDPCOUNT	46 CMDSCODE	? 49 CMDSPPARE1
? 4A CMDSPPARE2	43 CMDUNIT	CSSD COMA	80 COMMRESET
04 CONTROLCMD	CDC9 COPYLOOP	?FDED COUT	CD47 CSERRORS
10 CSUMERR	? 2S CV	CD9B DARNIT	82 DATAMARK
C999 DATDONE	C9C3 DBERROR	?CBE1 DETTOPBITS	? S0 DEVICEID
CE37 DISABINT	CB5S DIV7TAB	CB9E DIVIDE1	CBA7 DIVIDE2
CB8E DIVIDE3	CB9S DIVIDE4	CB80 DIVIDES	?CB64 DIVIDE7
CD09 DONES	CE2B ENABINT	?C08A ENABLE1	C08B ENABLE2
CAB0 ENABLECHAIN	CD4B ENTRY	CF0F ERROR	CD8E ERRORHITCH
CE2S ERRORHITCH2	CF7A FINALSkip	? 03 FORMATCMD	CEE3 GETRESULTS
CA47 GOB1	?C9E6 GRABSTATUS	4B GRP7CTR	CD49 GSERRORS
CBE8 GTBOB	? S1 HOSTID	CD33 ICBT1S	CD2D ICBTS
CF84 ICK1	01 IIC	0S INITCMD	27 IOERROR
C080 IWM	07 IWMMODE	C08C L6CLR	C08D L6SET
C08E L7CLR	C08F L7SET	? 68 LASTONE	CBCF LASTPASS
00 LOC0	? 01 LOC1	?CD36 LSTBSYWAITS	C086 LSTRBCLR
C087 LSTRBSET	C9E3 MARKERR	CE18 MAYBCTRL	CFD7 MDEV1
CFD0 MDEV2	CS0D MLIENTRY	CB5B MOD7TAB	C088 MONCLR
C089 MONSET	CSS4 MORCHRS	CFBC MORDEVICES	07F8 MSLOT
4D NEXT1	4E NEXT2	S0 NEXT4	4D NEXT
4F NEXT3	S1 NEXTS	S2 NEXT6	S3 NEXT7
CDFF NIN1	01 NOANSWER	CB7B NOAUXPTR	CEB1 NOCONTROL
28 NODRIVE	CDC1 NOEH	CF0D NOERROR	? 1F NOINT
? 02 NOMARK	20 NOPACKEND	CD6E NOPLAY	CDF1 NOTINIT
CE72 NOTSTAT	CEBB NOWBLOCK	CED0 NOXTRASEND	CD43 NPENDERRS
06F9 NUMDEVICES	4C ODDBYTES	2F OFFLINE	?CDC7 OKAYCNT
CA7C ONEMS1	CA7A ONEMS	C3 PACKETBEG	C8 PACKETEND
CF86 PARMCTAB	C9BE PATCH1	? AS PBBVALUE	? FF PBCVALUE
00 PCID2	BF PDIDBYTE	CB4F PDIV7TAB	CBS2 PMOD7TAB
? S2 POINTER	00 POWERRESET	C9D6 PREAMBLE	?CBB0 PRECHECK
CS0A PRODOSENTRY	0473 PROFLAG	CD7S PZP	0BB8 RC1
0S RC2	CS83 RCODE	4B RCVBUF	CCS0 RCVCOUNT
C9F8 RDH1	CA02 RDH2	CA10 RDH3	CD39 RDH4S
?CA0E RDHS	CD1E RDHAS	01 READCMD	C9E6 RECEIVEPACK
CB33 RECPACK	C080 REQCLR	C081 REQSET	CA60 RESETCHAIN
CS76 RESET	0S73 RETRY2	04F3 RETRY	01 ROM
? 4F RPACKETTYPE	CB3A RPK1	CB4E RPOUT	CS78 RST1
CF60 RZP	CF31 SA2	CB76 SAP1	? 00 SCDEVICESTAT
? 01 SCGETDCB	? 03 SCGETDEVINFO	0473 SCHOLDS	C99D SCM1
? 02 SCRETNLSTAT	C9CF SD10	C9B2 SD7	C9C9 SD9
CAEB SDOUBT	CEBF SECONDSEND	CAS1 SEND00	CAS3 SENDBYTE
CADD SENDDATA	C886 SENDONEPACK	CAEC SENDPACK	CB00 SENDPILE

CC1F SETIWMODE	?FE89 SETKBD	?FE93 SETVID	CA9A SETXN0
CA9D SHIFT1	CAAD SHIFT2	CABD SHIFT3	CACD SHIFT4
0S73 SHTEMP1	0SF3 SHTEMPX	0673 SHTEMPY	C927 SKIP1
C929 SKIP2	C963 SKIP3	C96S SKIP4	CE3F SKIPCOPY
S8 SLOT	CC72 SLOTDEPRD	C8E8 SOB1	C8F9 SOB2
C900 SOB3	? 67 S0FTERROR	40 S0FT	CB0D SPILE1
CB32 SPILOUT	CFF2 SQUIRREL	C8AF SSB	C8B2 SSD
?0100 STACK	CA34 START0	CA3C START1	?CC72 START2S
C903 START	CA4E START2	CC7C START3S	4D STATBYTE
? 81 STATMARK	1E STATMTO	? 00 STATUSCMD	CF30 STOREAWAY
CC0B SUN1	CC02 SUN2	?CC00 SUN	CC1E SUN3
0778 SVBCH	06F8 SVBCL	10 SVMASK1	C797 SWPROTO
C784 SWRTS2	?C9D7 SYNCTAB	CC66 T71	CC6F T72
S9 TBODD	S9 TEMP	60 THEOFF	?C000 THEORG
CCS9 TIMES7	41 TOPBITS	C899 UBSY1	SA UNIT
?1000 VERSION	?FC22 VTAB	CC3S WAITIWMOFF	CF4S WAITOFF
? 04 WASRESET	?C9E2 WASTE12	C9E1 WASTE14	?C9E0 WASTE16
?C9DF WASTE18	?C9DC WASTE32	CC3E WIWM1	CC4B WIWM2
SB WPACKETTYPE	02 WRITECMD	CB64 WRITEPREP	2B WRITEPROT
CBBC XOR1	?CBB9 XOR2	CBDS XOR3	CBDC XOR4
CBOD XORS	CA73 YMSWAIT	40 ZERPAGE	1C ZPSIZE
?CFFC ZZZZZ			

** SUCCESSFUL ASSEMBLY := NO ERRORS
 ** ASSEMBLER CREATED ON 30-APR-85 22:46
 ** TOTAL LINES ASSEMBLED 3969
 ** FREE SPACE PAGE COUNT 70

```

SOURCE FILE #01 =>INCLUDES.2CROM
INCLUDE FILE #02 =>APTALK.2CVARS
INCLUDE FILE #03 =>APTALK.C700
INCLUDE FILE #04 =>APTALK.ROMSTUFF

```

```

0000:      2 *****
0000:      3 *
0000:      4 *                               *
0000:      5 *                               *
0000:      6 *                               *
0000:      7 *                               *
0000:      8 *                               *
0000:      9 *                               *
0000:     10 *                               *
0000:     11 *                               *
0000:     12 *                               *
0000:     13 *                               *
0000:     14 *****

```

```

0000:     16 * This file contains the includes necessary to
0000:     17 * generate the AppleTalk //c code which goes in the
0000:     18 * //c ROM.

```

```

0000:      20      X6S02                      ;Allow 6SC02 opcodes!!
0000:      21      MSB      ON
0000:      23      INCLUDE APTALK.2CVARS

```

```

0000:      3 *****
0000:      4 *
0000:      5 *           AppleTalk //c Protocol Converter
0000:      6 *
0000:      7 *           Variables
0000:      8 *
0000:      9 *           by
0000:     10 *           Fern Bachman
0000:     11 *
0000:     12 *           Copyright Apple Computer, Inc. 1985
0000:     13 *           All Rights Reserved.
0000:     14 *
0000:     15 *****

0000:     17 * Apple //c zero page used at boot and not restored.

0000: 0008 19 ZP8      EQU   $8           ;Used and not restored

0000:     21 * AppleTalk //c Converter Box stuff

0000: 0081 23 DIAGCMD  EQU   $81          ;Diag call command #

0000:     25 * The following table contains the only
0000:     26 * valid CODE5CMD's recognized by the
0000:     27 * AppleTalk//c box when using the protocol
0000:     28 * converter's STATUS command.

0000:     30 * $0=Short status request
0000:     31 * $1=Return DCB info
0000:     32 * $2=NEWLINE info
0000:     33 * $3=Return DIB
0000: 0004 34 CMDCINIT  EQU   $4           ;$4=AppleTalk Init command
0000: 0005 35 CMDCSTATUS EQU   $5           ;$5=AppleTalk Status command
0000: 0006 36 CMDCREADREST EQU $6           ;$6=AppleTalk Readrest cmd
0000: 0007 37 CMDCREADPROT EQU $7           ;$7=AppleTalk Readprot cmd
0000: 0008 38 CMDCDIAG  EQU   $8           ;$8=AppleTalk Diag command
0000: 0009 39 CMDCREBOOT EQU   $9           ;$9=AppleTalk Reboot command
0000: 000A 40 CMDCID1   EQU   $A           ;$A=AppleTalk ID call 1
0000:     41 * $B=AppleTalk ID call 2

0000:     43 * Protocol converter commands used by the
0000:     44 * AppleTalk //c firmware.

0000: 0000 46 PCSTATUSCMD EQU $0           ;Prot Conv status command
0000: 0009 47 PCWRITECMD EQU   $9           ;Prot Conv write command

0000:     49 * RELVERNUM is the version number
0000:     50 * for 65C02 RELease VERsion NUMBER.
0000:     51 * It must be kept updated as this product
0000:     52 * is updated.

0000: 0000 54 RELVERNUM EQU   0           ;Release version #=0

0000:     56 * STATBYTE codes

```

```

0000:      00A8  58 NODEVCN EQU  $28+$80      ;Dev to access not connected
0000:      60 * AppleTalk specific error codes for STATBYTE
0000:      61 * used by the AppleTalk //c firmware.

0000:      00B4  63 NOUNIQUEID EQU  $80+$30+$04  ;No unique node addr found
0000:      00B5  64 BYTEGTR603 EQU  $80+$30+$05  ;# bytes to send >603
0000:      00BF  65 LASTPACKET EQU  $80+$30+$0F  ;Last packet in series
0000:      00C6  66 ID1 EQU 'F      ;ID byte1 for finding ApTalk
0000:      00C2  67 ID2 EQU 'B      ;ID byte2 for finding ApTalk

0000:      0004  69 PCOUNTW EQU  $4      ;Write call PCOUNT
0000:      0006  70 PCOUNTS4.B EQU  $6      ;Status call PCOUNT for 4-B

0000:      72 * Apple //c zero page usage

0000:      0039  74 KSWH EQU  $39      ;Input hook hi byte

0000:      76 DSECT
00C0:      00C0  77 ORG $C0      ;
00C0:      00C0  78 ZP2CUSE EQU  *
00C0:      0001  79 PARAMNUM DS  1,0      ;Number of parameters
00C1:      0001  80 NUMUNIT DS  1,0      ;Unit number
00C2:      0002  81 PTRBUFF DS  2,0      ;Buffer pointer
00C4:      00C4  82 CODECMDS EQU  *      ;Command code
00C4:      0001  83 NUMLOWRITE DS  1,0      ;# of bytes to write lo byte
00C5:      00C5  84 BYTELONUM EQU  *      ;# of bytes to read from box
00C5:      00C5  85 NUMHIWRITE EQU  *      ;# of bytes to write hi byte
00C5:      0001  86 BYTEUSER DS  1,0      ;User info byte
00C6:      00C6  87 BYTEHINUM EQU  *      ;# of bytes to read from box
00C6:      0001  88 TYPEWRITE DS  1,0      ;Write type code
00C7:      0002  89 TESTTMP DS  2,0      ;Diag read from address

00C9:      0001  91 ADDR0 DS  1,0      ;Used as temp and restored
00CA:      0001  92 ADDR1 DS  1,0      ;Used as temp and restored

00CB:      000B  94 ZP2CUSELEN EQU  *-ZP2CUSE  ;# of bytes used in //c zpage

00CB:      0002  96 BOOTIT DS  2,0      ;Boot prog strt adr

0000:      98 DEND

0000:      100 * AppleTalk //c non zero page usage

0000:      03F2  102 SOFTEV EQU  $3F2      ;Reset vector
0000:      07FE  103 APTALKUNIT EQU  $7FE      ;Unit # screen hole
0000:      047F  104 SCRNHOLE0 EQU  $47F      ;DRIVERFLAG placed here
0000:      077F  105 SCRNHOLE1 EQU  $77F      ;Print drvr #>start-1
0000:      07FF  106 SCRNHOLE2 EQU  $7FF      ;Print drvr #<start-1
0000:      0478  107 SCRNTMP0 EQU  $478      ;Temp use only
0000:      07F8  108 MSL0T EQU  $7F8      ;Card slot # ($Cn) for ints
0000:      C7D3  109 ALTROMSW EQU  $C7D3      ;Switch to alt ROM vector
0000:      C784  110 MAINROMSW EQU  $C784      ;Switch to main ROM vector
0000:      C883  111 ALTPRCNVENTRY EQU  $C883      ;Alt ROM prot conv entry point
0000:      FB2F  112 INIT EQU  $FB2F      ;Get in Text mode

```

```
0000:      FC58 113 HOME      EQU   $FC58      ;Clear screen
0000:      FE84 114 SETNORM    EQU   $FE84      ;Normal char display
0000:      FE89 115 SETKBD     EQU   $FE89      ;Keyboard is input device
0000:      FE93 116 SETVID     EQU   $FE93      ;Video is output device
```

----- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS APTALK.2CROM.0

```
C700:      C700 24          ORG   $C700      ;Cn00 page for //c goes here
C700:          25          INCLUDE APTALK.C700
```

```

C700:      4 *****
C700:      5 *
C700:      6 *           AppleTalk //c
C700:      7 *
C700:      8 *           $C700 Routines
C700:      9 *
C700:     10 *           by
C700:     11 *           Fern Bachman
C700:     12 *
C700:     13 *           Copyright Apple Computer, Inc. 1985
C700:     14 *           All Rights Reserved.
C700:     15 *
C700:     16 *****

```

```

C700:     18 * Entry at $C700 means that the user wants
C700:     19 * to initialize the printer driver interface
C700:     20 * if one is loaded into main memory.
C700:     21 * To determine whether a driver is available
C700:     22 * or not we must perform the following steps;
C700:     23 *
C700:     24 *   1. Determine which slot we are in to get $Cn.
C700:     25 *   2. Test the 1st screen hole $3B8+$Cn to verify
C700:     26 *      that it is $Cn ($Cn is the flag indicating
C700:     27 *      a driver has been installed.)
C700:     28 *
C700:     29 * If a driver is not available the monitor ROM
C700:     30 * is mapped in and a JMP to the monitor RESET
C700:     31 * routine is executed.
C700:     32 *
C700:     33 * If a driver is available we pass data to is
C700:     34 * in the following form;
C700:     35 *
C700:     36 *       Y = user Y
C700:     37 *       X = user X
C700:     38 *       A = user A
C700:     39 *       P = Print character status
C700:     40 *           V=1 if init printer driver requested
C700:     41 *           C=1 if input to printer
C700:     42 *           C=0 if output to printer
C700:     43 * The driver can test the input/output hooks hi
C700:     44 * bytes to determine if the call is from BASIC or
C700:     45 * from machine language. If $37 is $Cn then the
C700:     46 * user did a PR#n. If $39 is $Cn then the user
C700:     47 * did a IN#n. If the hooks do not have $Cn as
C700:     48 * the high byte then the user entered from
C700:     49 * machine language. It is up to the driver to
C700:     50 * correctly observe this protocol.

```

```

C700:2C 03 C7 52      BIT      TOSETV      ;
C703:      C703 53 TOSETV      EQU      *      ;Bit here to set 'V'
C703:70 1B C720 54      BVS      BASICENT      ;
C705:      55 *BASICINPUT EQU *      ;BASIC wants char if here
C705:38      56      SEC      ;Identifier byte #1 ($38)
C706:90      57      DFB      $90      ;BCC opcode
C707:      58 *BASICOUTPUT EQU *      ;BASIC sends char if here
C707:18      59      CLC      ;Identifier byte #2 ($18)

```

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03 APTALK.C700      AppleTalk//c C700 Rtns      22-APR-85  16:01 PAGE 6

C708:B8             60          CLV              ;Clear V if entered near here
C709:S0 1S   C720   61          BVC   BASICENT    ;Skip PASCAL protocol stuff

C70B:              63 *GENERIC EQU *            ;PASCAL generic sig byte
C70B:01            64          DFB   $01         ;
C70C:              65 *DEV5IG EQU *            ;9=bus card//B=Apple tech ID
C70C:9B            66          DFB   $9B         ;
C70D:1C            67          DFB   >PASERR     ;Offset to PASCAL err rne
C70E:1C            68          DFB   >PASERR     ;Offset to PASCAL err rne
C70F:1C            69          DFB   >PASERR     ;Offset to PASCAL err rne
C710:1C            70          DFB   >PASERR     ;Offset to PASCAL err rne
C711:88            71          DFB   $88         ;<>0 if no offsets follow

C712:              73 * The entry point APPLETALK must appear at
C712:              74 * $Cn12 in this and all future AppleTalk cards
C712:              75 * for the Apple // product line.

C712:              77 *AppleTalk Call

C712:              79 * LDY #<PARAMLST
C712:              80 * ;Y must contain hi byte of parameter list
C712:              81 * LDX $>PARAMLST :
C712:              82 * ;X must contain lo byte of parameter list
C712:              83 * LDA #$Cn
C712:              84 * ;A must contain the slt # of the AppleTalk card+$C0
C712:              85 * JSR APPLETALK
C712:              86 * ;Call the interface (in ROM in //c and in RAM
C712:              87 * section of peripheral card in //e)
C712:              88 * BNE ERRROUTINE
C712:              89 * ;<>0 then an err occurred

C712:              91 *APPLETALK EQU *            ;FIXED entry point!!!!!!!!!!!!
C712:18            92          CLC              ;Vector to actual routine
C713:80 2A   C73F   93          BRA   APPLETALK1  ;Go to AppleTalk entry ptr

C71S:              95 * REBOOT is accessed by a JMP/JSR to $Cn15.
C71S:              96 * This causes boot code to be transferred from the
C71S:              97 * AppleTalk//c converter box ROM to the //c RAM and
C71S:              98 * causes the execution of that code.

C71S:              C71S 100 REBOOTAPTALK EQU *      ;Jmp here to reboot AppleTalk
C71S:38            101          SEC              ;Set carry means reboot
C716:78            102          SEI              ;No interrupts during boot
C717:A2 FF          103          LDX   #$FF        ;Reset stack ptr for boot
C719:9A            104          TXS              ;
C71A:80 26   C742   105          BRA   APPLETALK2  ;

C71C:              C71C 107 PASERR EQU *            ;PASCAL error entry point
C71C:38            108          SEC              ;Set carry for error
C71D:A2 03          109          LDX   #$03        ;Error code for PASCAL
C71F:60            110          RTS              ;Back to PASCAL

C720:              0000 112 CN20FILL EQU $C720-*
C720:              0000 113          DS   CN20FILL,$00 ;Fill to $Cn20 for BASICENT

```

```

C720:      C720 115 BASICENT EQU *
C720:8D 78 04 116 STA SCRNTMP0 ;MUST start at $Cn20
C723:A9 C7 117 LDA #$C7 ;Save user's output byte
C725:8D F8 07 118 STA MSLOT ;Say we're in slot 7
C728:08 119 PHP ;>>>> REQUIRED <<<<<
C729:C5 39 120 CMP KSWH ;Save V/C status
C72B:F0 E8 C71S 121 BEQ REBOOTAPTALK ;If=KSWH then IN#n was done
C72D:28 122 PLP ;If so then must reboot
C72E:4D 7F 04 123 EOR SCRNHOLE0 ;Restore V/C status
C731:D0 1A C74D 124 BNE APTALKOFFLN ;Test for driver installed
C733:AD FF 07 125 LDA SCRNHOLE2 ;<= to flag then error
C736:48 126 PHA ;Hi byte of prntr drv prg
C737:AD 7F 07 127 LDA SCRNHOLE1 ;To stack for RTS type jump
C73A:48 128 PHA ;Lo byte-1 of prntr drv prg
C73B:AD 78 04 129 LDA SCRNTMP0 ;
C73E:60 130 RTS ;Restore user's output byte
;Exit to printer driver

C73F:      C73F 132 APPLETALK1 EQU *
C73F:8D F8 07 133 STA MSLOT ;Save $Cn in case of interrupt
C742:      C742 134 APPLETALK2 EQU *
C742:20 D3 C7 135 JSR ALTROMSW ;Continue in alt ROM
C745:70 01 C748 136 BVS FDS ;V=1 if from boot code
C747:60 137 RTS ;V=0 then return to user

C748:      C748 139 FDS EQU *
C748:B0 03 C74D 140 BCS APTALKOFFLN ;From Other Side (alt ROM)
C74A:6C CB 00 141 JMP (BOOTIT) ;Error so display message
;Start of boot code

C74D:      C74D 143 APTALKOFFLN EQU *
C74D:AD 81 C0 144 LDA $C081 ;Switch in LC ROM
C750:AD 81 C0 145 LDA $C081 ;
C753:20 84 FE 146 JSR SETNORM ;No inverse stuff
C756:20 2F FB 147 JSR INIT ;Fix up some stuff
C759:20 S8 FC 148 JSR HOME ;Clear screen for message
C75C:20 93 FE 149 JSR SETVID ;Screen is output device
C75F:20 89 FE 150 JSR SETKBD ;Keyboard is input device

C762:A0 10 152 LDY #APOFFMSGLEN-1 ;Length of error message
C764:      C764 153 APOFFLOOP EQU *
C764:B9 6F C7 154 LDA APOFFMSG,Y ;Get character to show
C767:99 DB 07 155 STA $7DB,Y ;Display on screen
C76A:88 156 DEY ;
C76B:10 F7 C764 157 BPL APOFFLOOP ;Loop til done
C76D:      C76D 158 BRAHANGLOOP EQU *
C76D:80 FE C76D 159 BRA BRAHANGLOOP ;Hang til user presses reset
;Loop forever

C76F:      161 MSB ON

C76F:      C76F 163 APOFFMSG EQU *
C76F:C1 F0 F0 EC 164 ASC "AppleTalk Offline"

C780:      0011 166 APOFFMSGLEN EQU *-APOFFMSG ;Length of error message

C780:      0000 168 C7FILL80 EQU $C780-* ;
C780:      0000 169 DS C7FILL80,$FF ;Fill to version number

```



```

0000:          171      DSECT
C7FF:      C7FF 172      ORG    $C7FF      ;Version # goes at $C7FF

C7FF:          174 *RELVERSION EQU *      ;Release version number
C7FF:00        175      DFB    RELVERNUM  ;

C780:          177      DEND

```

```

--- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS APTALK.2CROM.1
C580:      C580 26      ORG    $C580      ;$C580-$C77F in aux ROM
C580:          27      INCLUDE APTALK.ROMSTUFF

```

```

C580:          4 *****
C580:          5 *
C580:          6 *           AppleTalk //c Protocol Converter
C580:          7 *
C580:          8 *           Alternate ROM Stuff Routines
C580:          9 *
C580:         10 *           by
C580:         11 *           Fern Bachman
C580:         12 *
C580:         13 *           Copyright Apple Computer, Inc. 1985
C580:         14 *           All Rights Reserved.
C580:         15 *
C580:         16 *****

C580:          18 *ARAPPLETALK EQU *           ;Alternate ROM entry point
C580:90 59  C5DB 19      BCC  ARAPPLETALK2      ;C=0 then regular ApTalk call

C582:          21 *DOBOOTCODE EQU *           ;Alt ROM ApTalk Reboot entry
C582:A9 C7      22      LDA  #$C7             ;Put $Cn at $8 for boot program
C584:85 08      23      STA  ZP8             ;
C586:85 C7      24      STA  TESTTMP          ;<=>0 then indicates from here
C588:20 06 C6    25      JSR  ARINIT1         ;Verify AppleTalk online
C58B:B0 38  C5C5 26      BCS  GETCODE4        ;C=1 then offline

C58D:64 C3      28      STZ   PTRBUFF+1       ;Response buffer is same
C58F:A9 C2      29      LDA  #>PTRBUFF       ; as send buffer.
C591:85 C2      30      STA  PTRBUFF         ;
C593:A9 09      31      LDA  #CMDCREBOOT     ;Reboot command
C595:20 6A C7    32      JSR  CALLSETUP       ;Setup some stuff before JSR
C598:20 83 C8    33      JSR  ALTPRCNVENTRY   ;Call the prot conv
C59B:00         34      DFB   PCSTATUSCMD    ;Prot Conv status command
C59C:C0 00      35      DW    ZP2CUSE        ;Parameter buffer
C59E:D0 25  C5C5 36      BNE  GETCODE4        ;<=> then errors

C5A0:A5 C2      38      LDA  PTRBUFF         ;Save start for later
C5A2:85 C8      39      STA  BOOTIT          ;
C5A4:A5 C3      40      LDA  PTRBUFF+1       ;
C5A6:85 C0      41      STA  BOOTIT+1        ;

C5A8:          43 GETCODE2 EQU *
C5A8:20 83 C8    44      JSR  ALTPRCNVENTRY   ;Call the prot conv
C5AB:00         45      DFB   PCSTATUSCMD    ;Prot Conv status command
C5AC:C0 00      46      DW    ZP2CUSE        ;Parameter buffer
C5AE:F0 25  C5D5 47      BEQ  GETCODE5       ;= then no errors
C5B0:C9 3F      48      CMP  #LASTPACKET-$80 ;Last packet read yet?
C5B2:D0 11  C5C5 49      BNE  GETCODE4        ;<=> last pkt then error
C5B4:18         50      CLC                   ;C=0 if last pkt received

C5B5:          52 * ROM boot program received. Now enable ACIA
C5B5:          53 * interrupt capability for AppleTalk boot
C5B5:          54 * program.

C5B5:A9 C0      56      LDA  #$C0             ;
C5B7:8D F9 05    57      STA  $5F9           ;Enable firmware to pass int

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C5BA:A9 0F      58      LDA    #$F      ;Set up ACIA
C5BC:0C 9A C0    59      TSB    $C09A    ;

C5BF:          C5BF    61 GETCODE3 EQU    *
C5BF:2C 74 C6    62      BIT    FF      ;V=1 to indicate from here
C5C2:4C 84 C7    63      JMP    MAINROMSW ;Return to main ROM

C5C5:          C5C5    65 GETCODE4 EQU    *      ;Error exit for reboot rline
C5C5:38          66      SEC              ;C=1 on error
C5C6:9C F2 03    67      STZ    SOFTEV    ;RESET vctrs to basic
C5C9:A9 E0       68      LDA    #$E000    ;BASIC coldstart location
C5CB:8D F3 03    69      STA    SOFTEV+1  ;
C5CE:49 A5       70      EOR    #$A5      ;
C5D0:8D F4 03    71      STA    SOFTEV+2  ;Power up byte
C5D3:80 EA      C5BF    72      BRA    GETCODE3 ;Exit this half of ROM

C5D5:          C5D5    74 GETCODE5 EQU    *
C5D5:E6 C3       75      INC    PTRBUFF+1 ;Inc for next block
C5D7:E6 C3       76      INC    PTRBUFF+1 ;
C5D9:80 CD      C5A8    77      BRA    GETCODE2 ;

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C5DB:      C5DB  81 ARAPPLETALK2 EQU *      ;Reg AppleTalk call conts here
C5DB:08      82      PHP                    ;Make sure no ints in here
C5DC:D8      83      CLD                    ;MUST enter with Dec mode clear
C5DD:78      84      SEI                    ;Force off int ability
C5DE:8C 78 04 85      STY   SCRNTMP0        ;Save Y temporarily

C5E1:A0 0B      87      LDY   #ZP2CUSELEN    ;# of bytes to save on stk
C5E3:      C5E3  88 ARSTKSVE EQU *
C5E3:B9 BF 00      89      LDA   ZP2CUSE-1,Y  ;Get value to save
C5E6:48      90      PHA                    ;Save it
C5E7:88      91      DEY                    ;Test for more
C5E8:D0 F9 C5E3  92      BNE   ARSTKSVE      ;<=> go for more

C5EA:86 C9      94      STX   ADDR0          ;User data buffer ptr
C5EC:AE 78 04      95      LDX   SCRNTMP0      ;Recall 'Y'
C5EF:86 CA      96      STX   ADDR1          ;Hi byte of data buff ptr
C5F1:B1 C9      97      LDA   (ADDR0),Y      ;Get command #
C5F3:F0 7A C66F  98      BEQ   ARAPTALK2      ;0 is invalid command
C5F5:30 78 C66F  99      BMI   ARAPTALK2      ;- then test for DIAG call
C5F7:C9 06      100     CMP   #6              ; else test for valid #
C5F9:B0 78 C673  101     BC5   CMDEXITE       ;>=6 is illegal
C5FB:0A      102     ASL                    ;Make command # into index
C5FC:AA      103     TAX                    ;
C5FD:C8      104     INY                    ;Inc to 2nd byte in user buff
C5FE:B1 C9      105     LDA   (ADDR0),Y      ;Pick up the data there
C600:C8      106     INY                    ;Inc index for later
C601:7C 74 C7  107     JMP   (APTALKCMDS-2,X) ;Jump to routine

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C604:      C604 110 ARINIT EQU * ;AppleTalk init call entry
C604:64 C7 111 STZ TESTTMP ;=0 indicates from here

C606:      C606 113 ARINIT1 EQU * ;AppleTalk init call entry
C606:9C FE 07 114 STZ APTALKUNIT ;
C609:      C609 115 ARINIT2 EQU *
C609:EE FE 07 116 INC APTALKUNIT ;Save in screen hole
C60C:A9 0A 117 LDA #CMDCID1 ;Commands code #
C60E:20 6A C7 118 JSR CALLSETUP ;Set up some stuff
C611:A9 C7 119 LDA #C7 ;Point to ROM in case
C613:8S C3 120 STA PTRBUFF+1 ; some device sends us
C615:64 C2 121 STZ PTRBUFF ;Lo byte is zero

C617:20 83 C8 123 JSR ALTPRCNVENTRY ;Call the protocol converter
C61A:00 124 DFB PCSTATUSCMD ;Prot Conv status command
C61B:C0 00 125 DW ZP2CUSE ;Pointer to call buffer
C61D:C9 46 126 CMP #ID1-$80 ;ApTalk ID status code 1??
C61F:D0 0F C630 127 BNE NOTHISUNIT ;Not ID1 then maybe last unit #

C621:E6 C4 129 INC CODECMDS ;Commands code now CMDCID2
C623:20 83 C8 130 JSR ALTPRCNVENTRY ;Call the protocol converter
C626:00 131 DFB PCSTATUSCMD ;Prot Conv status command
C627:C0 00 132 DW ZP2CUSE ;Pointer to call buffer
C629:C9 42 133 CMP #ID2-$80 ;ApTalk ID status code 2??
C62B:D0 03 C630 134 BNE NOTHISUNIT ;Not ID2 then maybe last unit #
C62D:18 135 CLC ;If here then we've got it
C62E:80 04 C634 136 BRA MAYBCONTINIT ;See it we should conti INIT call

C630:      C630 138 NOTHISUNIT EQU *
C630:C9 28 139 CMP #NODEVCON-$80 ;Test for dev not connected
C632:D0 D5 C609 140 BNE ARINIT2 ;C=1 if bad unit # tried
C634:      C634 141 MAYBCONTINIT EQU *
C634:A5 C7 142 LDA TESTTMP ;0=init call-<0=reboot call
C636:F0 01 C639 143 BEQ ARINIT4 ;=0 then conti init call
C638:60 144 RTS ;V=1 return to reboot call

C639:      C639 146 ARINIT4 EQU * ;Continue init call here
C639:B0 28 C663 147 BCS DOEXIT1 ;C=1 then AppleTalk unit not avail
C63B:A0 04 148 LDY #CMDCINIT ;Commands code for init
C63D:80 02 C641 149 BRA ARINIT6 ;Skip ARSTATUS entry point

C63F:      C63F 151 ARSTATUS EQU * ;Alt ROM status entry point
C63F:A0 05 152 LDY #CMDCSTATUS ;Command code for status

C641:      C641 154 ARINIT6 EQU *
C641:E6 C9 155 INC ADDR0 ;Calculate user buffer
C643:D0 02 C647 156 BNE STUPPTRS ;C=0 then leave hi byte alone
C645:E6 CA 157 INC ADDR1 ;
C647:      C647 158 STUPPTRS EQU *
C647:B2 C9 159 LDA (ADDR0) ;Get user byte
C649:85 C5 160 STA BYTEUSER ;Put in buffer
C64B:A5 C9 161 LDA ADDR0 ;
C64D:85 C2 162 STA PTRBUFF ;Put in buffer
C64F:AS CA 163 LDA ADDR1 ;
C651:85 C3 164 STA PTRBUFF+1 ;
C653:98 165 TYA ;Move commands code to 'A'

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```
C654:          C654 167 CALLBOX EQU *
C654:20 6A C7    168      JSR  CALLSETUP ;Setup some stuff for JSR
C657:20 83 C8    169      JSR  ALTPRCNENTRY ;Go to prot conv
C65A:00         170      DFB  PCSTATUSCMD ;Prot Conv status command
C65B:C0 00      171      DW   ZP2CUSE ;Pointer to buffer
```

```

C65D:      C65D 174 DDEXIT EQU *
C65D:F0 0B C66A 175 BEQ NECMDEXIT ;=0 then no errors to report
C65F:C9 30      176 CMP #$30 ;Less than $30 then make err4
C661:B0 02 C665 177 BCS DDEXIT2 ;
C663:      C663 178 DDEXIT1 EQU *
C663:A9 04      179 LDA #NOUNIQUEID-$80-$30 ;Make no unique id error
C665:      C665 180 DDEXIT2 EQU *
C665:29 0F      181 AND #$F ;Lo nibble has correct error code
C667:AA      182 TAX ;Error code must be in X
C668:D0 0B C675 183 BNE ECMDEXIT ;<>= if errors
C66A:      C66A 184 NECMDEXIT EQU *
C66A:A2 00      185 LDX #0 ;0= no error
C66C:18      186 CLC ;C=0 = no error
C66D:80 07 C676 187 BRA CMDEXIT ;Exit now

C66F:      C66F 189 ARAPTALK2 EQU *
C66F:C9 81      190 CMP #DIAGCMD ;Is it a DIAG call?
C671:F0 17 C68A 191 BEQ ARDIAG ;If so go do it

C673:      C673 193 CMDEXITE EQU *
C673:      C674 194 FF EQU *+1
C673:A2 FF      195 LDX #$FF ;Illegal command error
C675:      C675 196 ECMDEXIT EQU * ;Error command exit
C675:38      197 SEC ;Set carry for error
C676:      C676 198 CMDEXIT EQU *
C676:A0 F5      199 LDY #$100-ZP2CU5ELEN ;# of bytes to restore
C678:      C678 200 ARSTKRST EQU *
C678:68      201 PLA ;Recall value from stack
C679:99 CB FF      202 STA ZP2CU5E-$100+ZP2CU5ELEN,Y ;Store value back in zpage
C67C:C8      203 INY ;Next
C67D:D0 F9 C678 204 BNE ARSTKRST ;Loop til done

C67F:B8      206 CLV ;V=0 if from here
C680:68      207 PLA ;Modify entry status to reflect
C681:29 04      208 AND #$04 ; correct exit status
C683:D0 01 C686 209 BNE NOTACTIVE ;<>0 =ints were off at entry

C685:58      211 CLI ;If here, ints were on at entry
C686:      C686 212 NOTACTIVE EQU *
C686:8A      213 TXA ;Put error command in A
C687:4C 84 C7      214 JMP MAINROM5W ;Exit back to main ROM

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C68A:      C68A 216 ARDIAG EQU *
C68A:C8      217 INY      ;Move data to param buffer
C68B:B1 C9      218 LDA (ADDR0),Y ;User buffer ptr lo byte
C68D:85 C2      219 STA PTRBUFF ;
C68F:C8      220 INY      ;
C690:B1 C9      221 LDA (ADDR0),Y ;User buffer ptr hi byte
C692:85 C3      222 STA PTRBUFF+1 ;
C694:      C694 223 ARDIAG1 EQU *
C694:C8      224 INY      ;
C695:B1 C9      225 LDA (ADDR0),Y ;User data
C697:99 C2 00      226 STA BYTELONUM-3,Y ;Put in param buffer
C69A:C0 06      227 CPY #6 ;Y=6 then done
C69C:D0 F6 C694 228 BNE ARDIAG1 ;Loop til 4 moved

C69E:A9 08      230 LDA #CMDCDIAG ;Diag command code
C6A0:20 6A C7      231 JSR CALLSETUP ;Set some stuff for JSR

C6A3:      C6A3 233 ARDIAG2 EQU *
C6A3:20 83 C8      234 JSR ALTPRCNVENTRY ;Alt RDM prot conv entry point
C6A6:00      235 DFB PCSTATUSCMD ;Prot Conv status command
C6A7:C0 00      236 DW ZP2CUSE ;Ptr to commands buffer
C6A9:F0 06 C6B1 237 BEQ ARDIAG4 ;=0 then not last packet sent
C6AB:C9 3F      238 CMP #LASTPACKET-080 ;Hi bit not fed to us
C6AD:F0 BB C66A 239 BEQ NECMDEXIT ;=0 then last packet received
C6AF:80 B2 C663 240 BRA DOEXIT1 ;Error command exit

C6B1:      C6B1 242 ARDIAG4 EQU *
C6B1:18      243 CLC ;If here then more to come
C6B2:8A      244 TXA ;Add # bytes read to buff ptr
C6B3:65 C2      245 ADC PTRBUFF ;Lo byte to 'A'
C6B5:85 C2      246 STA PTRBUFF ;
C6B7:98      247 TYA ;Save for next call
C6B8:65 C3      248 ADC PTRBUFF+1 ;Hi byte to add
C6BA:85 C3      249 STA PTRBUFF+1 ;
C6BC:80 E5 C6A3 250 BRA ARDIAG2 ;Save for next call ;Back for more

```



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C6BE:      C6BE 2S3 ARREADPROT EQU *           ;Read protocol entry point
C6BE:B8      2S4          CLV          ;Clear V if from here
C6BF:80 07   C6C8 2S5          BRA  ARREADREST2 ;Start into readrest routine

C6C1:      C6C1 2S7 ARREADPROT2 EQU *          ;
C6C1:A9 07   2S8          LDA  #CMDCREADPROT ;Readprot command code
C6C3:80 8F   C6S4 2S9          BRA  CALLBOX    ;Call box for execution

C6CS:      C6CS 261 ARREADREST EQU *           ;AppleTalk readrest call entry
C6CS:2C 74 C6 262          BIT  FF           ;Sets V flag
C6C8:      C6C8 263 ARREADREST2 EQU *          ;AppleTalk readrest call entry
C6C8:8S C2   264          STA  PTRBUFF       ;'A' has lo byte of RAM ptr
C6CA:B1 C9   265          LDA  (ADDR0),Y     ;'A' has hi byte of RAM ptr
C6CC:8S C3   266          STA  PTRBUFF+1     ;
C6CE:C8      267          INY                ;Get/move 2 more bytes
C6CF:B1 C9   268          LDA  (ADDR0),Y     ;
C6D1:8S CS   269          STA  BYTEUSER      ;
C6D3:C8      270          INY                ;
C6D4:B1 C9   271          LDA  (ADDR0),Y     ;
C6D6:8S C6   272          STA  BYTEHINUM     ;
C6D8:50 E7   C6C1 273          BVC  ARREADPROT2 ;V=0 then exit here
C6DA:A9 06   274          LDA  #CMDCREADREST ;Readrest command code
C6DC:20 6A C7 275          JSR  CALLSETUP    ;Set up some stuff for JSR
C6DF:20 83 C8 276          JSR  ALTPRCNVENTRY ;Call the prot conv
C6E2:00      277          DFB  PCSTATUSCMD   ;Prot Conv status command
C6E3:C0 00   278          DW    ZP2CUSE      ;Buffer pointer
C6E5:48      279          PHA                ;Save for awhile
C6E6:5A      280          PHY                ;Save for awhile
C6E7:A0 04   281          LDY  #4            ;Put # of bytes read in user buff
C6E9:8A      282          TXA                ;Move to A to save
C6EA:91 C9   283          STA  (ADDR0),Y     ;
C6EC:68      284          PLA                ;Move hi byte too
C6ED:C8      285          INY                ;Next loc in user buff
C6EE:91 C9   286          STA  (ADDR0),Y     ;
C6F0:68      287          PLA                ;Restore error byte

C6F1:      C6F1 289 ARREXIT EQU *
C6F1:4C SD C6 290          JMP  DOEXIT

```

```

C6F4:      293 * Now move data to write into card. The
C6F4:      294 * data is obtained from the table pointed
C6F4:      295 * to in the WRITE parameter list.
C6F4:      296 * The WRITE parameter list is set up as
C6F4:      297 * follows:

C6F4:      299 * WRITETBL EQU *
C6F4:      300 *     DW 1           ;Length in bytes
C6F4:      301 *     DW addr of dest addr ;Ptr to dest address
C6F4:      302 *     DW 1           ;Length in bytes
C6F4:      303 *     DW addr of src addr  ;Ptr to Src address
C6F4:      304 *     DW 1           ;Length in bytes
C6F4:      305 *     DW addr of LAP type    ;Ptr to LAP type
C6F4:      306 *     DW $bbbb           ;Length in bytes
C6F4:      307 *     DW addr of DDP data ;Ptr to DDP data
C6F4:      308 *     DW $bbbb           ;Length in bytes
C6F4:      309 *     DW addr of ATP data    ;Ptr to ATP data
C6F4:      310 *     DW $bbbb           ;Length in bytes
C6F4:      311 *     DW addr of misc data ;Ptr to misc data
C6F4:      312 *     DW $FFxx           ;Terminator <- REQUIRED

C6F4:      C6F4 314 ARWRITE EQU *           ;AppleTalk write call entry
C6F4:AA      315 TAX                       ;Save in X
C6F5:B1 C9    316 LDA (ADDR0),Y           ;Hi byte of user WRITETBL
C6F7:85 CA    317 STA ADDR1              ;
C6F9:86 C9    318 STX ADDR0              ;
C6FB:AA      319 TAX                       ;Must save for later
C6FC:64 C7    320 STZ TESTTMP             ;Sum of # bytes to send
C6FE:64 C8    321 STZ TESTTMP+1         ;Hi byte of above
C700:A0 00    322 LDY #0                ;Add together # bytes to
C702:      C702 323 SEND2MANYL EQU *       ; send to see if too many
C702:B1 C9    324 LDA (ADDR0),Y           ;Lo byte of # of bytes in buff
C704:65 C7    325 ADC TESTTMP             ;Add to total
C706:85 C7    326 STA TESTTMP           ;Update total
C708:C8      327 INY                     ;
C709:B1 C9    328 LDA (ADDR0),Y           ;Hi byte of # of bytes in buff
C70B:1A      329 INC                     ;Sets Z if A was $FF (end)
C70C:F0 0E    C71C 330 BEQ FOUNDDEND      ;Off to brighter things
C70E:3A      331 DEC                     ;Restore original number
C70F:65 C8    332 ADC TESTTMP+1         ;Add to total
C711:85 C8    333 STA TESTTMP+1         ;Update total
C713:C8      334 INY                     ;Inc past buffer pointers
C714:C8      335 INY                     ;
C715:C8      336 INY                     ;Inc to lo byte of # bytes in buff
C716:D0 EA    C702 337 BNE SEND2MANYL    ;Loop if here
C718:E6 CA    338 INC ADDR1              ;> then 255 buffers if here
C71A:80 E6    C702 339 BRA SEND2MANYL    ;

C71C:      C71C 341 FOUNDDEND EQU *       ;
C71C:86 CA    342 STX ADDR1              ;Restore to it's orig value
C71E:AS C8    343 LDA TESTTMP+1         ;Do a quick chk for too many
C720:C9 03    344 CMP #3                ;If hi byte is >=3 then too many
C722:90 05    C729 345 BCC ITSHORTENUF  ;<3 then it's short enough
C724:A2 05    346 LDX #BYTEGTR603-$80-$30 ;Error code
C726:4C 75 C6 347 JMP ECMDEXIT          ;Error command exit

C729:      C729 349 ITSHORTENUF EQU *     ;If pkt len is OK come here
C729:A0 00    350 LDY #0                ;Start back at 1st buffer

```

```

C72B:A9 04      3S1      LDA      #PCOUNTW      ;# of parameters for write call
C72D:20 6E C7    3S2      JSR      CALLSETUP2    ;Set up some stuff for JSR
C730:64 C6      3S3      STZ      TYPEWRITE     ;Data packet type is 0

C732:          C732 3SS ARWRITE2 EQU      *
C732:B1 C9      3S6      LDA      (ADDR0),Y      ;Get 10 byte of # bytes to send
C734:8S C4      3S7      STA      NUMLOWRITE     ;Put in buffer
C736:C8          3S8      INY
C737:B1 C9      3S9      LDA      (ADDR0),Y      ;
C739:C9 FF      360      CMP      #$FF          ;Terminator reached yet?
C73B:F0 1F C7SC 361      BEQ      SAYSENDIT      ;Yes then send 'send it' req
C73D:8S CS      362      STA      NUMHIWRITE     ;
C73F:C8          363      INY                    ;Put buffer ptrs in buff now
C740:B1 C9      364      LDA      (ADDR0),Y      ;
C742:8S C2      365      STA      PTRBUFF        ;
C744:C8          366      INY                    ;
C745:B1 C9      367      LDA      (ADDR0),Y      ;
C747:8S C3      368      STA      PTRBUFF+1      ;
C749:C8          369      INY                    ;Ready for next loop
C74A:D0 02 C74E 370      BNE      ARWRITE4      ;Skip inc
C74C:E6 CA      371      INC      ADDR1          ;For page cross
C74E:          C74E 372 ARWRITE4 EQU      *
C74E:84 C7      373      STY      TESTTMP        ;MUST preserve 'Y'
C750:20 83 C8   374      JSR      ALTPRCNVENTRY   ;Call prot conv
C753:09          375      DFB      PCWRITECMD     ;Prot Conv write command
C754:C0 00      376      DW       ZP2CUSE        ;Buffer
C756:D0 99 C6F1 377      BNE      ARREXIT        ;Error then exit
C758:A4 C7      378      LDY      TESTTMP        ;Restore Y
C75A:80 D6 C732 379      BRA      ARWRITE2      ;Loop til done

C75C:          C75C 381 SAYSENDIT EQU      *
C75C:64 C4      382      STZ      NUMLOWRITE     ;If here last packet was sent
C75E:64 CS      383      STZ      NUMHIWRITE     ;0 out # of bytes this packet
C760:8S C6      384      STA      TYPEWRITE     ;
C762:20 83 C8   385      JSR      ALTPRCNVENTRY   ;<>0 means send Aptalk pkt
C765:09          386      DFB      PCWRITECMD     ;Call prot conv
C766:C0 00      387      DW       ZP2CUSE        ;Prot Conv write command
C768:80 87 C6F1 388      BRA      ARREXIT        ;Buffer
                                           ;Return to user

```

```

C76A:      C76A 392 CALLSETUP EQU      *      ;Setup some stuff for Prot Conv
C76A:8S C4      393      STA      CODECMDS      ;Save cmd code for Prot Conv
C76C:A9 06      394      LDA      #PCOUNTS4.B      ;# of parameters for call

C76E:      C76E 396 CALLSETUP2 EQU     *      ;Alternate entry point
C76E:8S C0      397      STA      PARAMNUM      ;
C770:AD FE 07    398      LDA      APTALKUNIT     ;Move unit number to buff
C773:8S C1      399      STA      NUMUNIT      ;Put in buffer
C775:60      400      RTS      ;Back to caller

C776:      C776 402 APTALKCMDS EQU     *      ;
C776:04 C6      403      DW      ARINIT      ;AppleTalk init call
C778:CS C6      404      DW      ARREADREST    ;AppleTalk readrest call
C77A:F4 C6      405      DW      ARWRITE     ;AppleTalk write call
C77C:3F C6      406      DW      ARSTATUS    ;AppleTalk status call
C77E:BE C6      407      DW      ARREADPROT   ;AppleTalk readprot call

C780:      0000 409 ROMSTUFFFILL EQU $C780-*
C780:      0000 410      DS      ROMSTUFFFILL,$FF ;Fill character

C780:      28      LST      ASYM,VSYM      ;List by symbol and address

```

C9 ADDR0	CA ADDR1	C883 ALTPRCNVENTRY	C7D3 ALTROMSW
C764 APOFFLOOP	C76F APOFFMSG	0011 APOFFMSGLN	C73F APPLETALK1
C742 APPLETALK2	C776 APTALKCMDS	C74D APTALKOFFLN	07FE APTALKUNIT
CSDB ARAPPLETALK2	C66F ARAPTALK2	C68A ARDIAG	C694 ARDIAG1
C6A3 ARDIAG2	C6B1 ARDIAG4	C609 ARINIT2	C639 ARINIT4
C604 ARINIT	C606 ARINIT1	C641 ARINIT6	C6BE ARREADPROT
C6C1 ARREADPROT2	C6C8 ARREADREST2	C6CS ARREADREST	C6F1 ARREXIT
C63F ARSTATUS	C678 ARSTKRST	CSE3 ARSTKSVE	C732 ARWRITE2
C74E ARWRITE4	C6F4 ARWRITE	C720 BASICENT	CB BOOTIT
C76D BRAHANGLOOP	BS BYTEGTR603	C6 BYTEHINUM	CS BYTELONUM
CS BYTEUSER	00 C7FILL80	C6S4 CALLBOX	C76E CALLSETUP2
C76A CALLSETUP	08 CMDCDIAG	0A CMDCID1	04 CMDCINIT
07 CMDCREADPROT	06 CMDCREADREST	09 CMDCREBOOT	0S CMDCSTATUS
C676 CMDEXIT	C673 CMDEXITE	00 CN20FILL	C4 CODECMDS
81 DIAGCMD	C6SD DOEXIT	C663 DOEXIT1	C66S DOEXIT2
C67S ECMDEXIT	C674 FF	C748 FOS	C71C FOUNDEND
CSA8 GETCODE2	CSBF GETCODE3	CSCS GETCODE4	CSDS GETCODES
FCS8 HOME	C6 ID1	C2 ID2	FB2F INIT
C729 ITSHORTENUF	39 KSWH	BF LASTPACKET	C784 MAINROMSW
C634 MAYBCONTINIT	07F8 MSLOT	C66A NECMDEXIT	A8 NODEVCON
C686 NOTACTIVE	C630 NOTHISUNIT	B4 NOUNIQUEID	CS NUMHIWRITE
C4 NUMLOWRITE	C1 NUMUNIT	C0 PARAMNUM	C71C PASERR
06 PCOUNTS4.B	04 PCOUNTW	00 PCSTATUSCMD	09 PCWRITECMD
C2 PTRBUFF	C71S REBOOTAPTALK	00 RELVERNUM	00 ROMSTUFFFILL
C7SC SAYSENDIT	047F SCRNHOLE0	077F SCRNHOLE1	07FF SCRNHOLE2
0478 SCRNTMP0	C702 SEND2MANYLP	FE89 SETKBD	FE84 SETNORM
FE93 SETVID	03F2 SOFTEV	C647 STUPPTRS	C7 TESTTMP
C703 TOSETV	C6 TYPEWRITE	0B ZP2CUSELEN	C0 ZP2CUSE
08 ZP8			

00 ROMSTUFFFILL	00 RELVERNUM	00 CN20FILL	00 PCSTATUSCMD
00 C7FILL80	04 PCOUNTW	04 CMDCINIT	05 CMDCSTATUS
06 CMDCREADREST	06 PCOUNTS4.B	07 CMDCREADPROT	08 ZP8
08 CMDCDIAG	09 PCWRITECMD	09 CMDCREBOOT	0A CMDCID1
0B ZP2CUSELEN	00 11 APOFFMSGLN	39 KSWH	81 DIAGCMD
A8 NODEVCON	B4 NOUNIQUEID	BS BYTEGTR603	BF LASTPACKET
C0 PARAMNUM	C0 ZP2CUSE	C1 NUMUNIT	C2 PTRBUFF
C2 ID2	C4 CODECMDS	C4 NUMLOWRITE	CS BYTEUSER
CS BYTELONUM	CS NUMHIWRITE	C6 TYPEWRITE	C6 ID1
C6 BYTEHINUM	C7 TESTTMP	C9 ADDR0	CA ADDR1
CB BOOTIT	03F2 SOFTEV	0478 SCRNTMP0	047F SCRNHOLE0
077F SCRNHOLE1	07F8 MSL0T	07FE APTALKUNIT	07FF SCRNHOLE2
CSA8 GETCODE2	CSBF GETCODE3	CSCS GETCODE4	CSDS GETCODES
CSDB ARAPPLETALK2	CSE3 ARSTKSVE	C604 ARINIT	C606 ARINIT1
C609 ARINIT2	C630 NOTHISUNIT	C634 MAYBCONTINIT	C639 ARINIT4
C63F ARSTATUS	C641 ARINIT6	C647 STUPPTRS	C654 CALLBOX
C6SD DOEXIT	C663 DOEXIT1	C665 DOEXIT2	C66A NECMDEXIT
C66F ARAPTALK2	C673 CMDEXITE	C674 FF	C67S ECMDEXIT
C676 CMDEXIT	C678 ARSTKRST	C686 NOTACTIVE	C68A ARDIAG
C694 ARDIAG1	C6A3 ARDIAG2	C6B1 ARDIAG4	C6BE ARREADPROT
C6C1 ARREADPROT2	C6CS ARREADREST	C6C8 ARREADREST2	C6F1 ARREXIT
C6F4 ARWRITE	C702 SEND2MANYLP	C703 T0SETV	C71S REBOOTAPTALK
C71C FOUNDEND	C71C PASERR	C720 BASICENT	C729 ITSHORTENUF
C732 ARWRITE2	C73F APPLTALK1	C742 APPLTALK2	C748 FDS
C74D APTALKOFFLN	C74E ARWRITE4	C75C SAYSENDIT	C764 APOFFLOOP
C76A CALLSETUP	C76D BRAHANGLOOP	C76E CALLSETUP2	C76F APOFFMSG
C776 APTALKCMDS	C784 MAINROMSW	C7D3 ALTROMSW	C883 ALTPRCNVENTRY
FB2F INIT	FCS8 HOME	FE84 SETNORM	FE89 SETKBD
FE93 SETVID			

** SUCCESSFUL ASSEMBLY := NO ERRORS
 ** ASSEMBLER CREATED ON 15-JAN-84 21:28
 ** TOTAL LINES ASSEMBLED 738
 ** FREE SPACE PAGE COUNT 79

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